

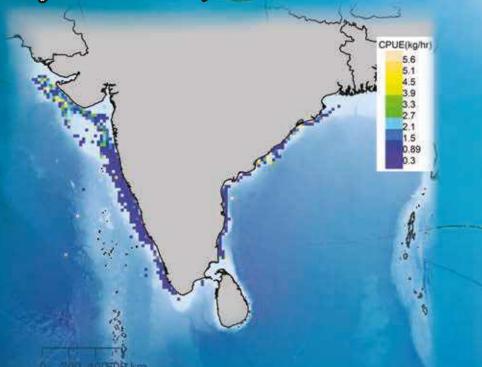


FSI/FC/(FA)/8/2024

Treasures of the Deep

An Atlas of India's Demersal Fishery Resources and Fishing Grounds

Sijo P. Varghese, R. Jeyabaskaran, A. Tiburtius, K. Silambarasan, Nashad M., Solly Solomon, Rajashree U. Pawar, M.K. Sinha and Ansuman Das



FISHERY SURVEY OF INDIA

Department of Fisheries
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Dr. R JeyabaskaranDirector General
Fishery Survey of India

Preface

It is with great pride that I introduce "Treasures of the Deep: An Atlas on India's Demersal Fishery Resources and Fishing Grounds." This atlas is a result of extensive research and surveys conducted by the Fishery Survey of India (FSI), dedicated to exploring and documenting the marine biodiversity within India's Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) and adjacent high seas. The support and encouragement received from the Department of Fisheries, Government of India, especially the Hon'ble Secretary, Joint Secretary and other higher official are thankfully acknowledged at this juncture.

Our primary goal in creating this atlas is to provide a detailed, scientific account of the demersal fishery resources, showcasing their diversity, distribution, and potential. The Fishery Survey of India has consistently aimed to support sustainable management of marine resources, and this publication is a testament to our commitment to this mission.

The FSI's achievements in mapping new fishing grounds and monitoring marine ecosystems are significant. Our integration of advanced technologies in fishery surveys has enhanced the accuracy and reliability of our data. Additionally, our capacity-building initiatives have strengthened the human resource base in the fisheries sector, ensuring that we are well-equipped to address future challenges.

This atlas is designed to serve as a comprehensive resource for policymakers, researchers, and the fishing community. It provides detailed insights into India's demersal fishery resources, and I am confident that it will play a crucial role in supporting informed decision-making and promoting sustainable fisheries management.

I extend my deepest gratitude to the scientists, researchers, and staff of the FSI for their dedication and hard work. Their contributions have been instrumental in making this publication possible. As we navigate the complexities of sustainable fisheries management, I hope that "Treasures of the Deep" will inspire and guide us towards a future where our marine resources are utilized responsibly and conserved for generations to come.

Dr. R Jeyabaskaran



We extend our deepest gratitude to the Ministry of Fisheries, Animal Husbandry and Dairying, Government of India, for their unwavering support, which was instrumental in carrying out the comprehensive research operations documented in this atlas. Their commitment to advancing our understanding of marine resources has been vital to the success of this project.

We place on record the invaluable contributions of all former Director Generals of the Fishery Survey of India, whose vision and foresight in designing the research operations laid the foundation for this extensive survey program. We express our gratitude to all the present and former Zonal Directors as well, whose leadership and practical implementation of these plans brought the surveys to fruition.

Our heartfelt thanks go to the dedicated scientists who participated in the surveys over the past two decades. Their tireless efforts, meticulous data collection, and insightful analyses have been the cornerstone of this publication. Without their expertise and perseverance, this atlas would not have been possible.

We also express our sincere appreciation to the floating staff, whose hard work and resilience during each voyage ensured the successful execution of the surveys. Their dedication and professionalism in often challenging conditions were crucial to gathering the extensive data presented here.

A special mention goes to the Computer Section, especially Shri. NV Ramanamurthy, Shri. Ch Bhaskar and Shri. Ashish Kumar, whose team of programmers and data specialists played a pivotal role in compiling and processing data from all the survey bases. Their technical acumen and diligent efforts have been instrumental in transforming raw data into the comprehensive and accessible format of this atlas. We also express our sincere gratitude to Shri. Ashok S. Kadam, Sr. Fisheries Scientist for technical advices and logistic support rendered during the drafting.

We are equally grateful to the Engineering Section, Workshop Section, and Establishment Section employees, whose meticulous planning and logistical support ensured the smooth operation of each voyage. Their technical expertise and commitment to excellence facilitated the seamless execution of our research missions.

Lastly, we acknowledge all those who have contributed, directly or indirectly, to this monumental endeavour. Your support, collaboration, and dedication have made this atlas a reality, and we hope it serves as a valuable resource for the sustainable management and conservation of India's demersal fishery resources.



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1. Introduction

1.1 Genesis and initial missions of Fishery Survey of India

The Fishery Survey of India (FSI) was established in October 1946 as a pilot project known as Deep Sea Fishing Station (DSFS) by the Government of India with the objective of augmenting food supply through development of deep-sea fishing. The institute has started it's journey as DSFS and survey activities were initiated in a humble way with one vessel namely S. T. *Meen*a, a mine sweeper converted into a trawler. The main objectives of the DSFS were charting of fishing grounds and training of deep-sea fishing personnel. Realizing the gigantic task of DSFS, the Government of India, established several such stations on both east and west coasts of India. Accordingly, the Offshore Fishing Stations (OFS) were established at Cochin in 1957 and two more stations at Tuticorin and Visakhapatnam in 1958.

The OFSs operated wooden fishing vessels and few steel trawlers. The OFSs were initially under the direct administrative control of the then Ministry of Food and Agriculture, Government of India and subsequently were brought under the control of DSFS in 1959. These stations operated 20 fishing vessels, of which, 15 were wooden vessels.

In 1968, an ambitious programme of exploratory survey in offshore waters of the entire Indian coast was undertaken and a fleet of 20 indigenously built steel stern trawlers (*Meena* series) of 17.5m OAL were inducted. In 1969, *Matsya Vigyani*, a 32m stern trawler was acquired from German Democratic Republic under bilateral aid programme. After the induction of *Meena* series vessels, eight OFSs *viz.*, Calcutta (1971), Port Blair (1971), Kandla (1971), Goa (1972), Mangalore (1972), Madras (1972) and Paradeep (1972) were established in addition to the DSFS, Bombay and OFSs, Cochin, Tuticorin and Visakhapatnam.

In 1973, DSFS at Bombay was made an independent Offshore Fishing Station (OFS). In 1974, re-orientation of the activities of OFSs took place and the institute was renamed as Exploratory Fisheries Project (EFP) and the OFSs were named as the Bases of EFP. In 1976-77, Veraval Base was established and thus, the institute had 12 operational Bases with a fleet of 23 survey vessels. In 1976, Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) was declared and India has got an area of 2.02 million square kilometre of sea as it's sovereign right for exploitation of marine fisheries resources. Realizing this massive need of the nation towards food security, Government of India had started to acquire large survey vessels for the survey of demersal, pelagic and oceanic resources of the EEZ. In 1977, as a first leap to achieve this goal, Government of India had chartered a 69m OAL survey vessel M. T. *Murena* from Poland for a period of one year to carry out the exploratory survey of demersal and pelagic resources of North-West coast of India.



This was followed by acquisition of 9 vessels constructed abroad and in India under various bilateral aid programmes. This fleet included two combination trawlers (Matsya Nireekshani and Matsya Shikari) from Netherlands in 1979, two combination trawlers-cumpurse seiners (Matsya Varshini and Matsya Darshini) from Denmark in 1980, a tuna long-liner-cum-squid jigger (Matsya Sugundhi) from Japan in 1980 and four indigenously built vessels under Norwegian aid at Goa Shipyard Limited which included a purse-seinercum-tuna long liner (Matsya Harini) in 1980, a combination trawler-cum-tuna-long liner (Matsya Jeevan) in 1982 and two combination trawler-cum-tuna-long liners (Matsya Shakti and Matsya Vishwa) in 1983. In 1982, a confiscated Taiwanese vessel (Matsya Mohini) was added to the fleet by converting it to Stern trawler.

In 1983, with the acquisition of the larger survey fleet, the Government of India decided to reorganize and upgrade the organization by adding more survey vessels, strengthening infrastructure facilities and scientific manpower. As a result, the EFP was renamed as the Fishery Survey of India (FSI) under the aegis of the then Ministry of Agriculture (Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairying). In 1988, the FSI was declared as a Science and Technology Institute.

Consequent to the reorganization, the institute has amplified, enlarged and upgraded. With passing time, the FSI had passed through the administrative control of multiple ministries of Government of India viz., Ministry of Food and Agriculture, Ministry of Agriculture (Department of Agriculture and Cooperation), Ministry of Food Processing Industries, Ministry of Agriculture (Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairying), Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare (Department of Animal Husbandry, Dairying and Fisheries). In 2019, Government of India has embarked upon the ambitious programme of "Neel Kranti" "Blue Revolution" with the objective of doubling the income of the fisher folks. To achieve this goal Government of India has created the new ministry, the Ministry of Fisheries, Animal Husbandry and Dairying (Department of Fisheries) and thereafter FSI functions under the aegis of this new Ministry.

Presently, the Institute has a research/survey fleet of 11 deep sea vessels of which two are multifilament Tuna longliners, two monofilament Tuna longliners and seven Stern Trawlers equipped with the state-of-the-art technology equipment. These vessels are deployed from seven Bases viz., Mumbai, Mormugao, Cochin and Porbandar on the west coast and Chennai, Visakhapatnam and Port Blair on the east coast in order to accomplish the mandate of the Institute.

The Institute has thus, emerged as the nodal Fishery Institute in India with the primary responsibility of marine fisheries resources survey, assessment and monitoring in the Indian Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) for promoting sustainable exploitation and management of the fish stocks. The Institute has been generating real time geo-tagged data of marine fishery resources from shallow to deep and oceanic waters for more than 7 decades. In addition to the regular survey projects, research is also carried out to find out the diversified fishing methods and gear development for sustainable fishing by reducing by-catch and discards.





The FSI, from its inception, conducts exploratory surveys, charting of fishing grounds, assessment of fish stocks in the Indian EEZ and adjoining high seas and research thereof. Additionally, the Institute conducts specific surveys on request from the States and the Union Territories. The Institute, thereby collects time series geo-referred data through the exploratory surveys by the survey fleet and disseminates these survey findings/ data to the end users, including fishers, fishing industries, researchers, managers and policy makers.

In order to disseminate the information on the survey findings to the stakeholders, various extension activities are being carried out by the FSI in the form of workshops, open-houses, marine fisheries exhibitions, awareness rallies and direct interaction with the fishing industry, fishermen and other end users. Besides these, the information is also being disseminated through various publications such as Resources Information Series, Meena News, Charts, Atlas, Special publications, Occasional papers and Bulletins. Other modes of Information dissemination are through print and visual media including Akashwani (AIR), Doordarshan, and various social media platforms.

Human resources development through the practical training to the students, fishermen, industry, fisheries officials and managers are regularly conducted. Under the capacity building programmes, the Institute organizes skill development programmes on-board to impart training on latest fishing methods, especially tuna long lining technology, squid jigging etc., to the fishermen of different maritime states and Union Territories.

The Institute imparts training to the students sponsored by the CIFNET on-board survey vessels on tenure basis as part of Human Resource Development programme of the Institute. The FSI has a wide collaboration with several premier national institutes of the country for multiple research & development programmes. The Institute also been recognized by the University of Mumbai, Andhra University, Goa University, Cochin University of Science & Technology, University of Madras for research leading to Ph.D., and Master's Degree in Science. Scientists of FSI were also recognized by these universities as the research guides for Ph.D., and M.Sc., degree courses.

The FSI also has a dedicated Marine Engineering Division (FSI-MED), which can undertake maintenance works including dry-docking / underwater repairs of the fishing vessels. Other fisheries engineering works including fabrication/repairs of otter boards, winches, dredgers, squid jigging machines, refrigeration systems etc. are also being undertaken. The FSI-MED has an ILR Servicing Centre approved by the DG Shipping. It has a grab dredger with a capacity of 40 cubic meter per hour for dredging fishing jetties, harbours etc. The division undertakes the repair and maintenance of electronic equipments like echo-sounders, auto pilot, RADAR, GPS, VHF, compass, AIS etc.



1.2 Mandate of the institute

The mandate of FSI is tuned from time to time to match the developmental activities of the fisheries sector as well as to meet the national and global requirements.

- Exploratory surveys, charting of fishing grounds, assessment of fish stocks in the Indian EEZ and adjoining high seas and research thereof, besides the specific surveys on request from the States and the Union Territories.
- > Data collection and periodic re-validation of potential of fishery resources to provide advice on fishery management issues enshrined in the national, regional and global conventions and agreements and other associated activities.
- Monitoring survey of fishery resources in the exploited areas including coral reefs, application of Monitoring, Control and Surveillance (MCS) for regulating fishing activities and promoting Code of Conduct for Responsible Fisheries (CCRF) in the Indian EEZ.
- Maintain Data Bank and disseminate information on fishery resources to the end users and act as an interface between the State/UTs and the Ministry of Fisheries, Animal Husbandry and Dairying, Government of India for Marine and Inland fish production and related aspects.
- Assessment of suitability of fishing gear, accessories and equipment with special reference to the preservation of environment and ecology of marine habitat.
- Fish stock identification and biodiversity studies including application of genetic tools and techniques.
- > Marine fisheries forecasting including application of Remote Sensing for the benefit of Artisanal, Mechanized and Industrial sectors.
- > Human Resources Development through the practical training of fishing operatives, fishermen, fisheries officials and students.



1.3 The need for a comprehensive demersal fishery atlas

Demersal or the bottom dwelling fishes, which inhabit and feed near the seabed, are essential for maintaining marine biodiversity and to support the fisheries-dependent communities. Sustainable exploitation of these resources is crucial to ensure their continued contribution to marine ecosystems and human livelihoods.

India's rich marine resources have been exploited for thousands of years, with traditional fishing practices evolving significantly in time with modern technologies and management strategies. With a vast coastline spanning over 8,114 kilometres and an exclusive economic zone (EEZ) of 2.02 million square kilometres, India is endowed with diverse marine resources. Demersal fisheries play a vital role, contributing significantly to the nation's economy, food security, and the livelihoods of millions of coastal inhabitants. This sector, further generates substantial revenue through domestic sales and exports, contributing to the country's GDP and foreign exchange earnings. Post-independence, the Indian government initiated several programs to enhance fish production, including the mechanization of fishing vessels and the establishment of fishery research institutions. The transition to modern fishing methods, marked by the introduction of mechanized trawlers, advanced gear technologies, and improved processing and storage facilities, has significantly increased the efficiency and reach of the fishing industry.

Despite these advancements, the sustainable management of demersal fisheries faces numerous challenges. Current fishing practices often result in high fishing mortality rates and inadequate selectivity patterns, negatively impacting stock productivity and fleet profitability. Habitat destruction, caused by destructive fishing practices, coastal development, and pollution, undermines the productivity and resilience of marine ecosystems. The monitoring of demersal fish diversity patterns helps assess the impact of fishing activities, which is crucial for ensuring sustainability of these resources.

FSI's surveys monitor the status of marine fishery resources, offering insights into species composition, biomass estimates, and spatial distribution patterns. This information is crucial for understanding fisheries' dynamics, identifying overexploitation risks, and formulating effective management strategies. Additionally, evaluating the ecological effects of fishing activities, including bycatch and habitat degradation, are crucial for developing ecosystem-based fisheries management approaches. Therefore, the FSI's exploratory assessments and data-driven management contributions are vital for the conservation and responsible utilization of demersal resources along the Indian seas.



This atlas provides a comprehensive overview of the demersal fishery resources in India, highlighting their distribution, abundance and dynamics. Understanding the dynamics of demersal fish populations is crucial for maintaining the biodiversity and functioning of these habitats.

This atlas delves into demersal fishery resources across India's different coastal states and presents species distribution, abundance, and potential fishing grounds based on extensive surveys conducted by the Fishery Survey of India from 2000 to 2020. By integrating scientific research and innovative technologies, the atlas proposes effective management strategies to ensure the long-term viability of demersal fisheries, safeguarding marine resources for future generations.



2. Materials and Methods

2.1 Data collection and survey methods

The FSI's exploratory fishery surveys were meticulously planned to cover wide range of habitats and depth zones along all the maritime states and island groups of India. The survey vessels of FSI undertake 20 days survey cruises every month.

The survey area was divided into different strata based on depth zones and ecological characteristics. Random sampling was conducted within each stratum to ensure representative data collection. Surveys were carried out round the year to obtain an account of seasonal variations in fish abundance and distribution.

Data collection involved the use of research vessels equipped with modern fishing gear and scientific instruments. The primary methods and equipment used were, Demersal Trawl- used to target fish species dwelling near the sea floor; Shrimp Trawl- Specifically designed to catch shrimp and other crustaceans and Cephalopod Trawl - used to capture cephalopods such as squids, cuttlefishes and octopuses.

Primary analysis of the catches were done onboard the vessels. Fish species were identified, and their weights and lengths were recorded. Biological samples were collected for further laboratory analysis.

2.2 Geographic coverage

The exploratory fishery survey conducted by the Fishery Survey of India (FSI) covered the entire exclusive economic zone (EEZ) of India, including the waters off the coasts of the Arabian Sea, Bay of Bengal, and the Indian Ocean. The survey was designed to encompass various latitudinal and longitudinal ranges, providing a comprehensive understanding of fishery resources across different maritime state. The depth range of the demersal survey operations was between 20 to 500 meters. The distribution and abundance of these resources are cartographically presented, segregated into maritime states. We had taken utmost care to define the boundaries of maritime states. However, the seaward boundaries of the states in the maps presented may differ from the actuals.



2.3 Analytical techniques

2.3.1 Data collection

The data for this study were obtained from exploratory surveys conducted by the Fishery Survey of India (FSI). These surveys collected species-wise catch data across the geographical extends mentioned in the section 2.2. The catch per unit effort (CPUE) was calculated based on the species-wise catch data to assess the efficiency of the fishing operations and the abundance of different species.

2.3.2 Calculation of catch per unit effort (CPUE)

The CPUE was calculated using the formula: CPUE = $\frac{Total\ Catch}{Fishing\ effort}$

where the total catch represents the weight of the fish caught, and the fishing effort is the measure of time of actual fishing duration. This metric allows for the standardization of catch data, making it possible to compare the abundance of different species across various regions and time.

2.3.3 Spatial analysis

To visualize the spatial distribution of fish species and identify major fishing grounds, the CPUE data were mapped using R package and ArcGIS. These tools were chosen for their robust analytical capabilities and their ability to handle large geospatial datasets.

2.3.4 Mapping with R

R, a powerful statistical computing language (https://cran.r-project.org/bin/windows/base/), was employed for initial data cleaning, processing, and subsequent analysis. Packages such as `tidyverse` for data manipulation and `ggplot2` for data visualization were utilized. The spatial analysis in R involved:

- Data Import and Cleaning: Importing raw survey data and cleaning it to remove any inconsistencies or missing values.
- > CPUE Calculation: Calculating the CPUE for each species at different survey locations.
- > Spatial Visualization: Creating preliminary maps to visualize the distribution patterns of CPUE using `ggplot2` and `sf` (simple features) packages.



2.3.5 Mapping with ArcGIS

ArcGIS was used for advanced spatial analysis and creating high-quality maps. The steps involved in ArcGIS included:

- Data import: Importing the processed data into ArcGIS.
- > Spatial analysis: Using spatial analysis tools in ArcGIS to identify patterns, trends, and hotspots of fish abundance.
- Mapping: Creating detailed maps that show the spatial distribution of CPUE across different regions. Layers representing different species and their abundance were added to the maps.
- > Identification of Major Fishing Grounds: Analyzing the spatial data to identify and delineate major fishing grounds based on the highest CPUE values.

In the present study, we employed the Inverse Distance Weighting (IDW) interpolation technique using ArcGIS software to create fishing maps that represent the spatial distribution of fishery resources. Fishery survey data, collected from various demersal fishing operations conducted by the Fishery Survey of India (FSI) along the Indian coast over 20 years (2000-2020), was used. This dataset included the locations of fishing grounds, species abundance, and catch per unit effort (CPUE) values. The data was preprocessed to ensure accuracy and consistency, and the IDW method was applied to interpolate CPUE values across the study area. The IDW tool within the ArcGIS Spatial Analyst extension was utilized, with input parameters optimized based on preliminary analysis. A variable search radius was used to account for varying data point densities, and the resulting raster was visualized using appropriate symbology and overlaid with additional contextual layers.

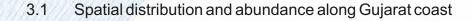
The accuracy of the IDW interpolation was validated using cross-validation techniques, with mean absolute error (MAE) and root mean square error (RMSE) calculated to assess the model's performance. The interpolated fishing maps provide a detailed and accurate representation of the spatial distribution of demersal fishery resources along the Indian coast. These maps serve as essential tools for policymakers, researchers, and the fishing community to make informed decisions regarding sustainable fisheries management.

2.3.6 Interpretation of the data

The maps generated from R and ArcGIS were analysed to provide a comprehensive view of the spatial abundance of the selected fish species. The combination of CPUE calculation and R package for preliminary data analysis, and ArcGIS for detailed spatial mapping provided a robust framework for analyzing the spatial abundance of fishery resources. This approach enabled the identification of major fishing grounds, contributed valuable insights into the spatial dynamics of fish populations in the surveyed regions and facilitates the development of targeted management strategies for sustainable fisheries.



3. Distribution of Demersal Fishery Resources



- 3.2 Spatial distribution and abundance along Maharashtra coast
- Spatial distribution and abundance along Goa coast 3.3
- 3.4 Spatial distribution and abundance along Karnataka coast
- 3.5 Spatial distribution and abundance along Kerala coast
- 3.6 Spatial distribution and abundance along Tamil Nadu and Puducherry coast
- 3.7 Spatial distribution and abundance along Andhra Pradesh coast
- 3.8 Spatial distribution and abundance along Odisha coast

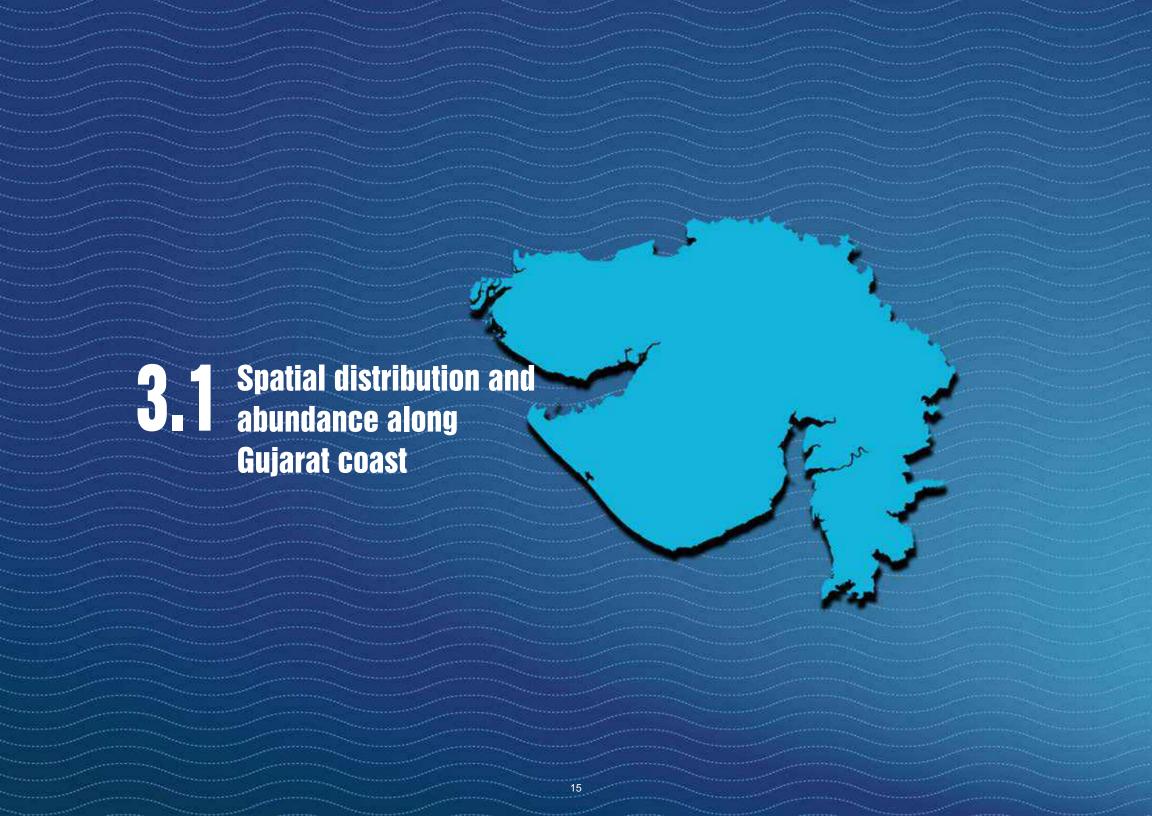






Vernacular names of the species mapped

SI. N	o. Fish	Gujarat	Maharashtra	Karnataka	Goa	Kerala	Tamil Nadu	Andhra Pradesh	West Bengal	Odisha
	Threadfin 1 Breams (Nemipterus)	Rani, Rata, Lalmachala	Rani / Bamni	Mudumagalu, Madmal, Madumagala	Rano, Rane	Kilimeen, Kelli Meen, Chengalava	Navara, Rani Meenu, Sennagarai, Thullu Kendai, Kandal Meen	Chalaneera Kanti, Selleganti	Rani mach, Ruppan	Nalliborai, Nallisankara
	2 Mackerel	Bangada	Bangada	Bangude	Bangada	Aila, Ayala	Kanangeluthi, Kaanakaathai	Kannangadatha	Kajal Gouri	Kanagurda, Marua
	Goatfish (Upenids)	Chiri	Chiri / Rana	Kurli, Purli	Palu	Manakkam	Nagarai, Navarai	Rathi Goolivinda	Borai	Gopi rangia, Guli binda
	4 Round Scads (Decapterus)	Khota bangada	Shitap / Teli Bangada	Meenu sonte	Haro Bangdo	Ayillakanni, Kiriyan	Parai / Parai, Kumara Parai / Killichai	Pilliodugu	Lomba Narkeli Mach, Sada maittya,	Kanti machha, Kokali
	5 Ribbon Fish	Patti / Ribbon	Wagti / Bala/ Baga	Kittale	Balle	Vaala, Thalayan, Pambada	Vaalai	Savallu	Patia, Phitha,	Rupapatia, Savala, Langi
	6 Groupers (Kalava)	Vekhali / Vekhlu	Gobra / Hekaru	Guri, Gopra, Muri Meenu	Gobro, Wekhanu, Bile Koral	Kalava, Murumeen	Kalavan, Panni Meen, Komeri, Kelavan	Bontha, Bontoo	Kun kuni, Katkoi	Bhala, Kai Balay
	7 Silverbellies	Katti	Katli / Kappi Surgutta, Titaka	kittale	Khampi	Thaali Mullen, Karal, Nalla Mullen	Kaaral Podi, Kara Podi	Kaara	Gang Chanda, Tikati, Plastic match	Tanka Cahandi
	8 Lizardfish	Chor Bumla	Chor Bombil	Aranai meenu	Narle, Konkaro	Aranameen	Thumbil, Thanni Panna	Code Mottah	Kauda mach	Budimottah, Andolla, Balia girrida
	9 Catfish	Khagadi / Khaga, Khago	Teesrya, Shimplya, Nal Shingala	Thede, Walshingala, Walshingti	Mogamshed e, Sangot, Sangtam, Shyade,	Valia Etta, Etta, Kaari, Mushi, Thendu Kadu	Kelluthi, Mandai, Kaleru, Irung Keletee, Kellettee, Keliru	Jelalu, Walaga, Tedi Jella	Muchal Kanta, Kan Magur	Kantia (white), Mangura (Black), Thella jella, Nella jella
	10 Squids	Narsinga / Ranga, Dodka	Makul / Nala	Koppe Dondas	Mankli	Koonthal	Kanawai, Thotti Kanavai,Ottu Kanava, Muttai, Kadamba	Charala Kalivinda, Kandavai	Samudra shasha, Bed	Kumuti muna, Kalirinda, Batua macha







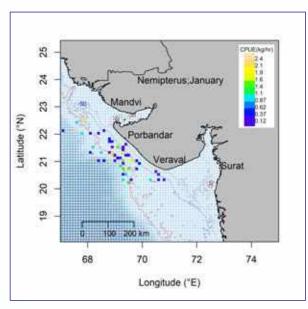


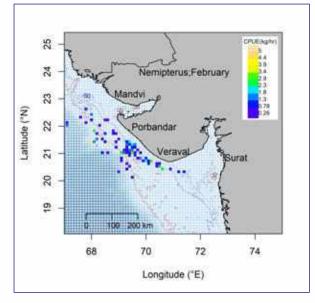
70°0'0"E 71°0'0"E 68°0'0"E 72°0'0"E Nemipterus - Gujarat 24"0"0"N -24"0"0"N Mandvi 23"0"0"N -23°0'0"N Latitude ("N) 22"0"0"N--22°0'0"N Porbandar 21"0"0"N CPUE (kg/hr) -21"0"0"N Veraval 20"0"0"N -20"0"0"N 10 - 50 100 Kilometers 71"0"0"E 68°0'0"E 69"0"0"E 72"0'0"E 70"0"0"E Longitude (°E)

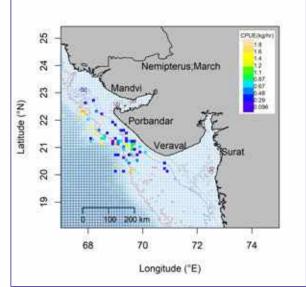
Threadfin Breams (Nemipterus)

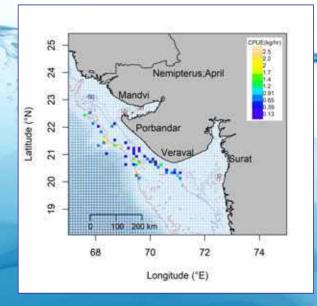


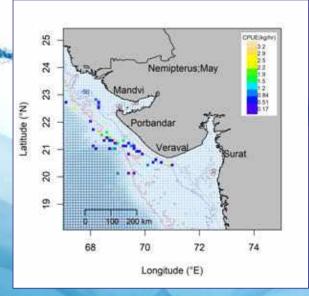


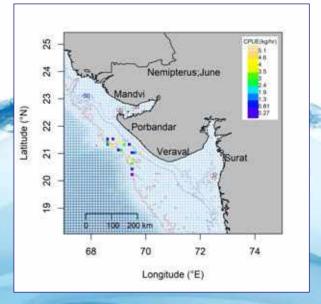








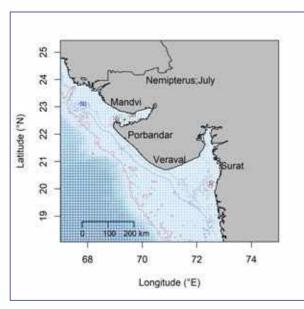


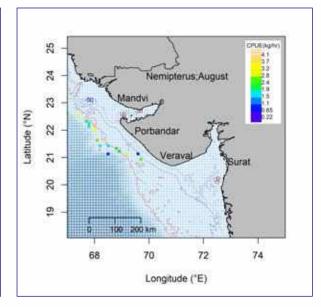


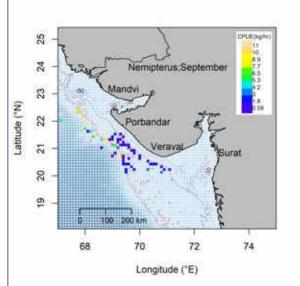


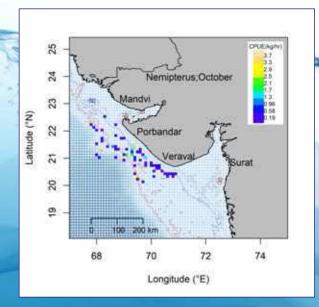


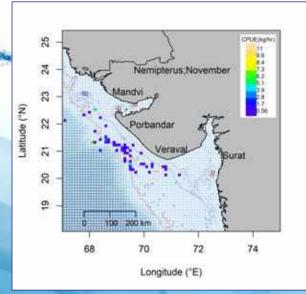


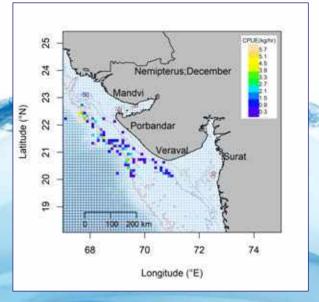








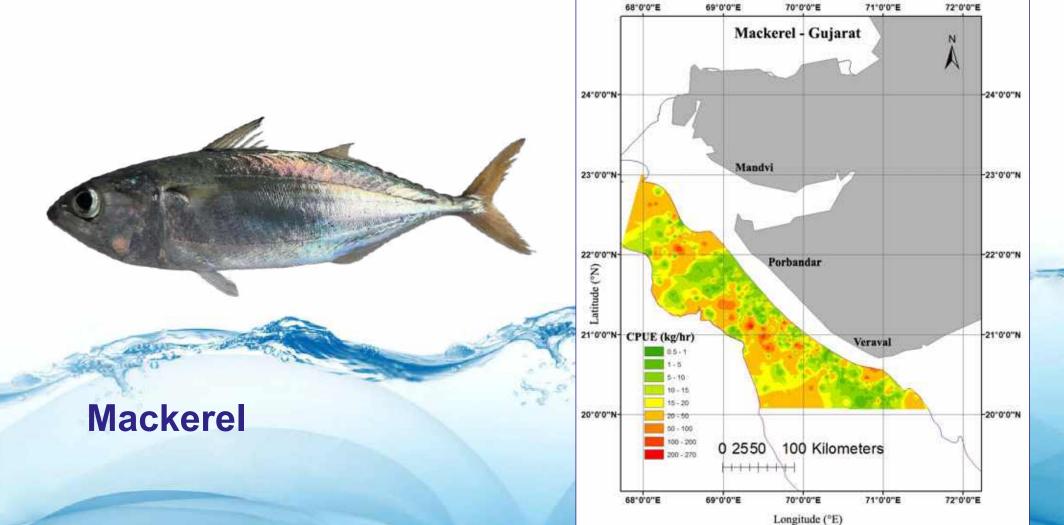






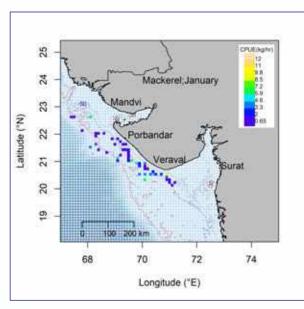


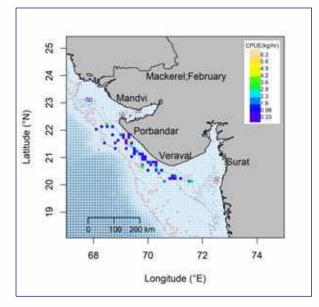


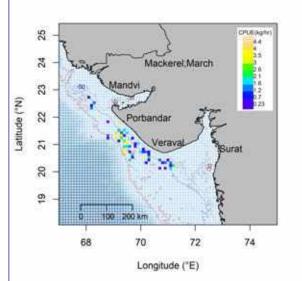


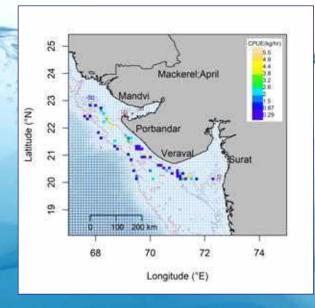


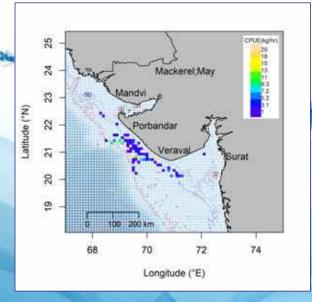


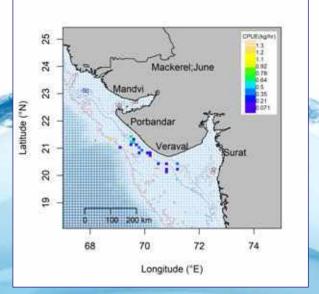








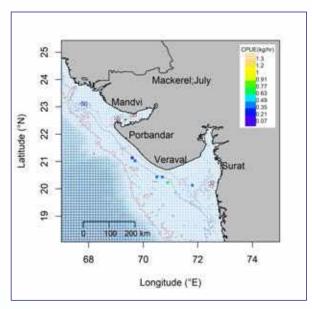


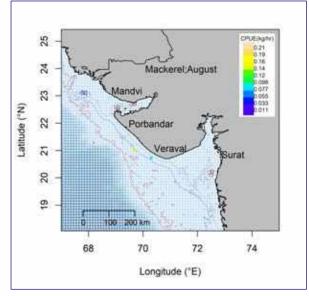


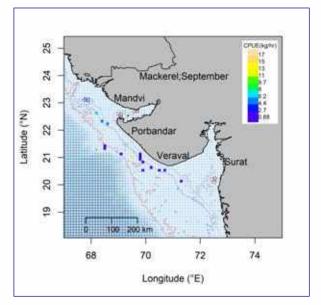


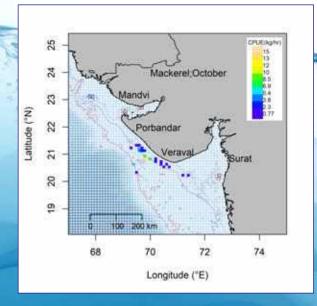


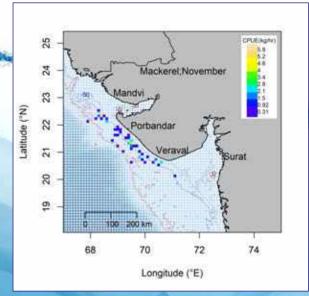


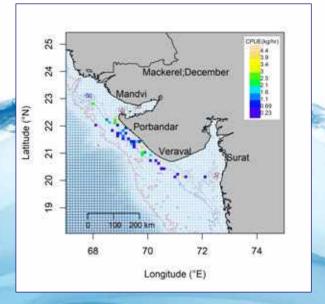












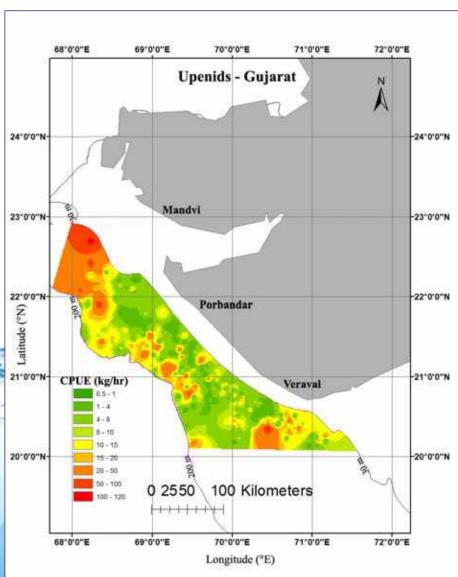






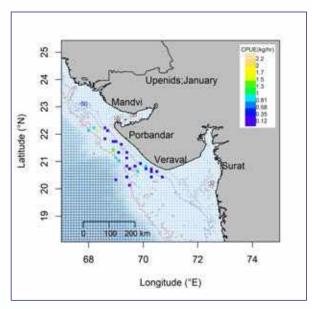


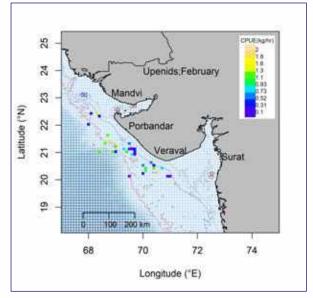
Goatfish (Upenids)

