

## Indian Ocean tuna FIP Position Statement

## IOTC Annual Meeting 2024 Drafted with agreement from all FIP Participants

## April 2024

The FIP aims to meet the rising global demand for tuna and other large pelagics in a sustainable manner. This can be achieved by assuring sustainable stock status for all the target tunas that is consistent with the maximum sustainable yield (MSY). Through overall strengthening of management systems at the national and international levels, improvements can be made to ensure sustainable and equitable management of target and vulnerable species, FADs, habitats, and fishery ecosystem by utilising best scientific information available. The fishery aims to achieve certification under the Marine Stewardship Council (MSC) Fisheries Standard.

As a FIP, we are concerned with the status of the tuna stocks in the Indian Ocean and their effective management. We operate in this region and the sustainability of these stocks is integral to not only our business, but also to the overall marine environment.

IOTC must ensure the uninterrupted, sustainable management of the tuna stocks and marine ecosystems under its purview. There are several critical measures and issues that require immediate attention by IOTC this year. We therefore strongly urge that the IOTC acts in May 2024 at the annual meeting of the IOTC Commission to:

- 1. Address CPC non-compliance with the provision of mandatory fishery and FAD data, catch and FAD limits and use of gillnets
- 2. Require CPCs to submit action plans that address identified non-compliance
- 3. Adopt amendments to Res. 21/01, including further management measures, such as seasonal fishery closures for all gear types, to give full effect to IOTC Scientific Committee advice to reduce yellowfin tuna catches by at least 22%, and ensure all CPCs abide by the Resolution
- 4. Prevent skipjack catches from exceeding the limit set by Harvest Control Rule (HCR) Res.21/03
- 5. Ensure bigeye catches do not exceed limit set by Management Procedure in Res 22/03 and 23/04
- 6. Develop and implement science-based limits on FAD deployments and/or FAD sets, consistent with management objectives for tropical tunas and commensurate with other tropical tuna management measures
- Adopt the definition of "biodegradable" categories consistent with those of IATTC and WCPFC and establish a timeline for transition to biodegradable FADs similar to what was agreed in the IATTC in 2023
- 8. Develop and adopt FAD marking guidelines, including requiring marking of buoy and FAD structure
- 9. Develop an IOTC-wide FAD register for FAD monitoring
- 10. Require vessels to report complete FAD position data and acoustic biomass records from echosounder buoys for scientific use with appropriate time-lags to protect confidentiality



- 11. Develop and adopt FAD tracking and recovery policies, as called for in Res.19/02, that consider utilizing supply vessels in FAD recovery efforts
- 12. Adopt clearer rules for FAD ownership and activation, and for FAD buoy deactivation
- 13. Amend Res. 17/05 to require shark fins to be naturally attached for all landings
- 14. Amend Res. 12/04 and Res.23/06 to include scientifically proven mitigation measures and devices recommended by the IOTC SC for sea turtles and cetaceans, and require identification of sea turtles at species level
- 15. Adopt measures to begin increasing observer coverage (human and/or electronic) from 5% as progress toward 100% coverage in industrial tuna fisheries, including all vessels engaged in at sea transshipment
- 16. Adopt a binding measure that will ensure the safety of human observers, including those on supply and carrier vessels
- 17. Adopt a comprehensive Management Procedure for skipjack
- 18. Accelerate the adoption of robust management procedures for yellowfin tuna
- 19. In order to improve compliance with tuna conservation measures, such as seasonal closures for all gear types, adopt amendments to Res. 15/03 to strengthen the IOTC VMS, including by requiring that simultaneous near real-time position reporting and ensuring systems are tamper-proof

The Indian Ocean tuna – purse seine (Dongwon Industries) FIP looks forward to the continued leadership of the IOTC in the Indian Ocean, a region rich in tuna resources that are in need of continued science-based conservation and management. Many thanks for taking time to read our position statement.

If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to get in touch with the FIP coordinator, Emily Wardrop at <a href="mailto:e.wardrop@keytraceability.com">e.wardrop@keytraceability.com</a>