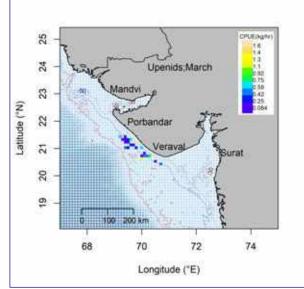


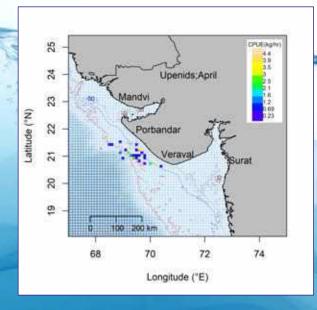


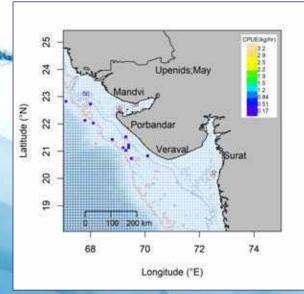


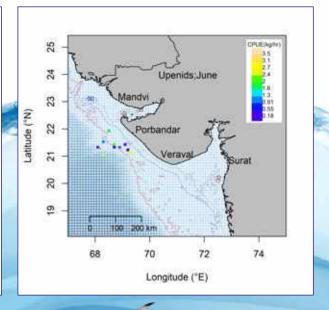






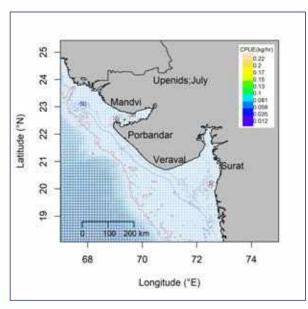


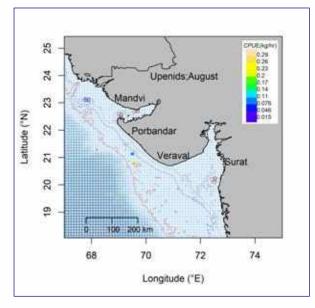


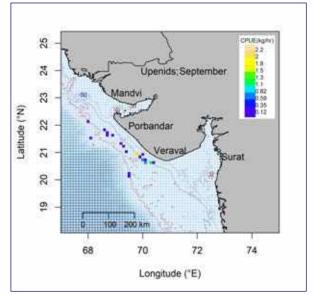


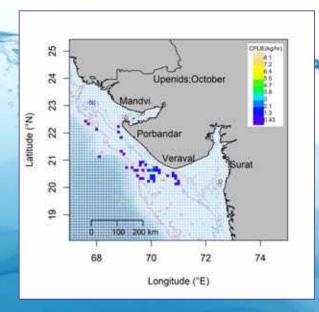


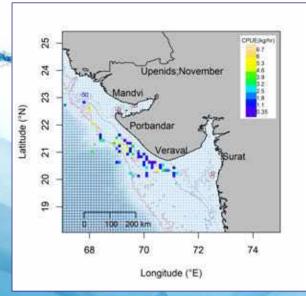


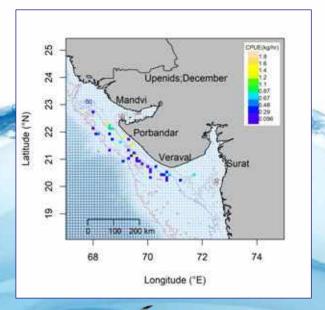










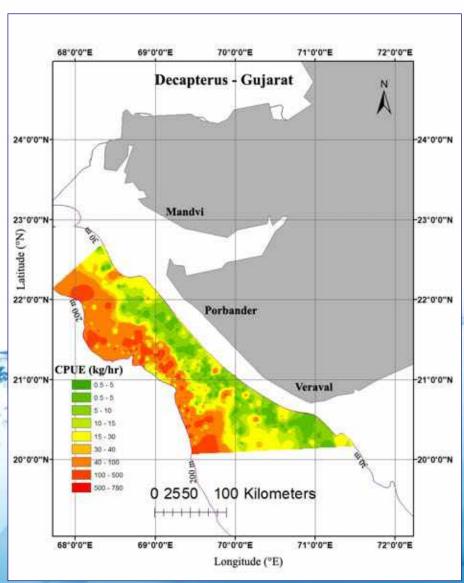






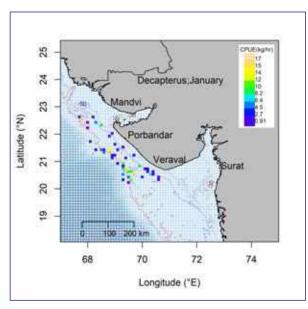


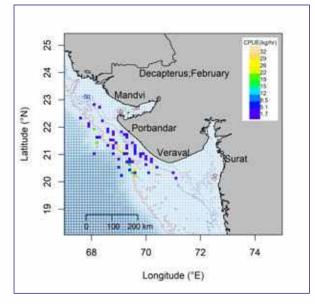


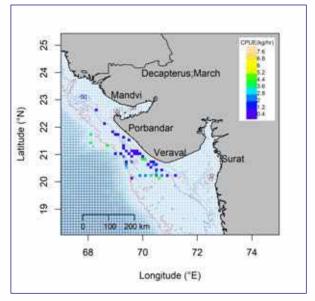


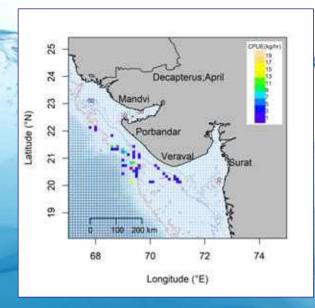


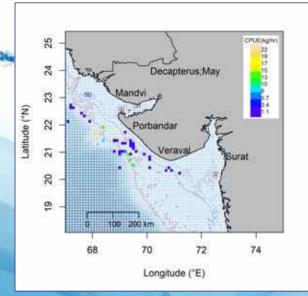


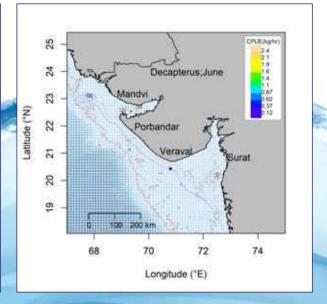






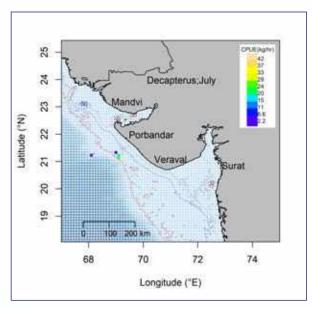


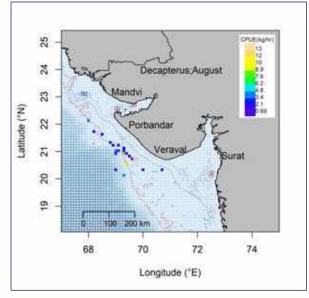


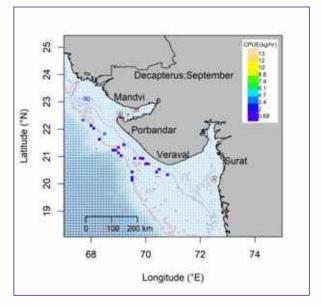


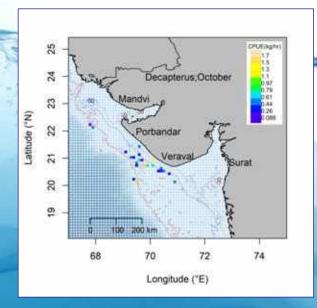


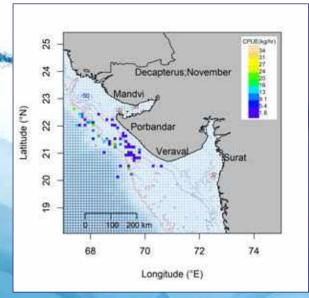


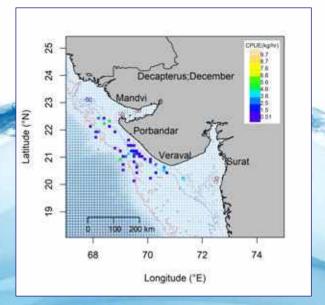






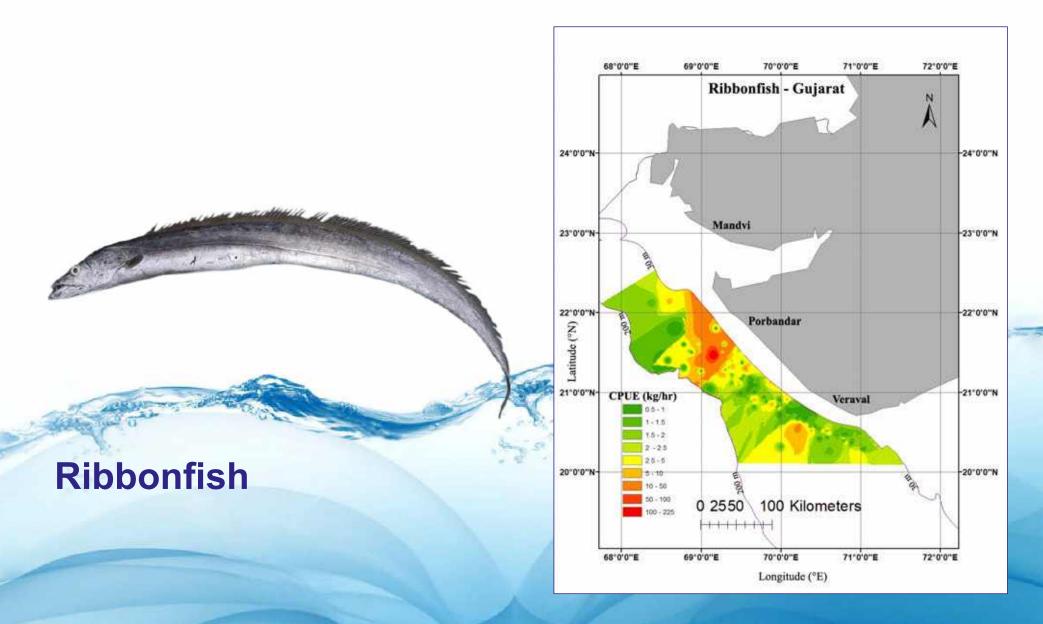






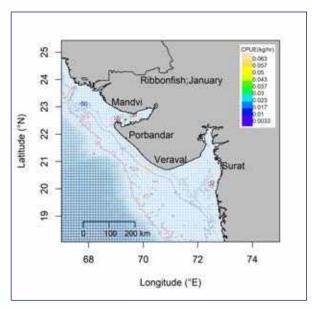


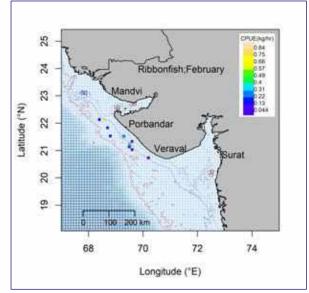


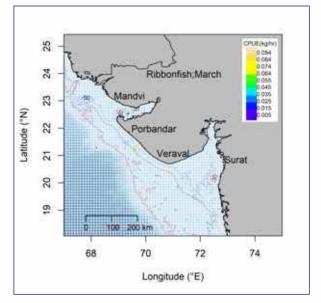


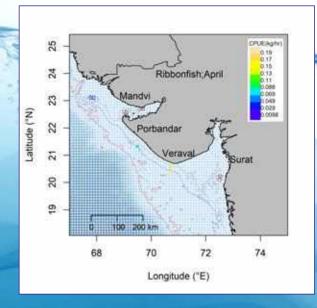


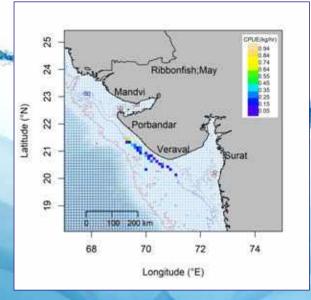


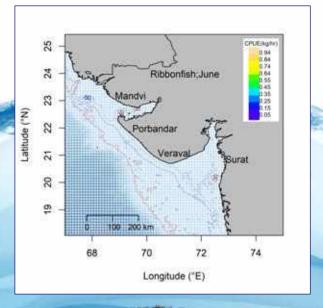






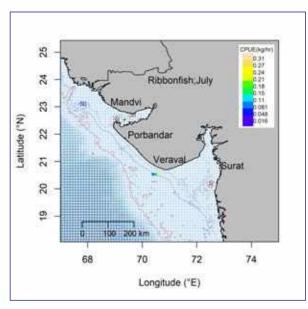


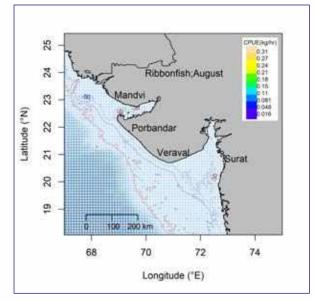


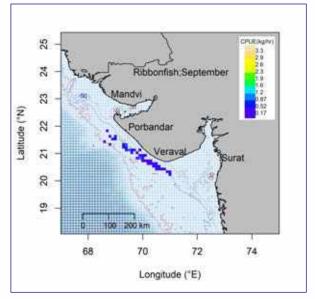


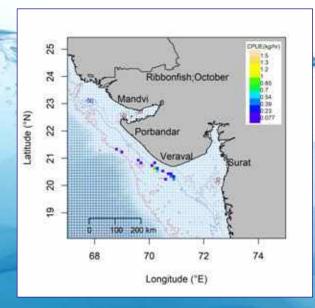


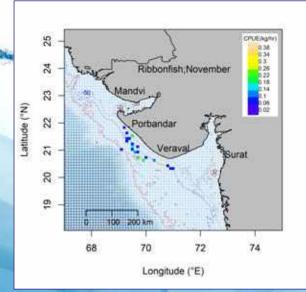


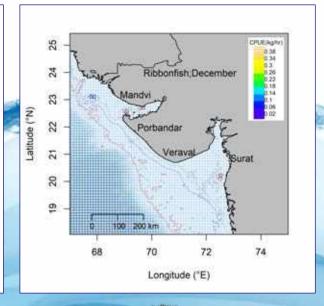










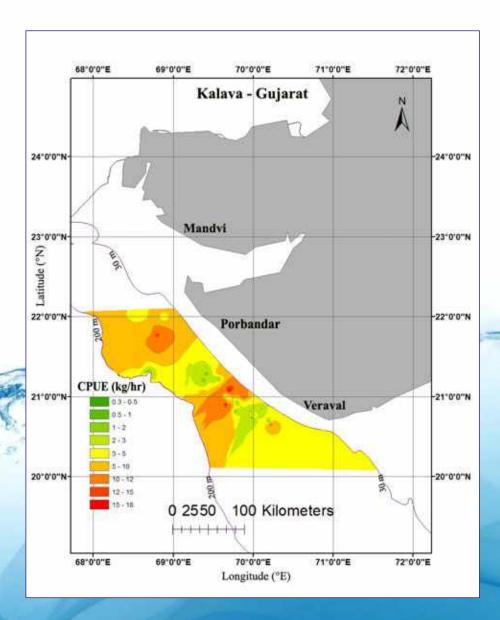






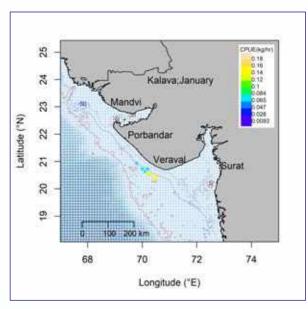


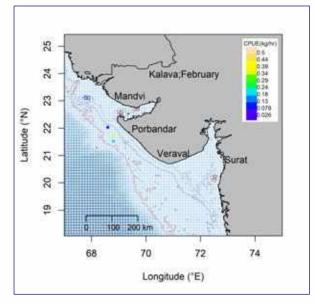


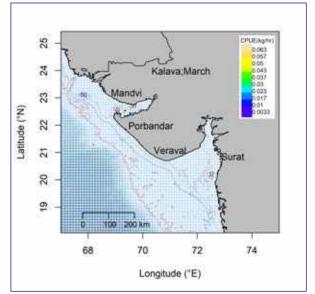


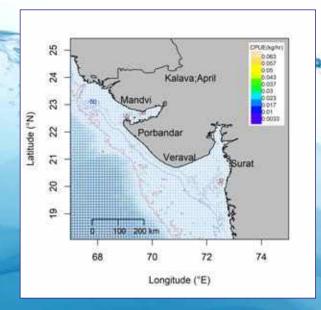


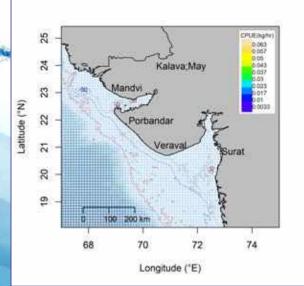


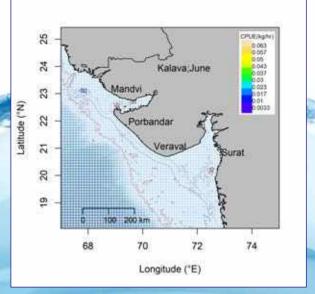








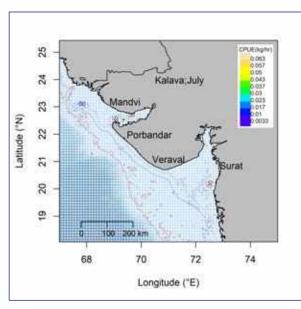


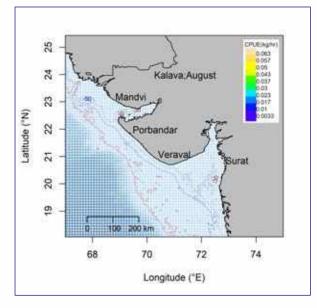


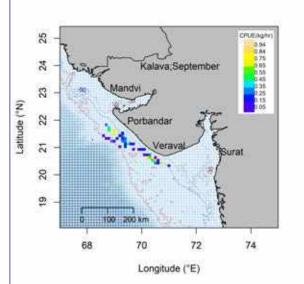


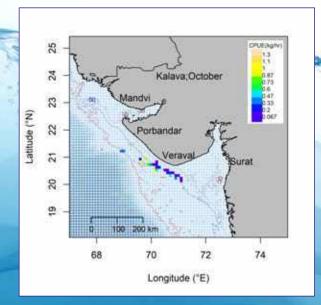


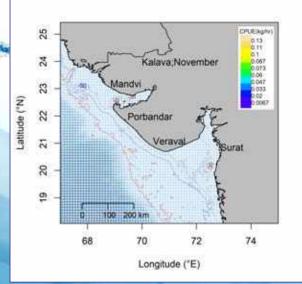


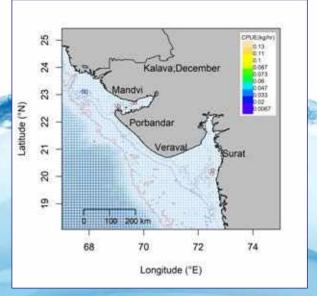












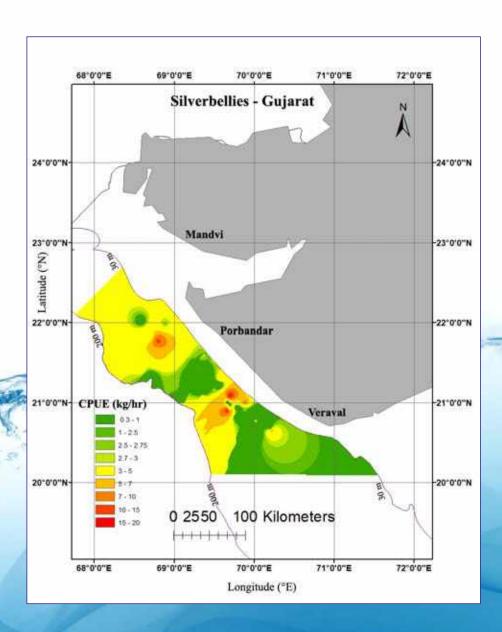






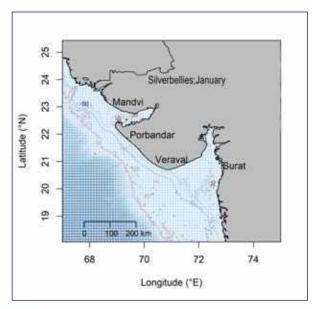


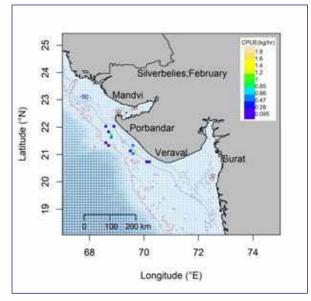
Silverbellies

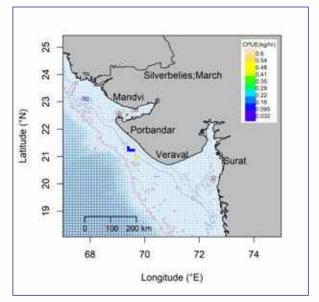


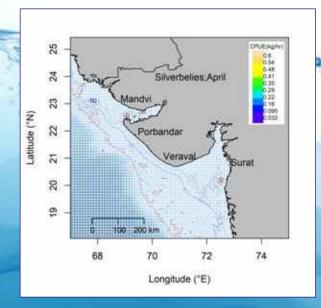


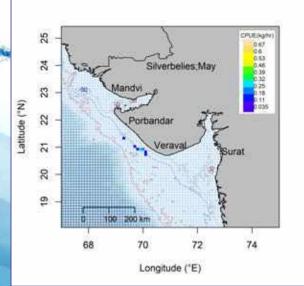


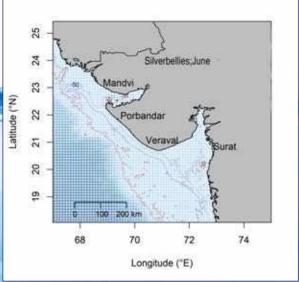








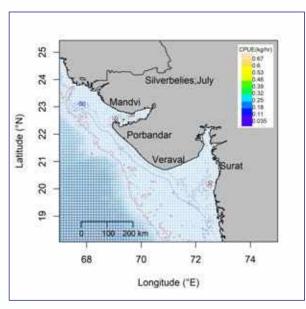


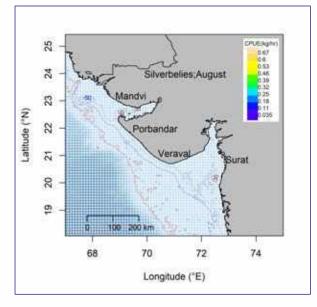


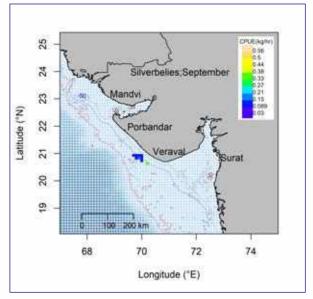


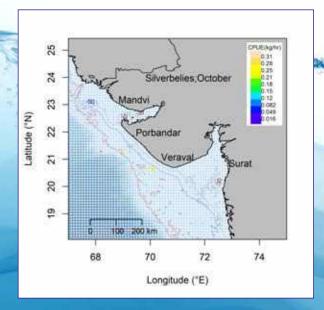


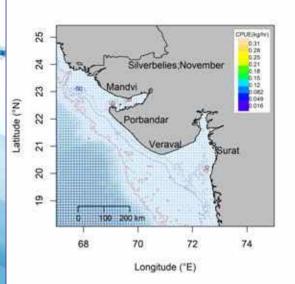


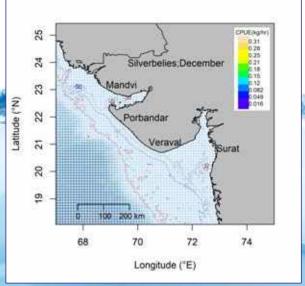








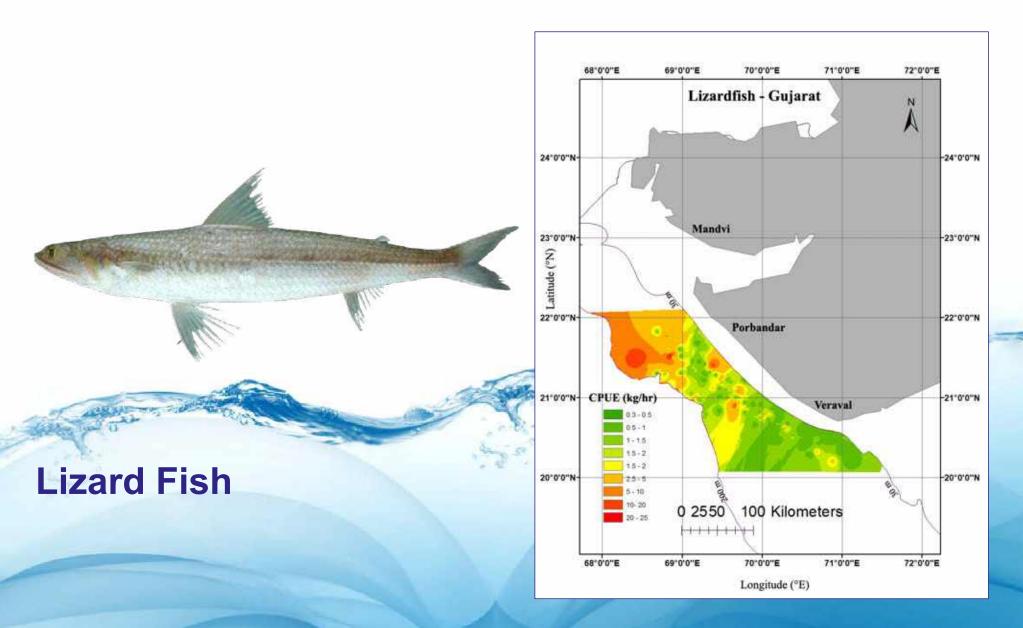






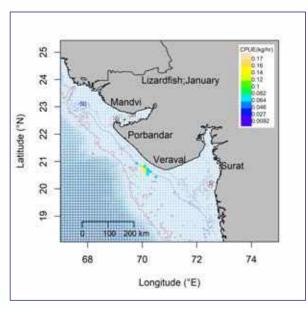


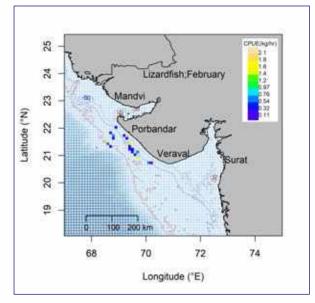


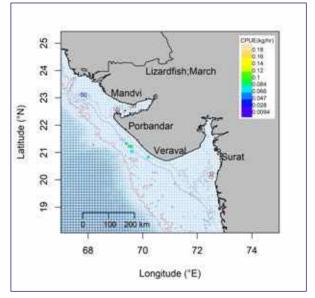


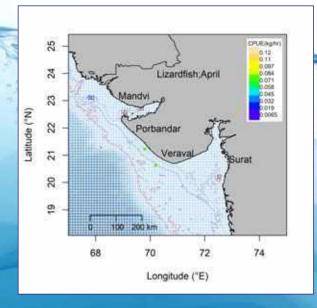


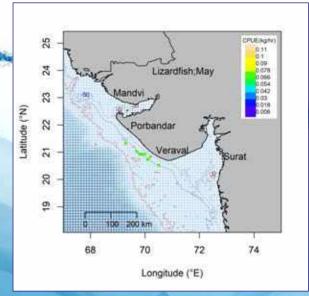


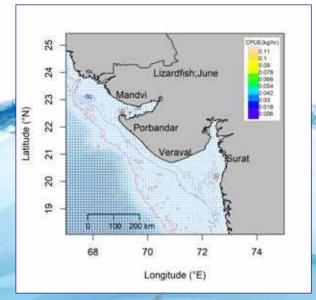






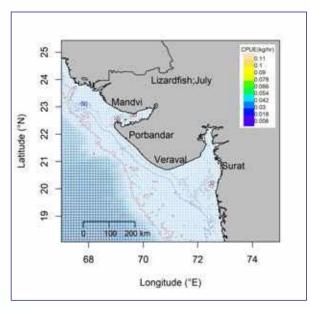


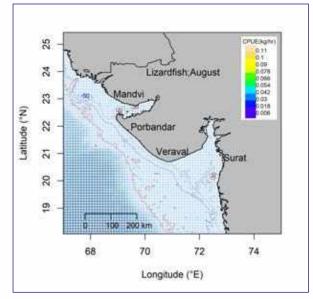


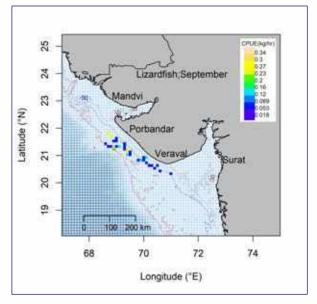


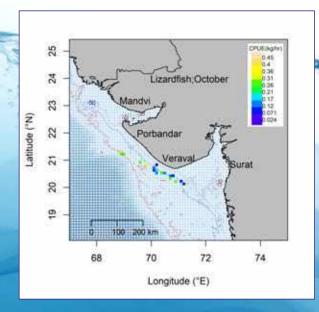


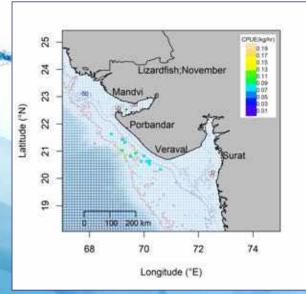


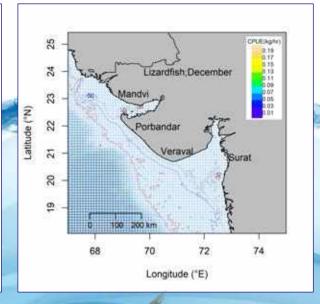






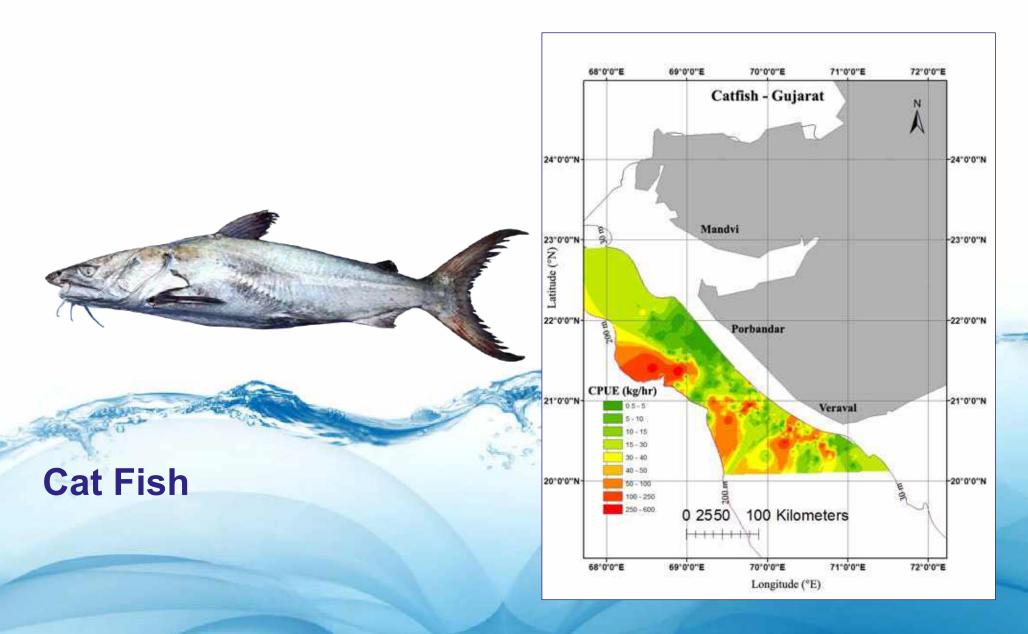






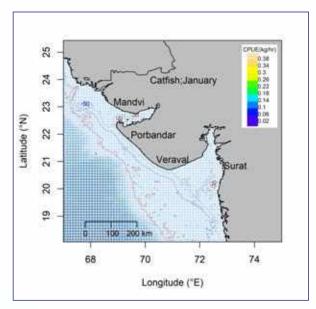


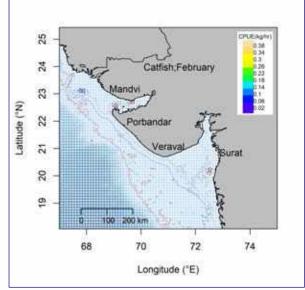


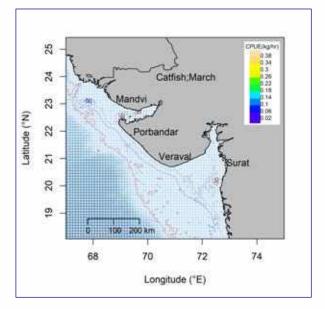


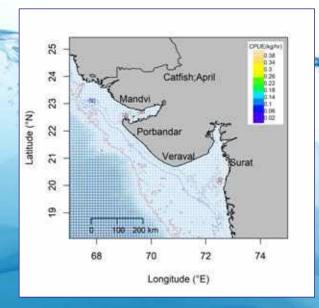


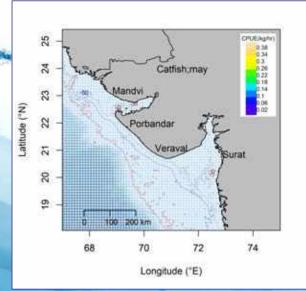


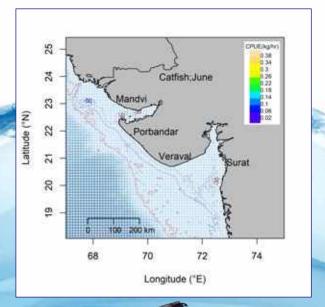






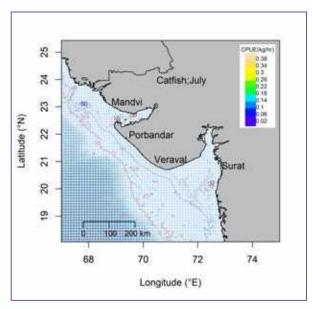


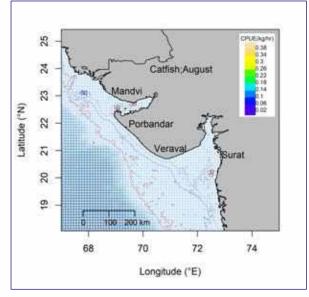


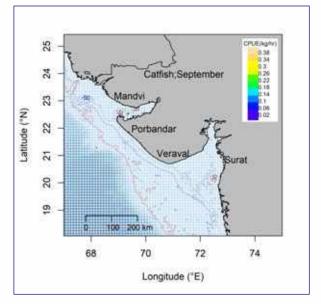


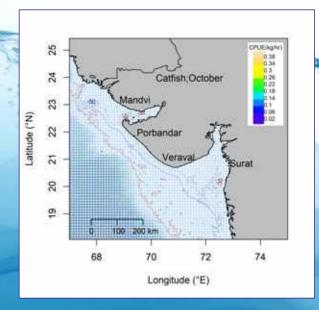


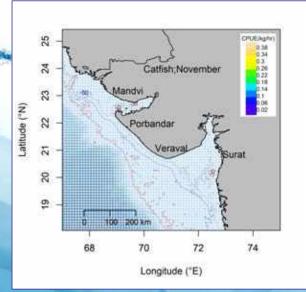


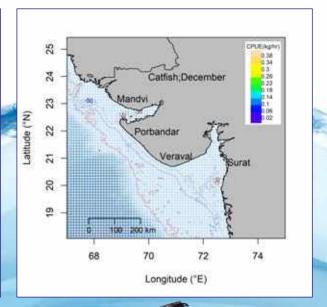








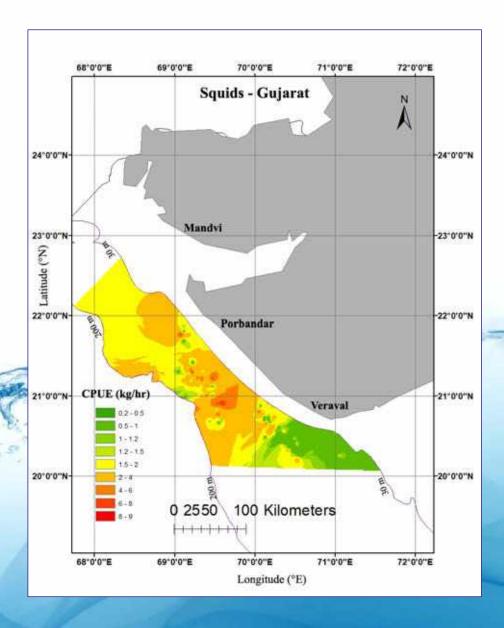








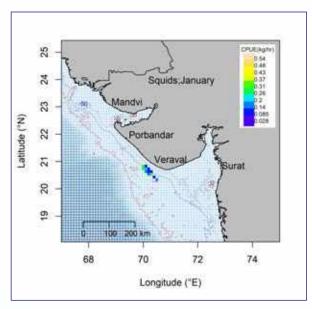


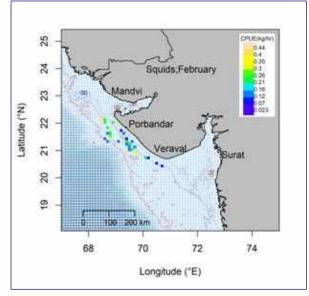


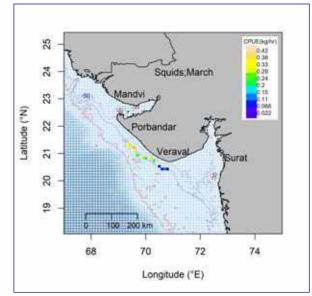
Squids

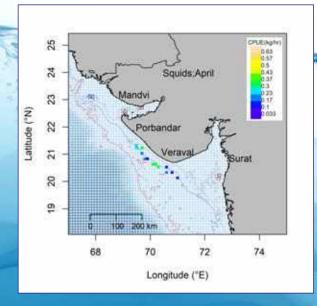


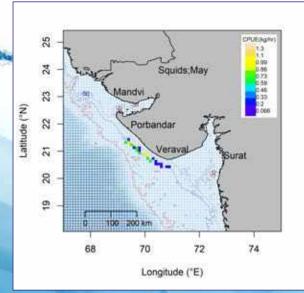


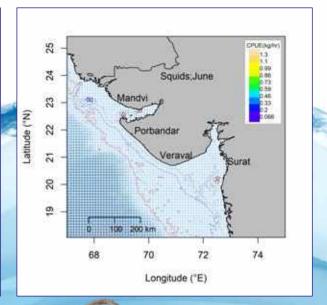






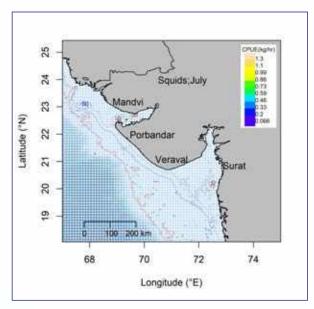


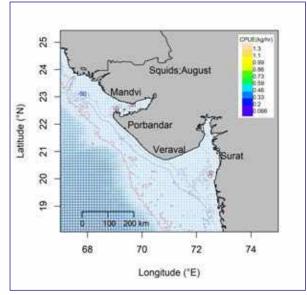


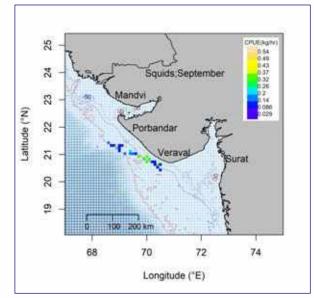


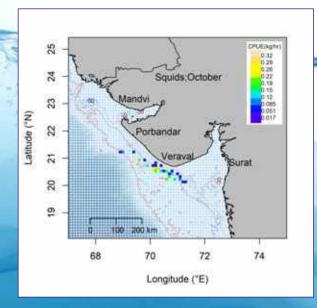


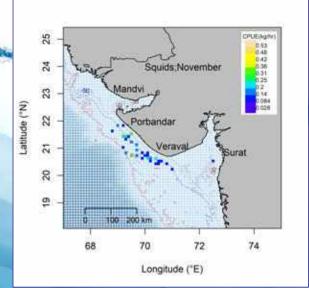


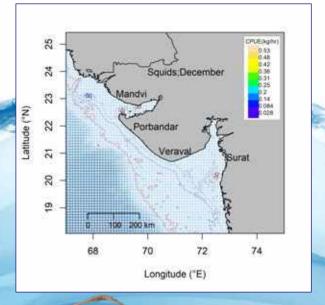












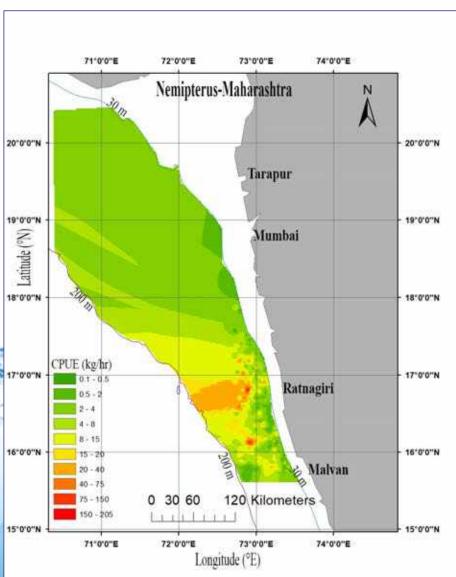






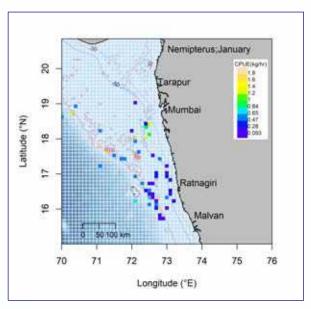


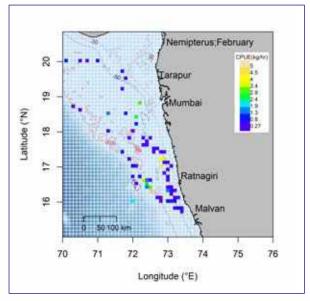
Threadfin Breams (Nemipterus)

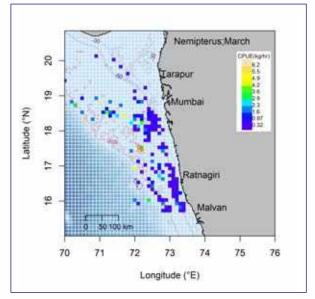


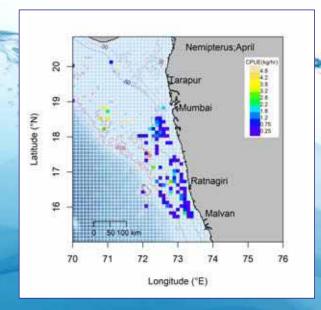


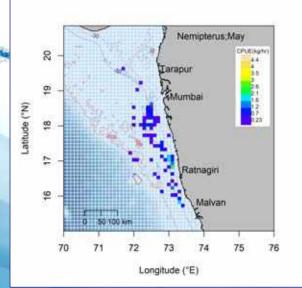


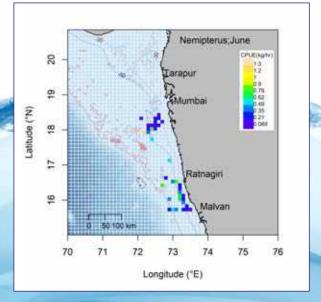








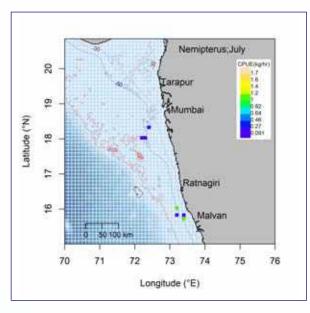


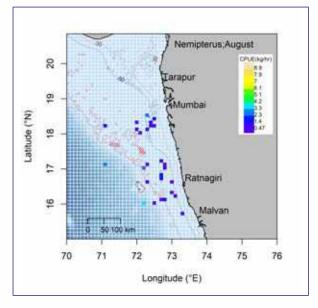


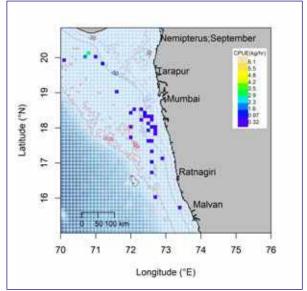


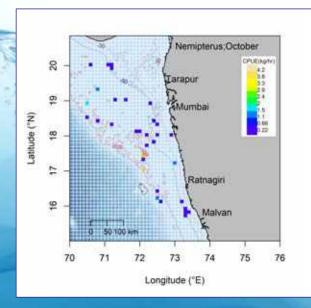


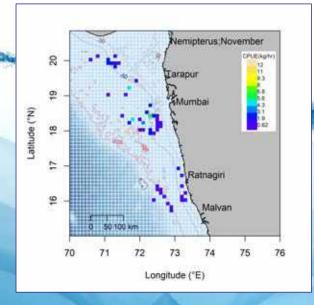


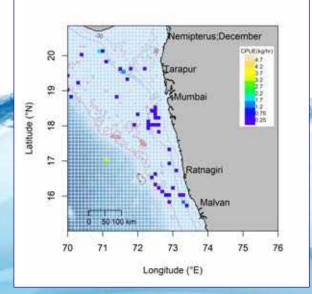








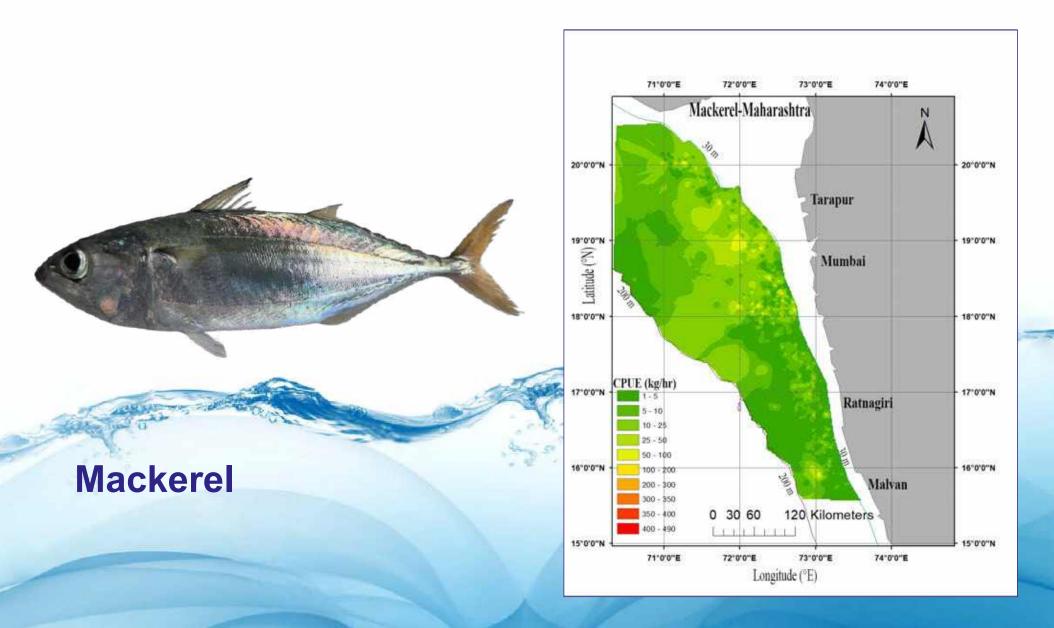






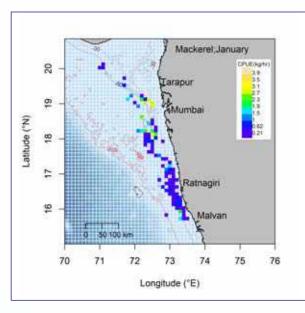


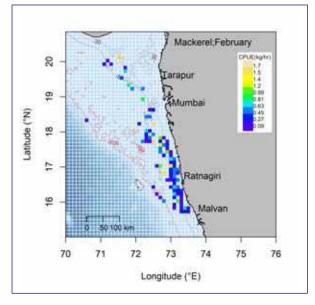


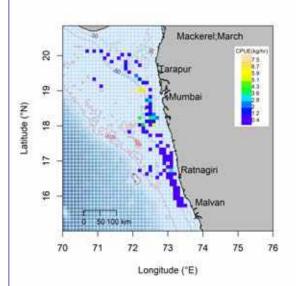


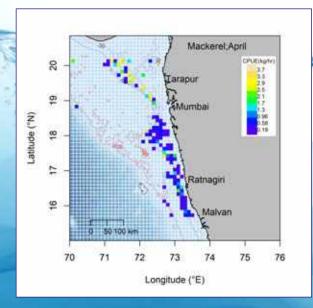


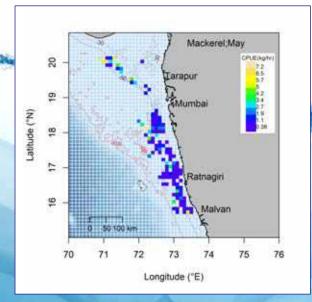


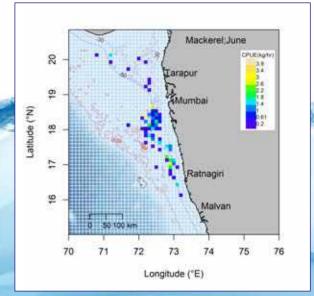








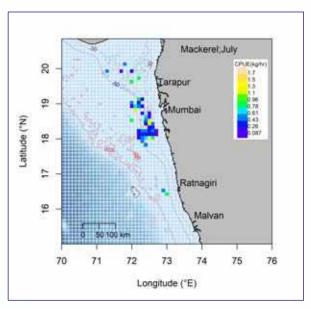


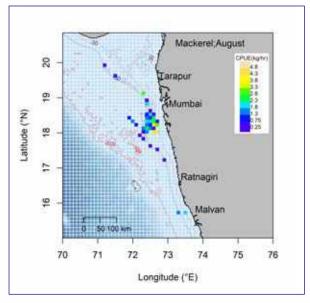


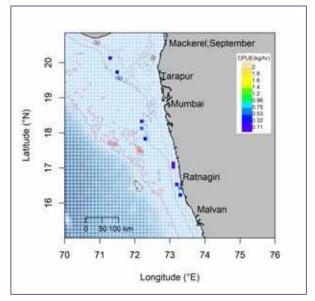


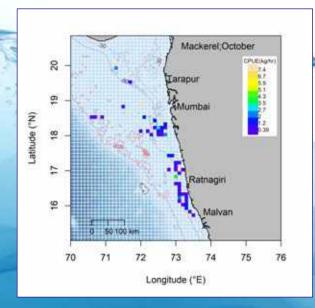


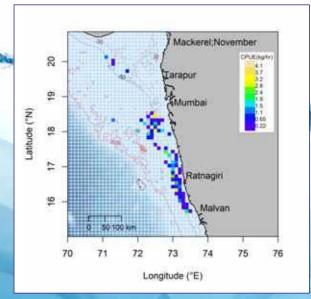


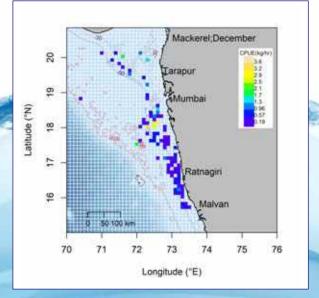








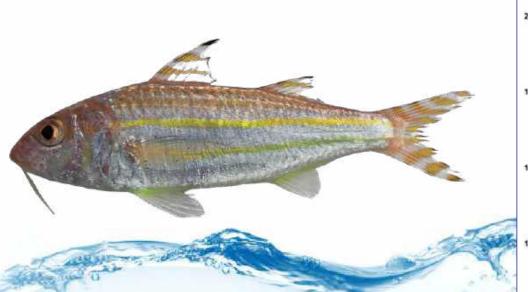




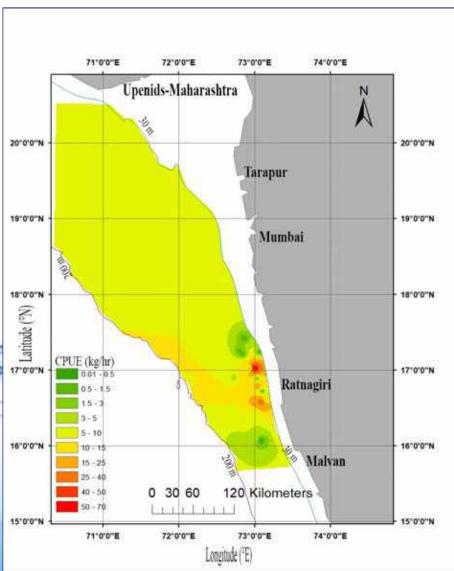






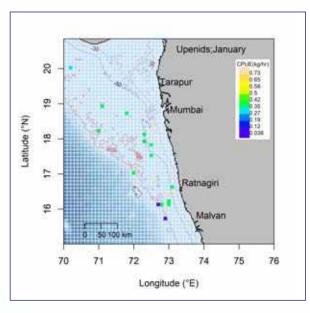


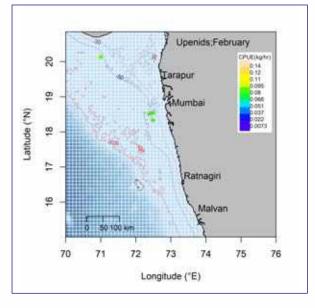
Goatfish (Upenids)

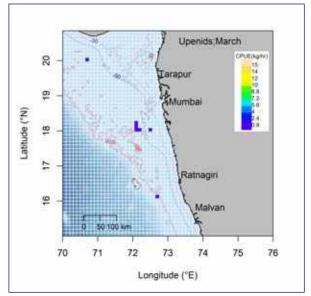


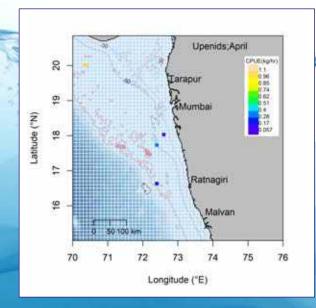


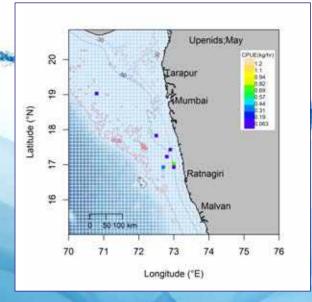


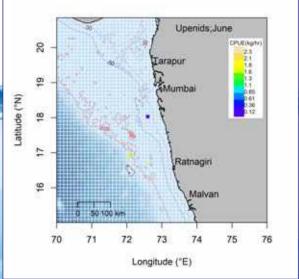








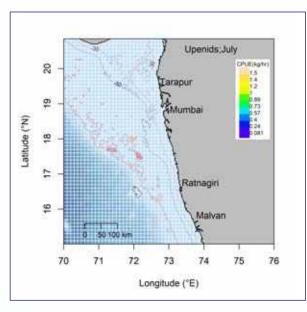


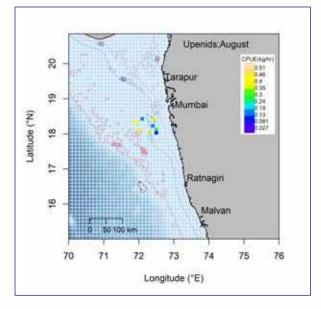


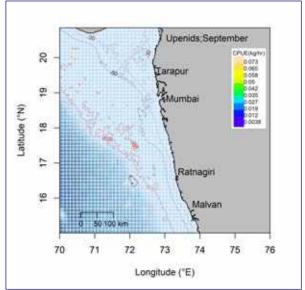


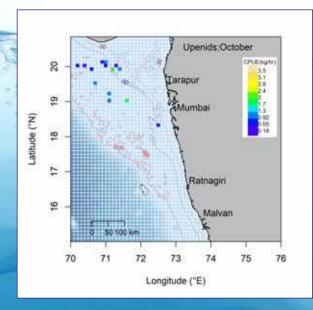


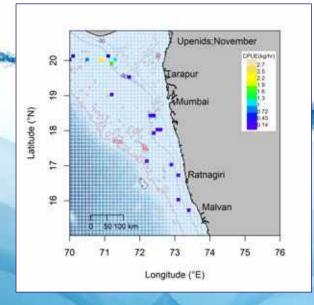


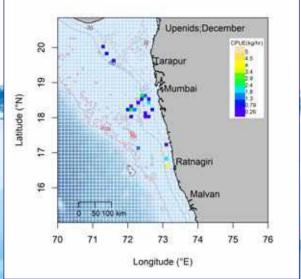












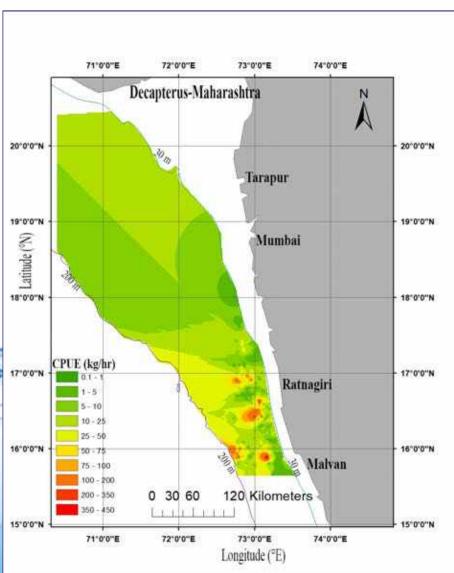






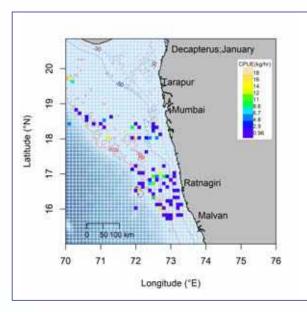


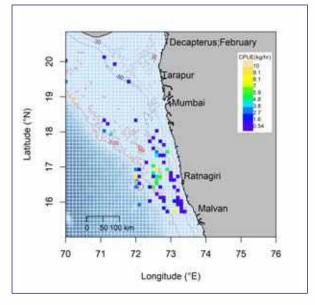


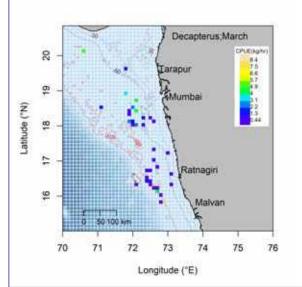


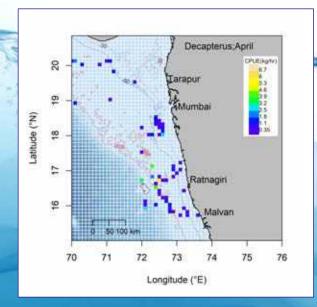


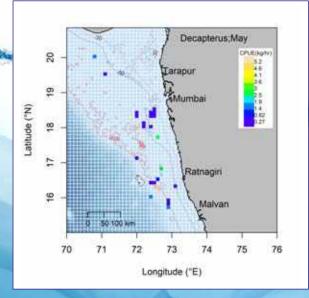


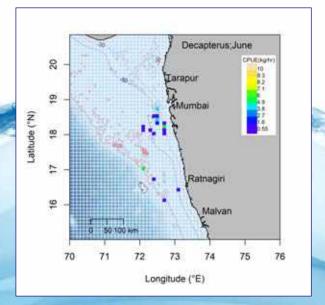






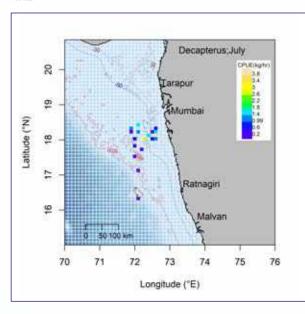


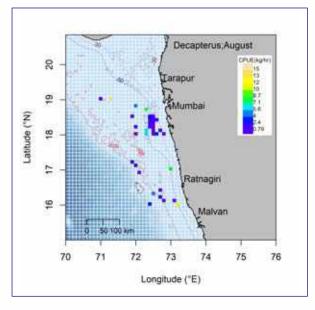


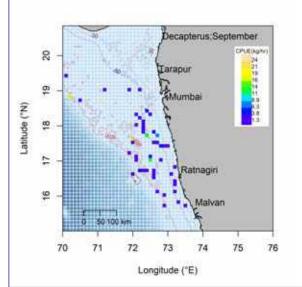


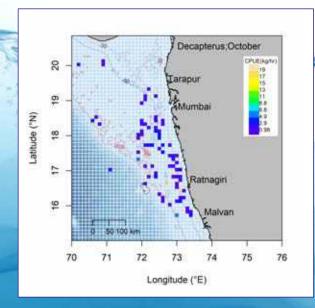


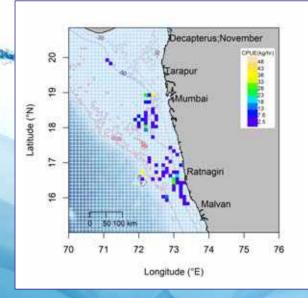


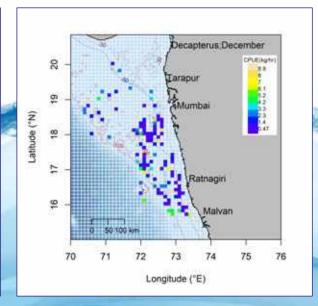






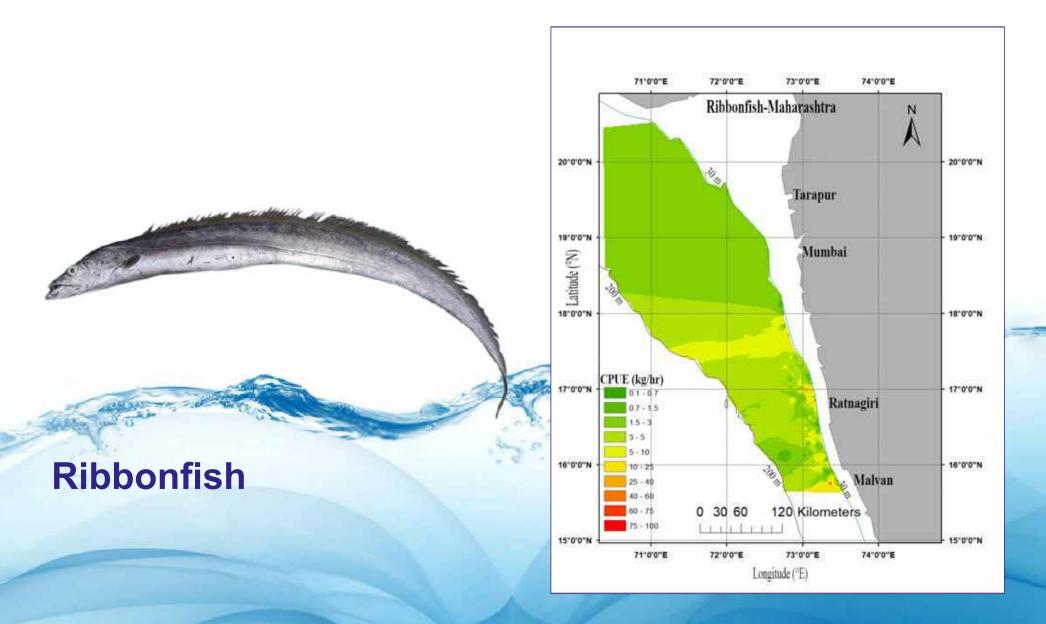






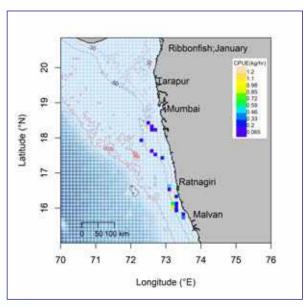


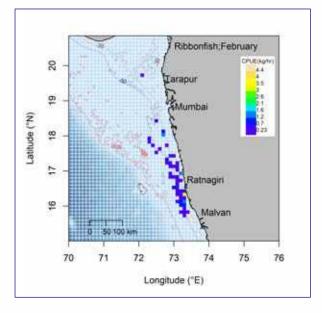


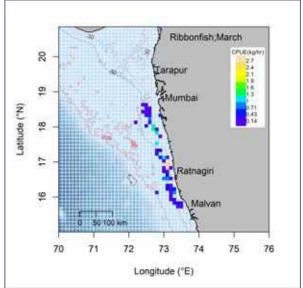


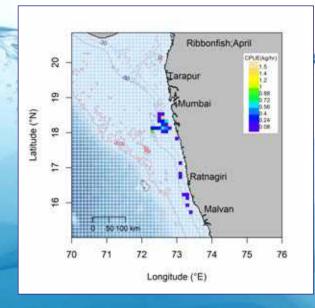


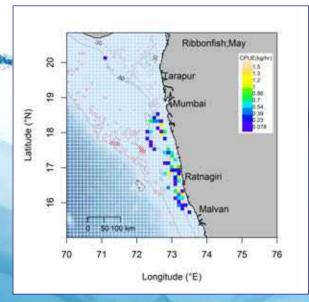


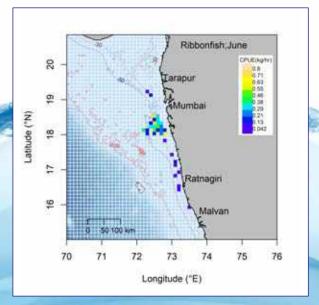






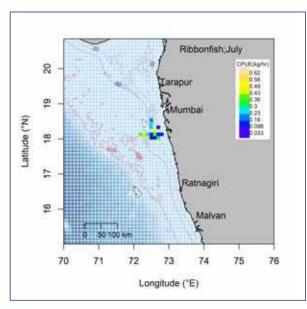


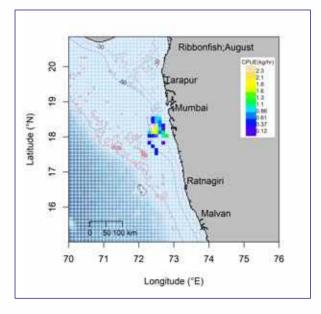


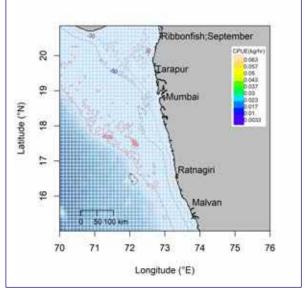


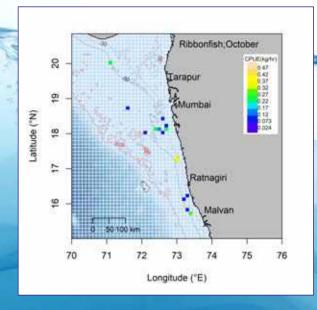


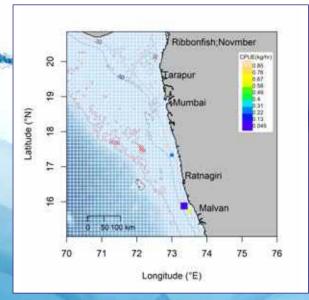


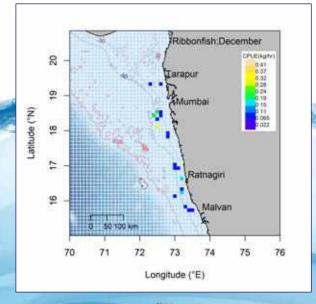










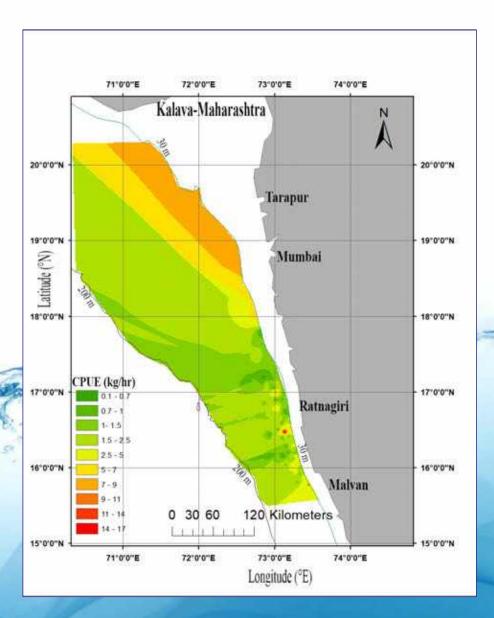






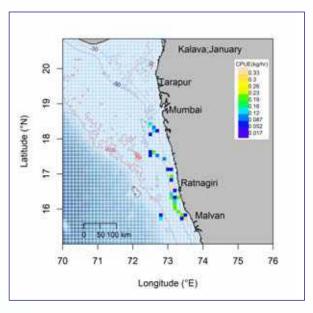


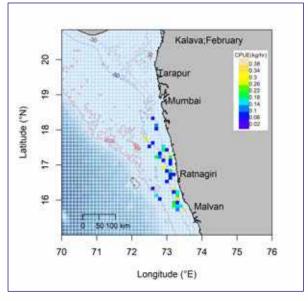


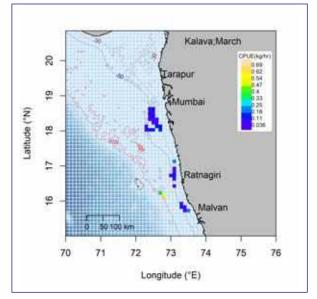


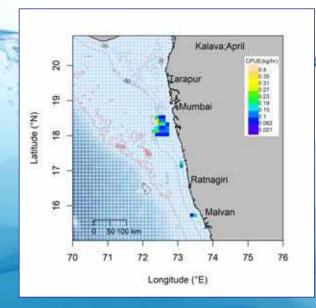


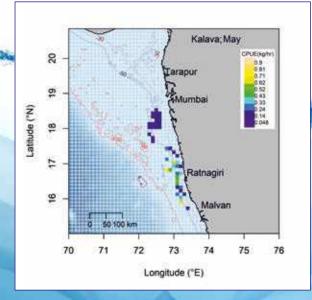


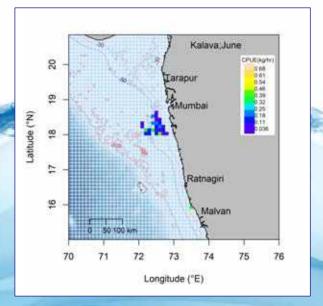






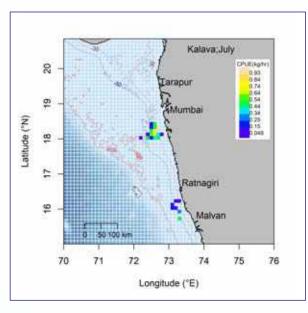


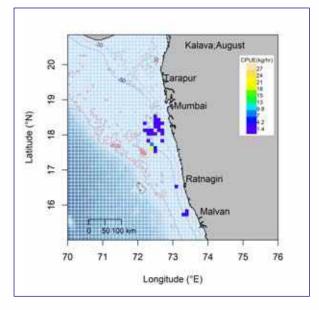


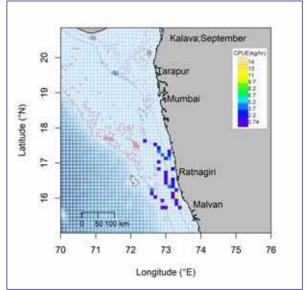


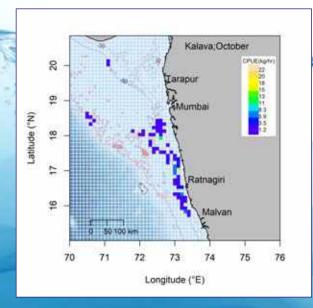


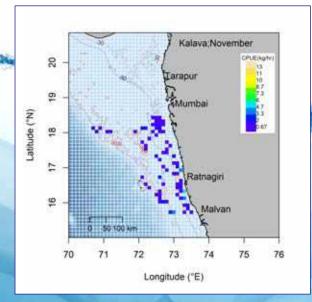


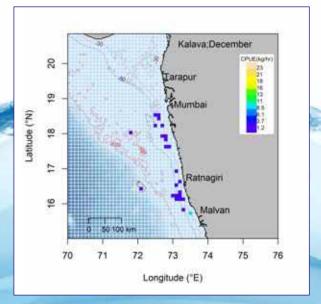












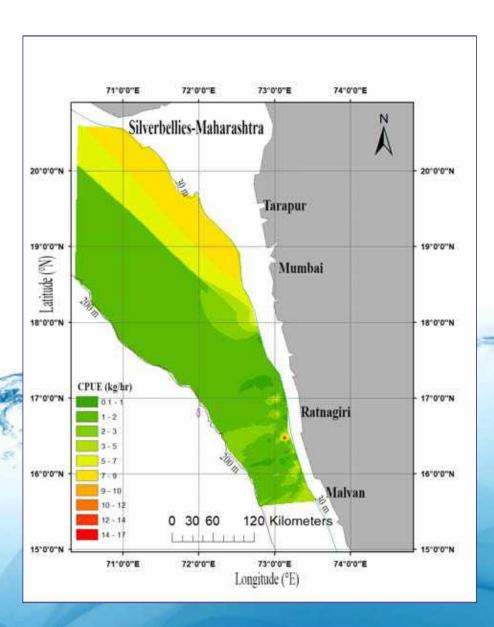






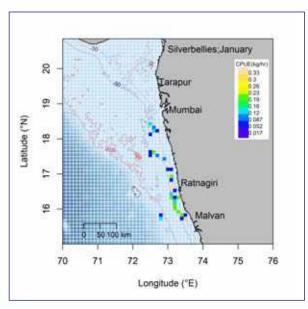


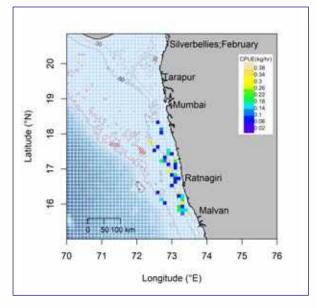
Silverbellies

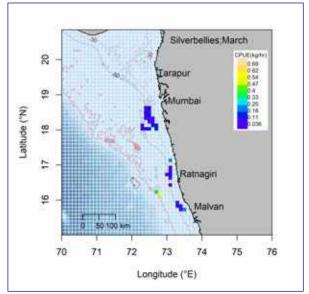


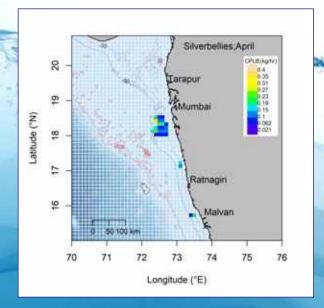


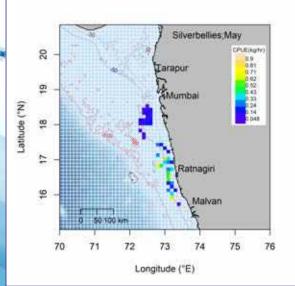


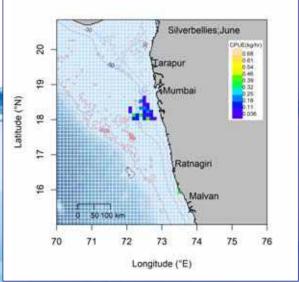








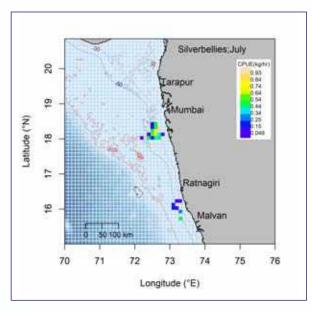


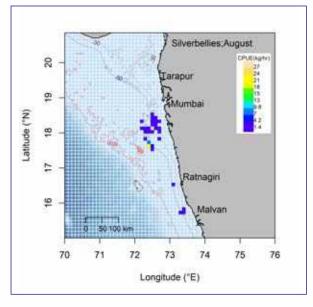


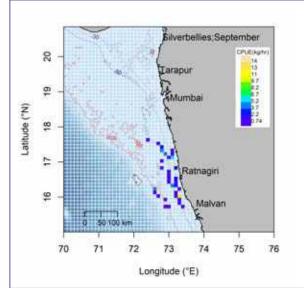


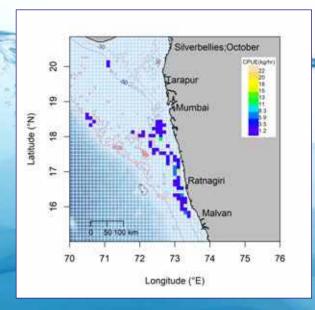


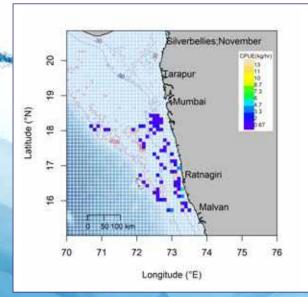


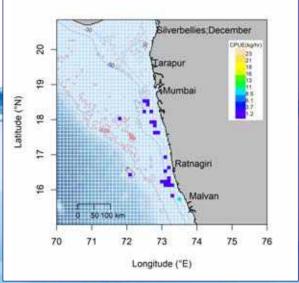








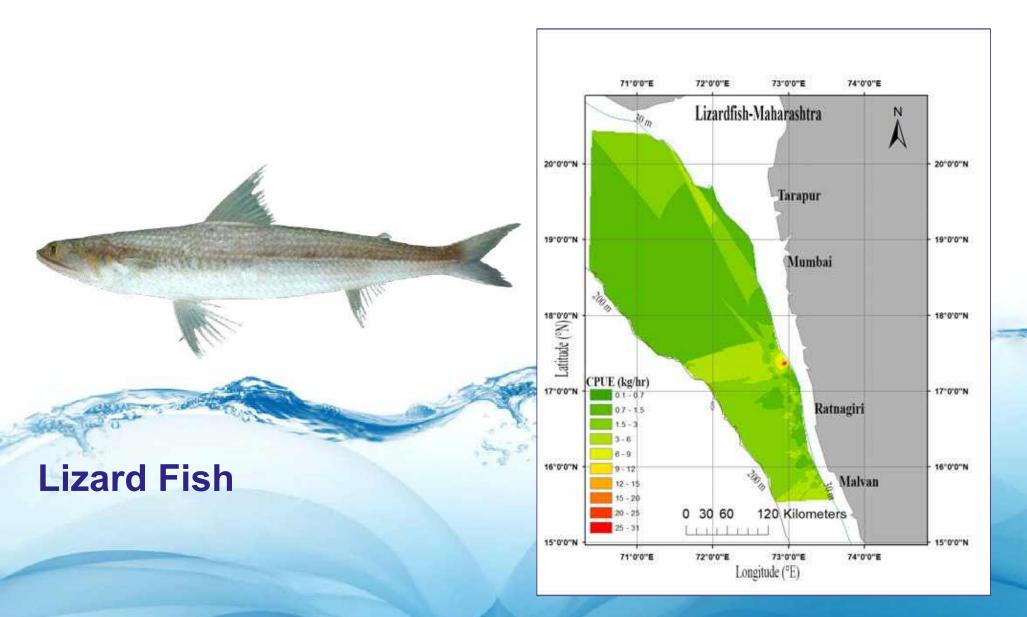






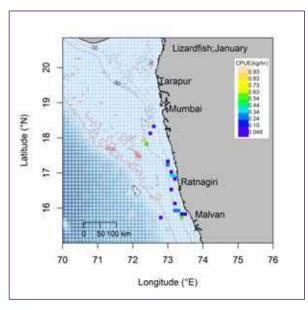


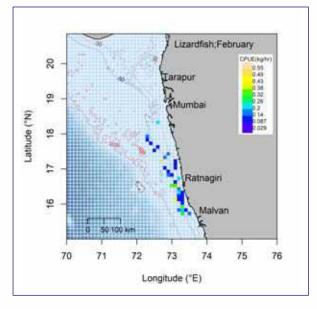


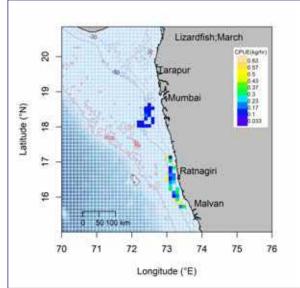


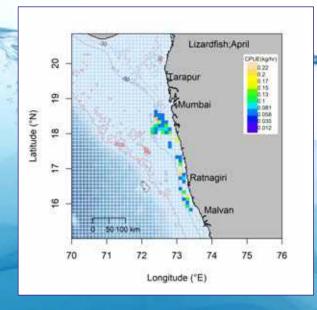


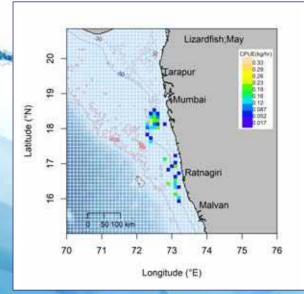


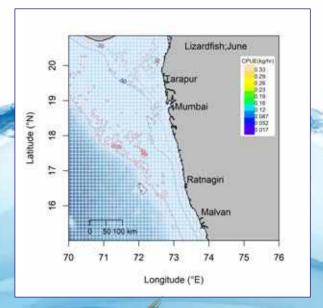






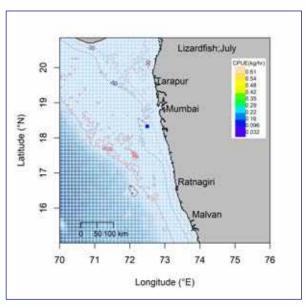


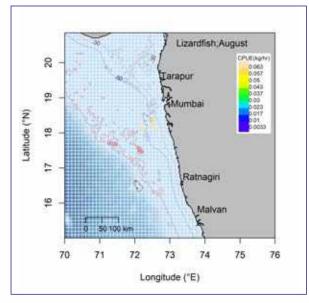


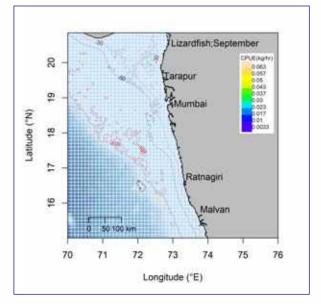


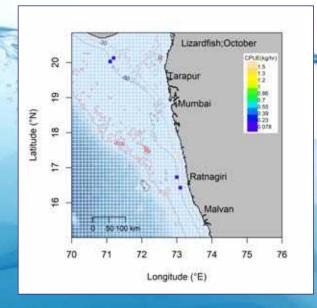


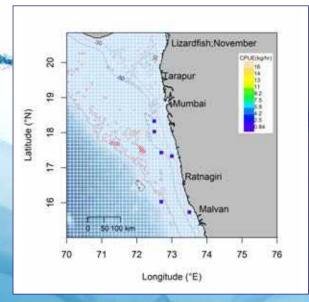


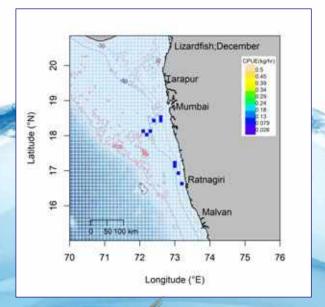






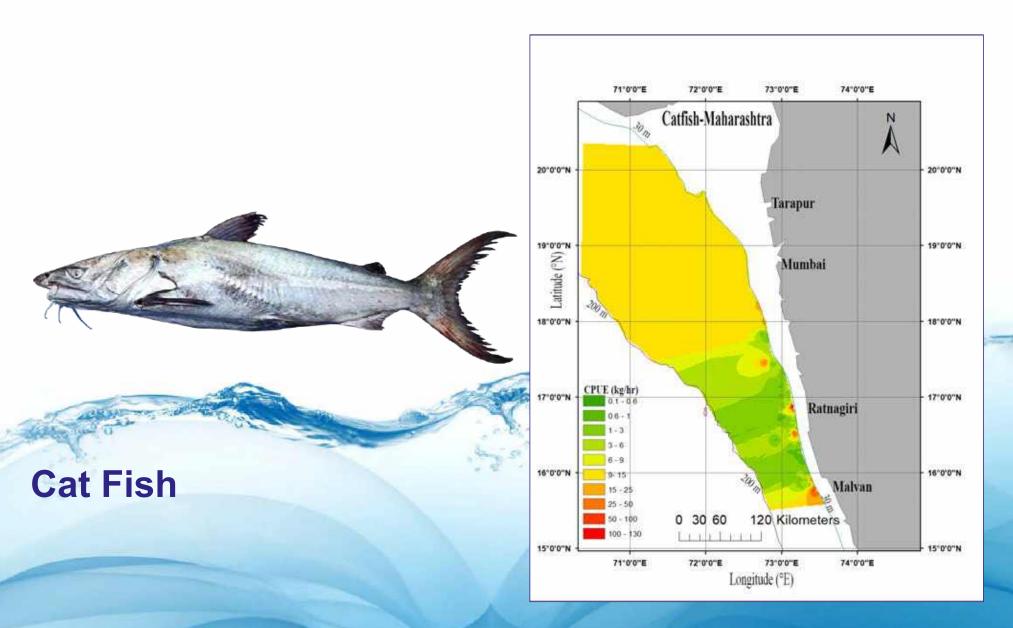






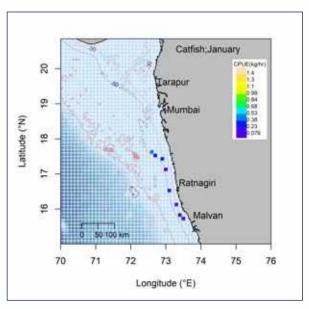


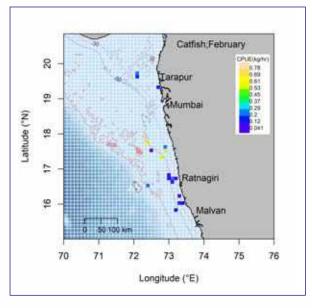


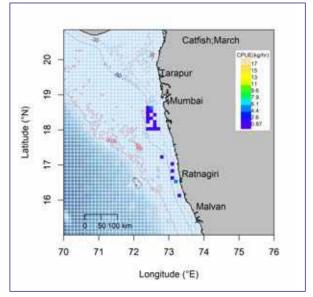


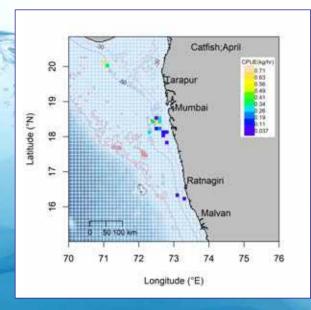


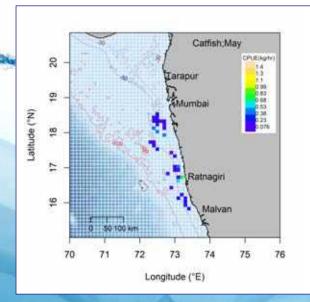


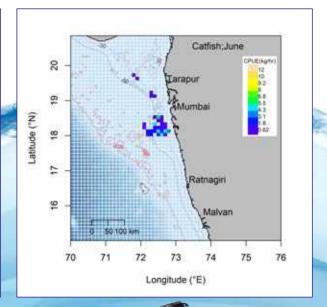






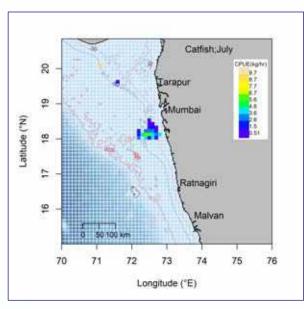


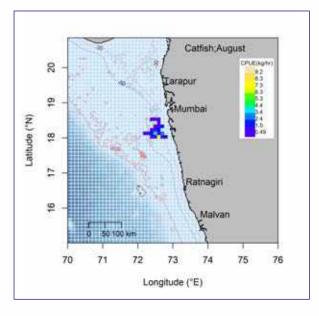


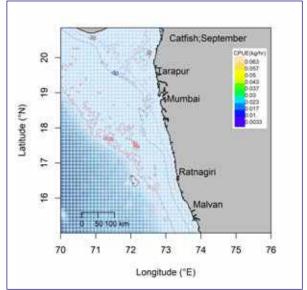


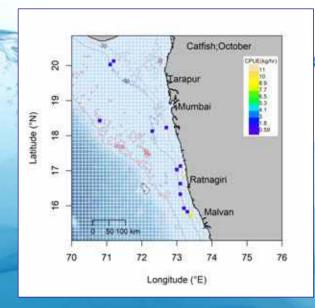


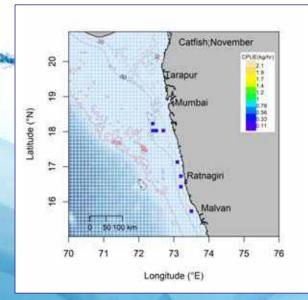


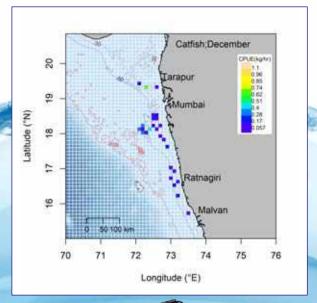








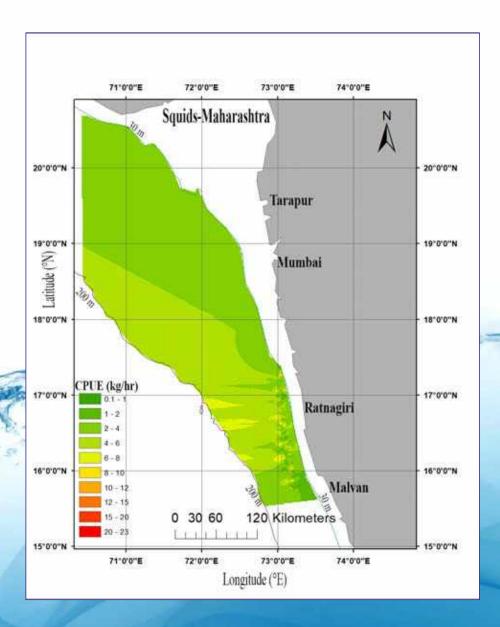








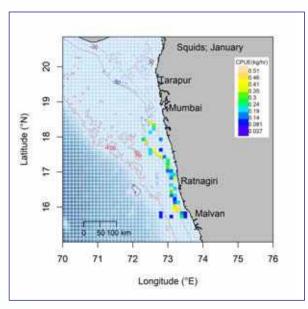


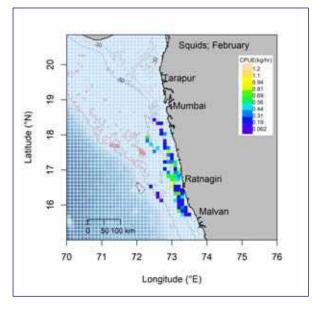


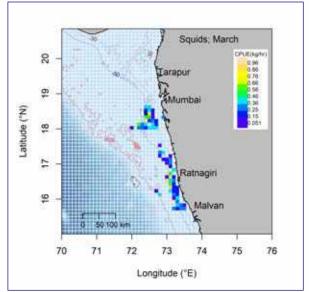
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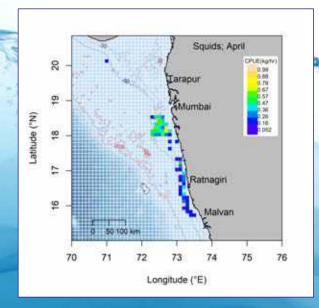


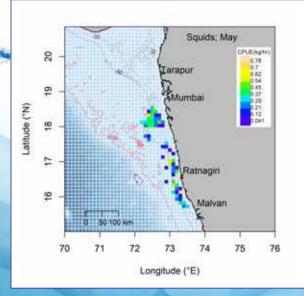


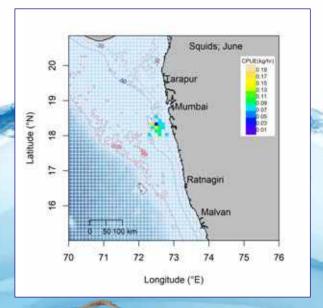






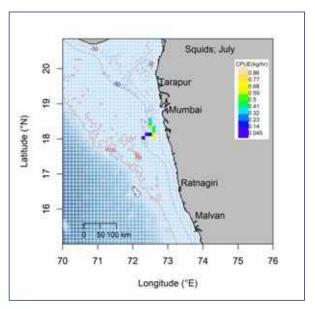


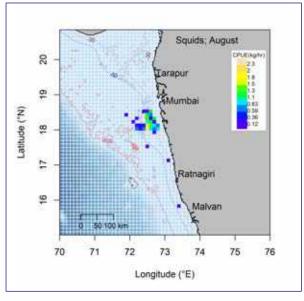


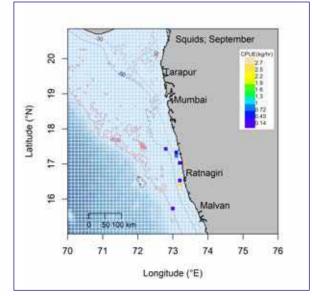


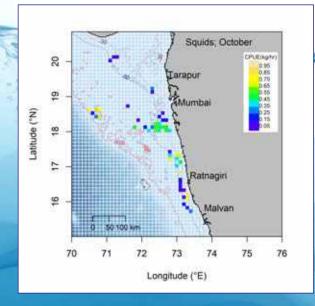


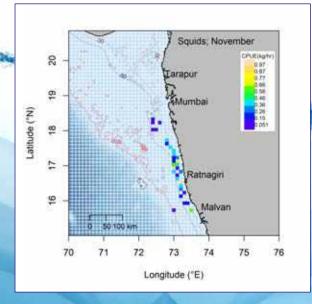


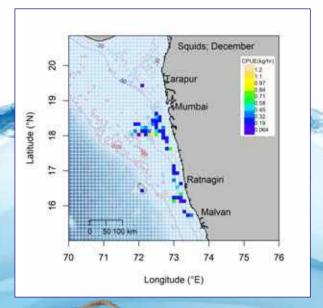














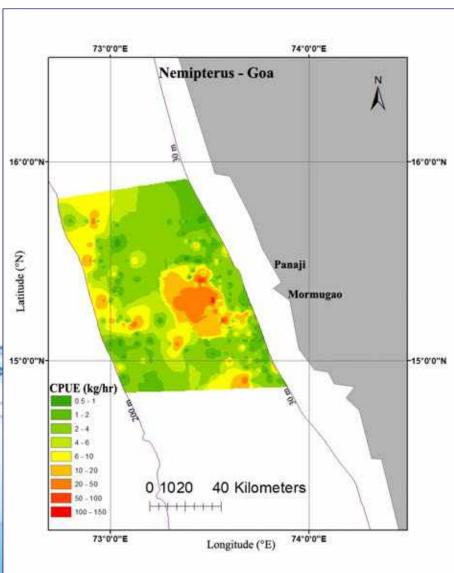






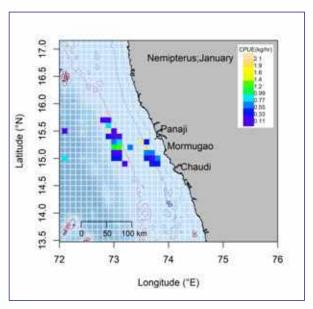
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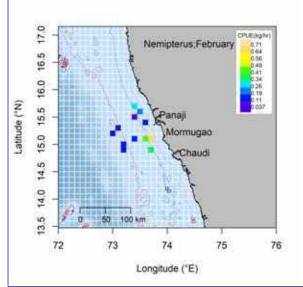
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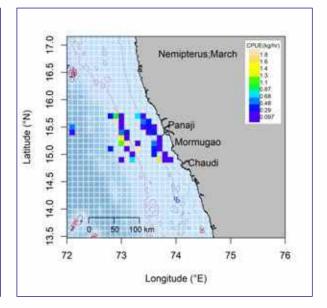


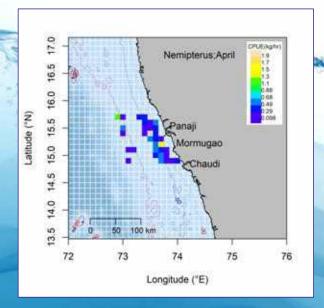


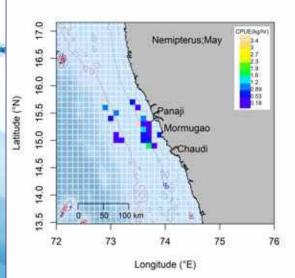


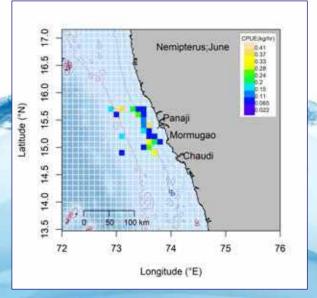








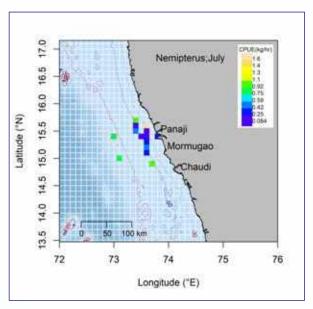


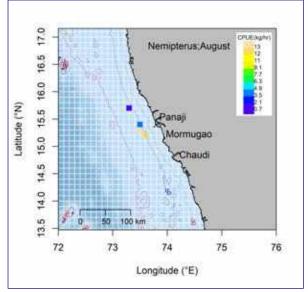


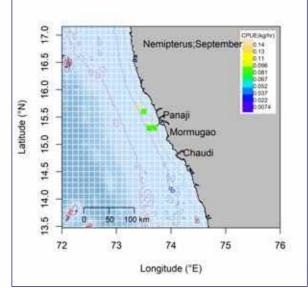


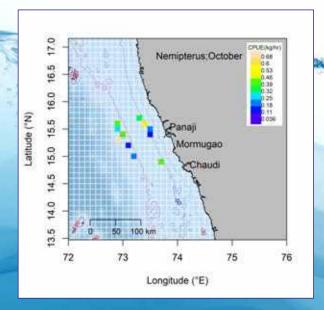


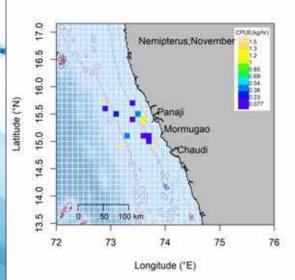


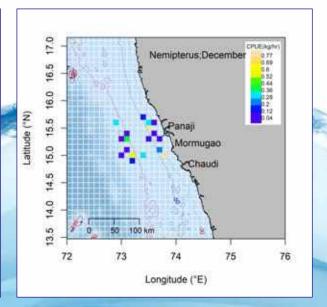








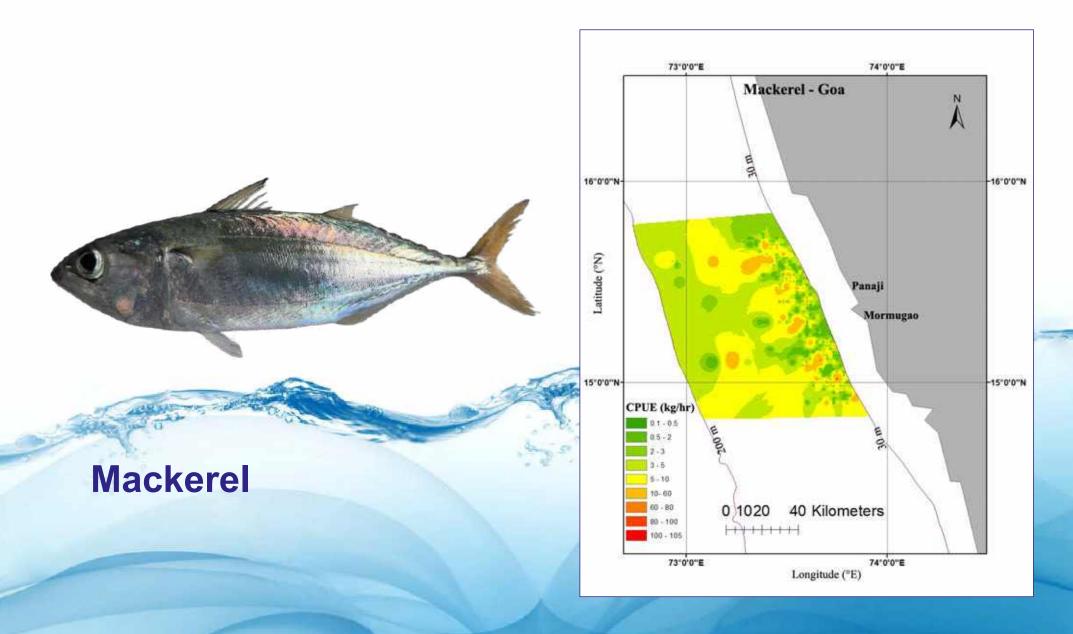






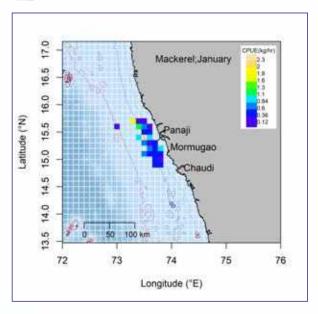


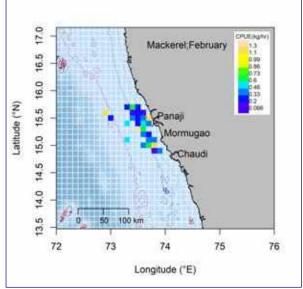


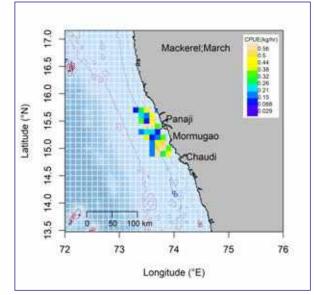


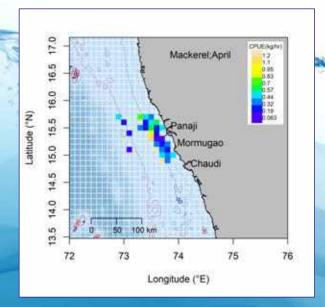


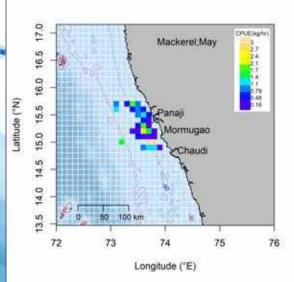


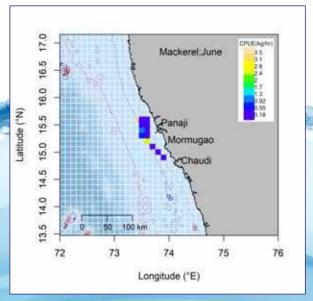








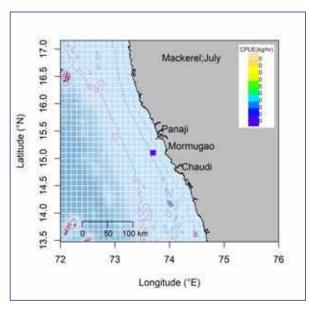


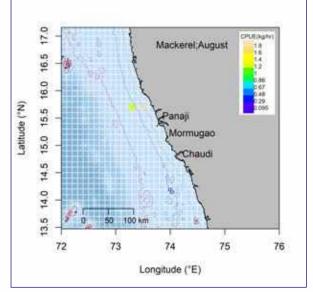


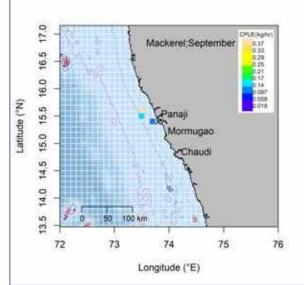


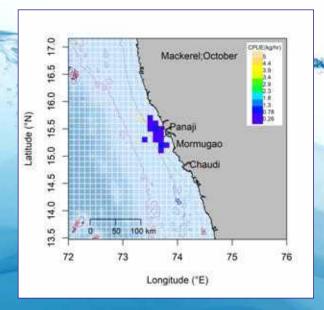


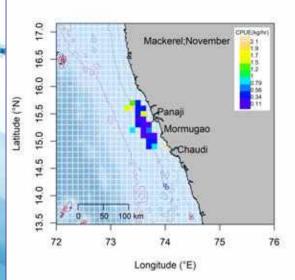


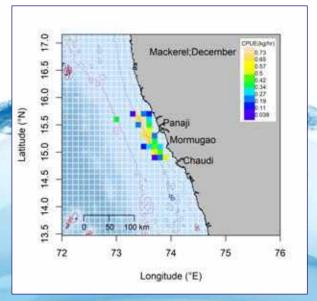








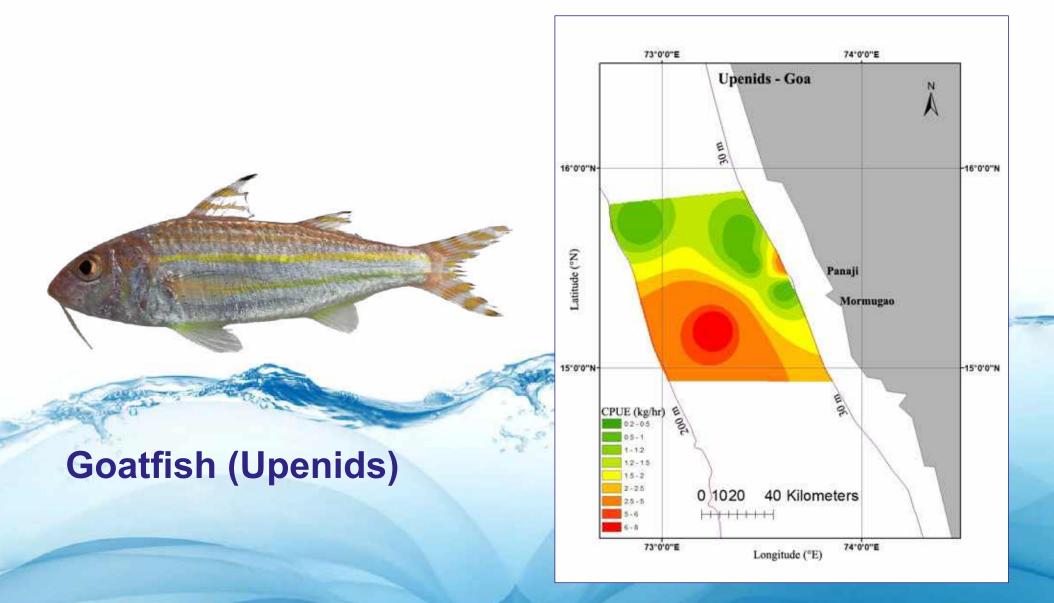






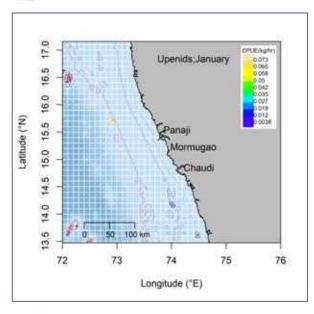


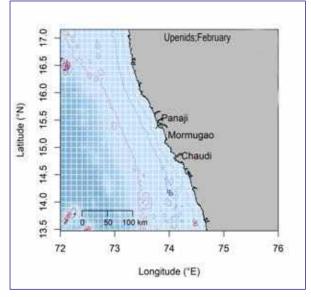


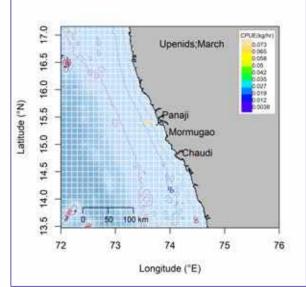


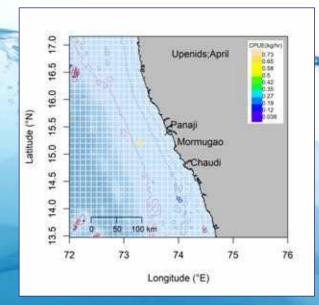


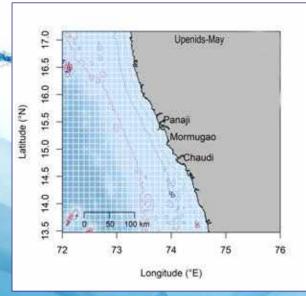


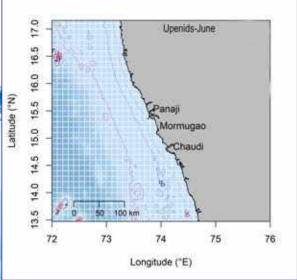








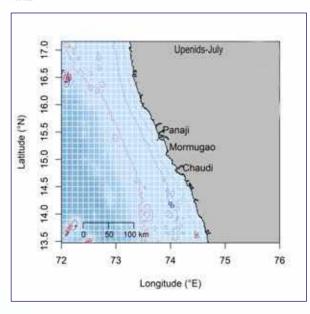


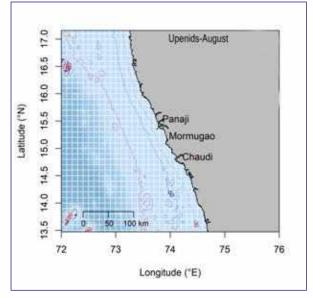


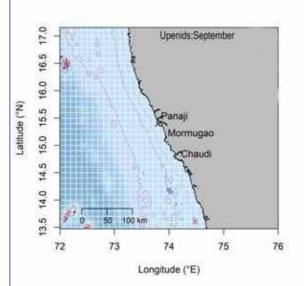


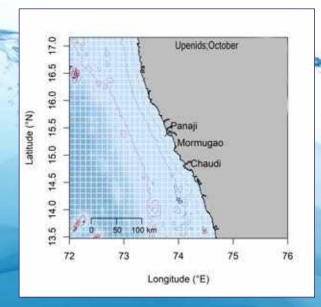


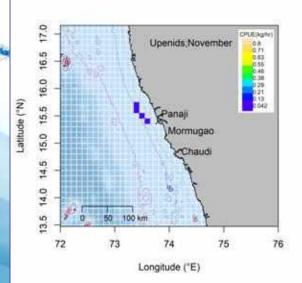


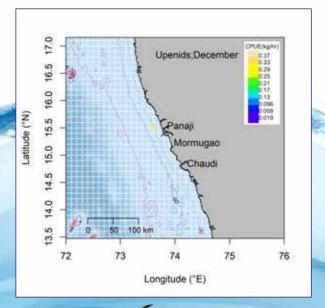










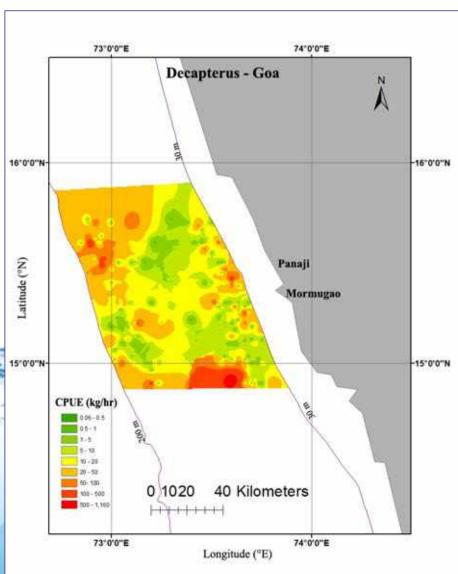






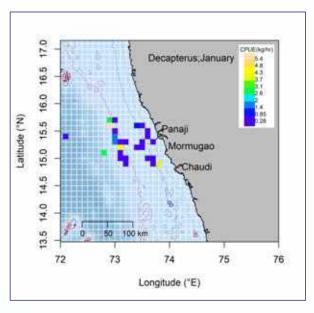


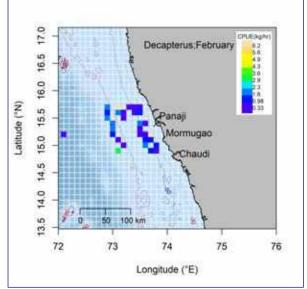


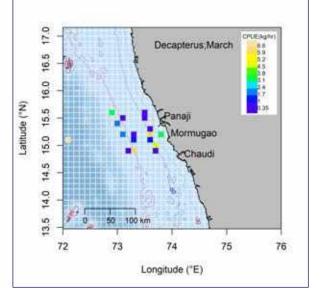


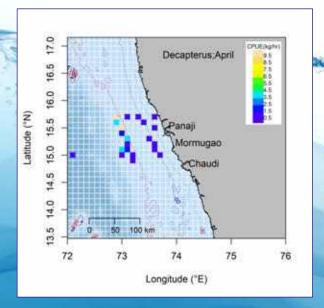


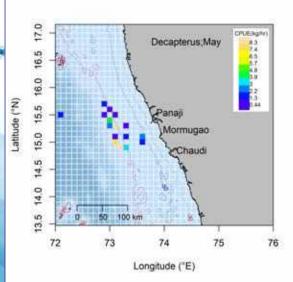


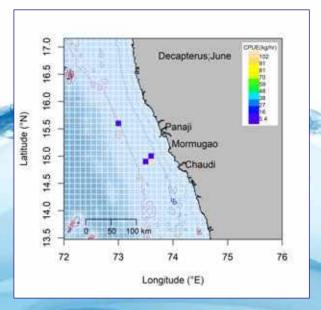






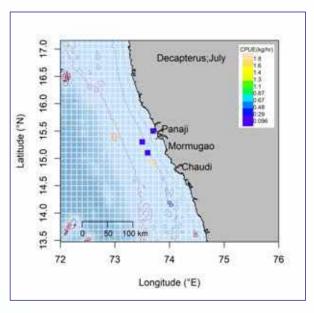


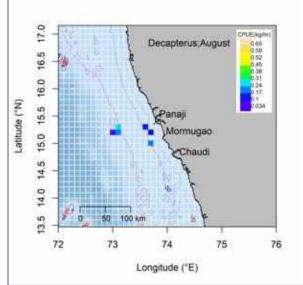


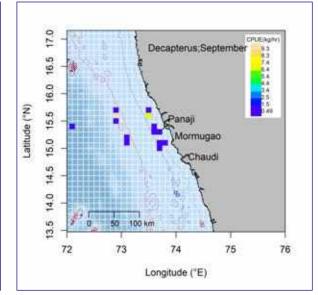


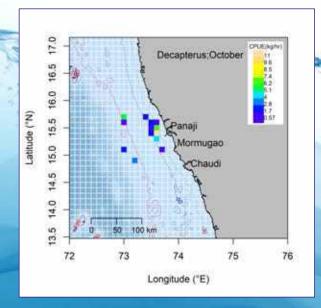


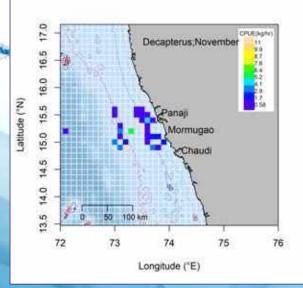


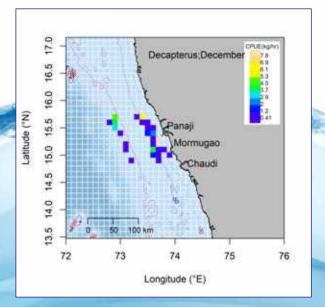






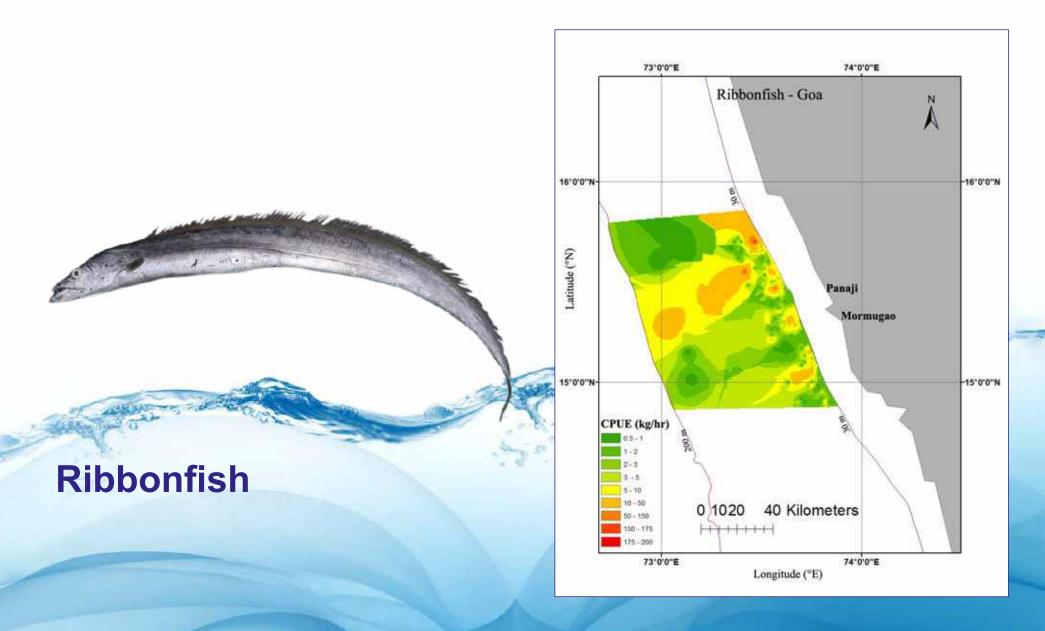






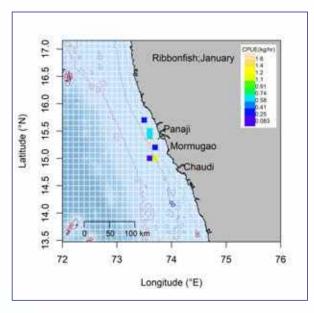


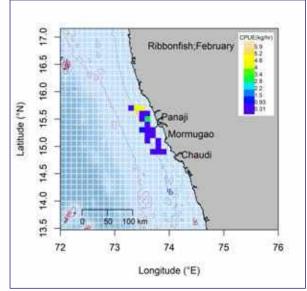


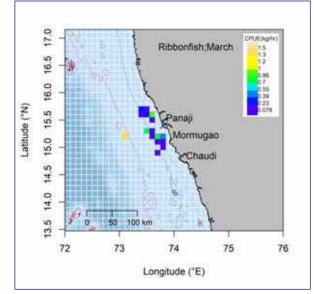


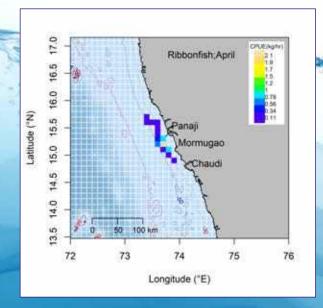


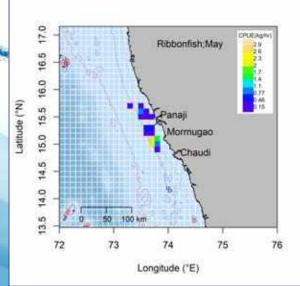


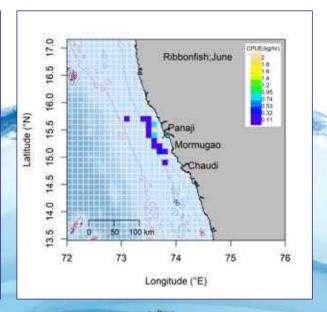






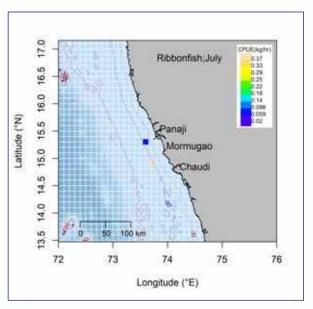


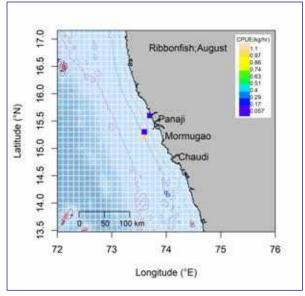


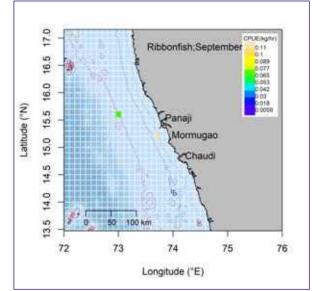


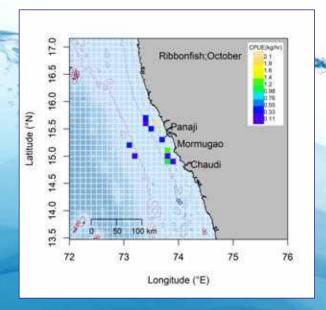


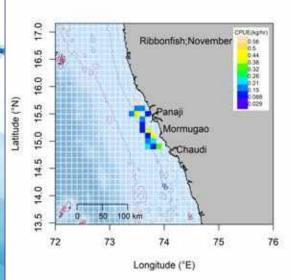


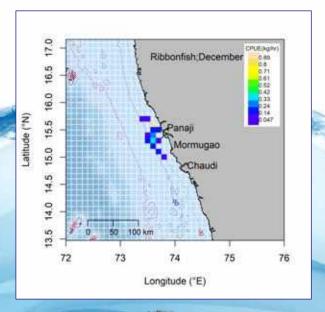










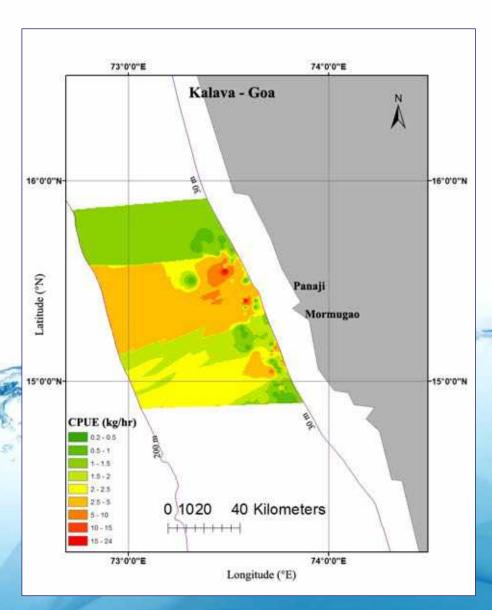






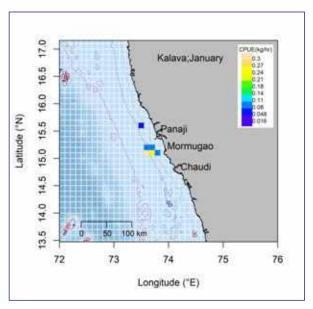


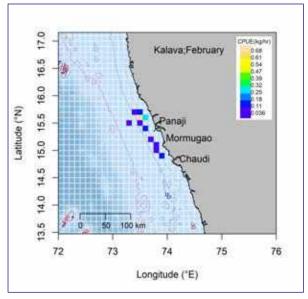
Groupers (Kalava)

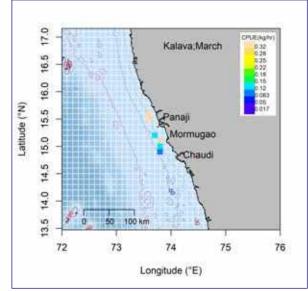


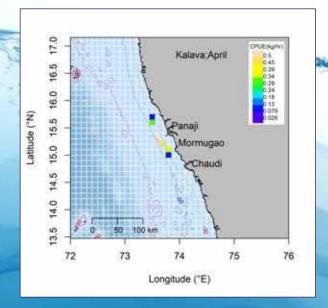


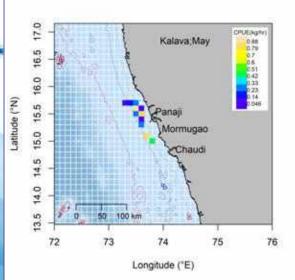


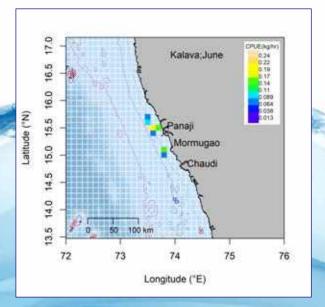






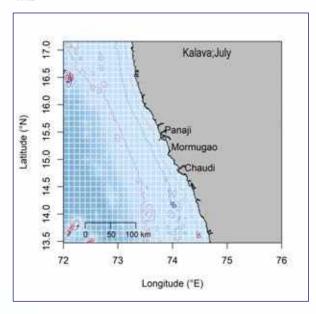


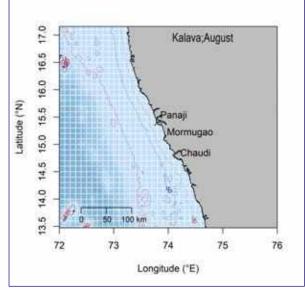


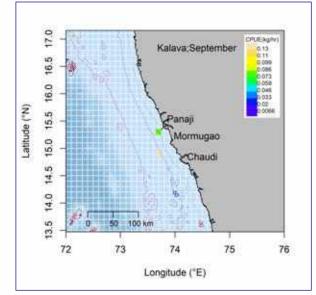


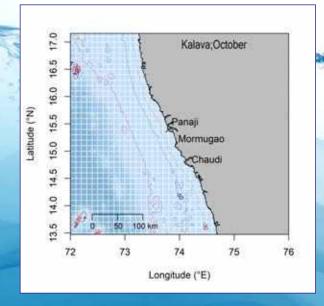


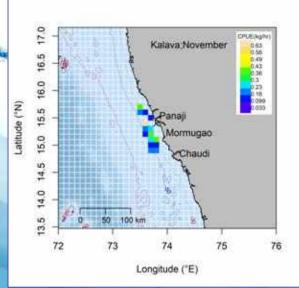


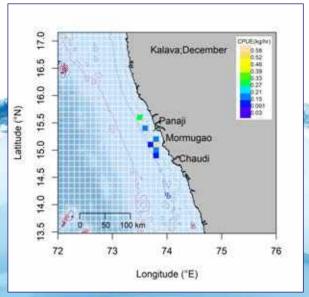








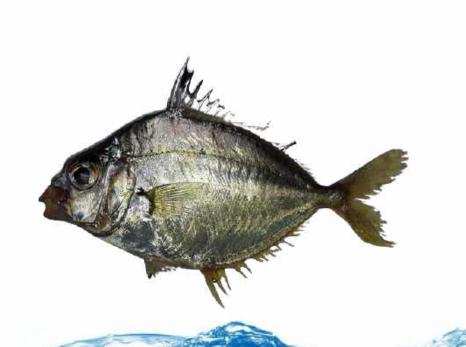




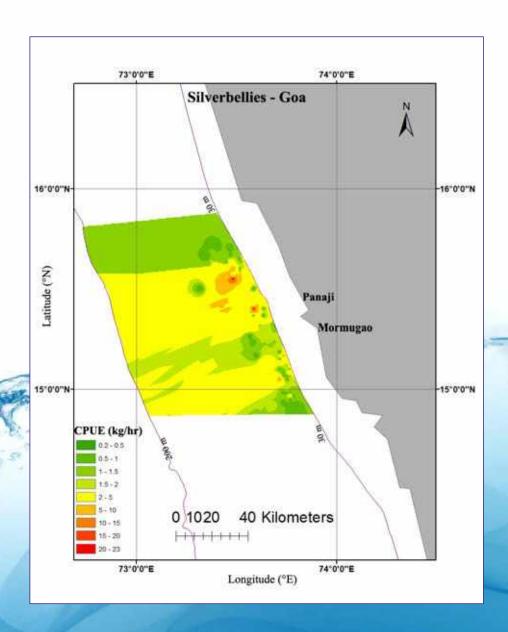






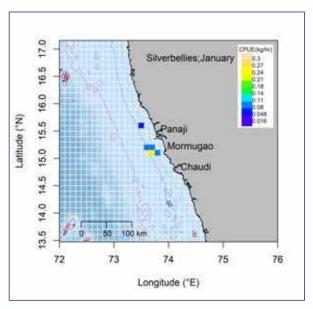


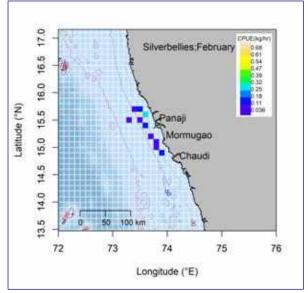
Silverbellies

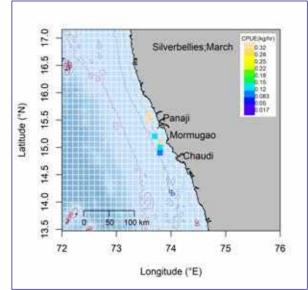


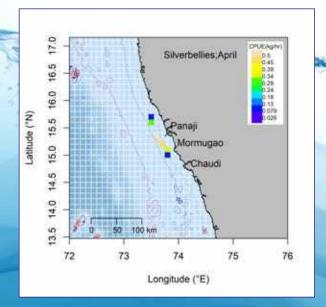


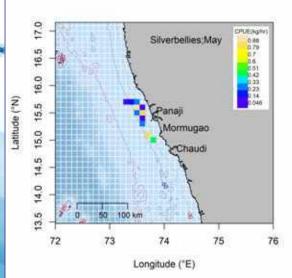


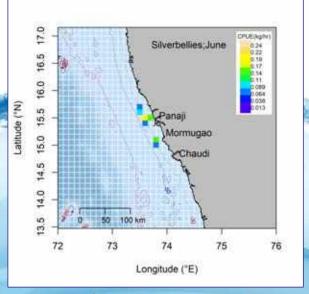








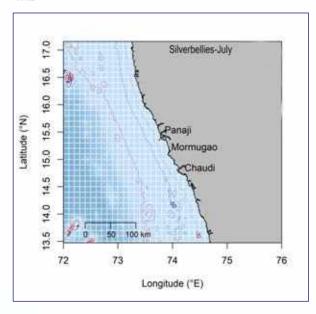


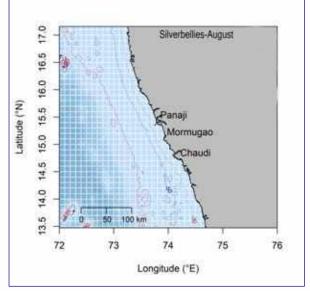


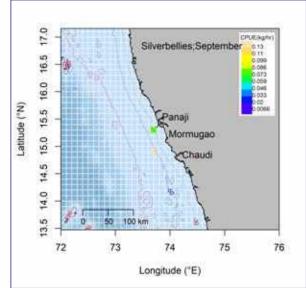


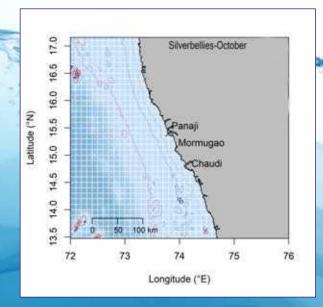


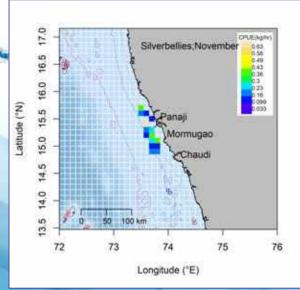


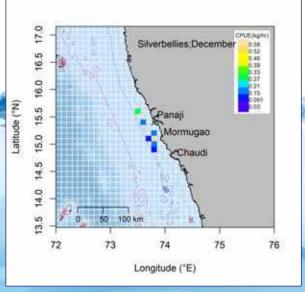








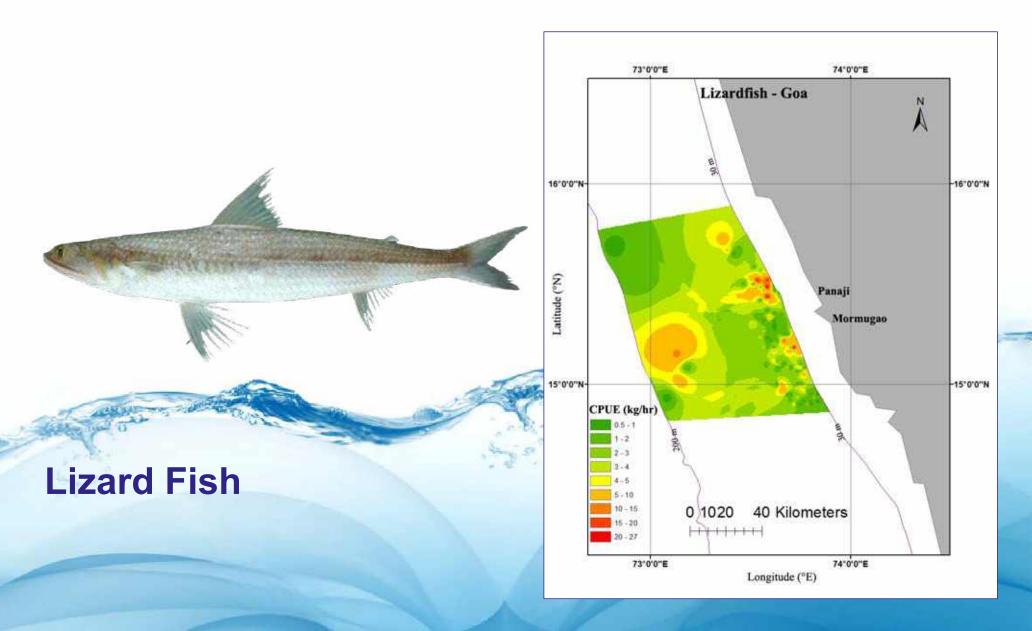






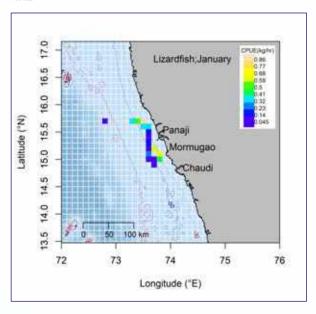


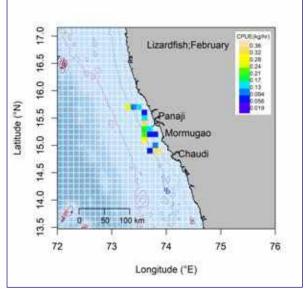


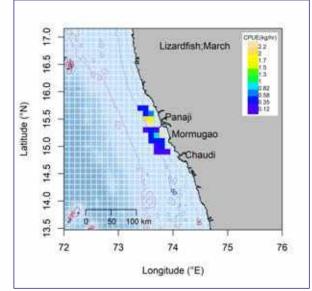


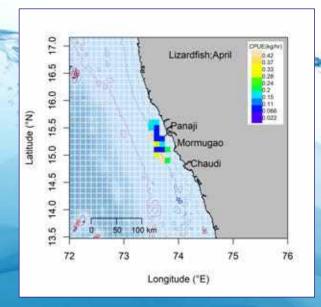


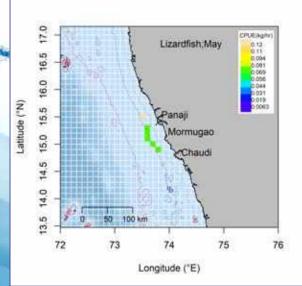


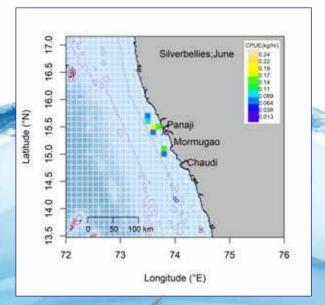






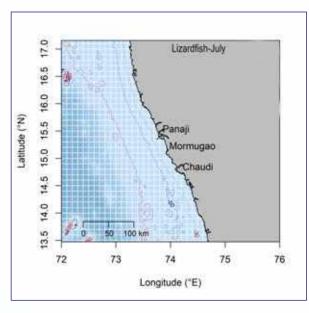


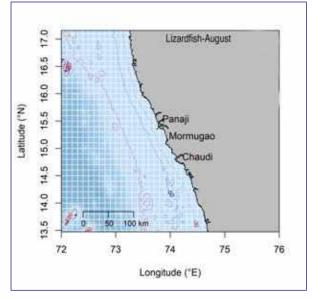


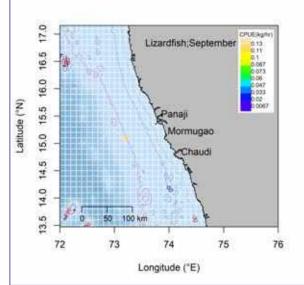


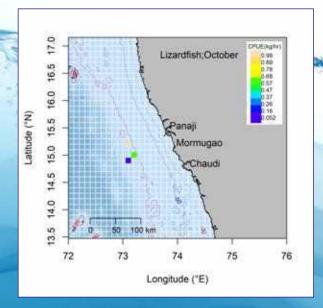


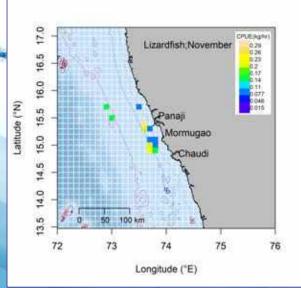


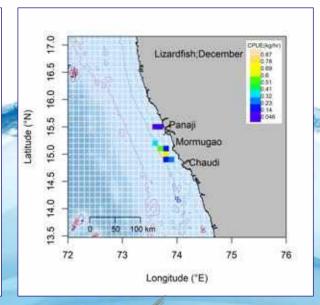






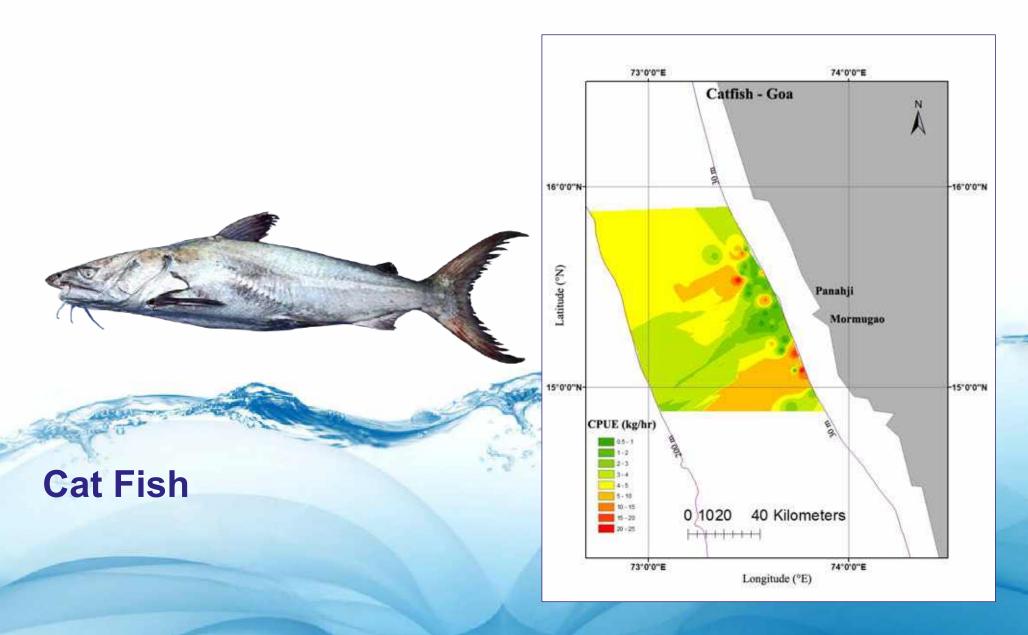






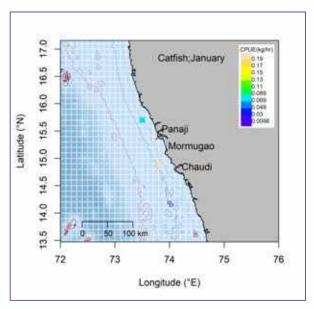


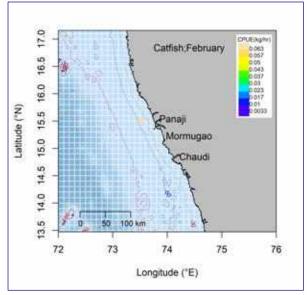


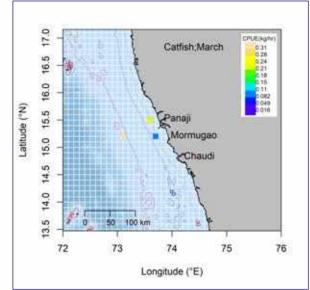


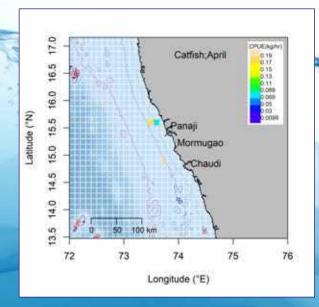


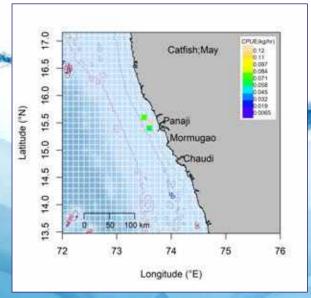


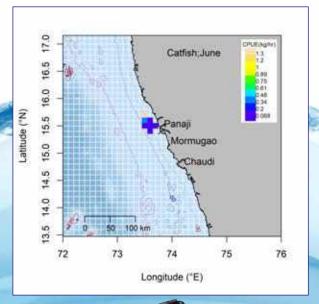






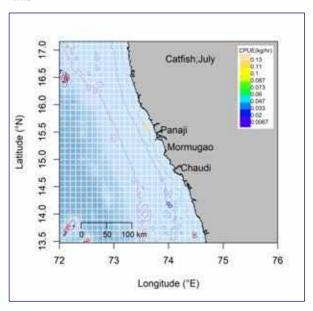


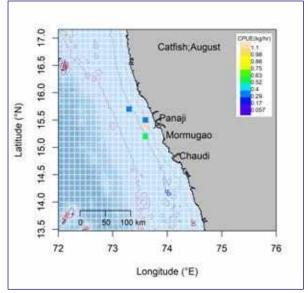


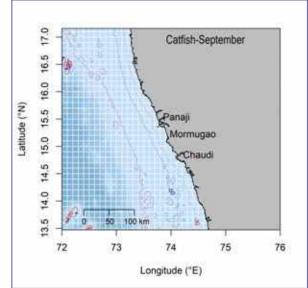


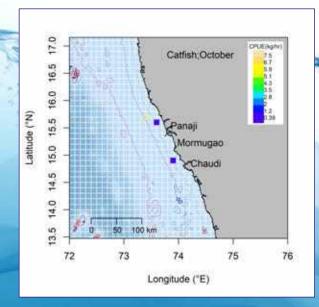


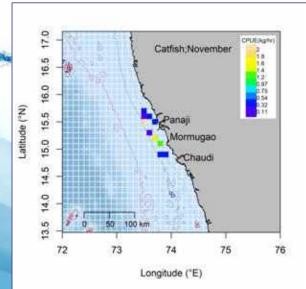


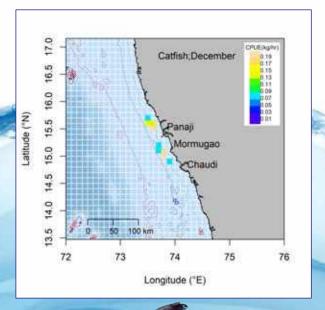






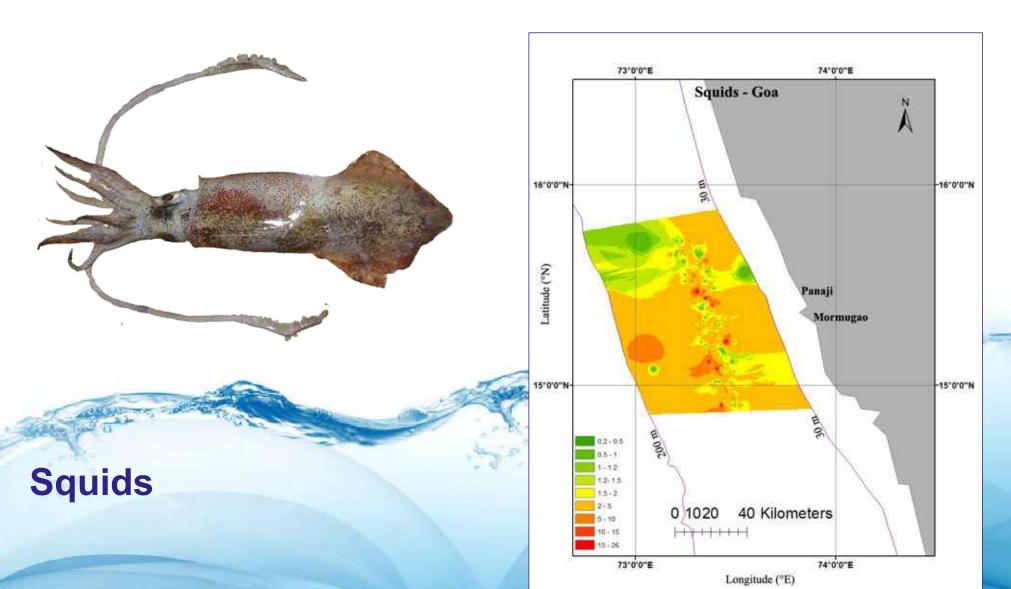






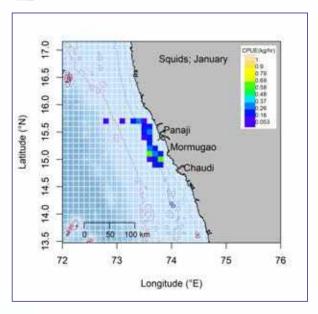


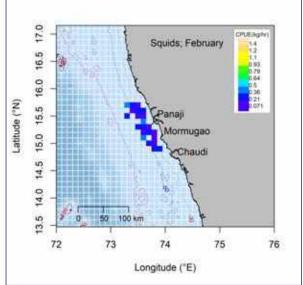


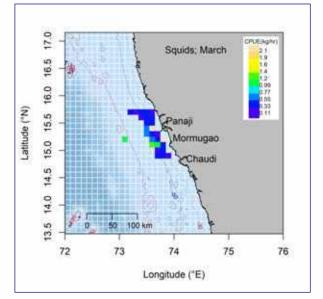


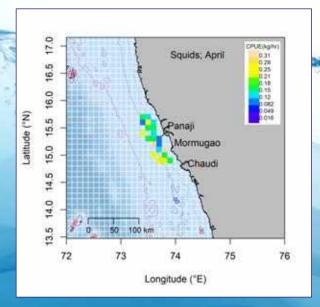


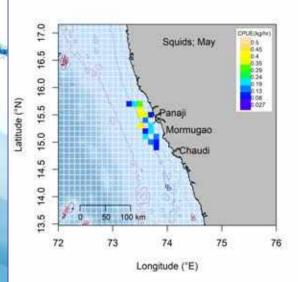


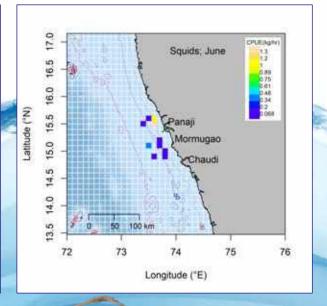






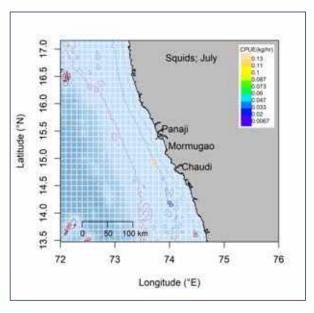


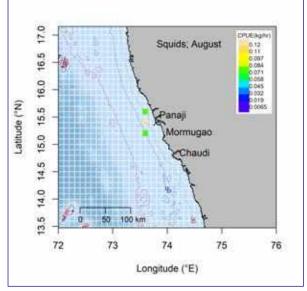


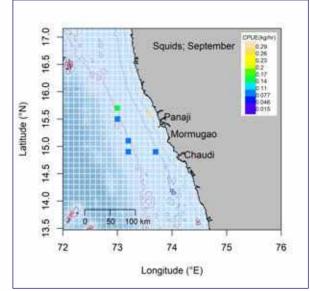


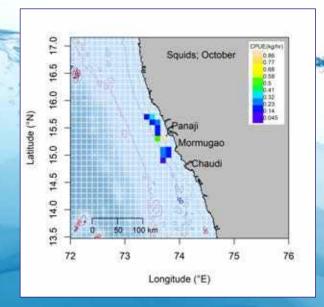


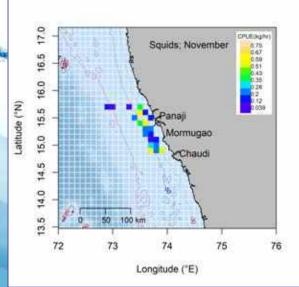


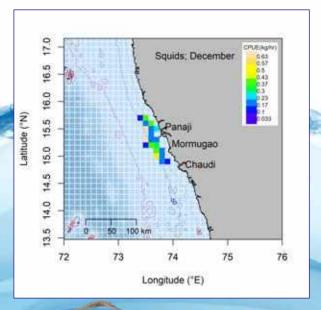










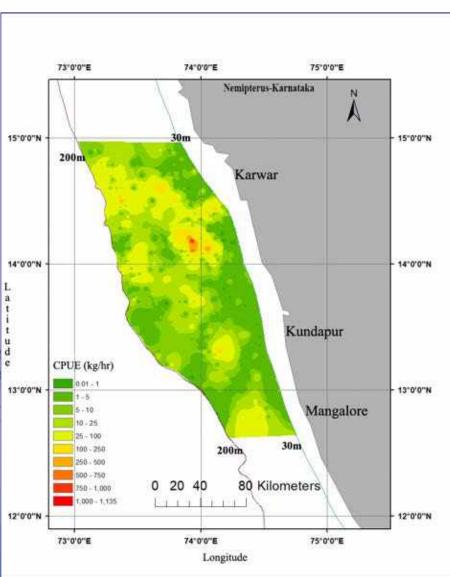






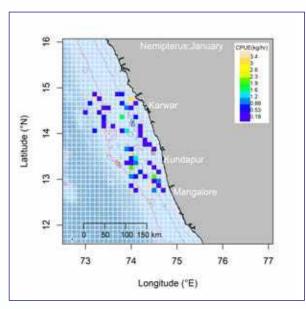


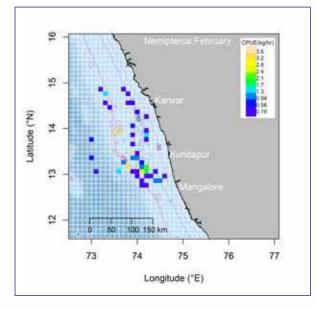
Threadfin Breams (Nemipterus)

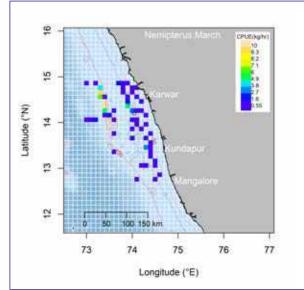


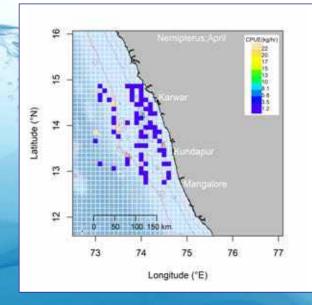


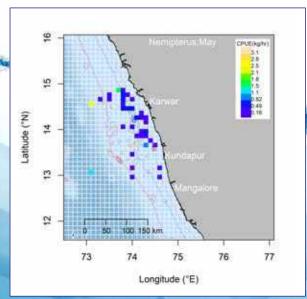


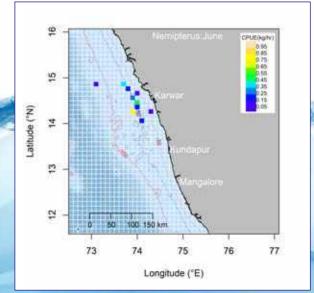








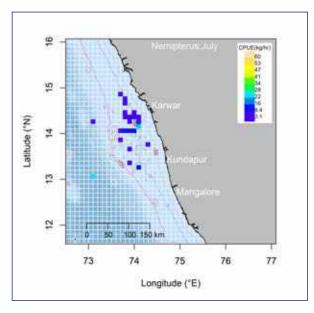


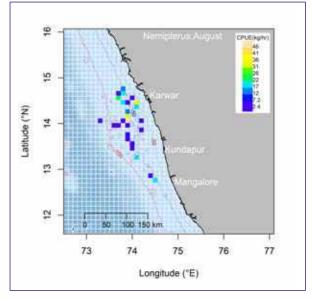


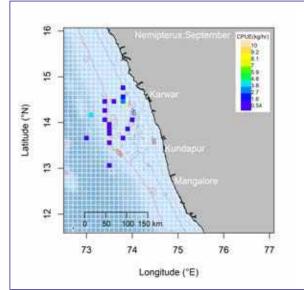


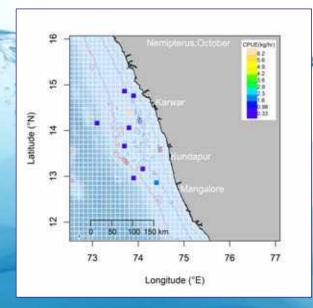


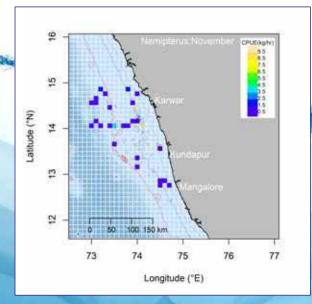


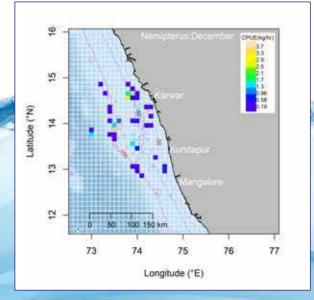








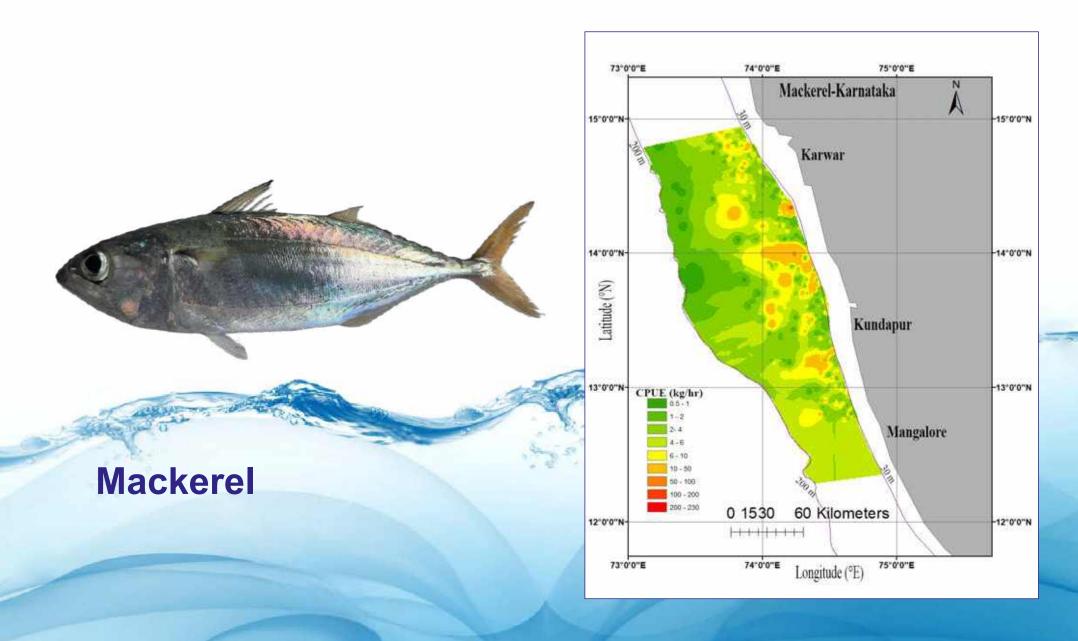






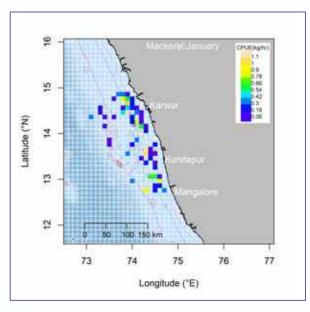


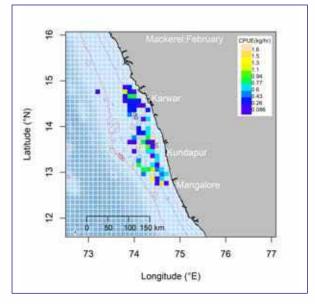


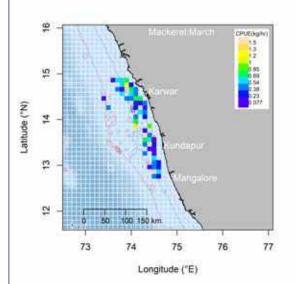


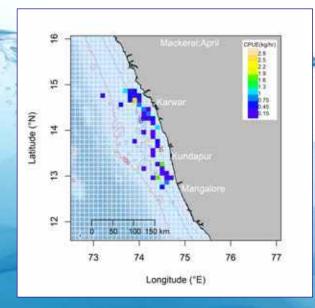


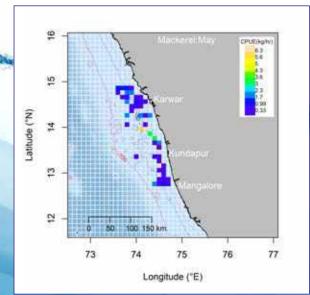


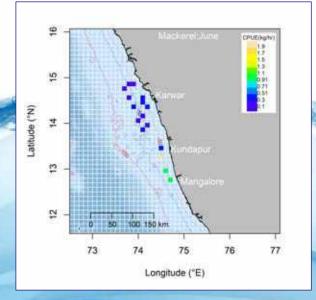








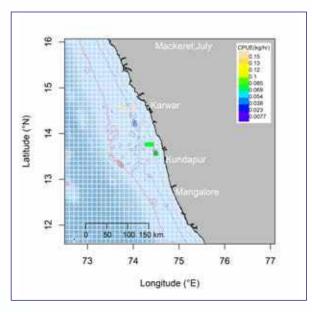


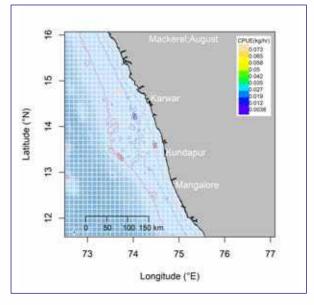


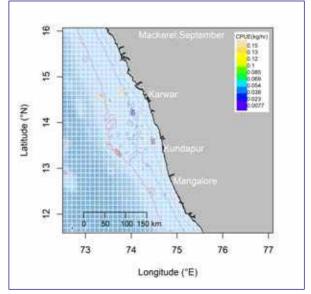


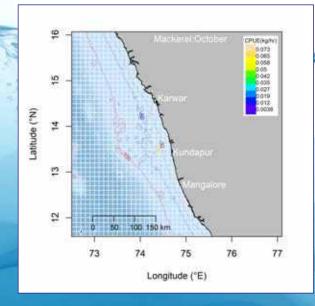


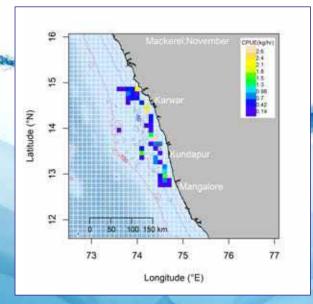


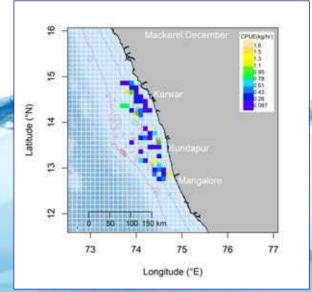










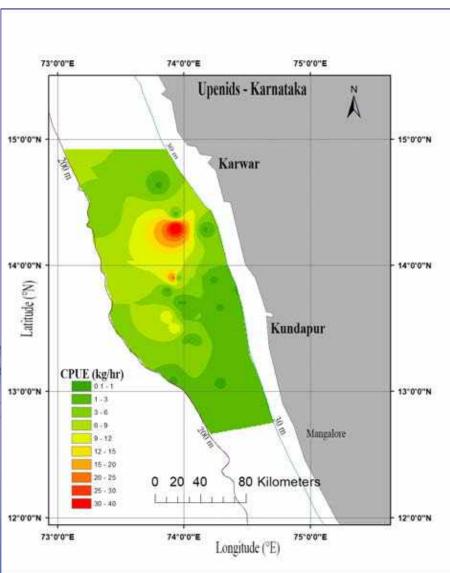






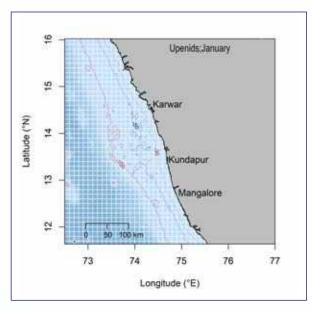


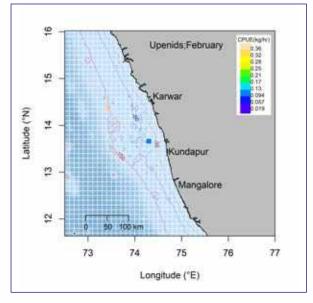
Goatfish (Upenids)

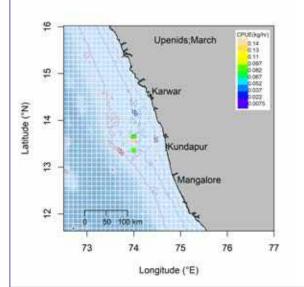


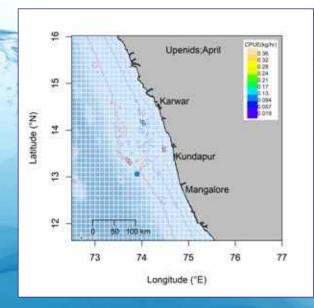


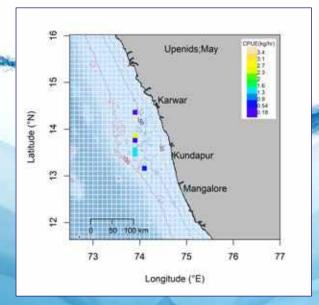


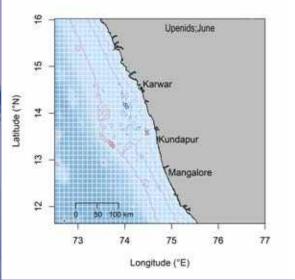








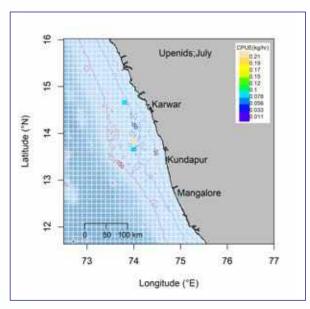


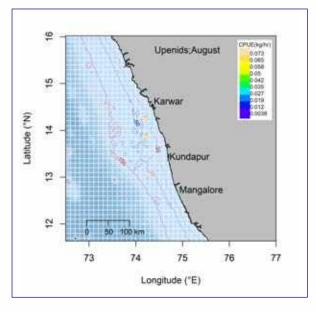


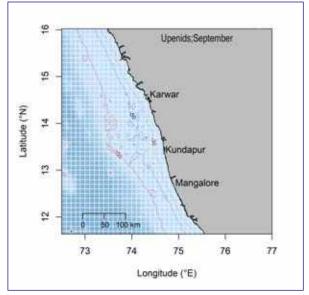


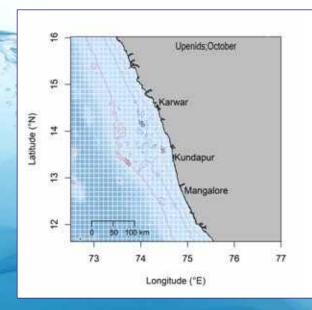


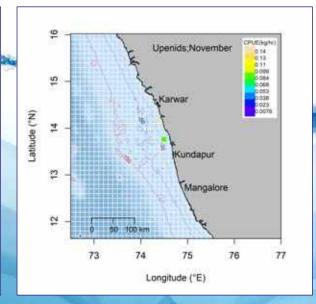


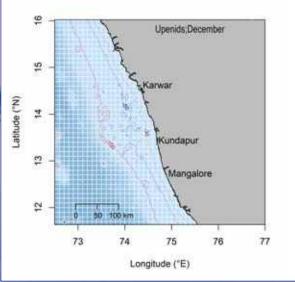












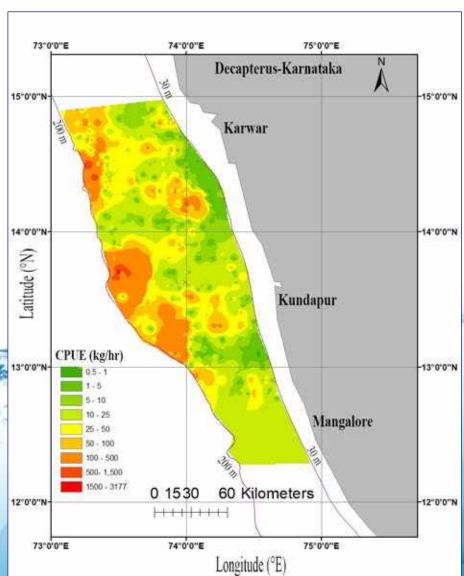






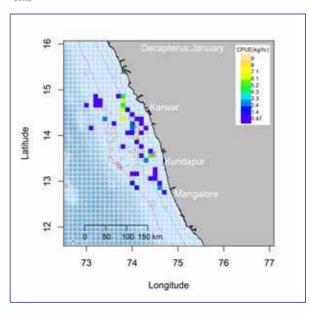


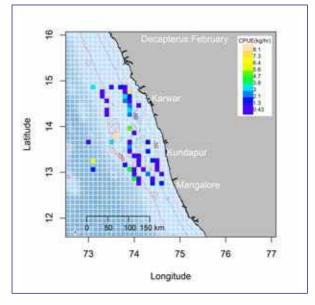


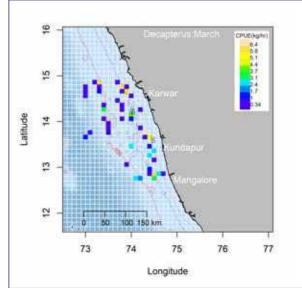


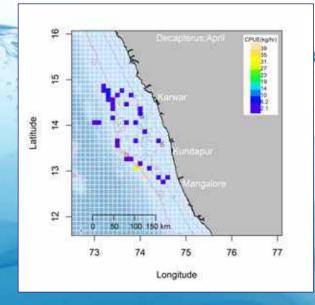


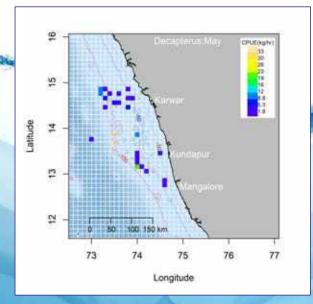


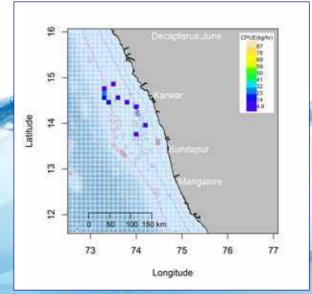








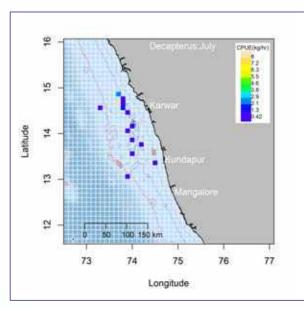


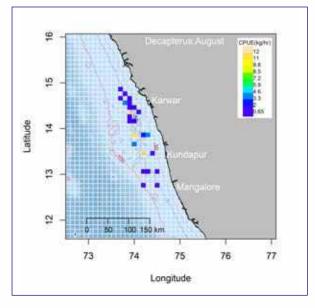


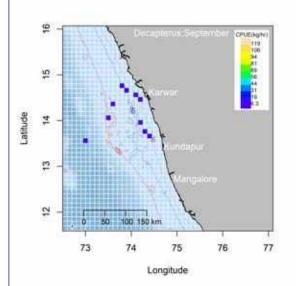


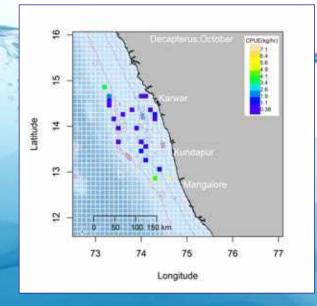


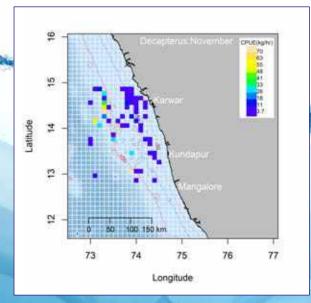


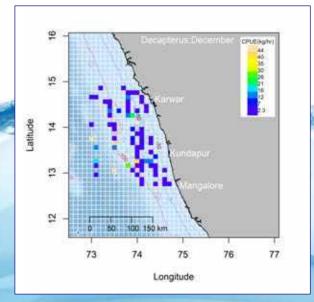






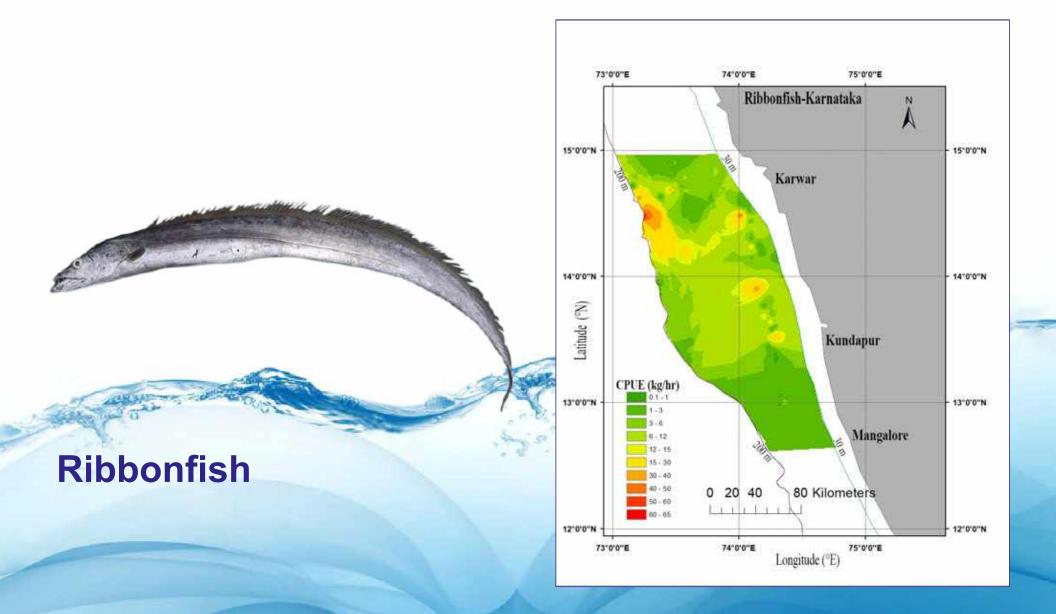






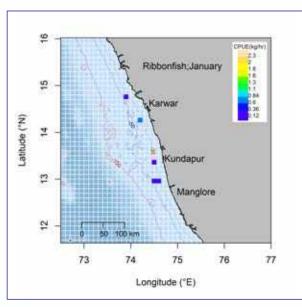


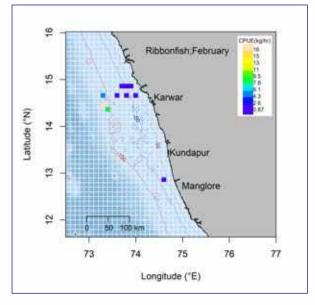


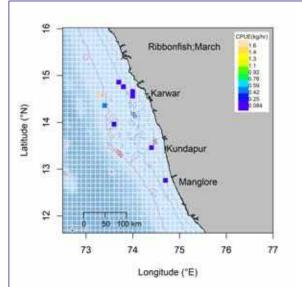


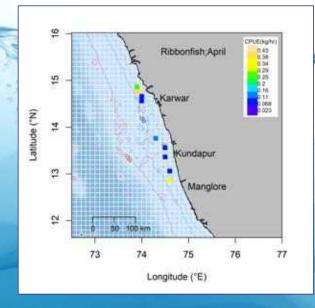


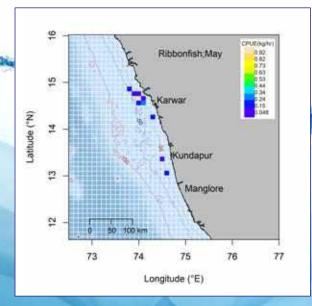


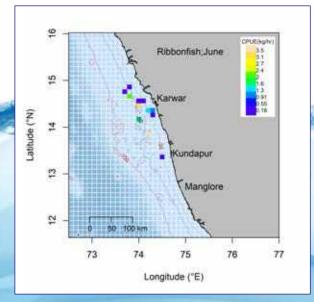






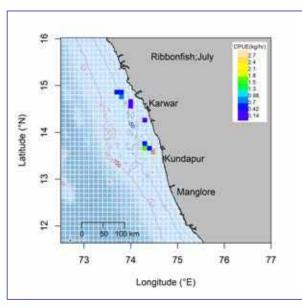


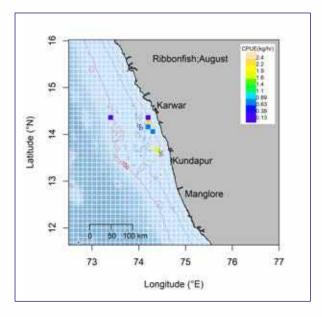


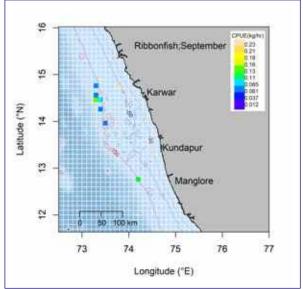


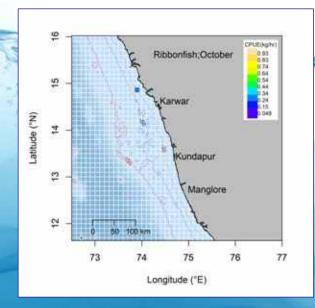


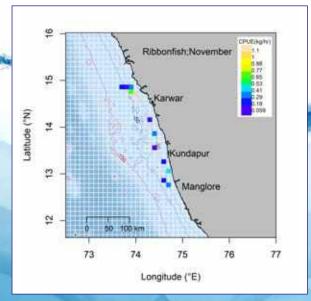


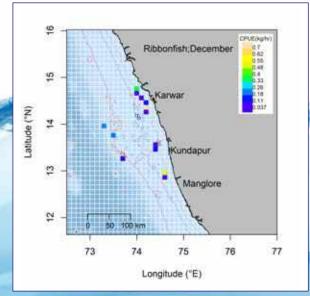










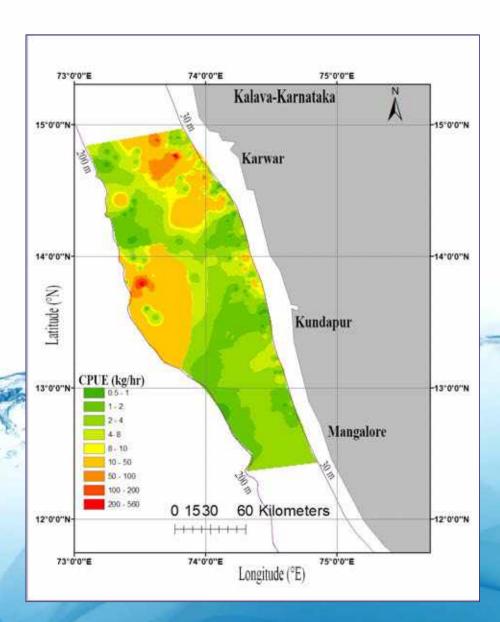






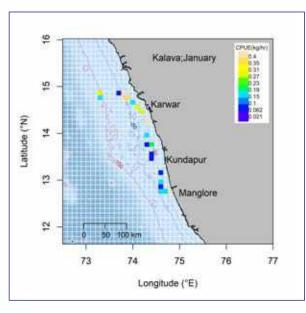


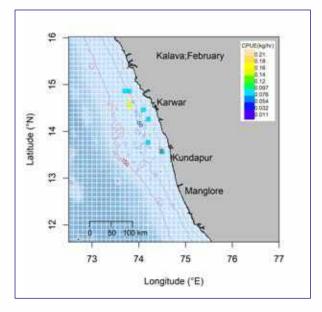


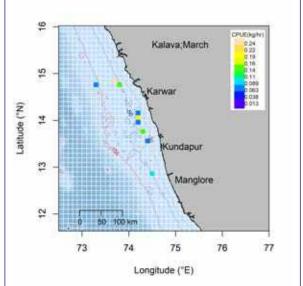


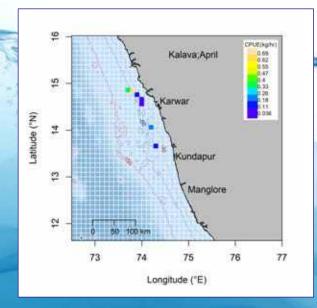


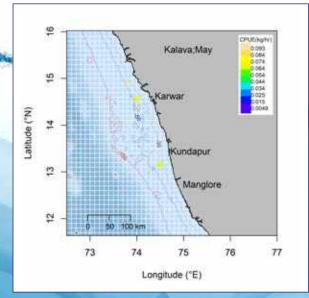


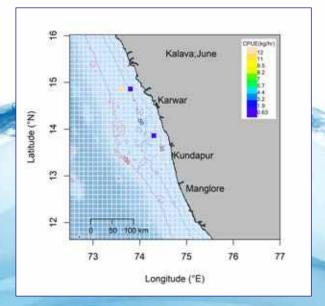






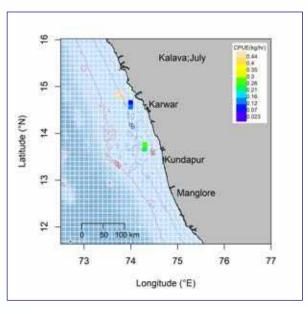


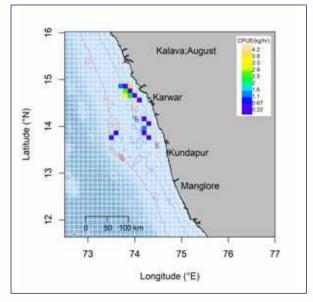


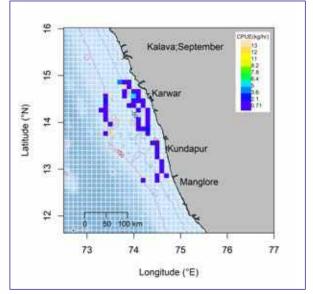


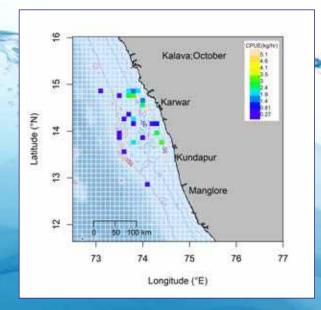


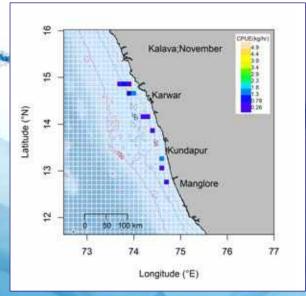


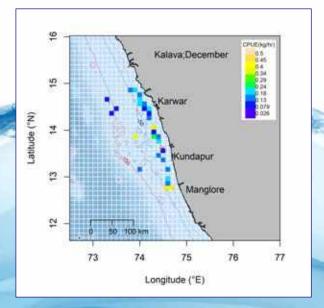










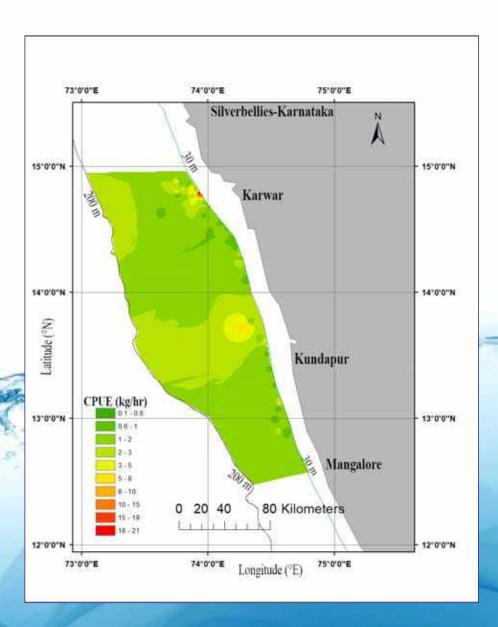






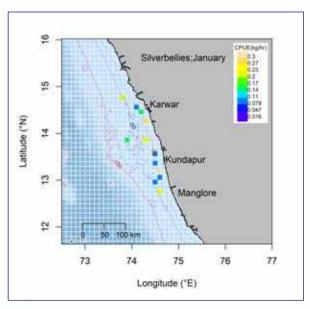


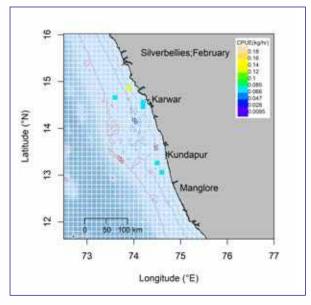
Silverbellies

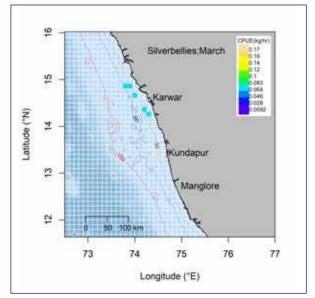


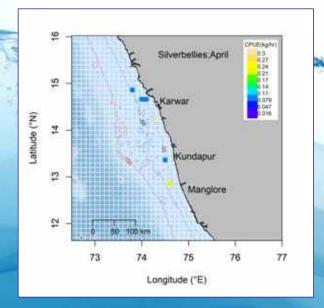


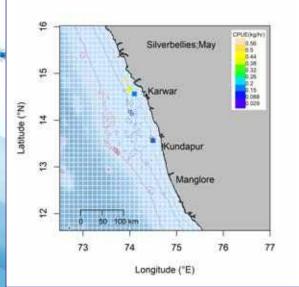


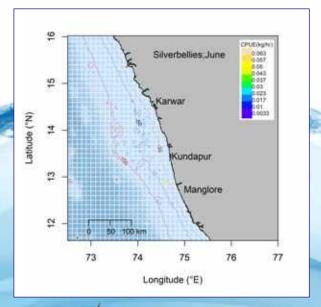








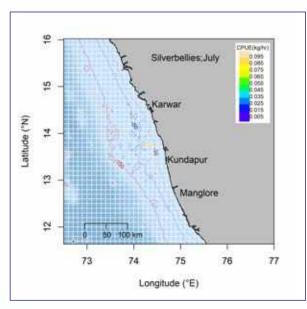


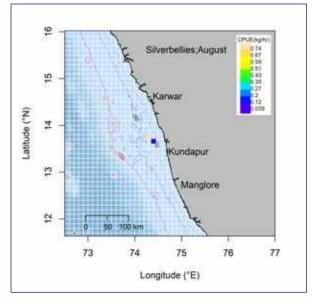


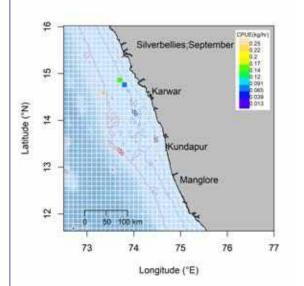


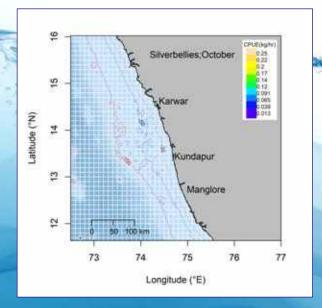


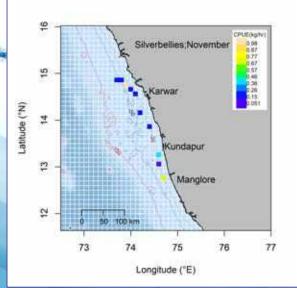


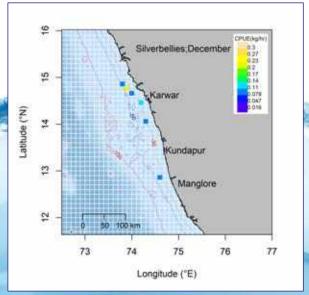








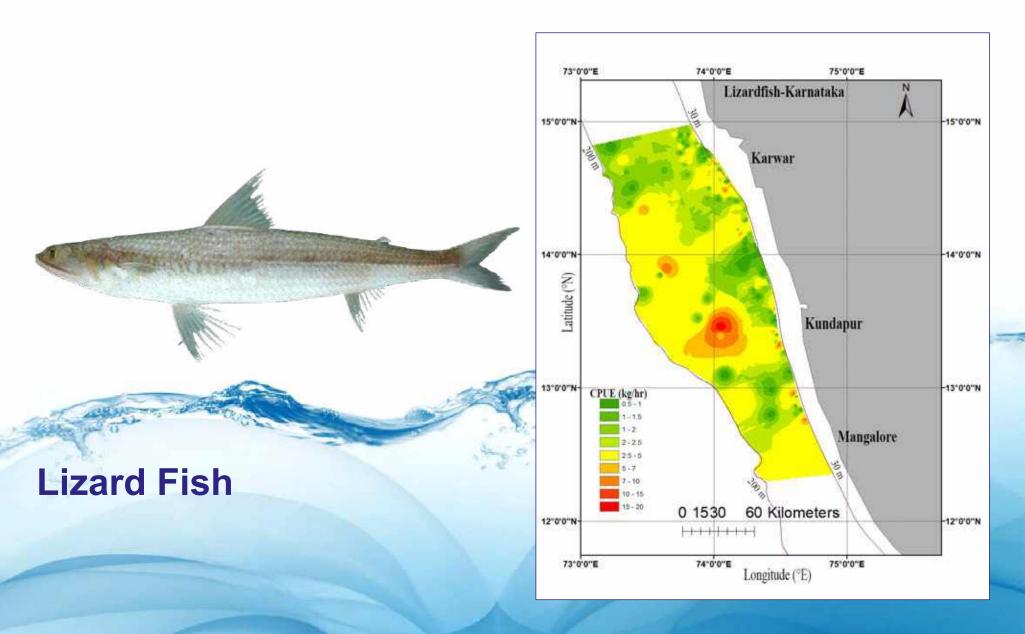






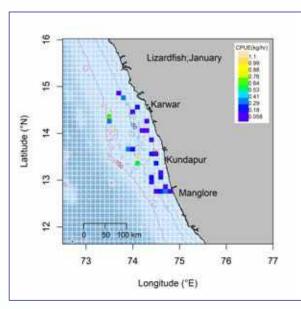


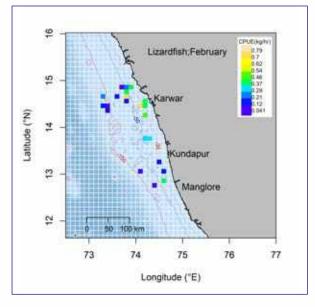


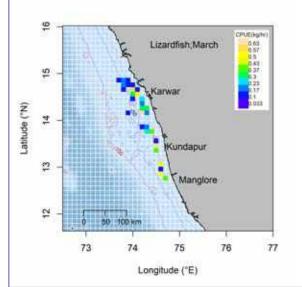


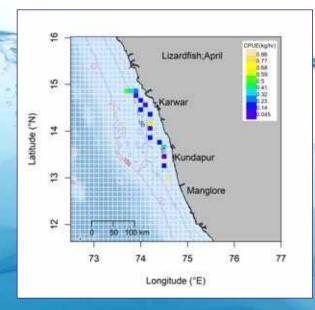


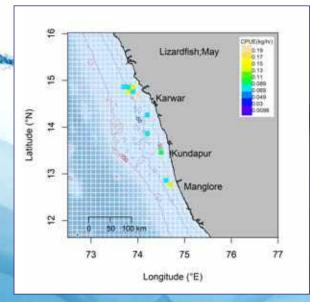


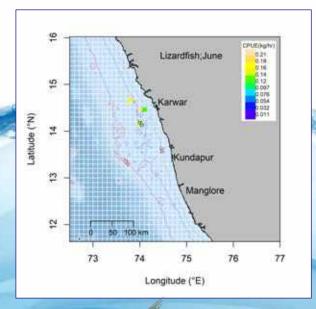






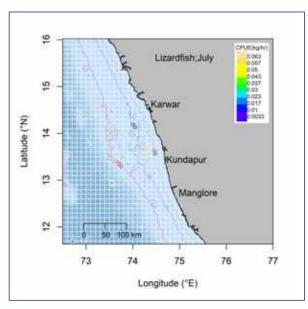


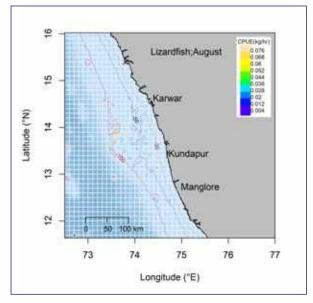


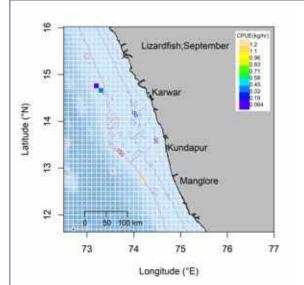


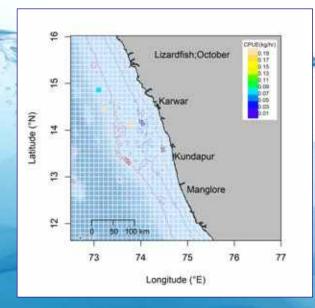


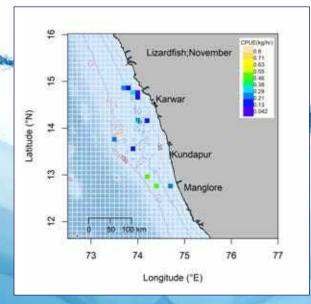


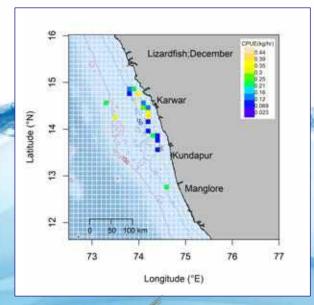






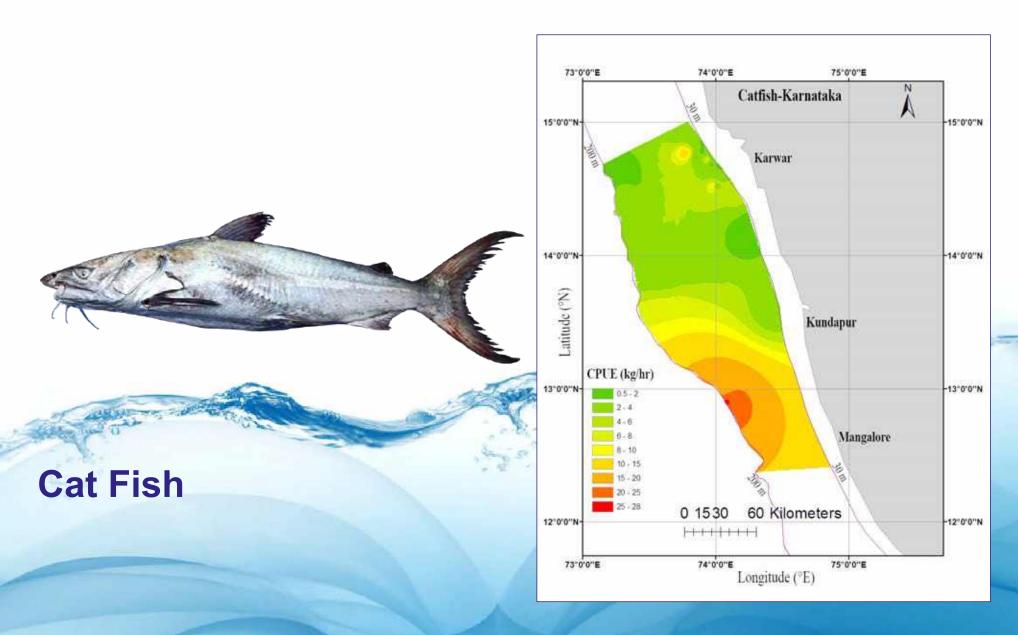






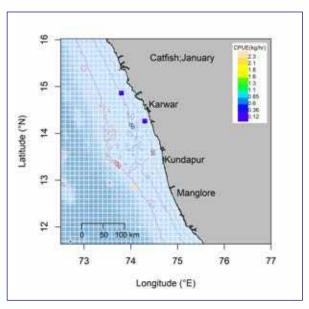


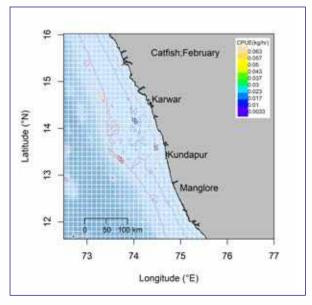


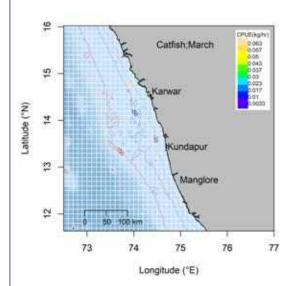


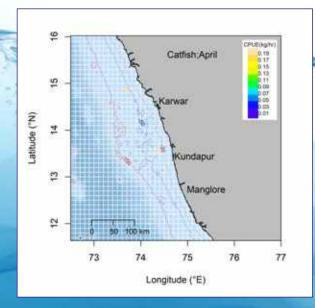


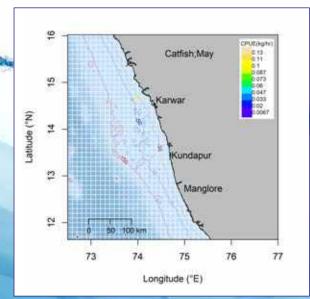


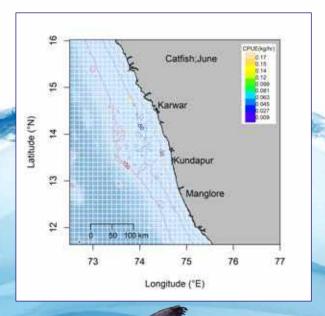






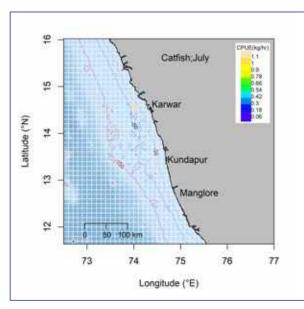


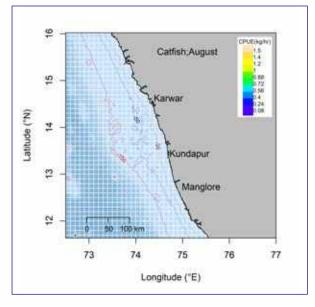


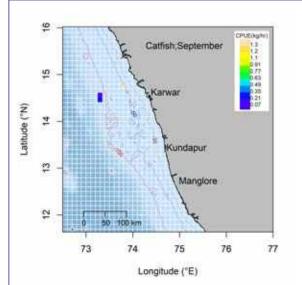


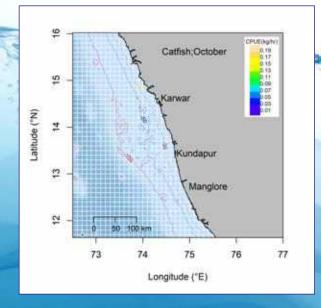


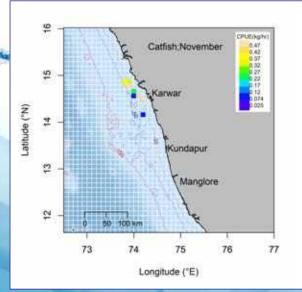


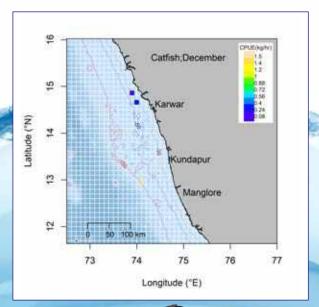








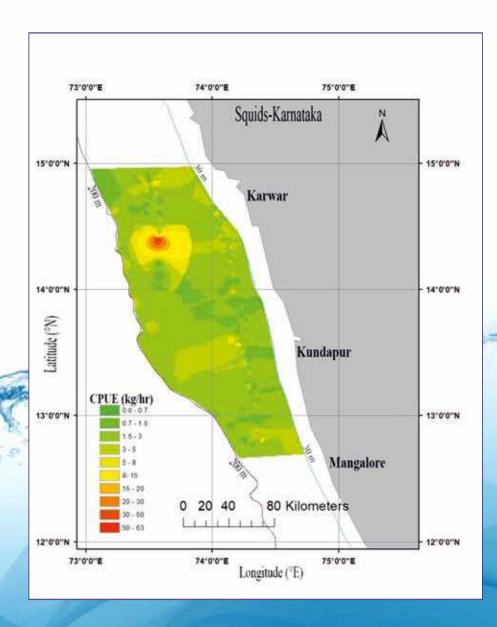








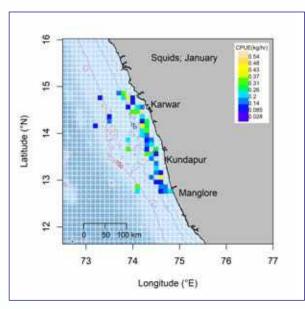


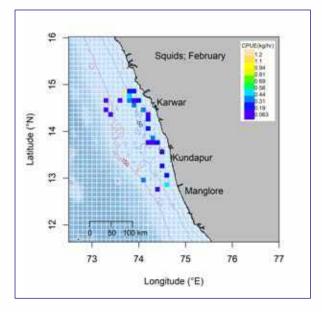


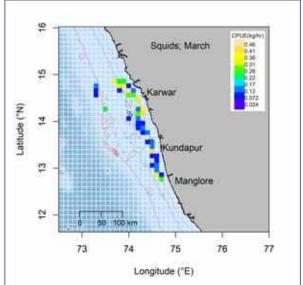
Squids

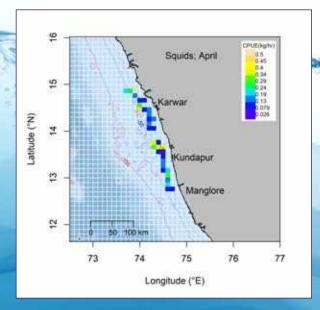


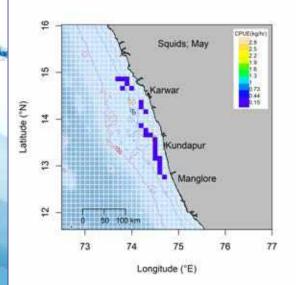


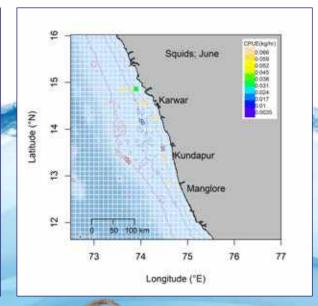






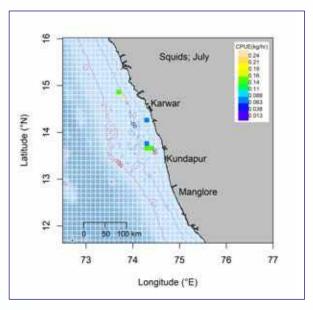


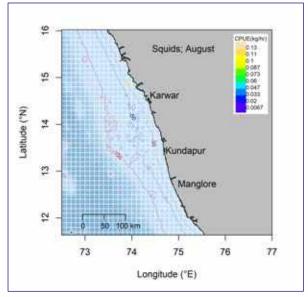


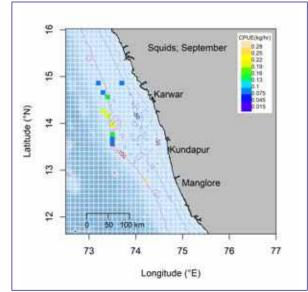


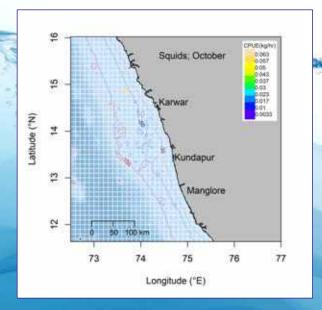


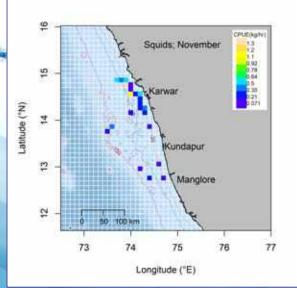


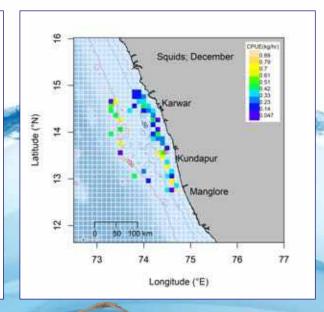


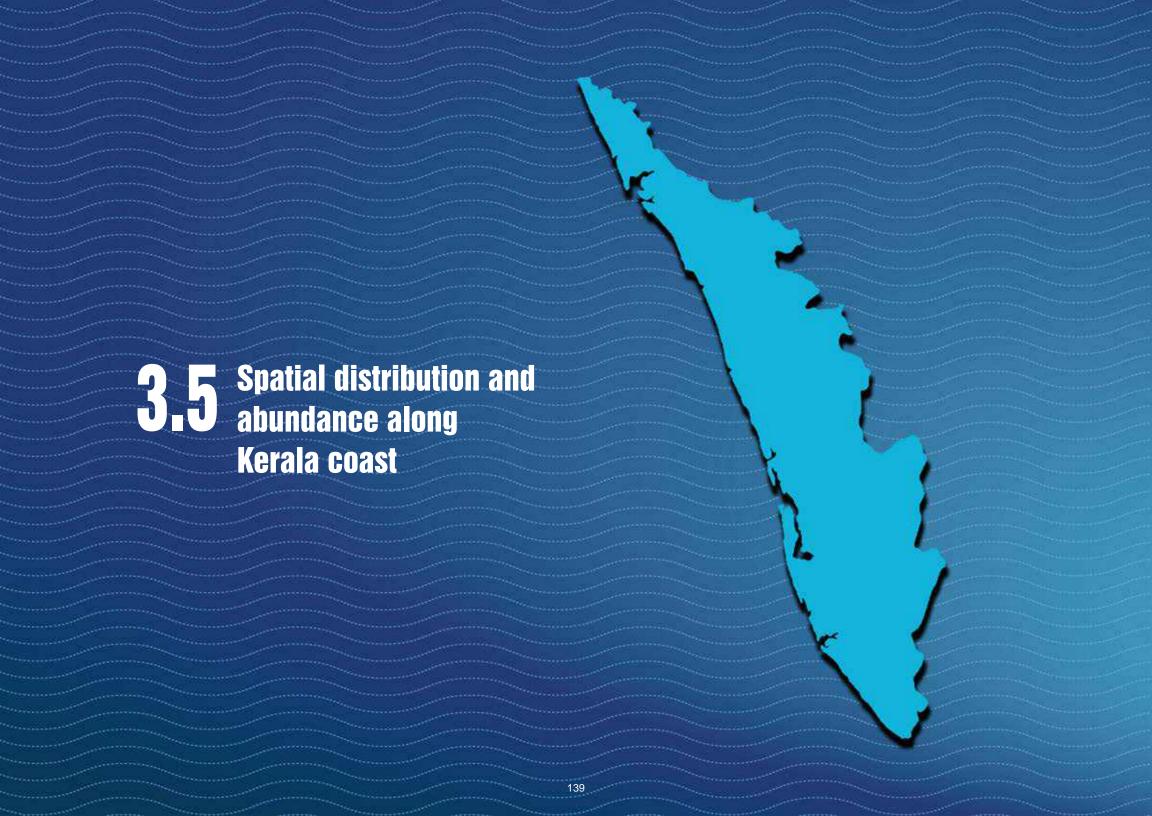






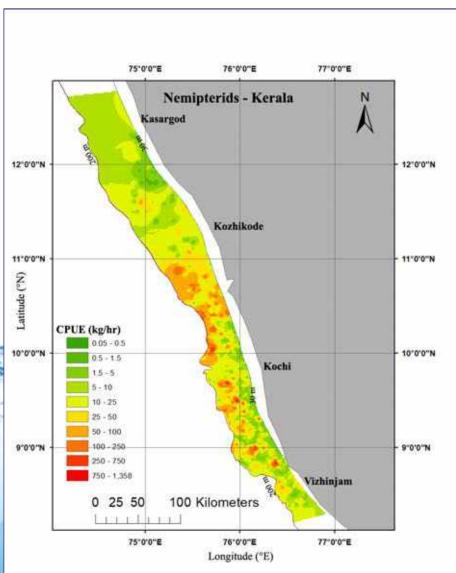








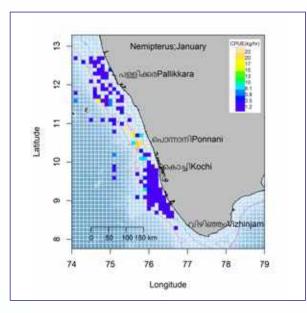


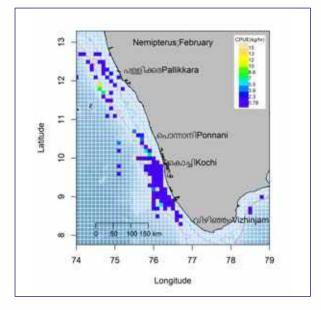


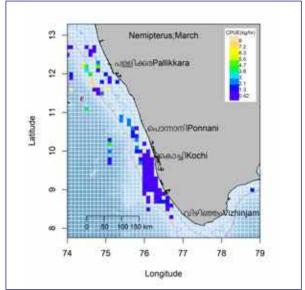
Threadfin Breams (Nemipterus)

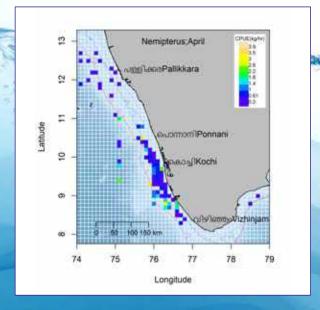


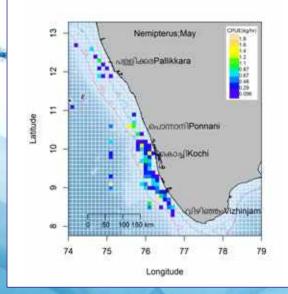


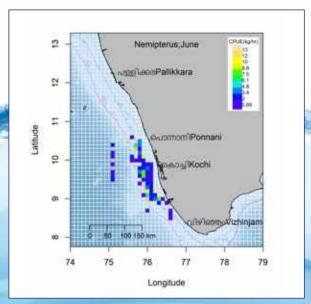








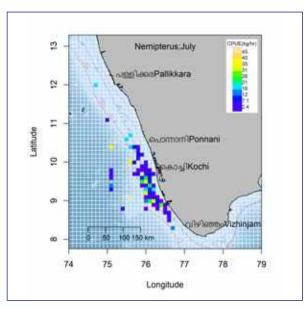


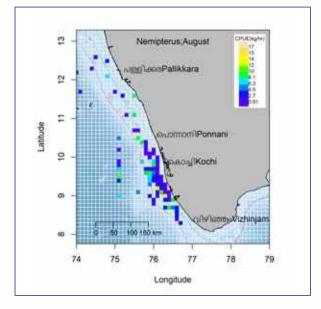


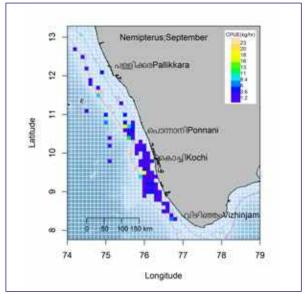


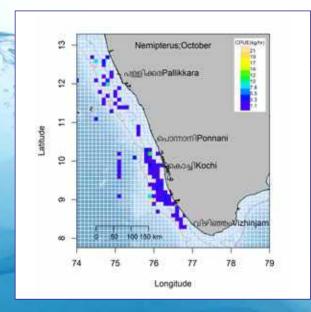


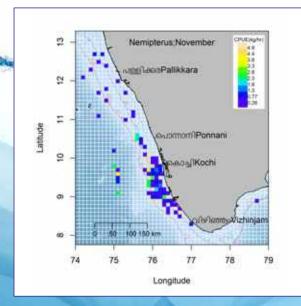


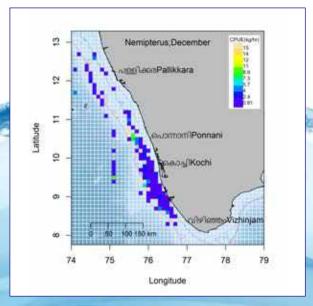








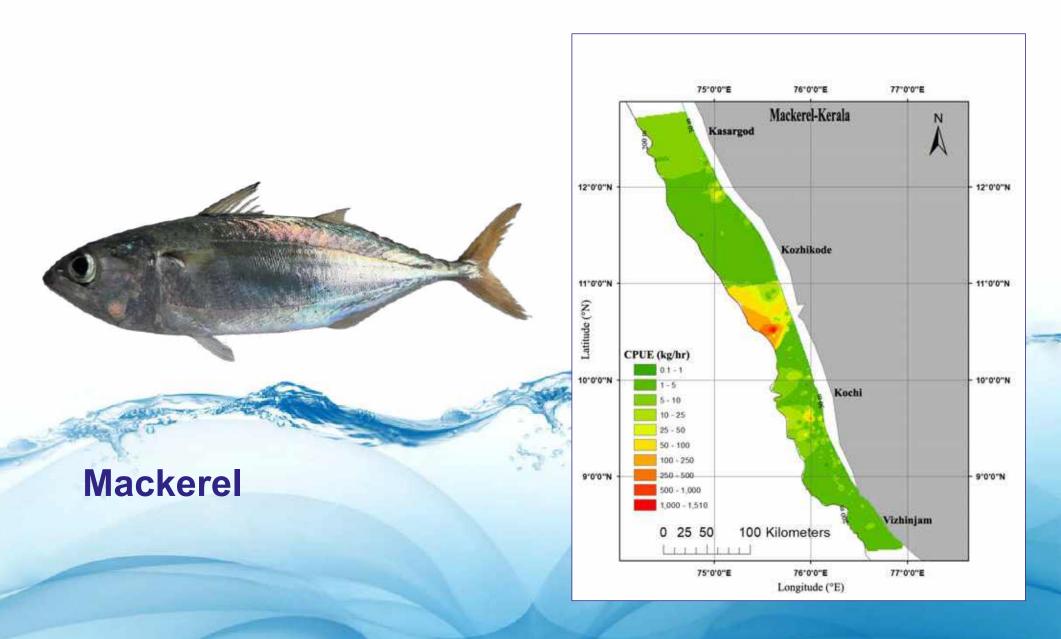






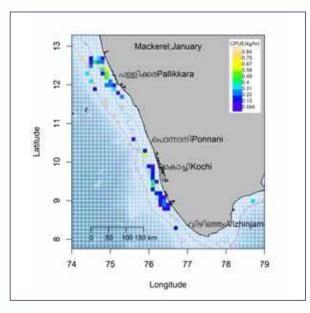


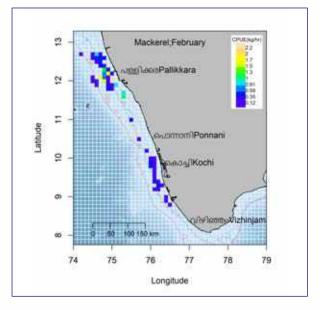


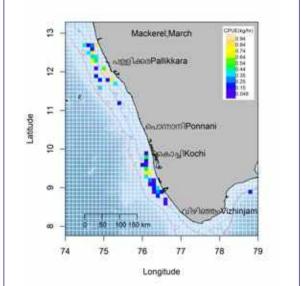


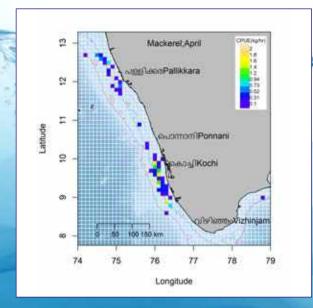


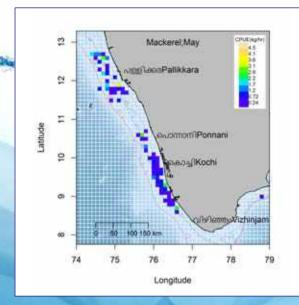


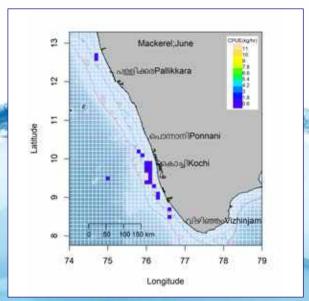








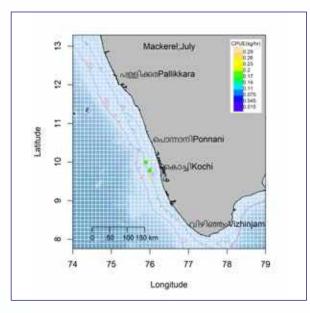


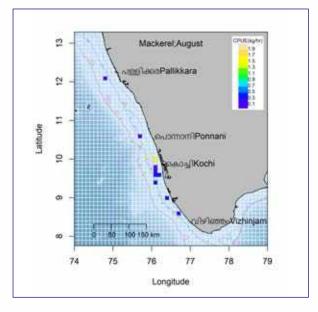


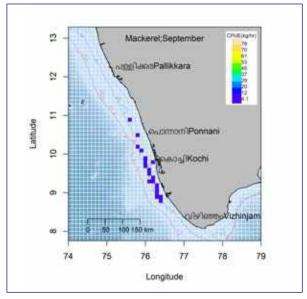


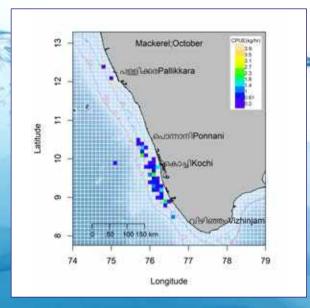


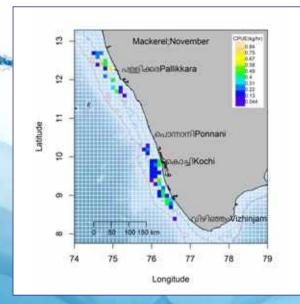


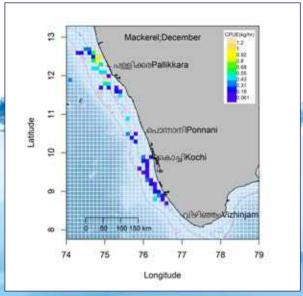












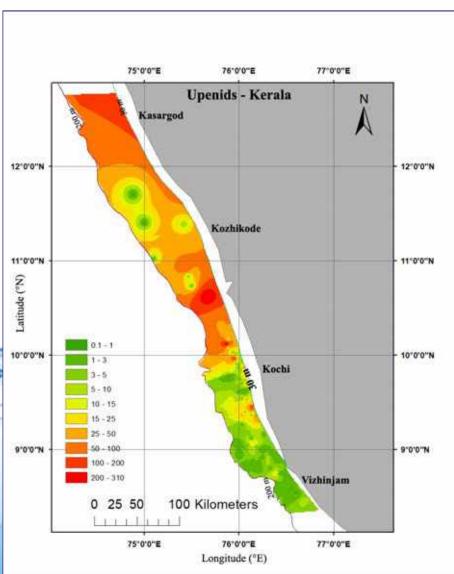






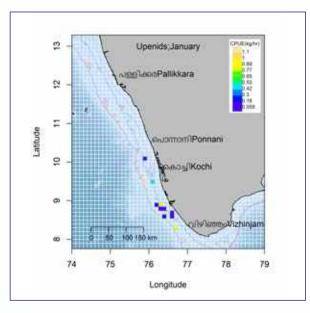


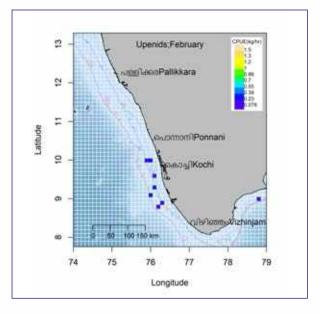


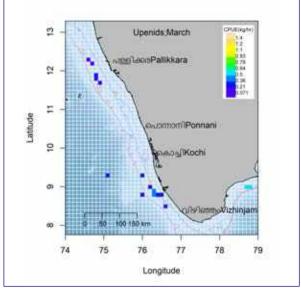


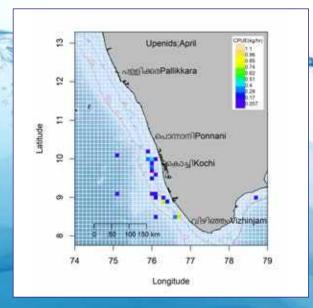


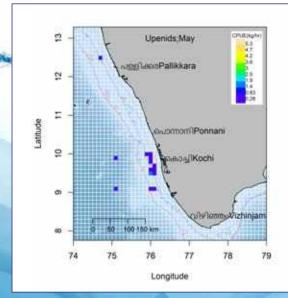


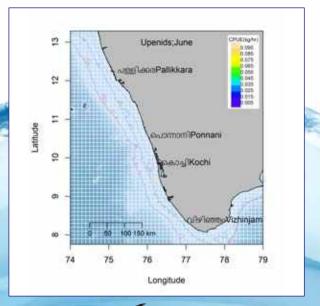






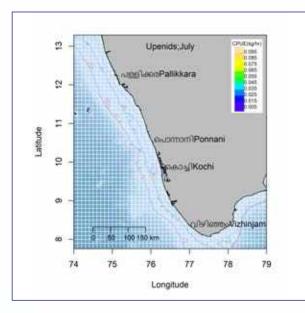


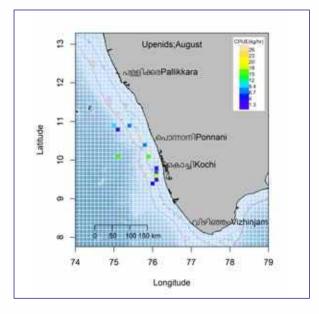


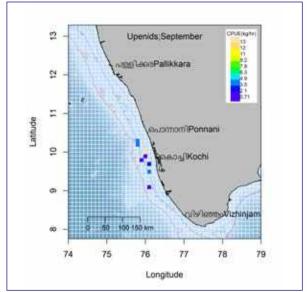


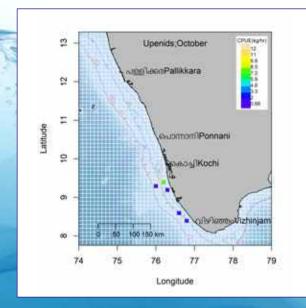


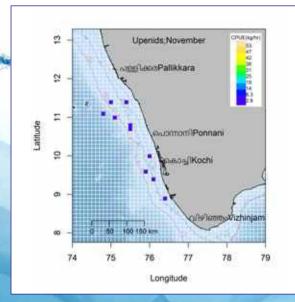


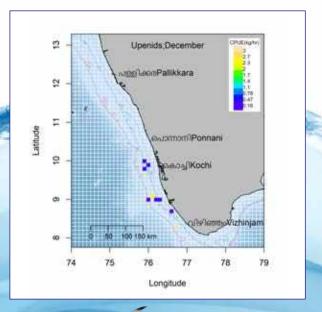






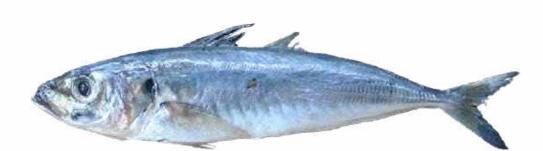




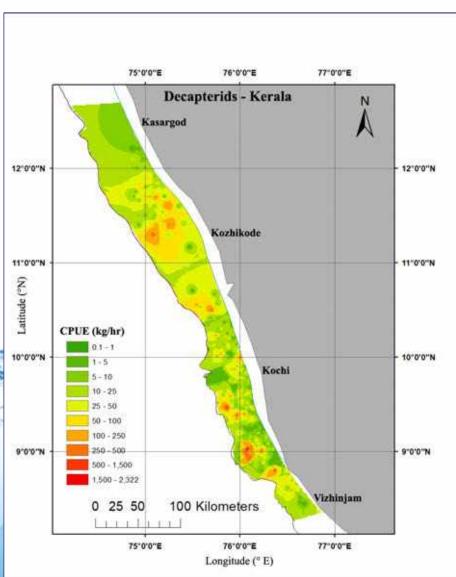






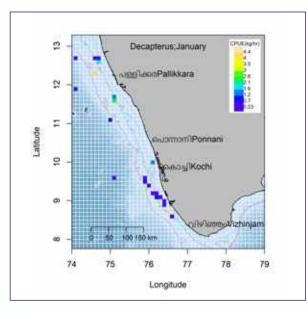


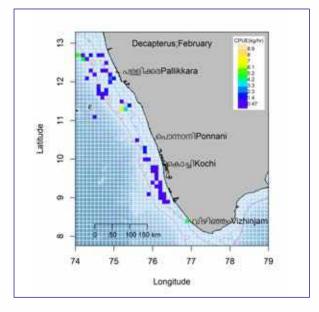


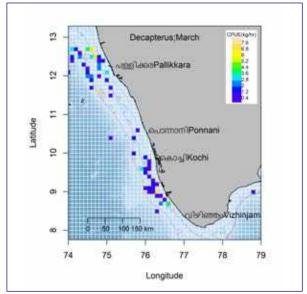


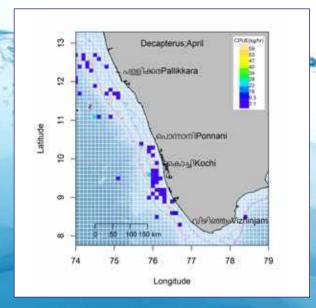


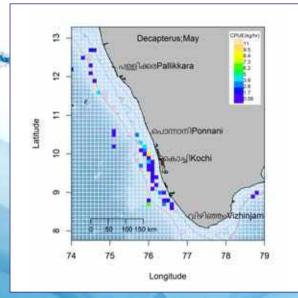


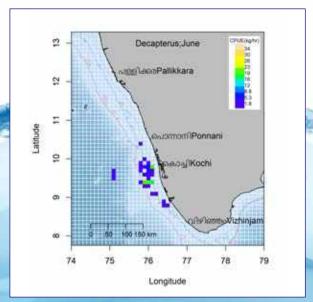






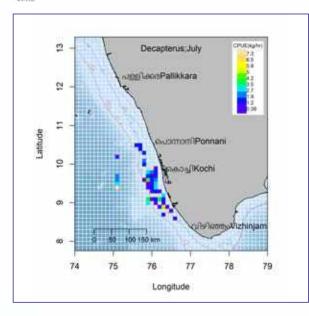


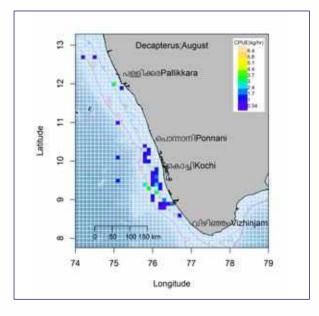


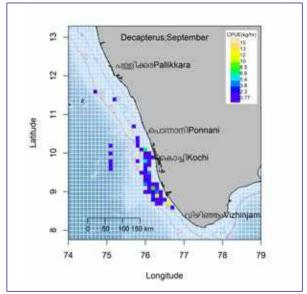


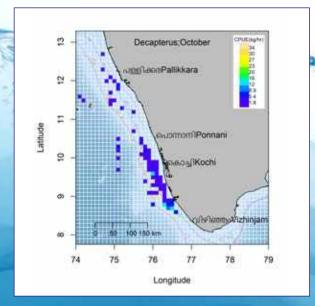


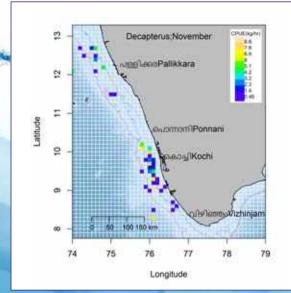


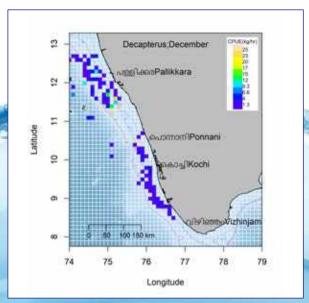






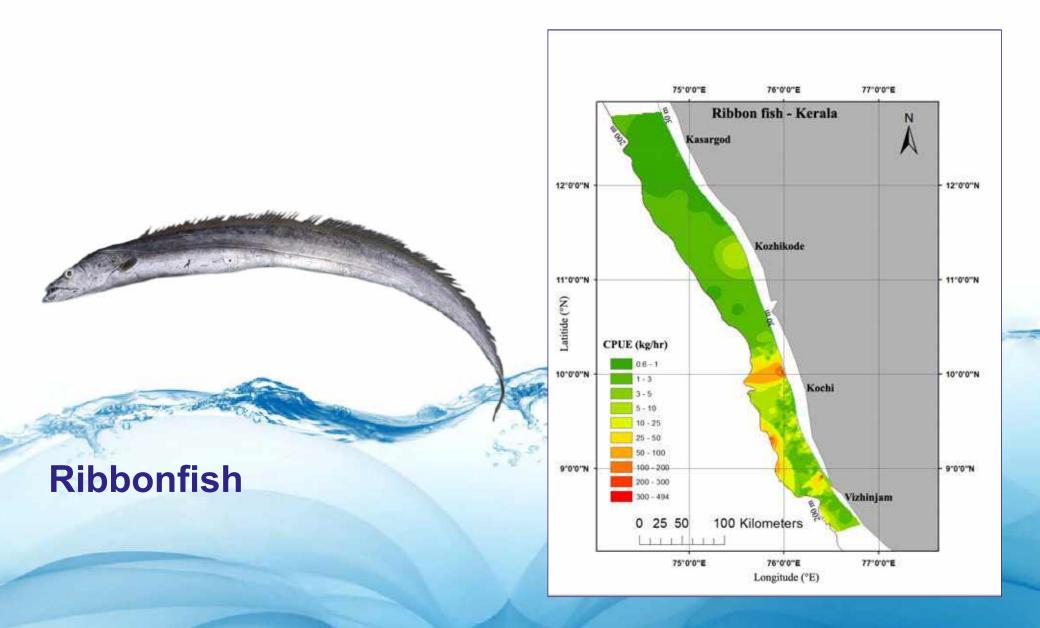






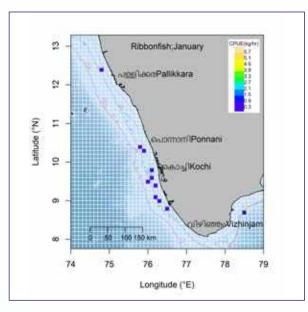


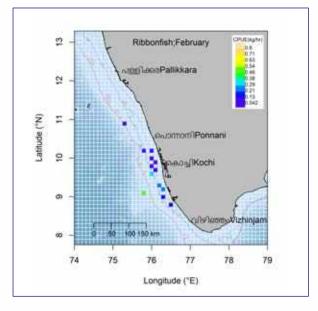


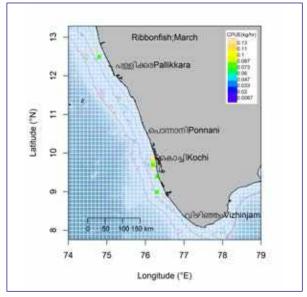


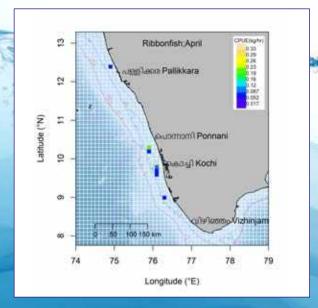


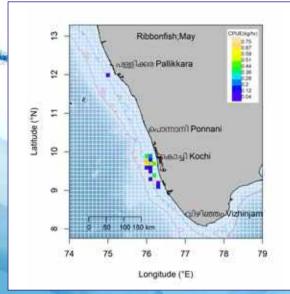


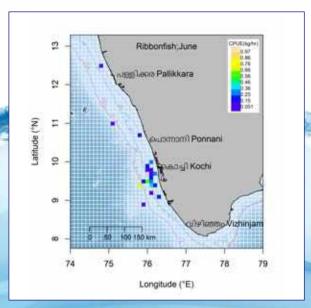






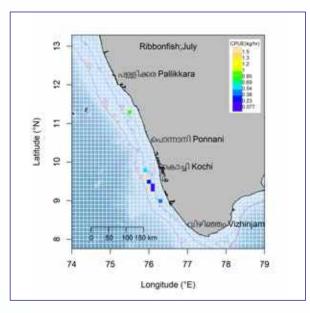


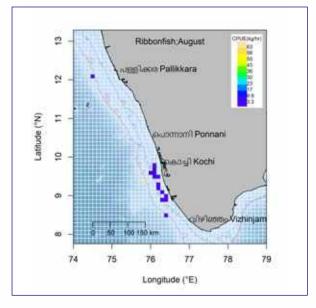


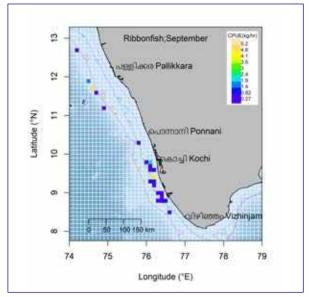


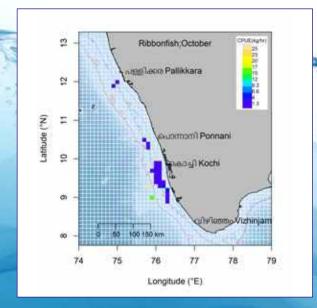


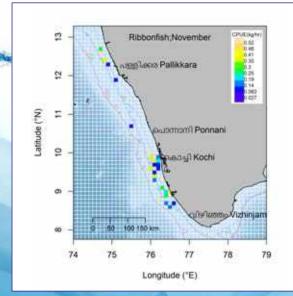


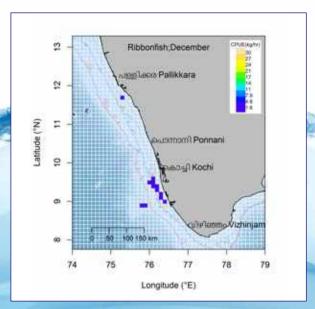










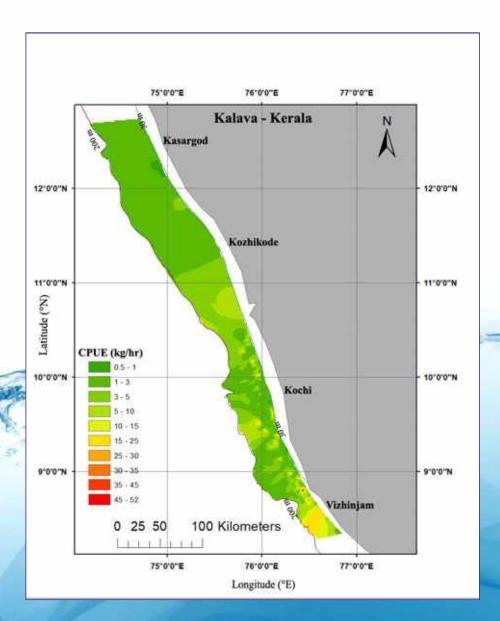






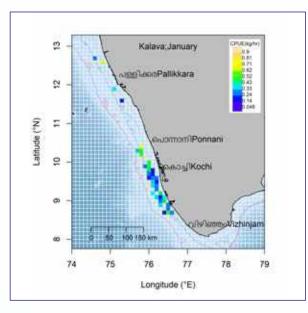


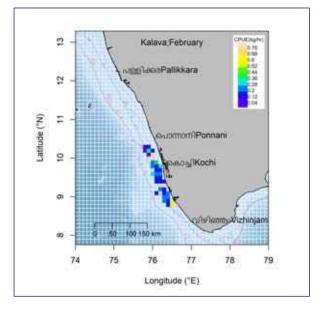
Groupers (Kalava)

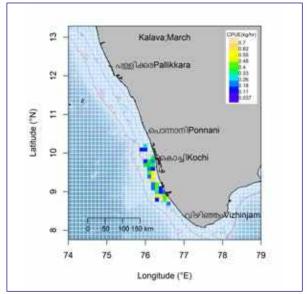


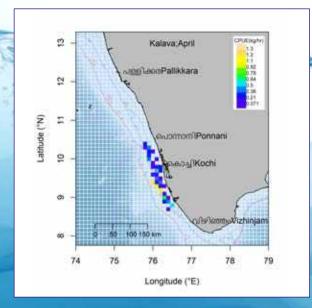


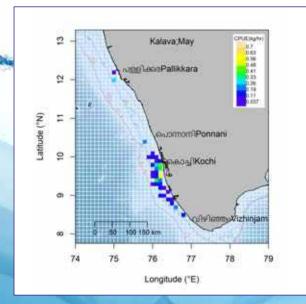


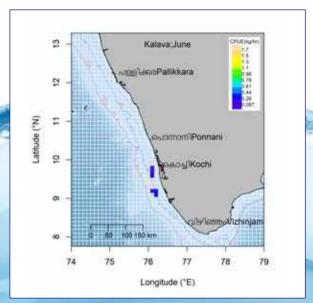








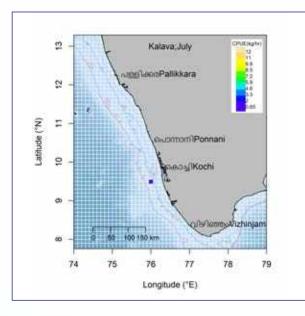


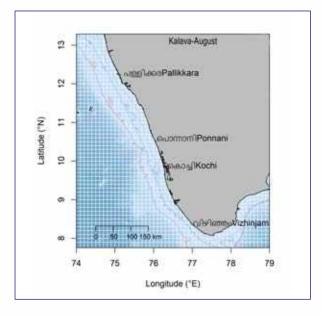


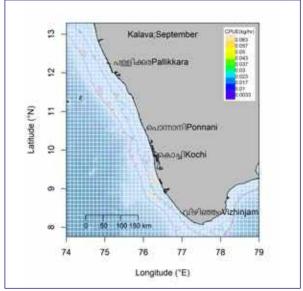


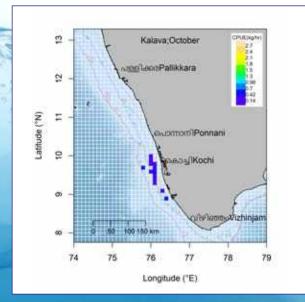


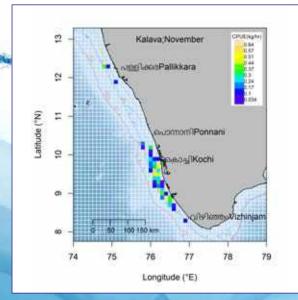


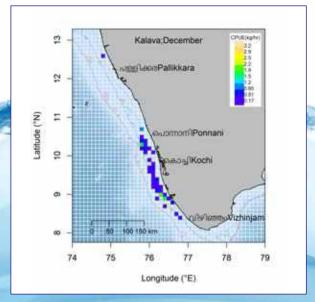












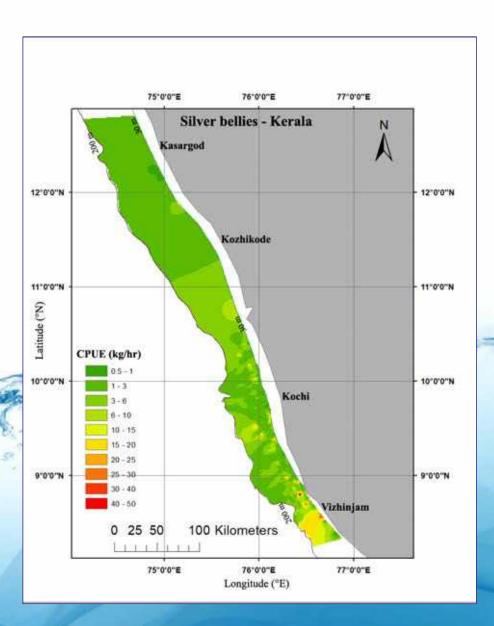






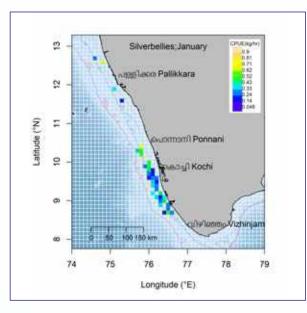


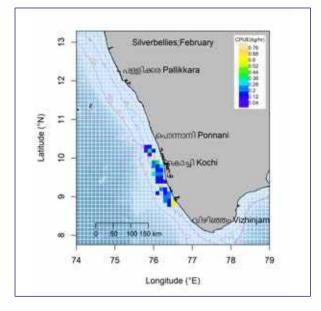
Silverbellies

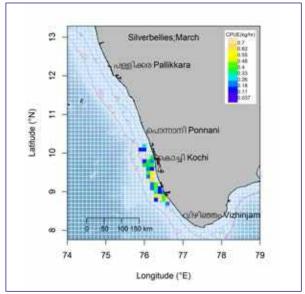


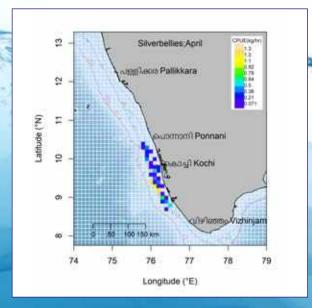


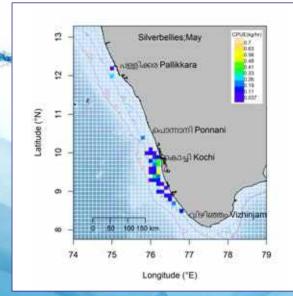


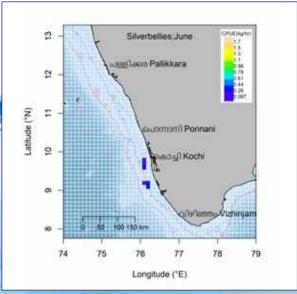








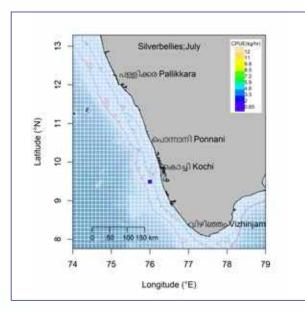


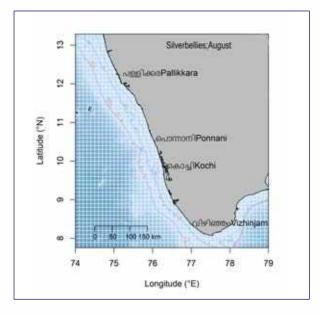


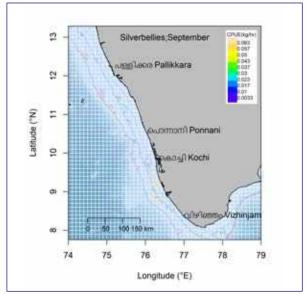


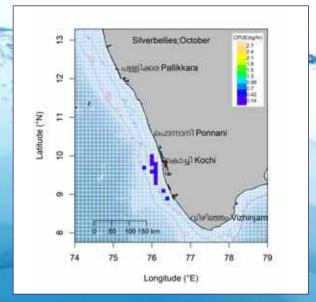


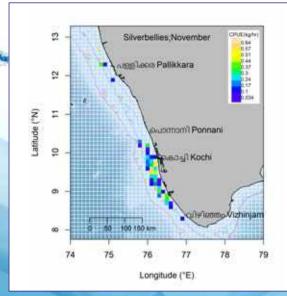


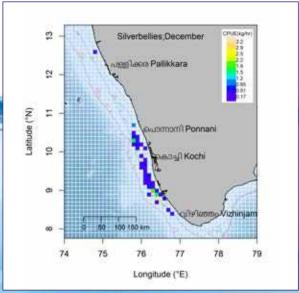






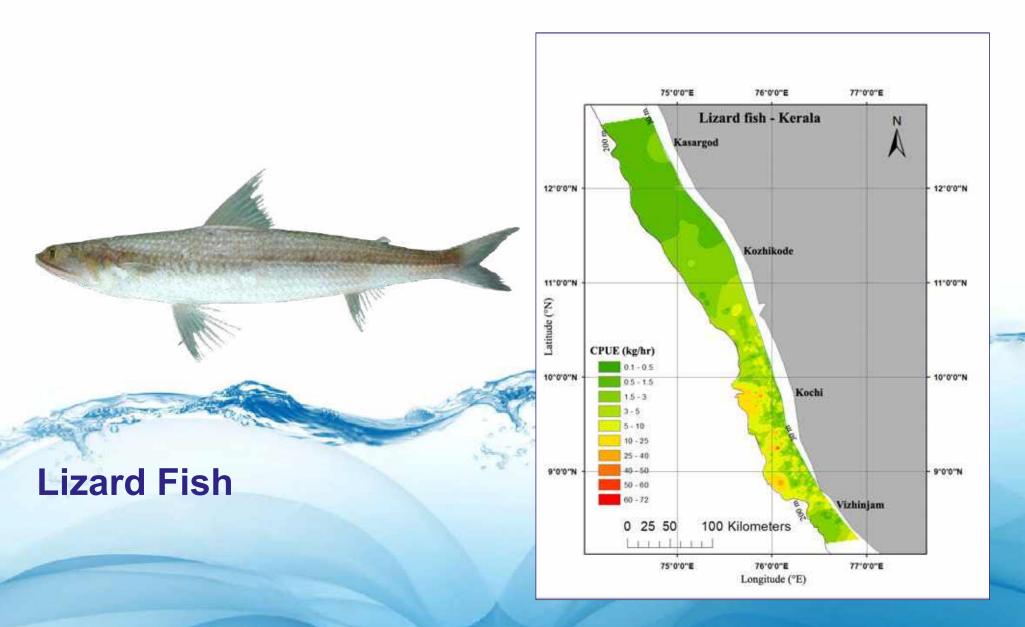






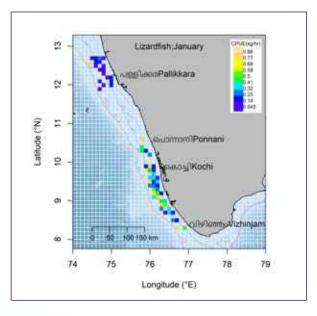


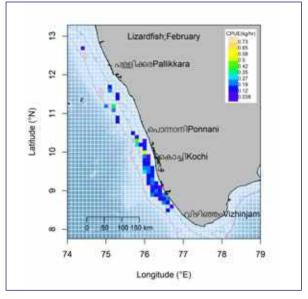


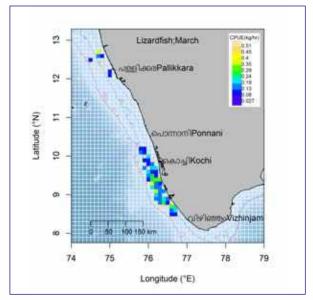


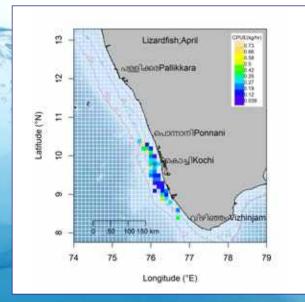


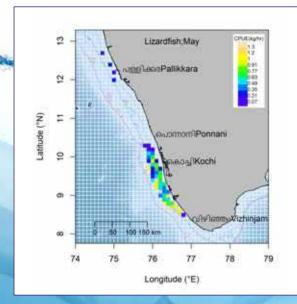


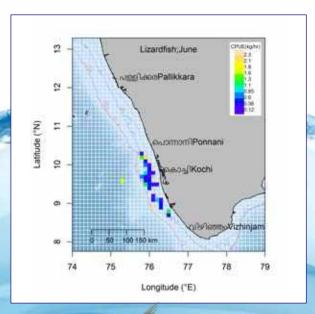






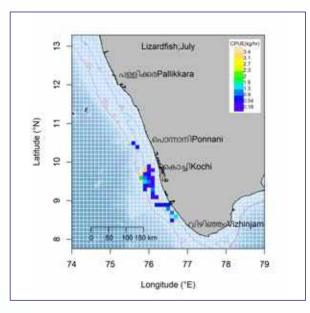


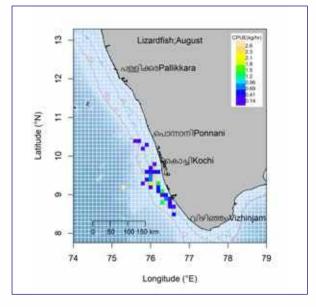


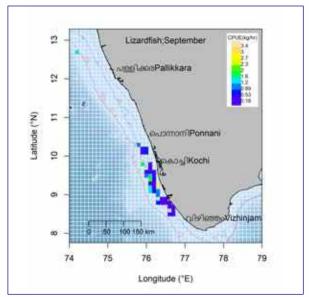


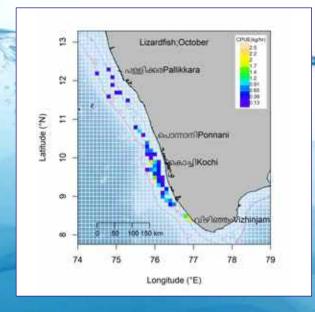


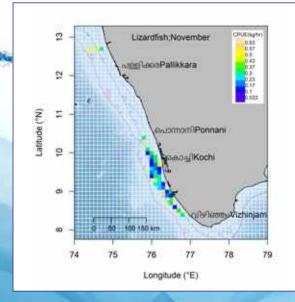


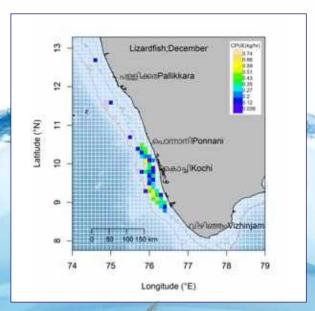






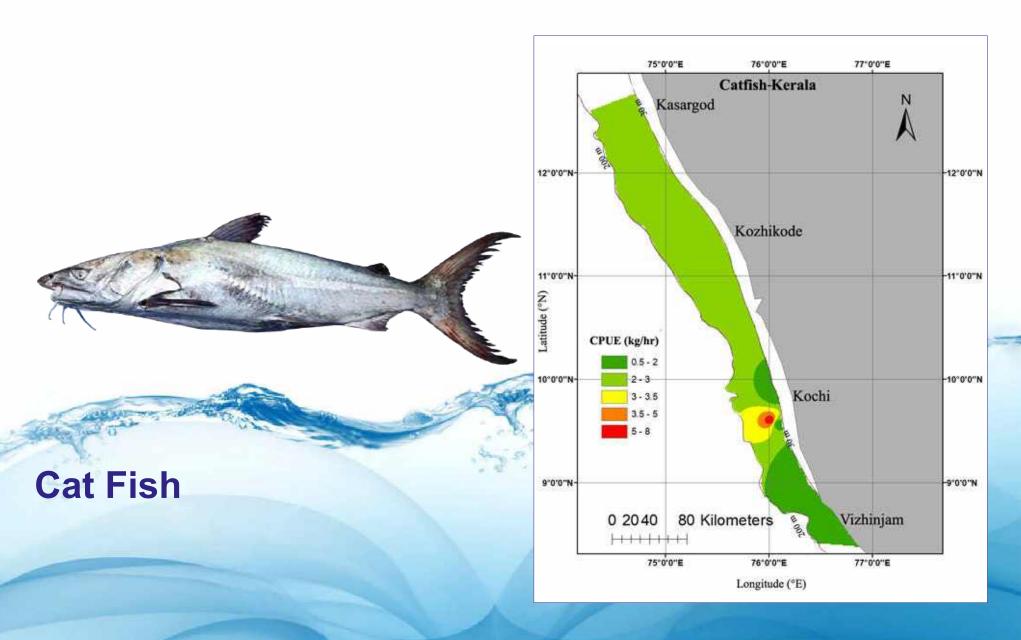






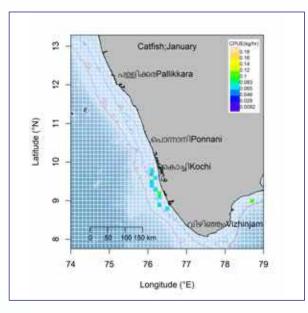


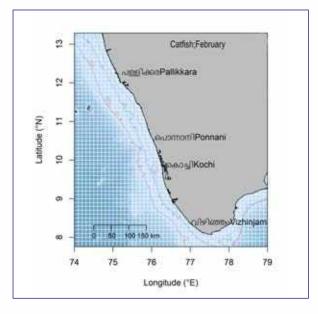


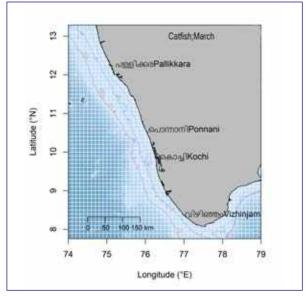


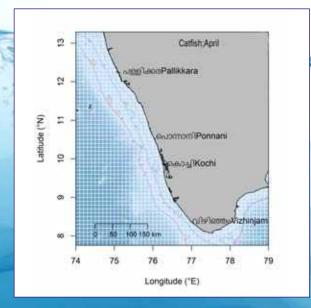


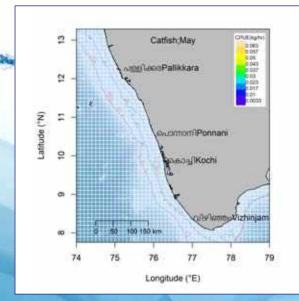


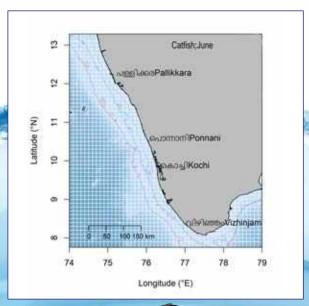






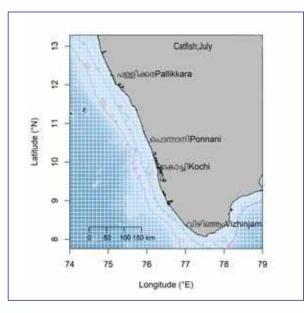


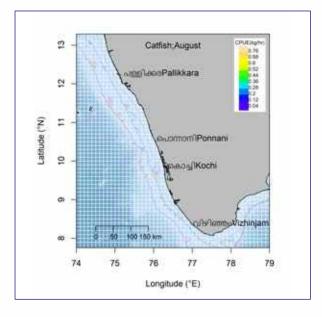


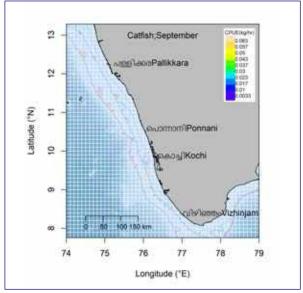


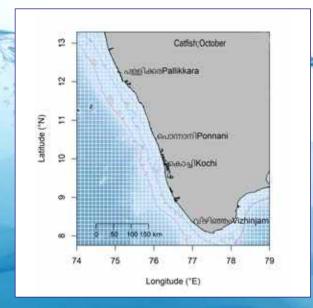


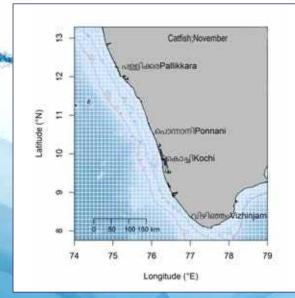


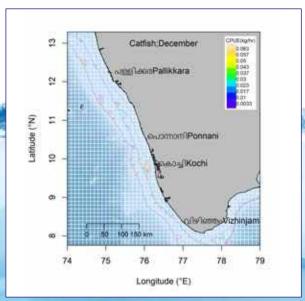








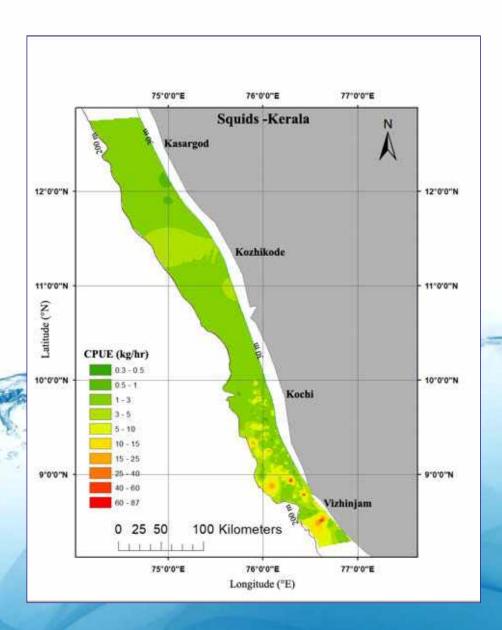








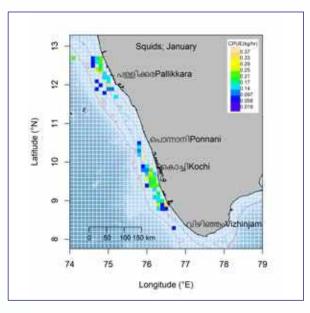


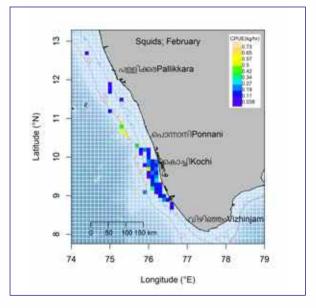


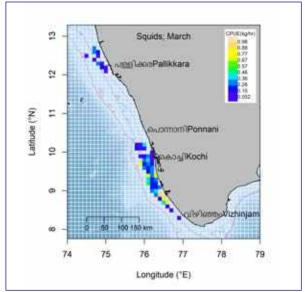
Squids

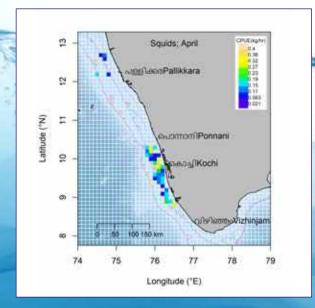


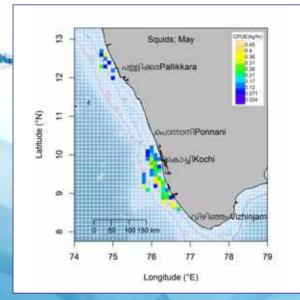


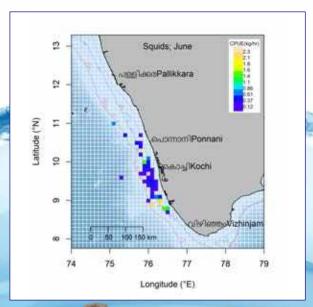






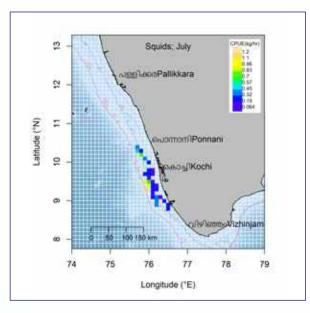


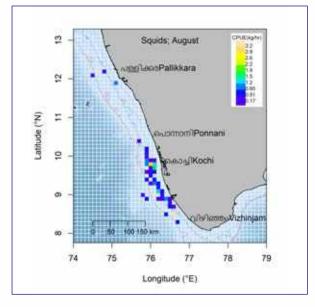


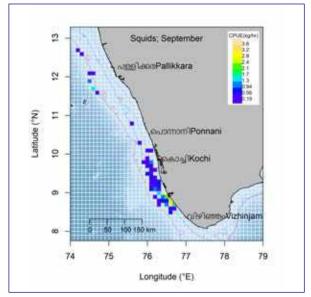


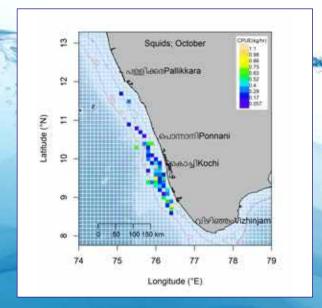


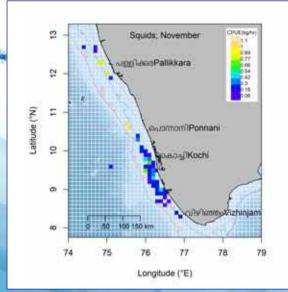


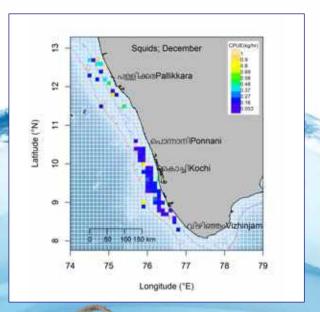








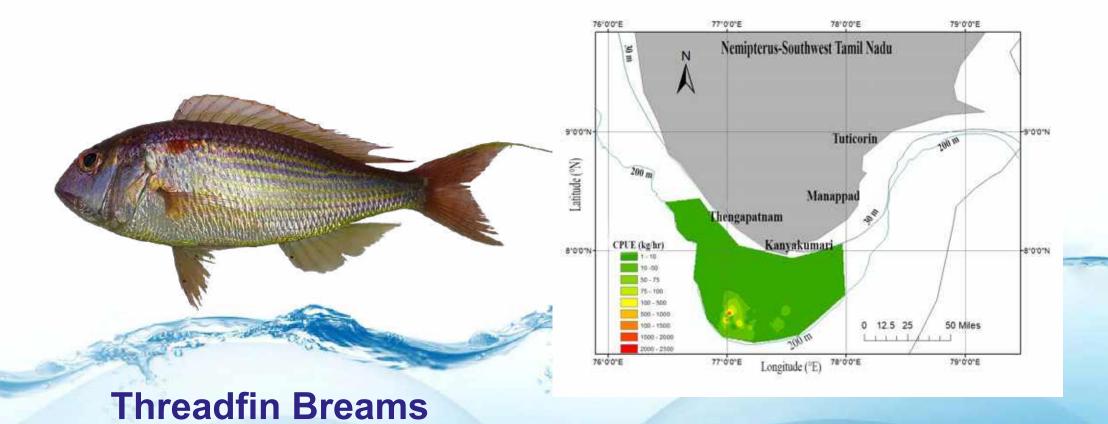






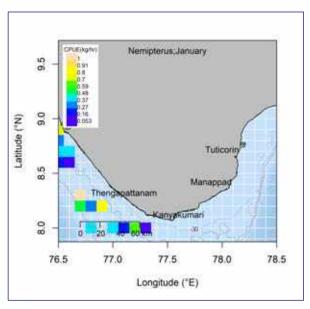
(Nemipterus)

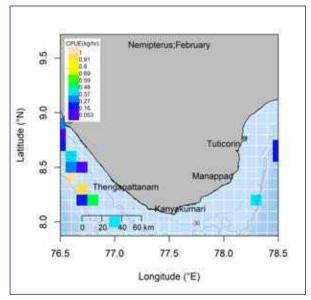


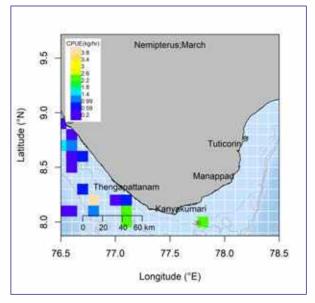


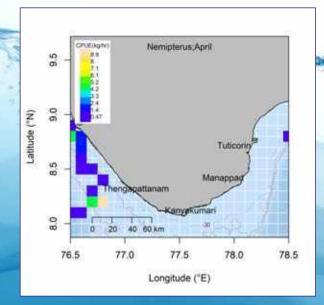


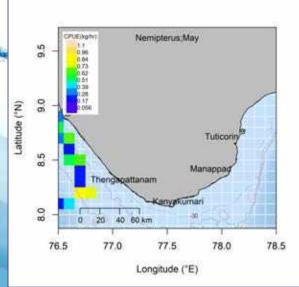


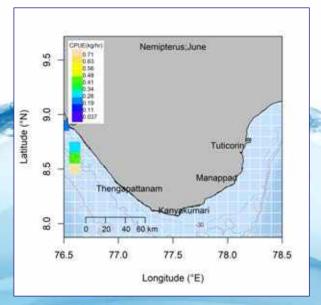








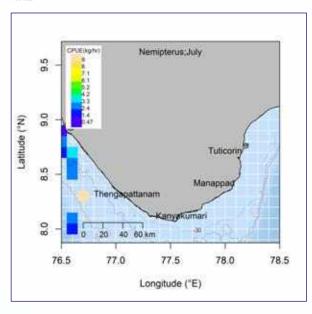


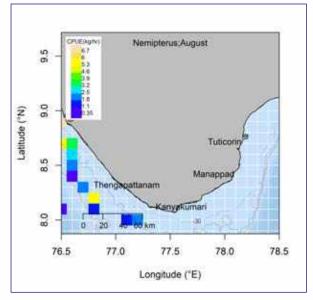


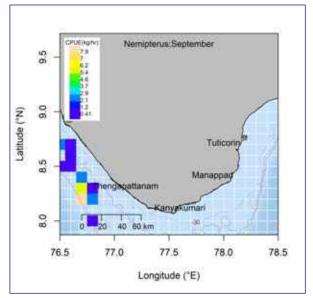


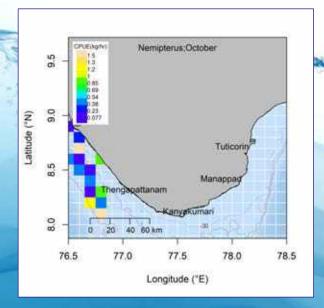


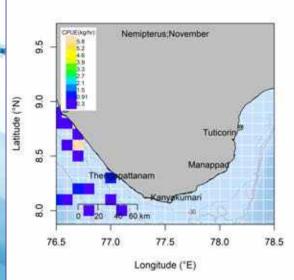


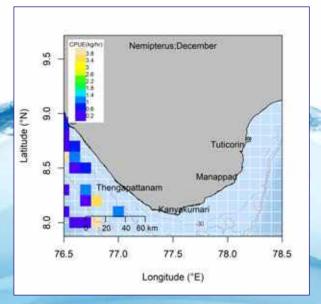






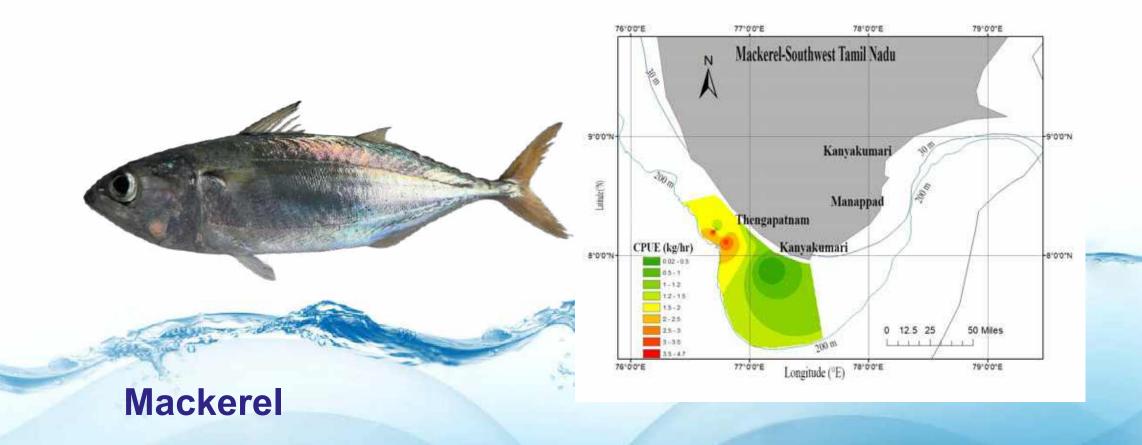






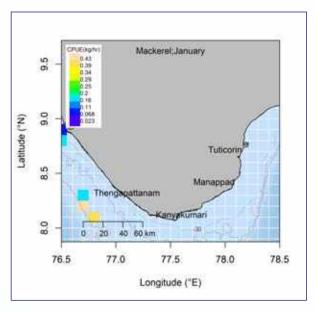


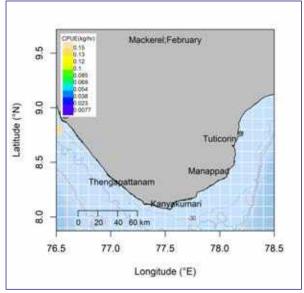


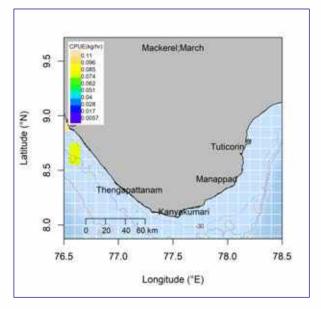


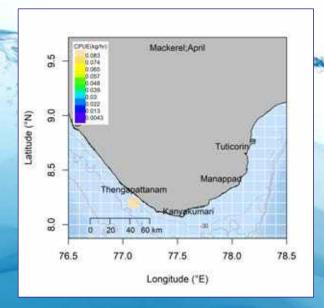


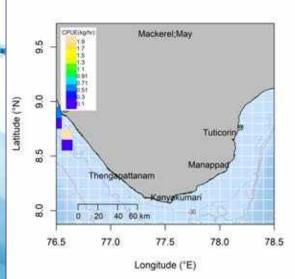


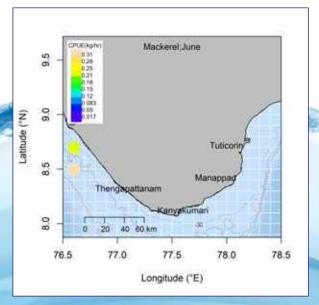






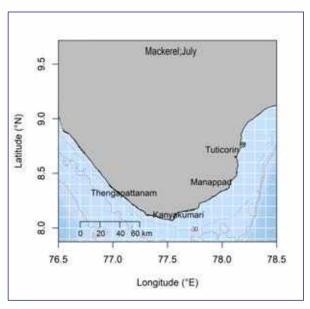


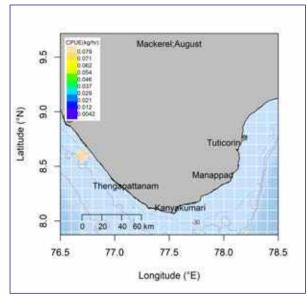


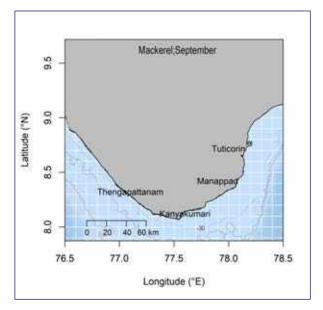


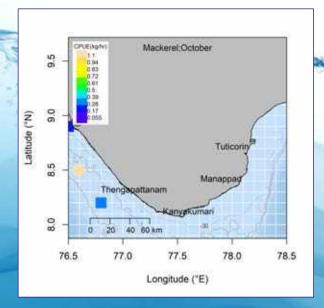


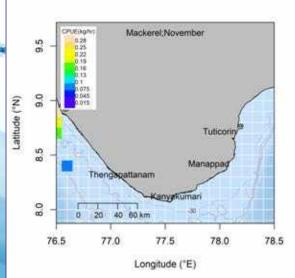


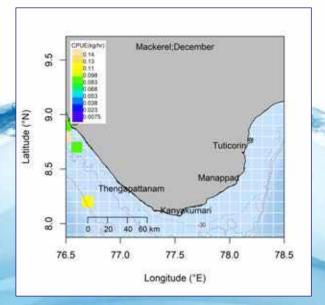




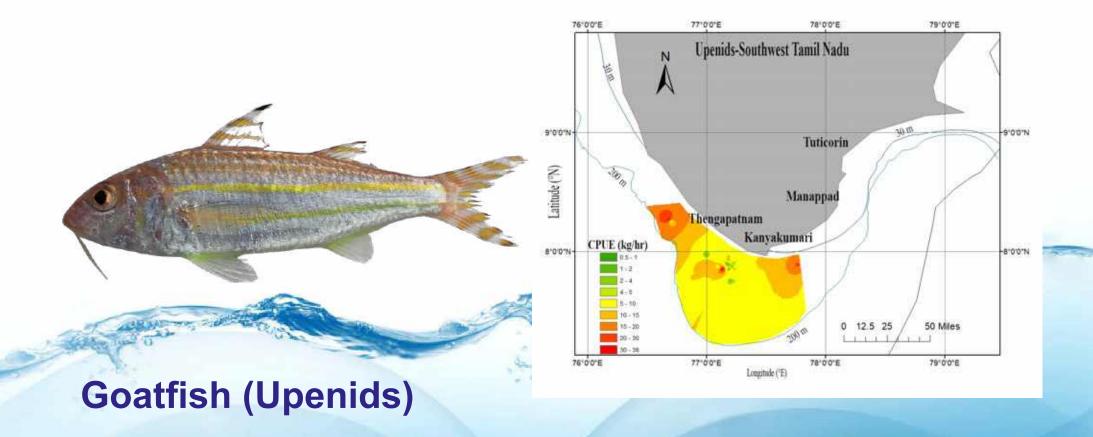






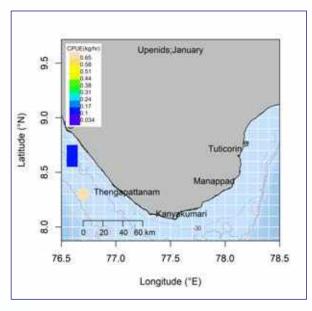


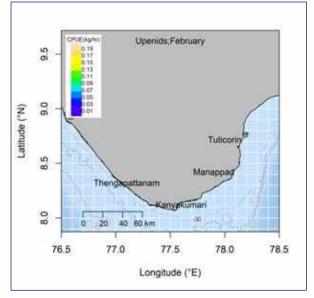


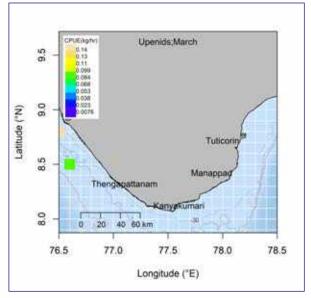


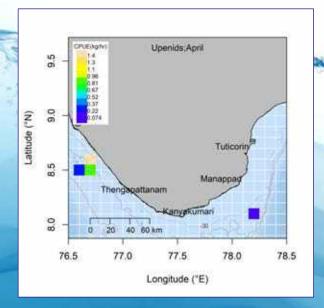


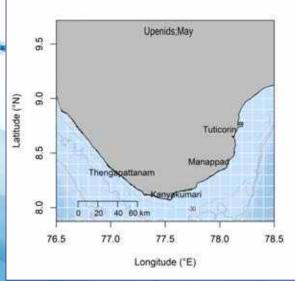


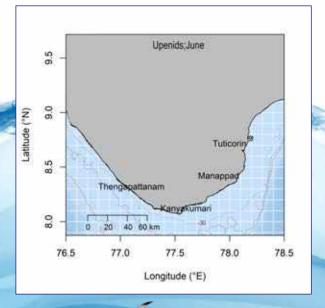






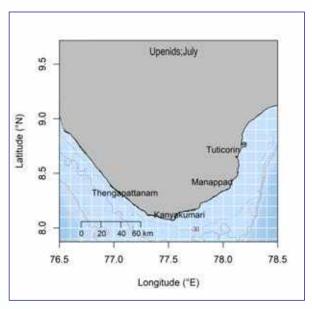


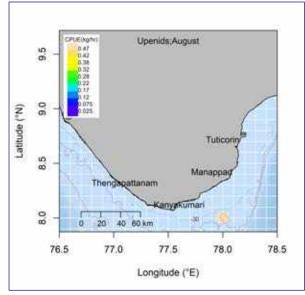


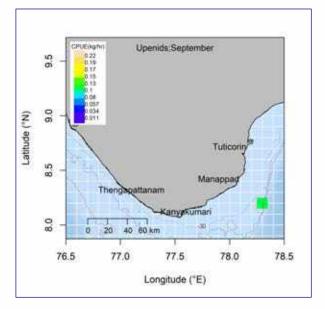


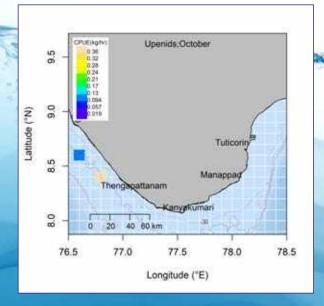


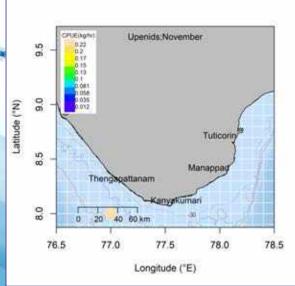


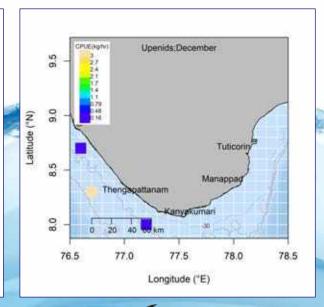






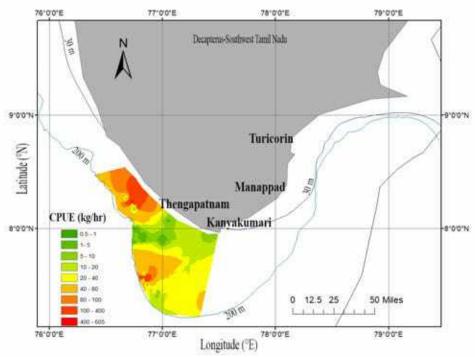








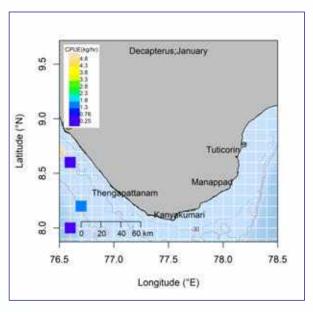


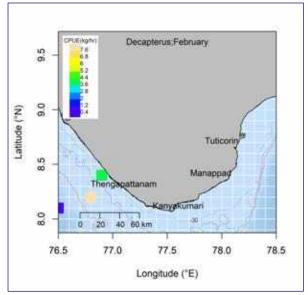


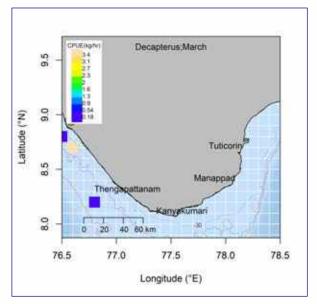
Round Scads (Decapterus)

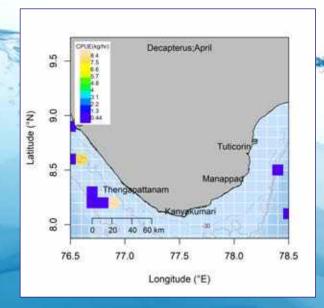


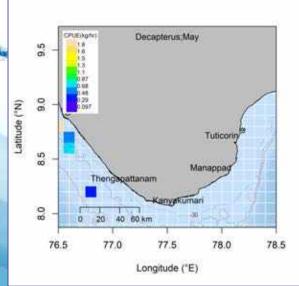


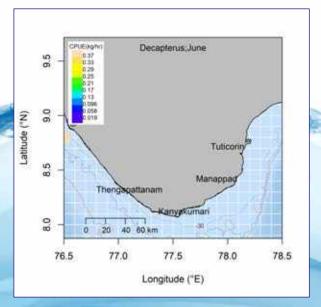






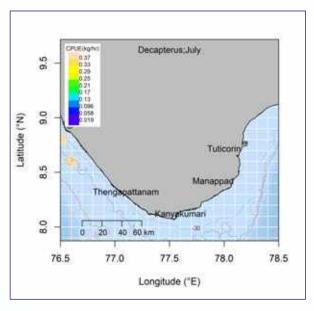


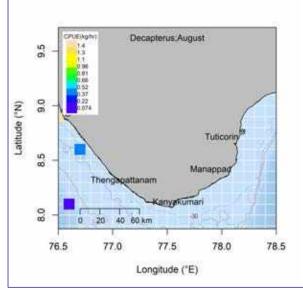


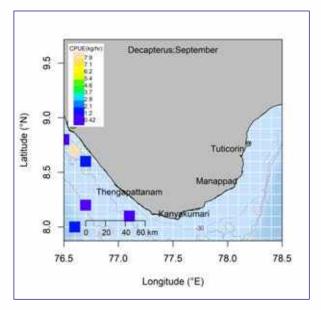


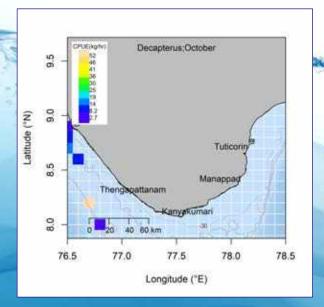


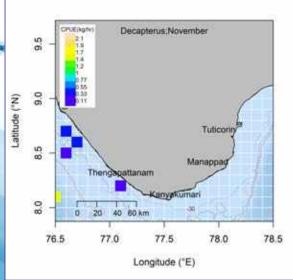


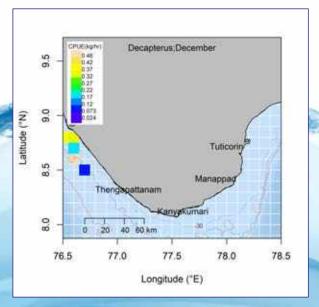






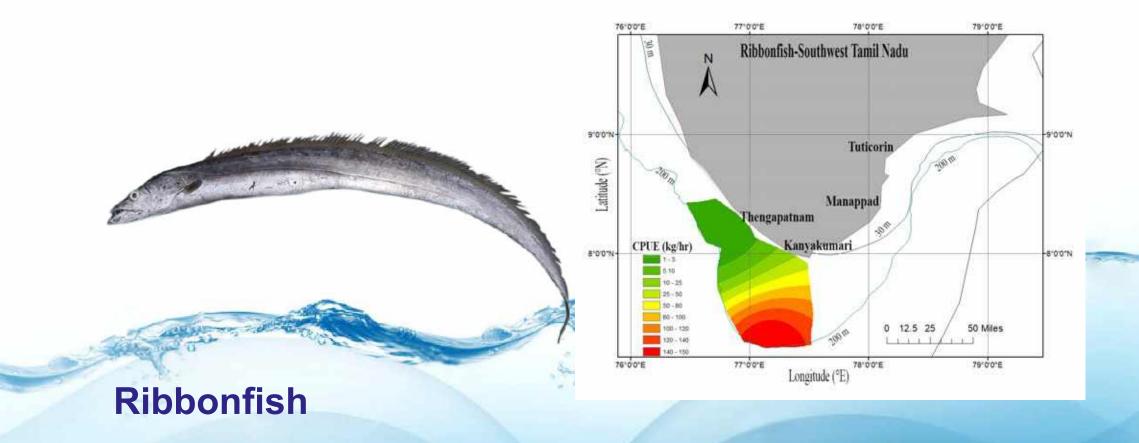






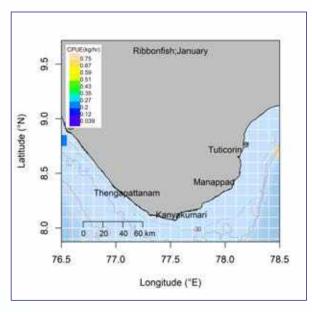


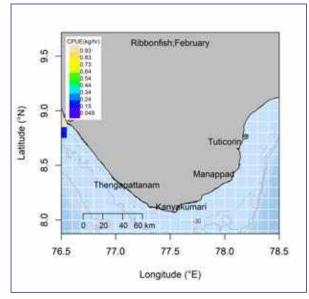


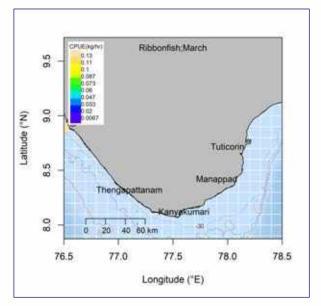


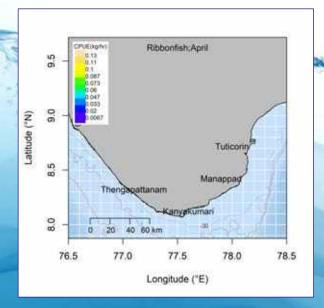


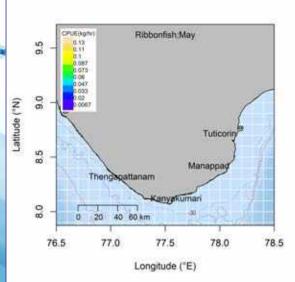


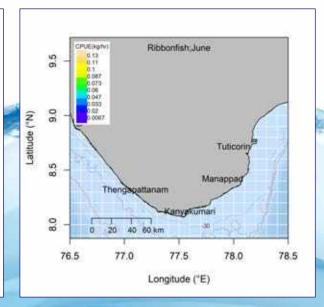






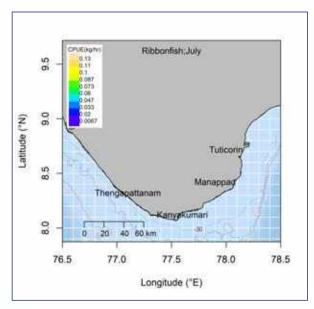


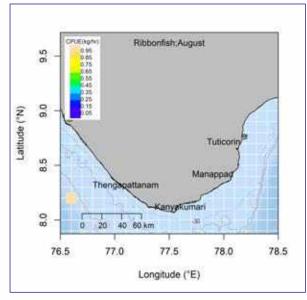


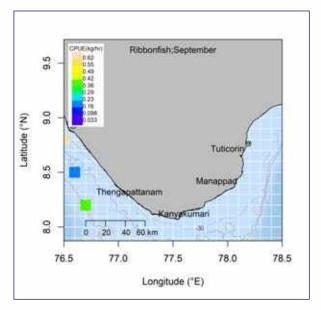


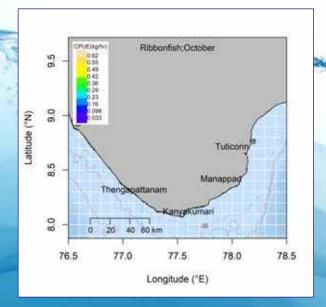


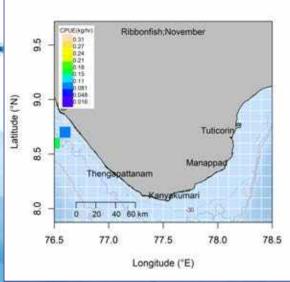


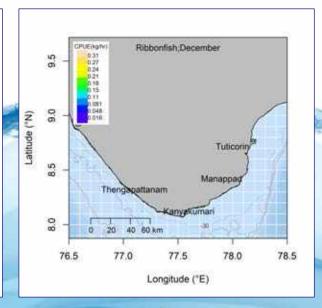








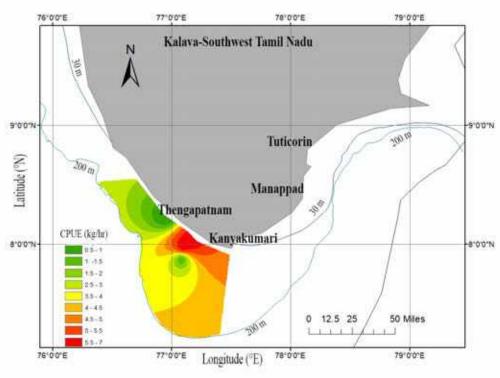






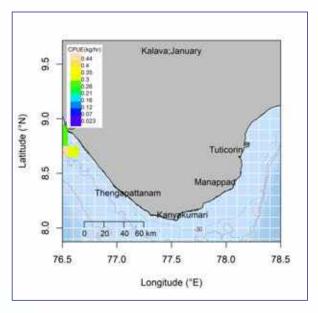


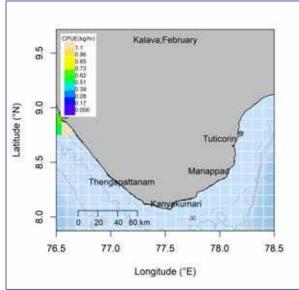


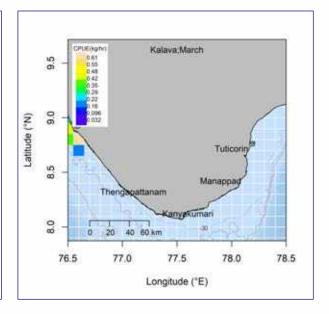


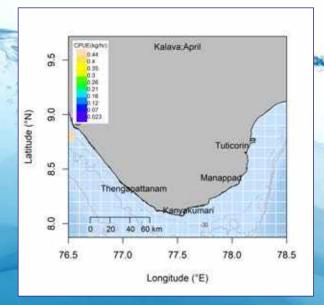


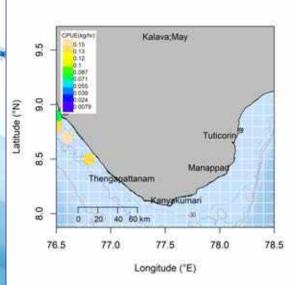


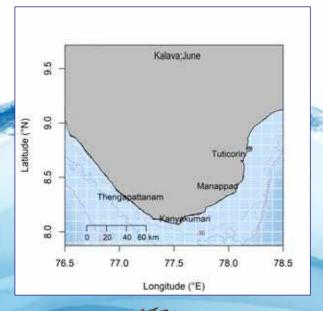






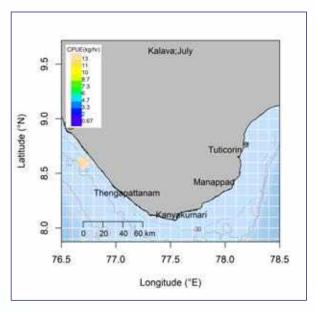


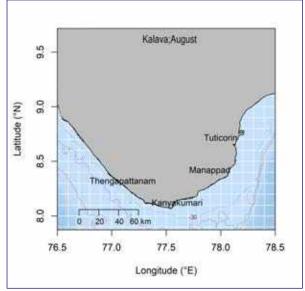


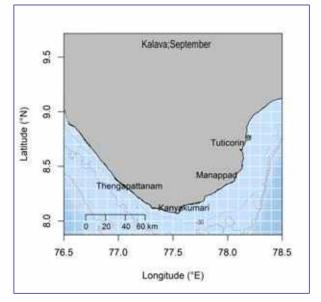


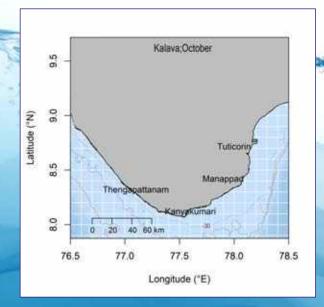


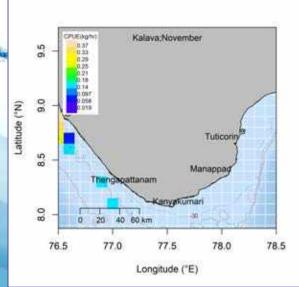


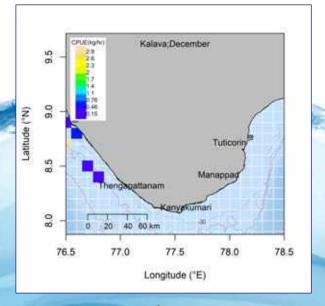




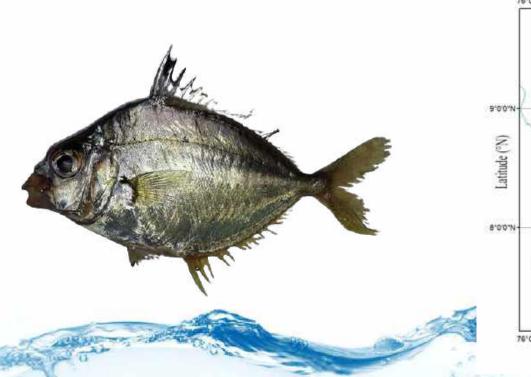


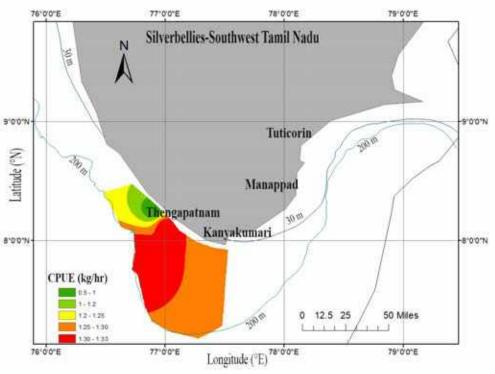








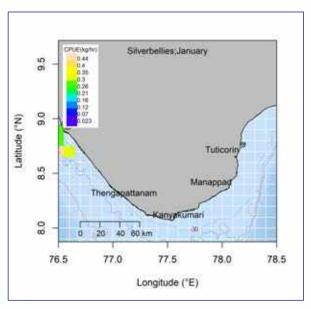


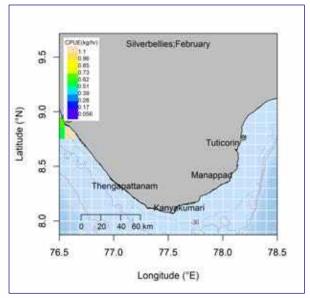


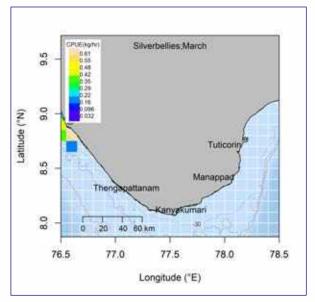
Silverbellies

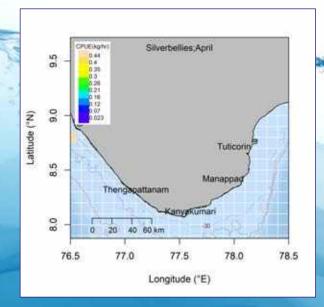


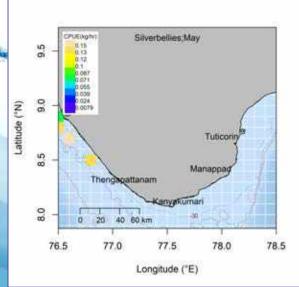


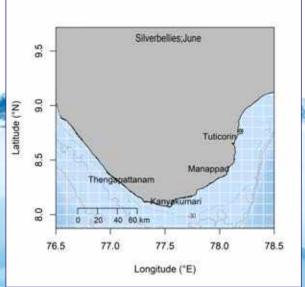








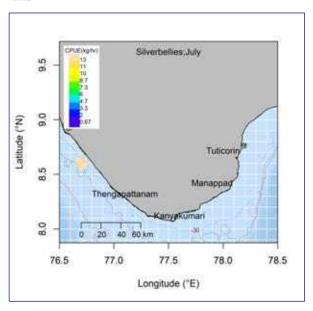


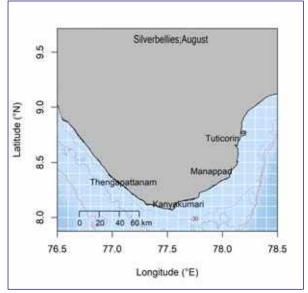


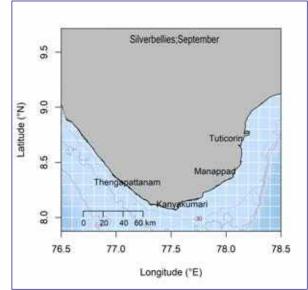


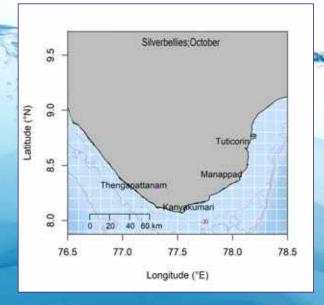


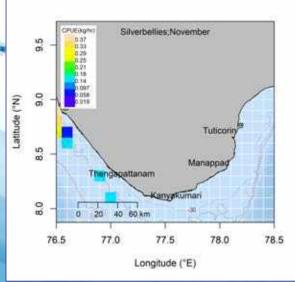


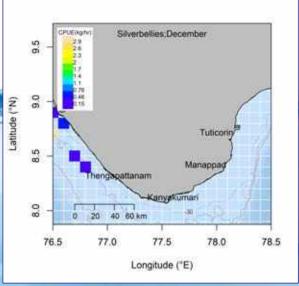






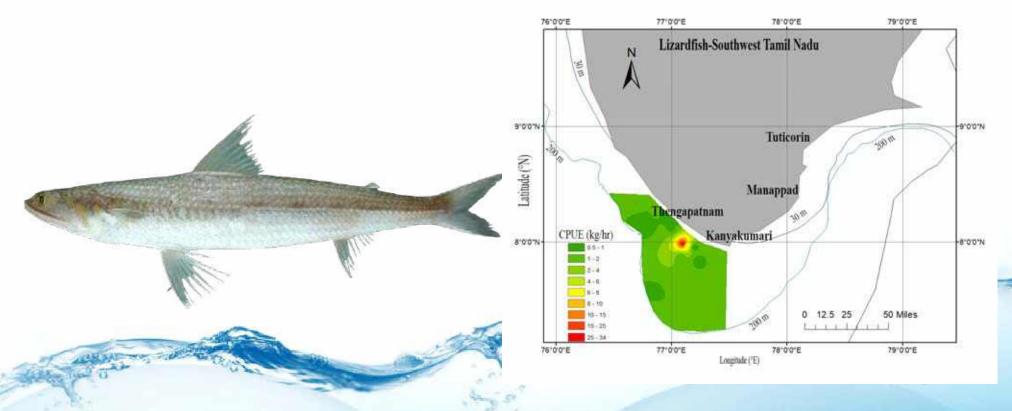








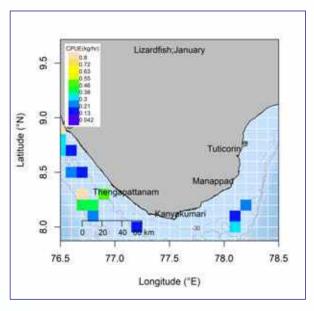


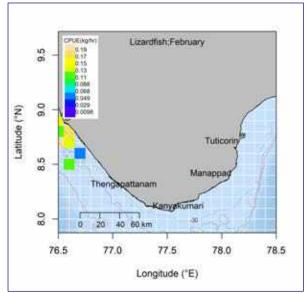


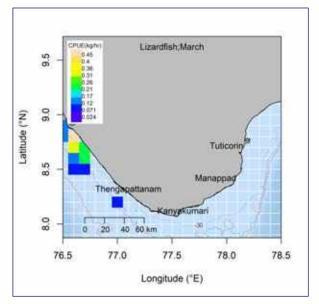
Lizard Fish

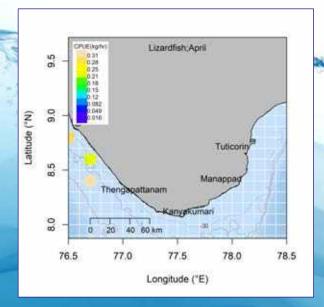


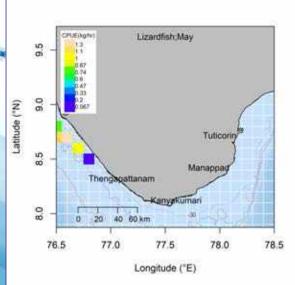


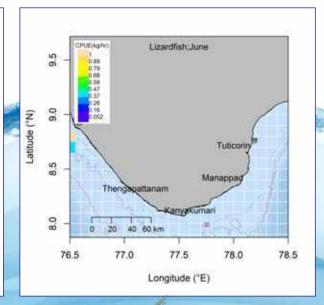






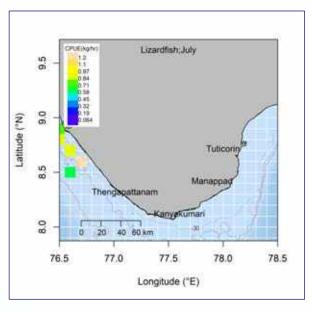


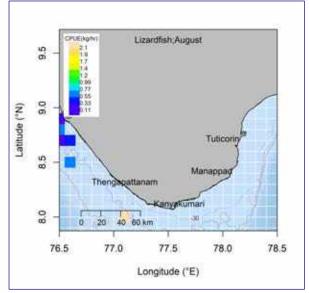


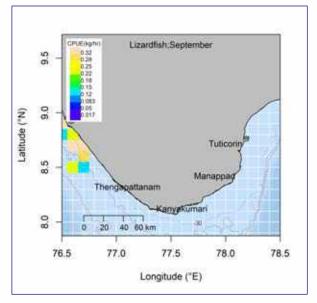


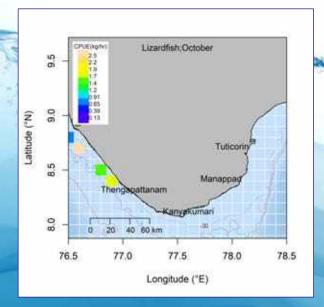


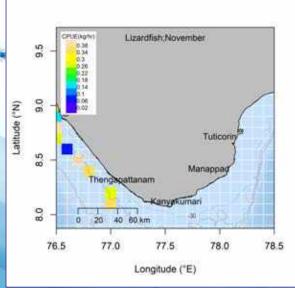


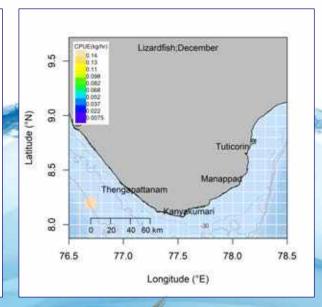






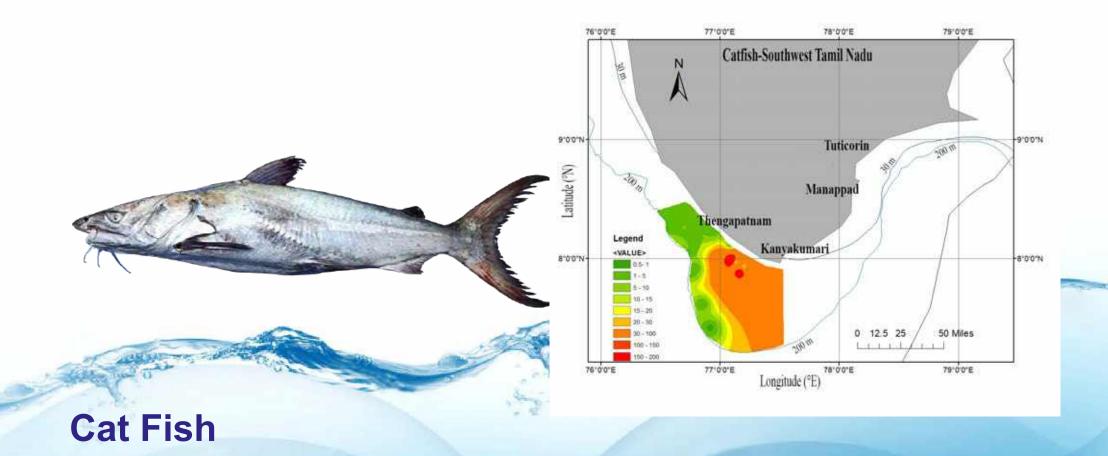






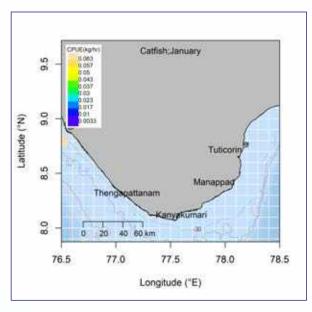


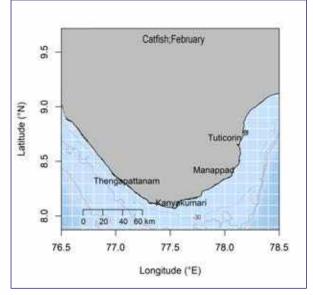


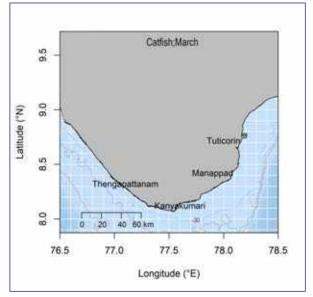


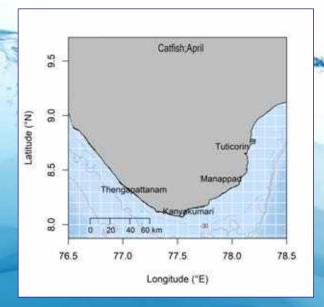


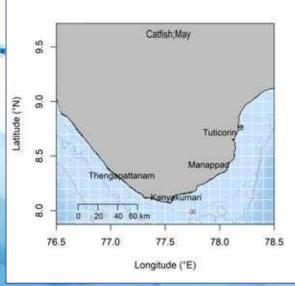


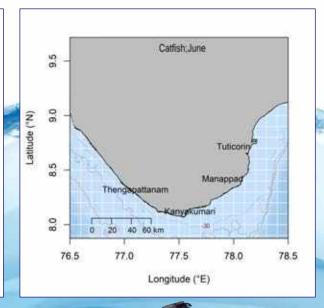






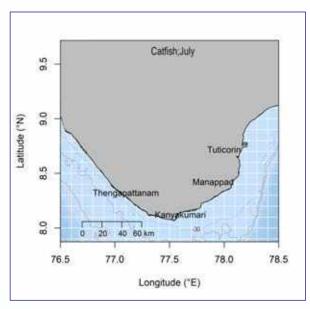


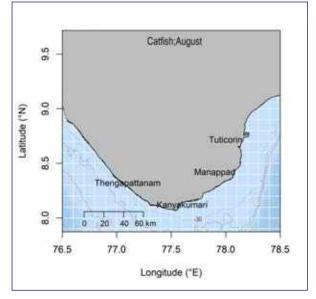


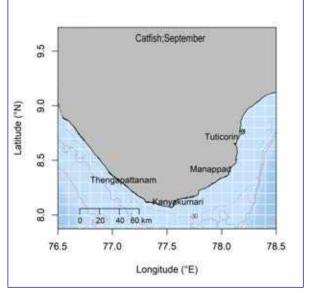


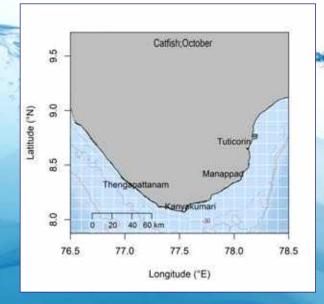


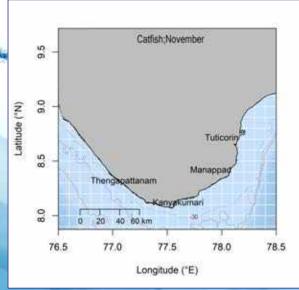


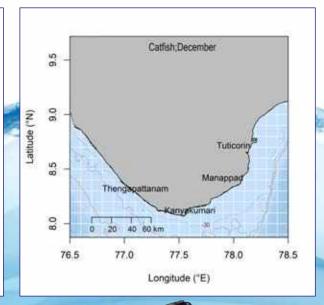






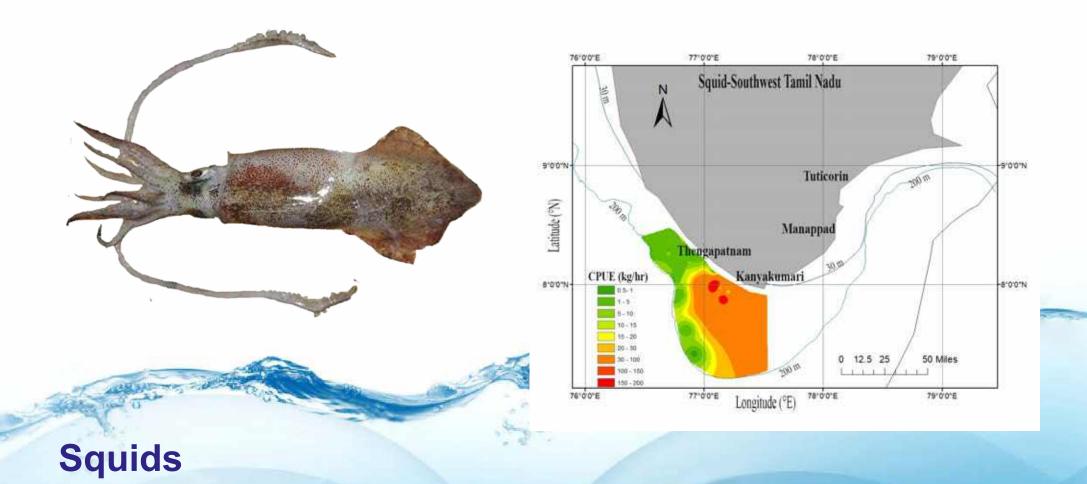






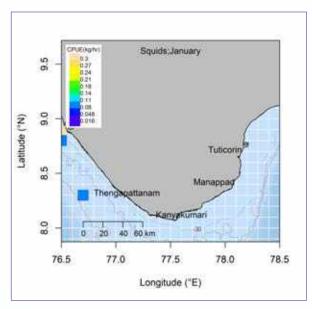


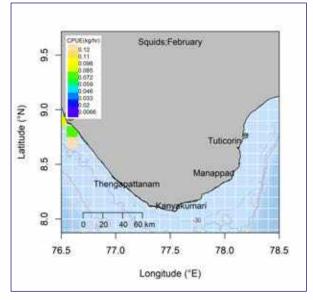


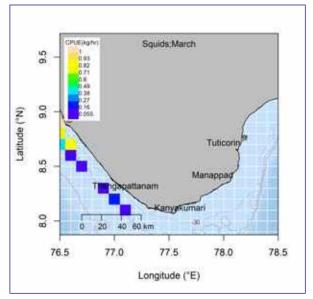


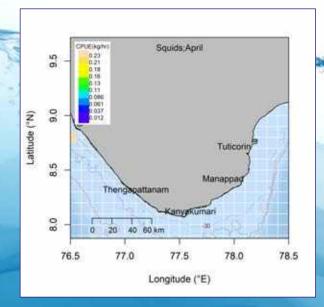


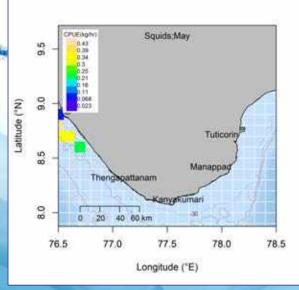


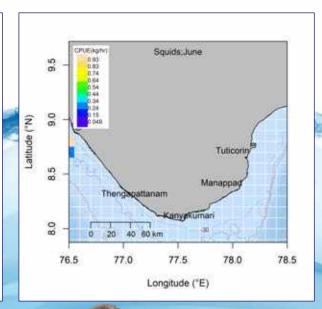






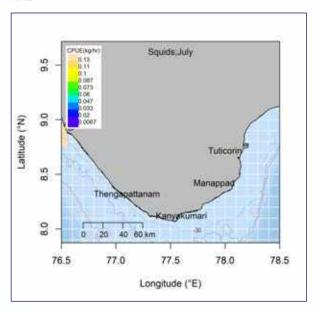


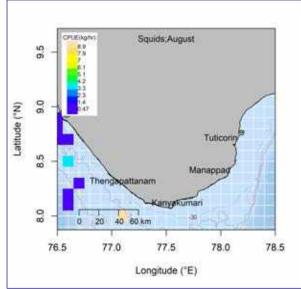


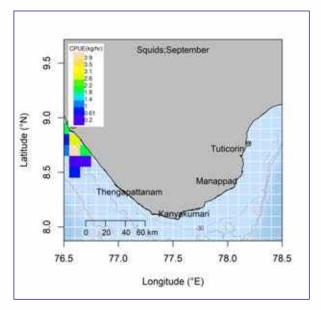


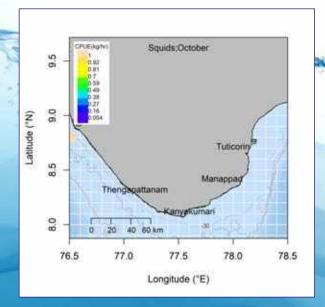


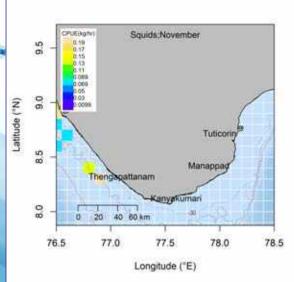


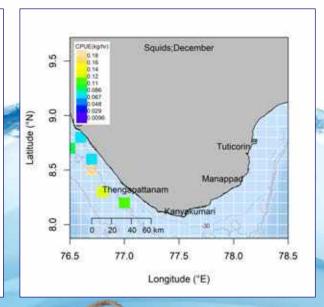










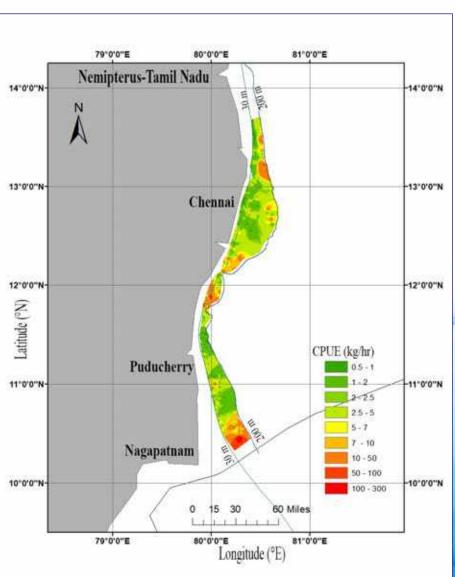






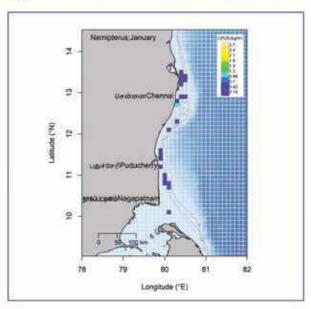


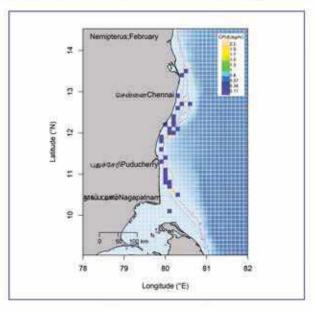
Threadfin Breams (Nemipterus)

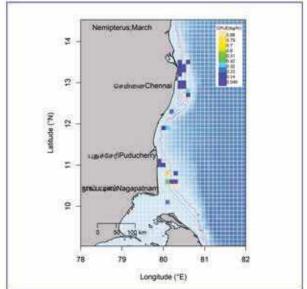


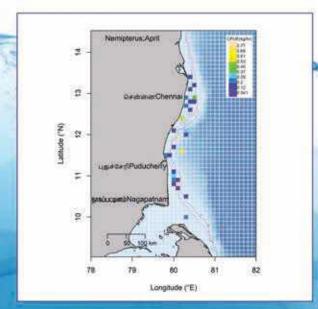


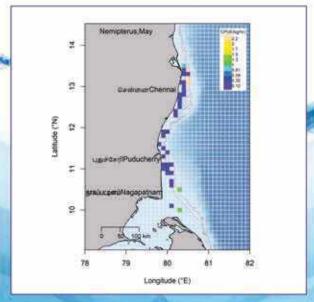


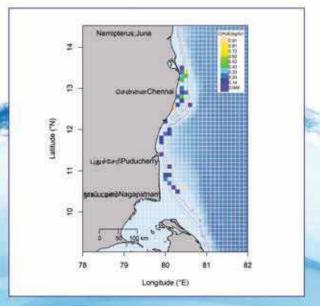








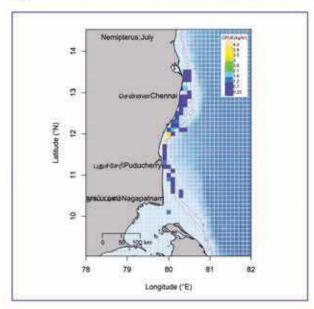


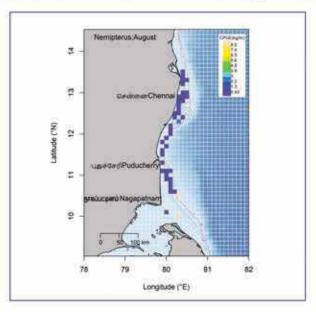


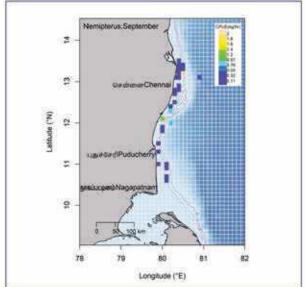


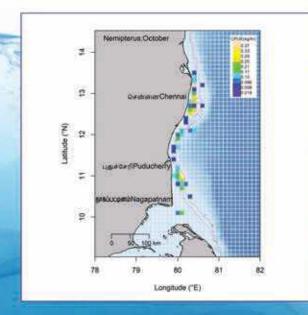


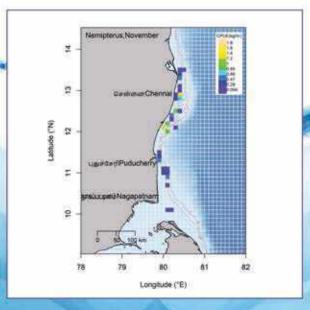


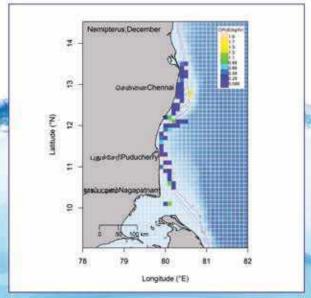








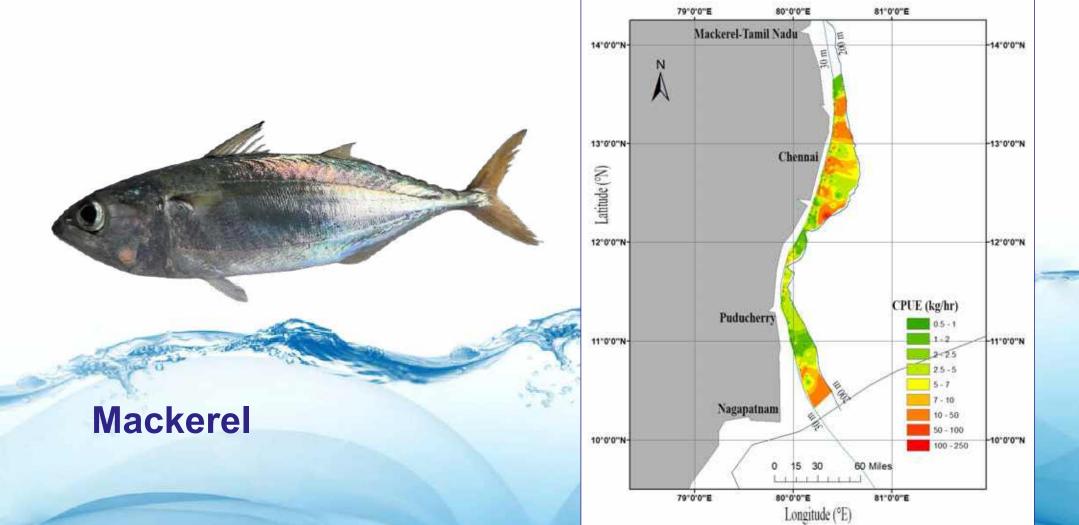






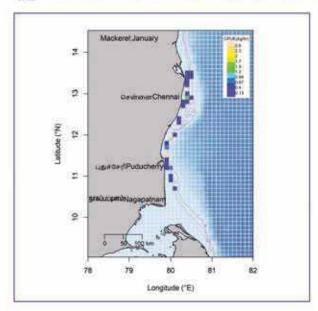


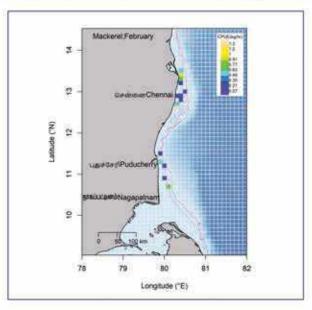


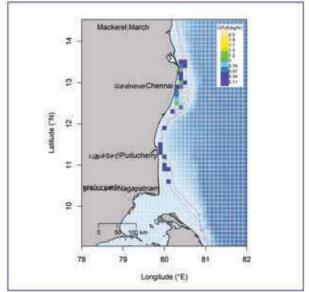


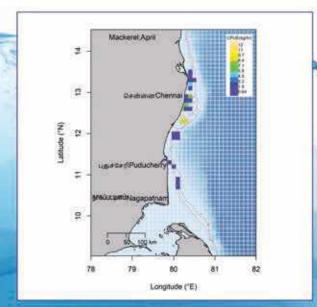


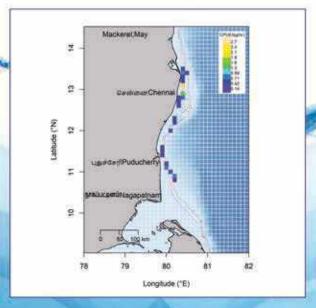


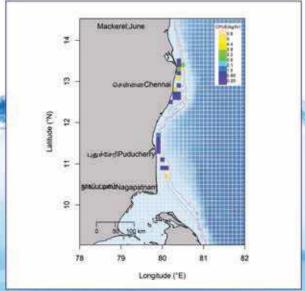






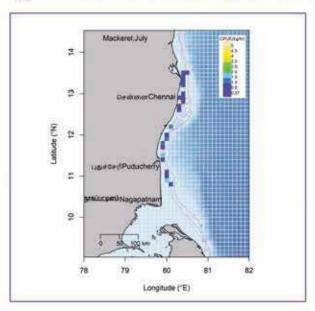


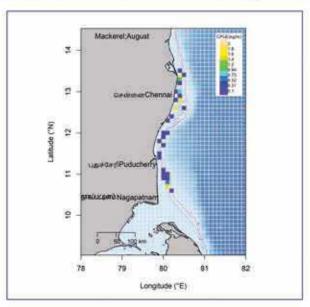


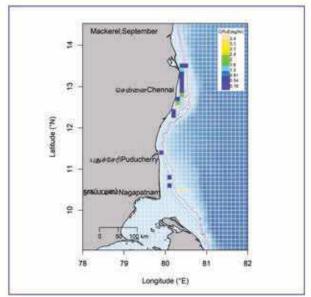


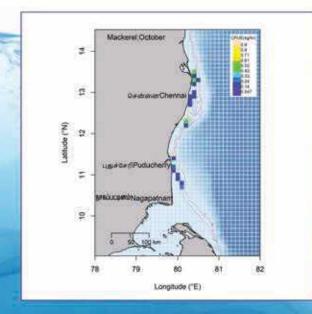


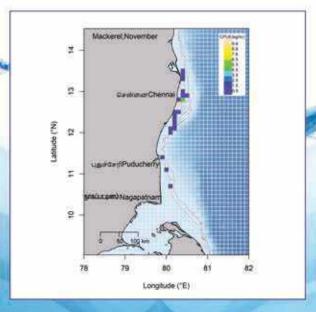


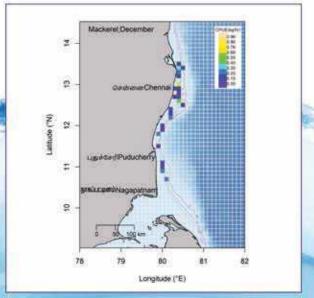










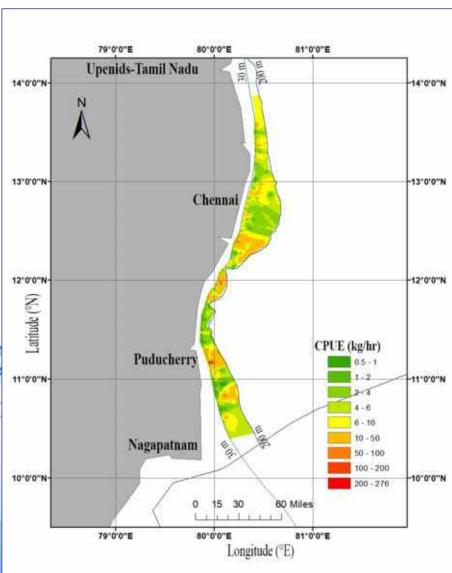






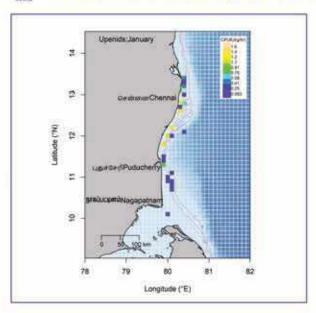


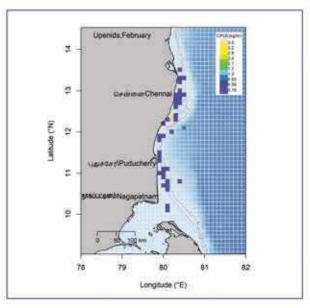
Goatfish (Upenids)

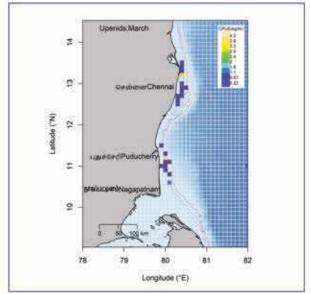


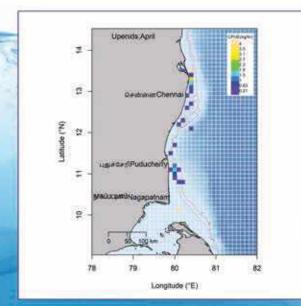


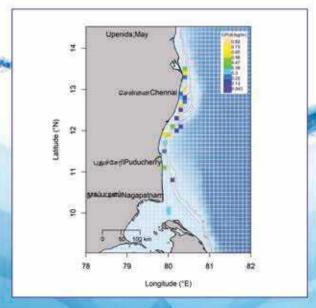


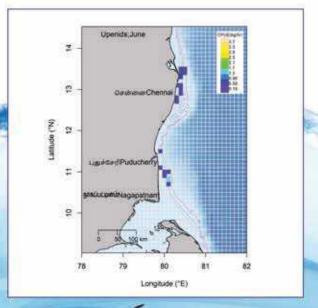






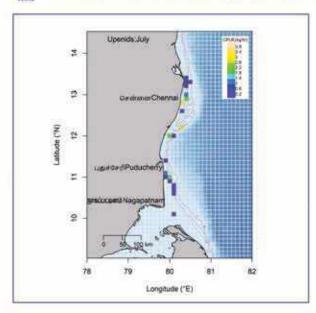


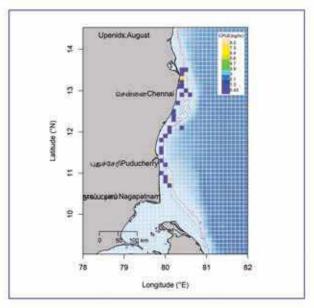


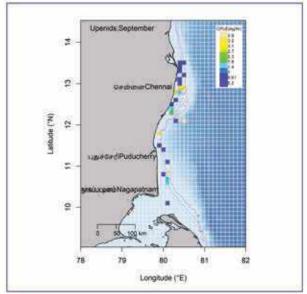


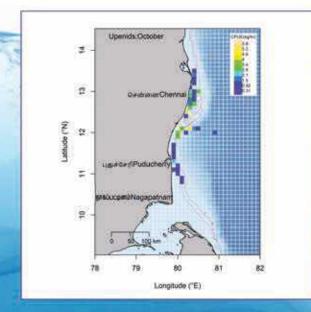


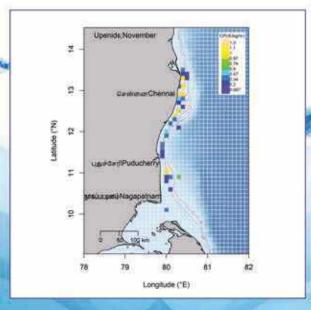


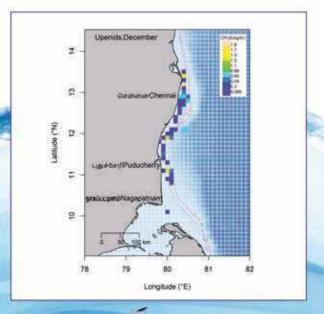












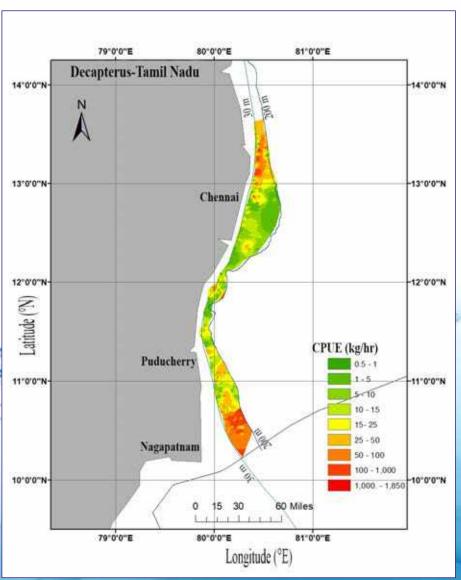






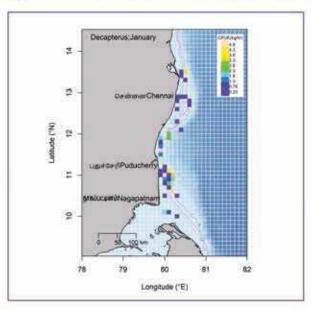


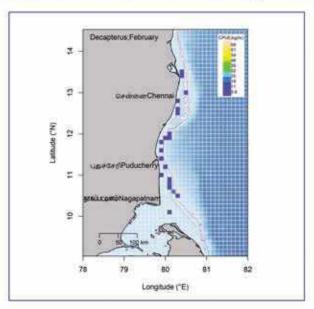
Round Scads (Decapterus)

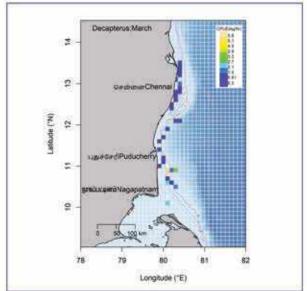


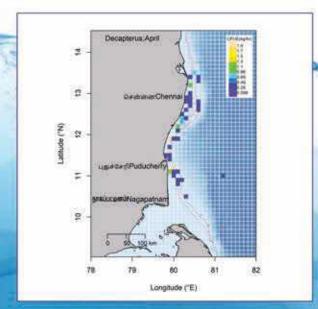


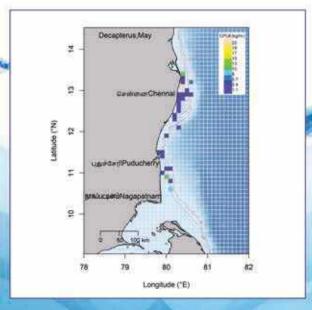


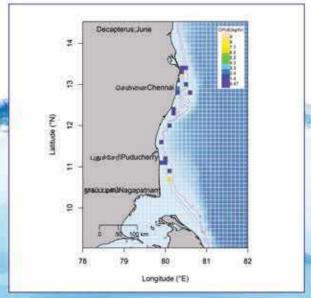








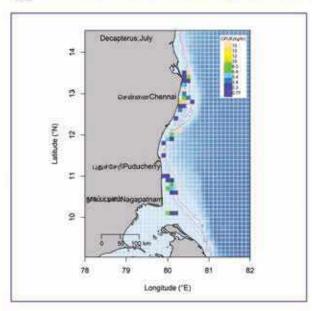


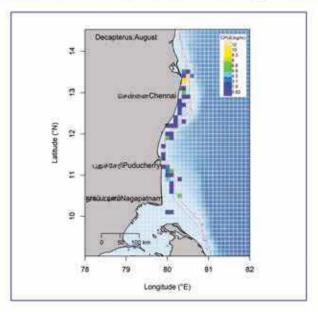


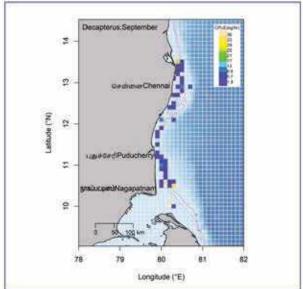


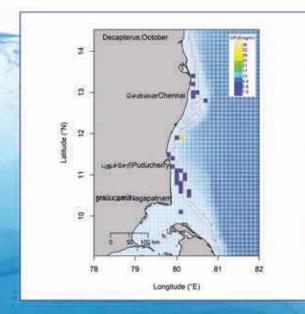


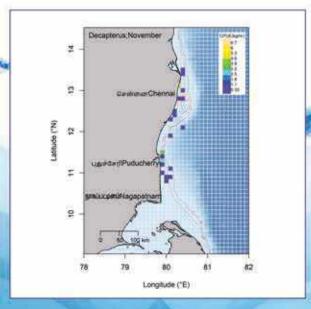


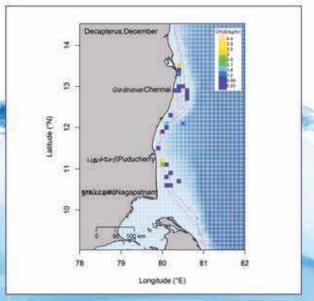








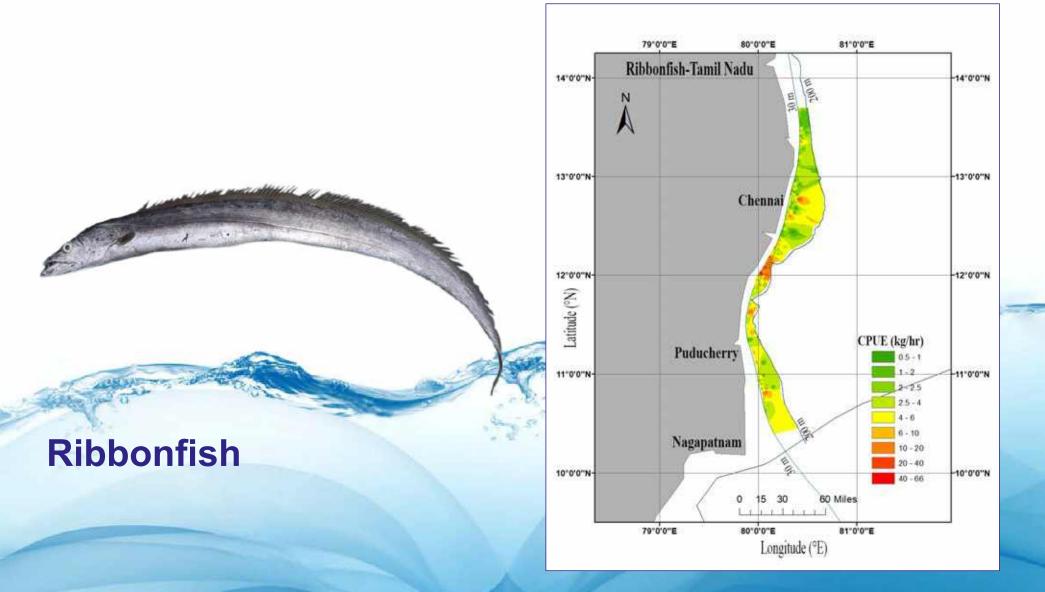






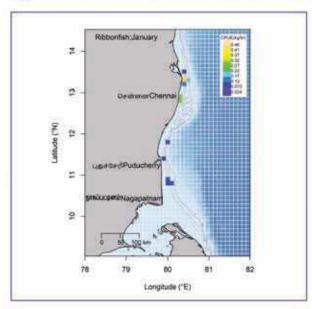


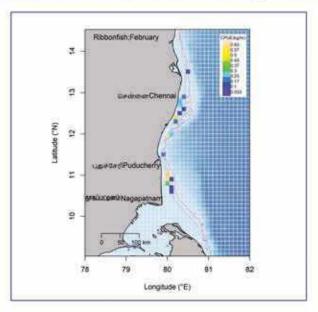


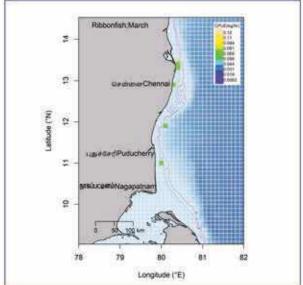


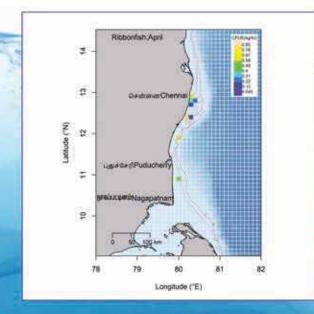


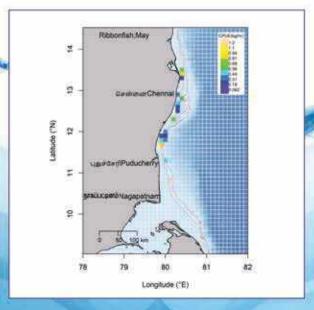


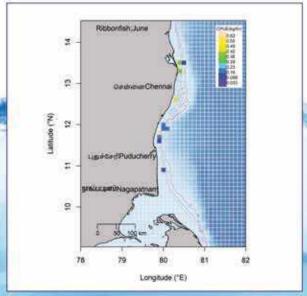






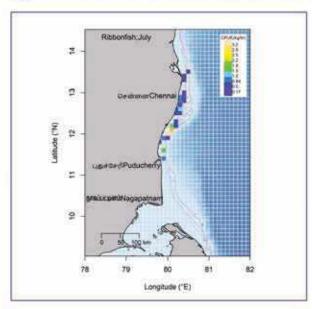


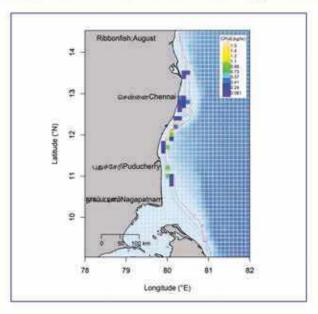


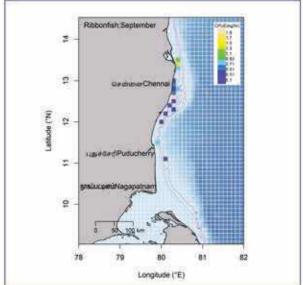


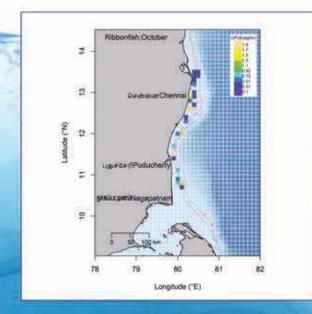


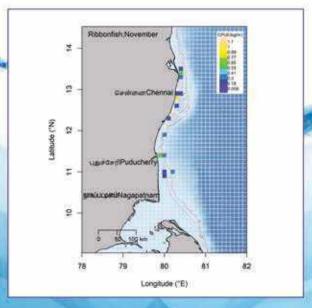


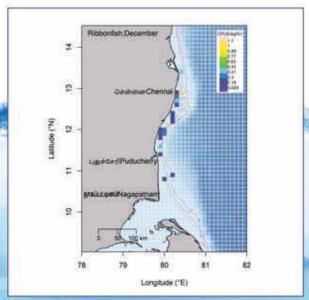










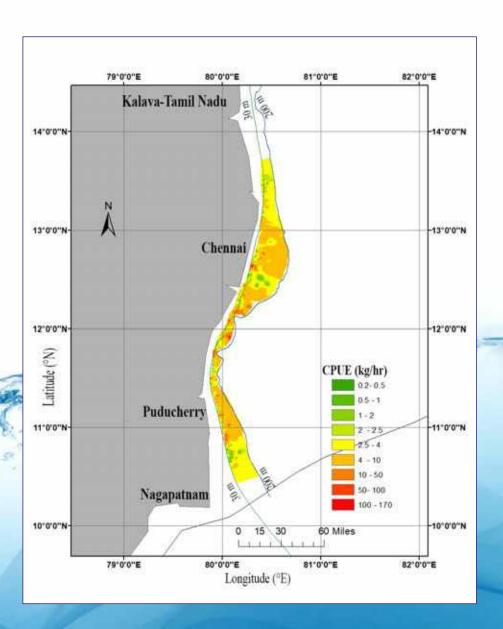






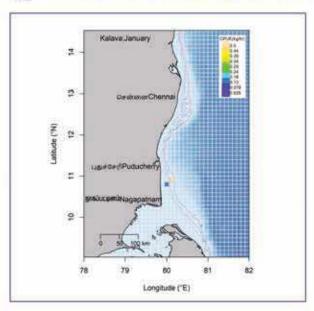


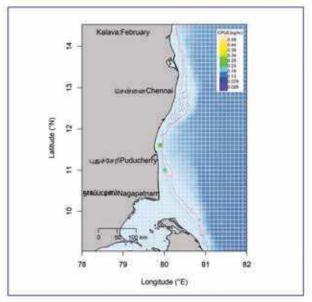


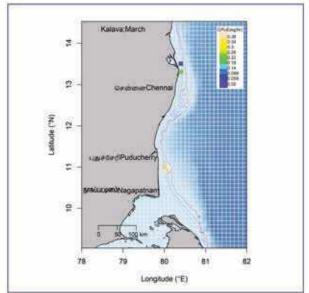


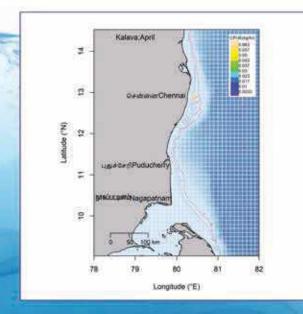


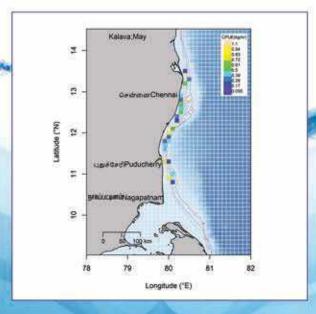


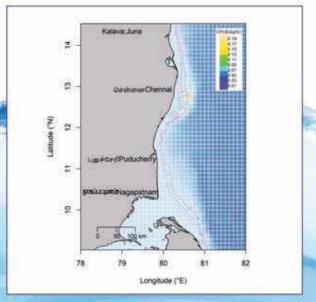








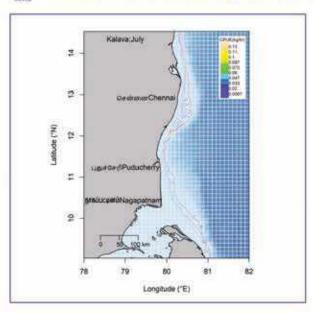


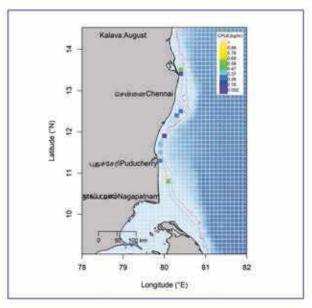


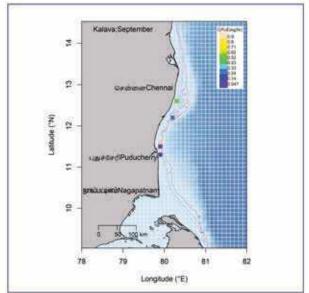


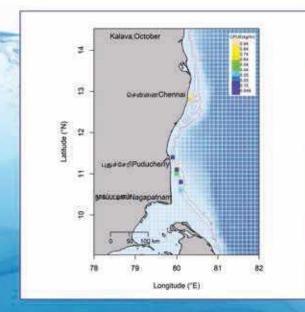


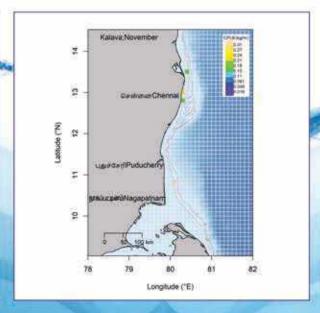


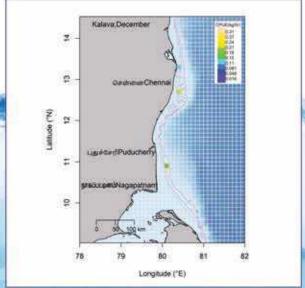












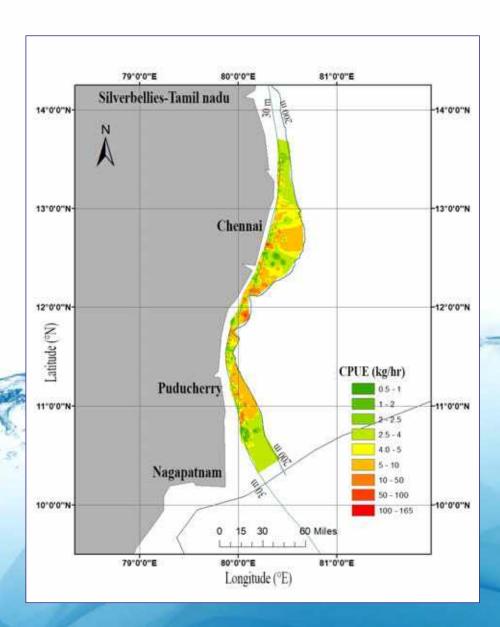






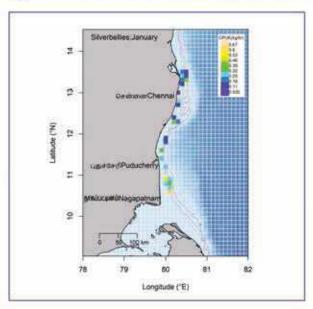


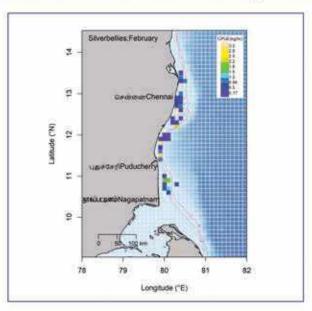
Silverbellies

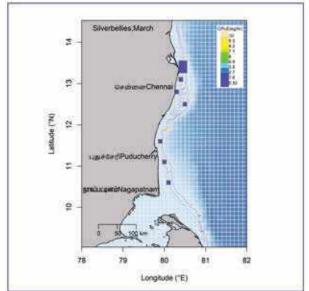


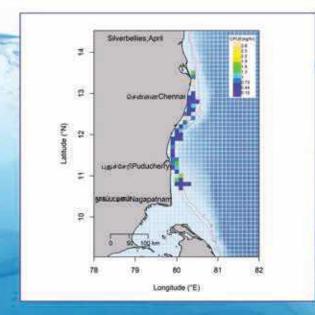


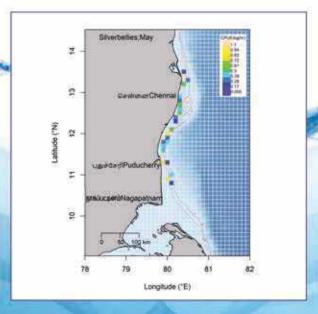


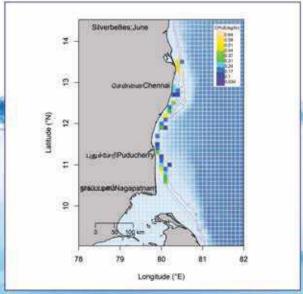








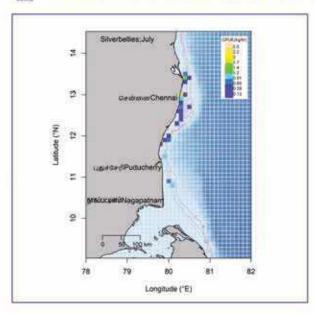


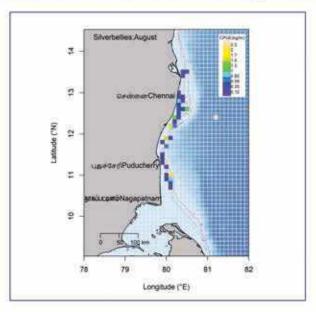


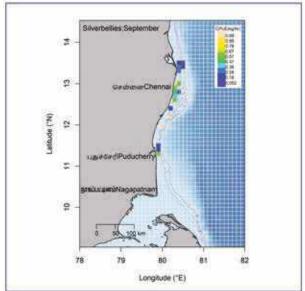


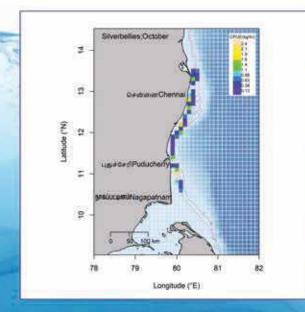


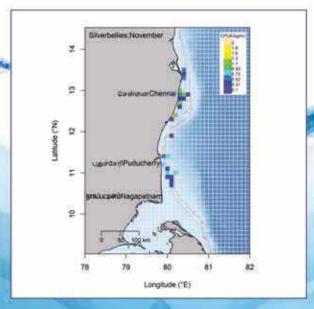


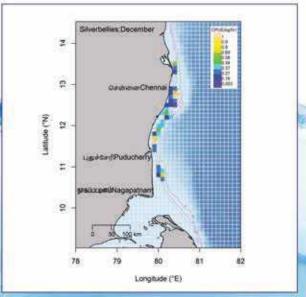








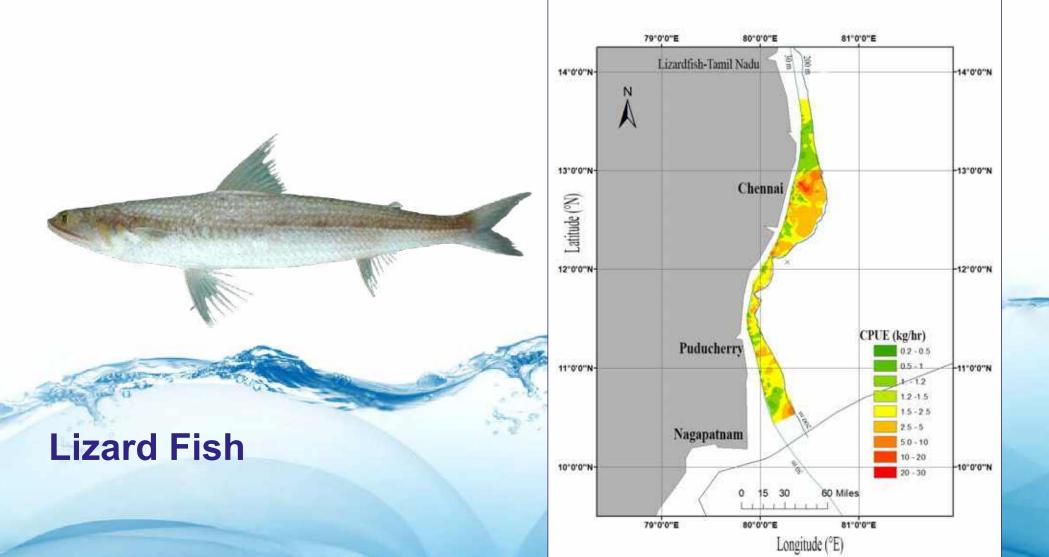






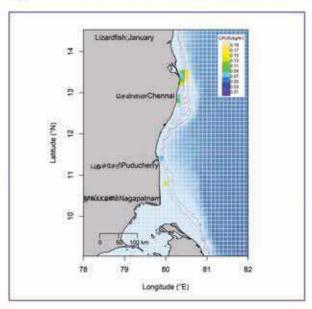


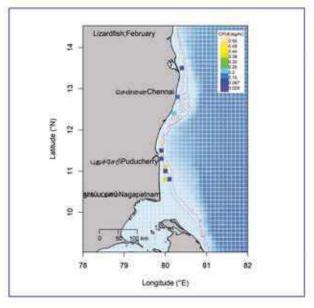


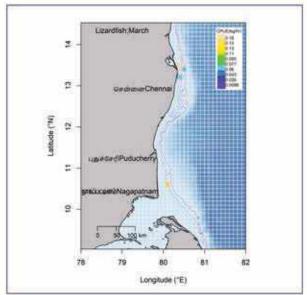


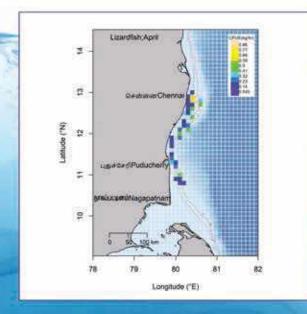


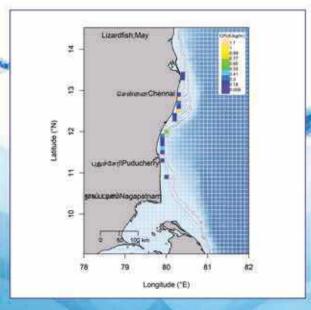


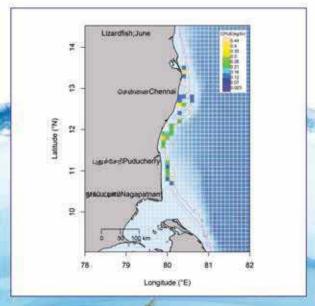






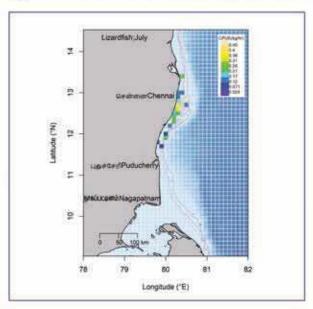


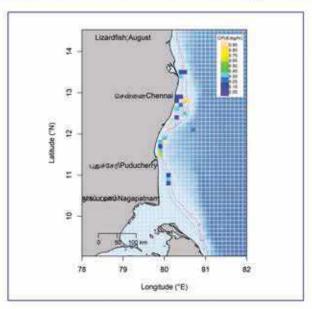


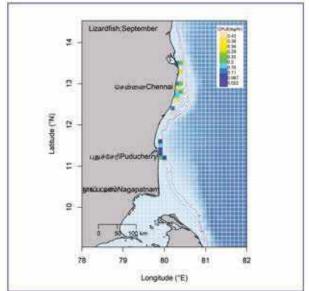


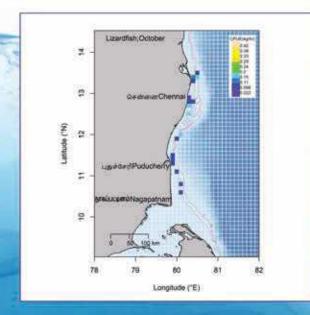


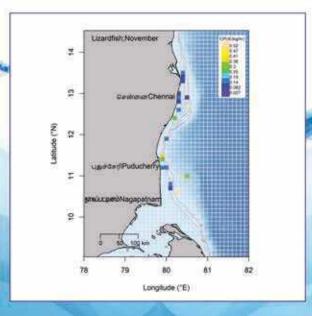


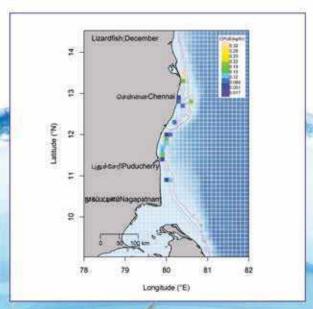






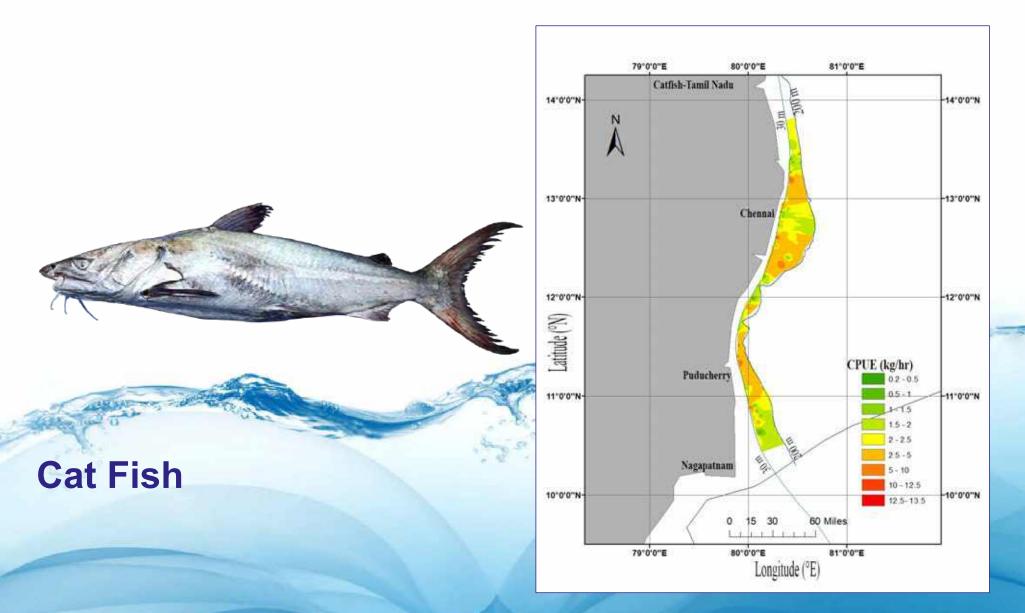






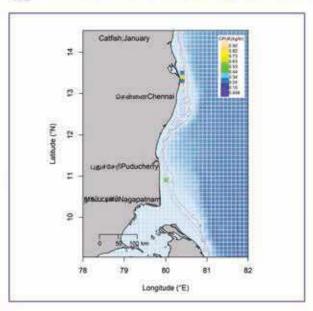


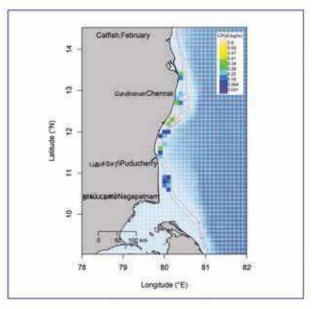


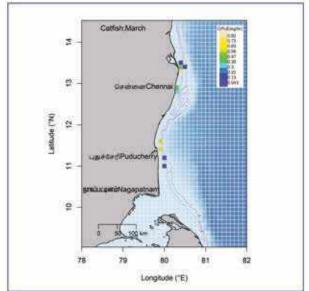


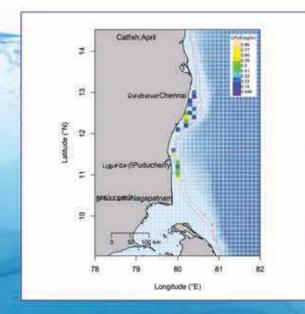


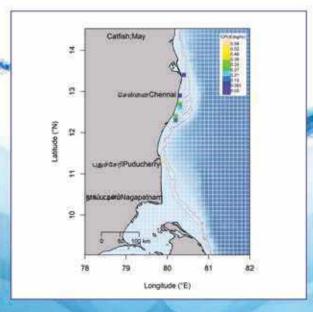


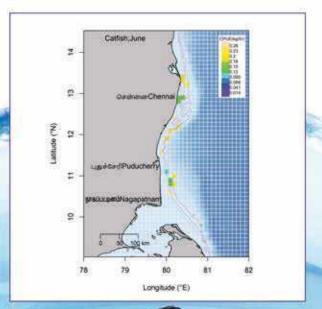






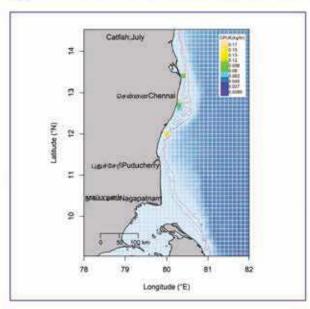


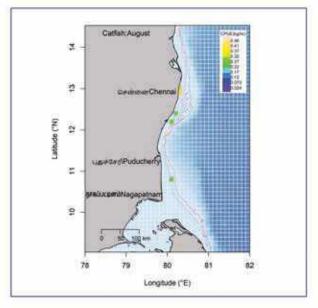


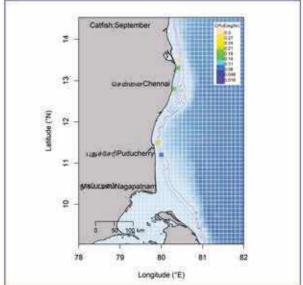


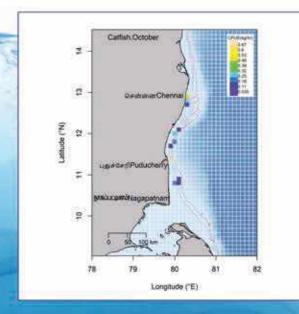


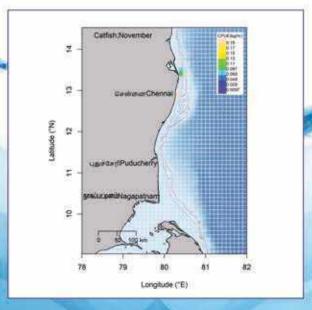


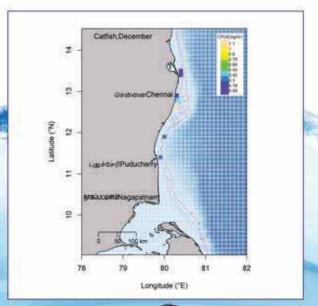








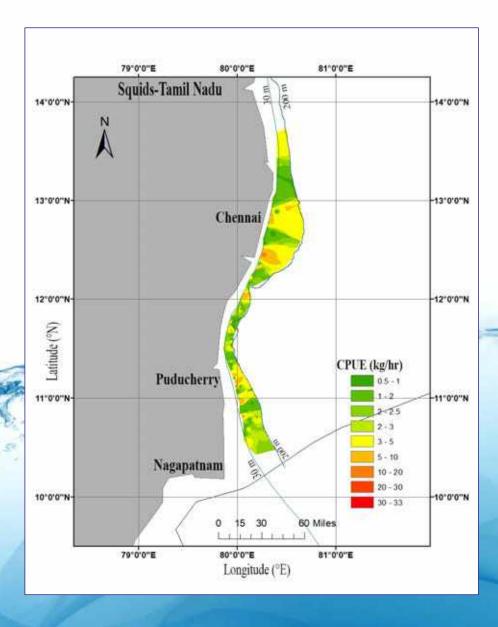








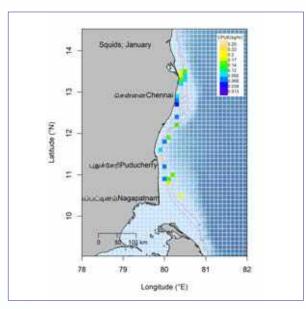


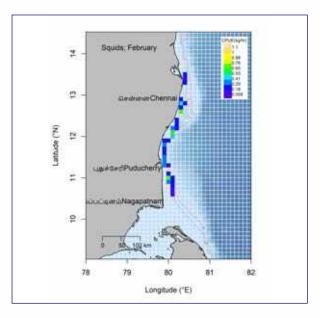


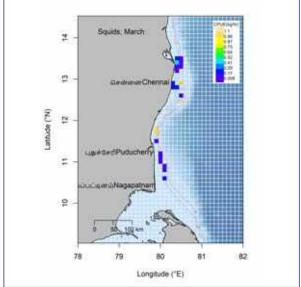
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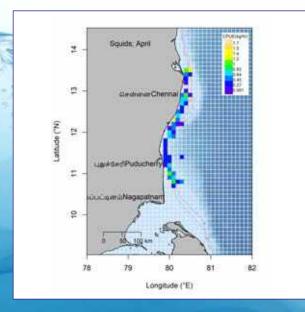


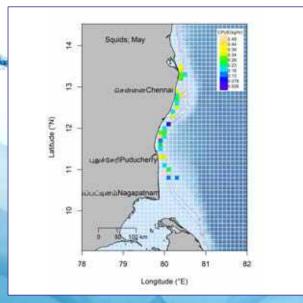


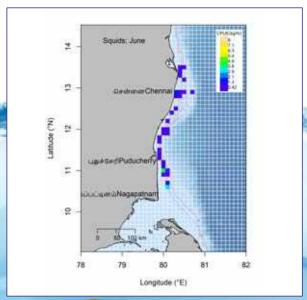






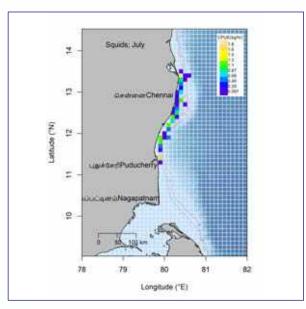


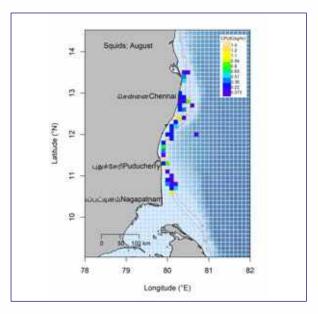


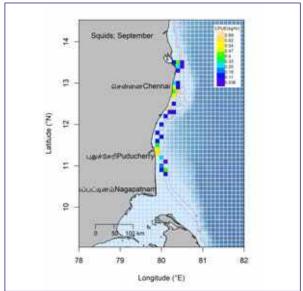


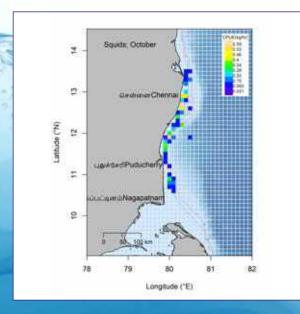


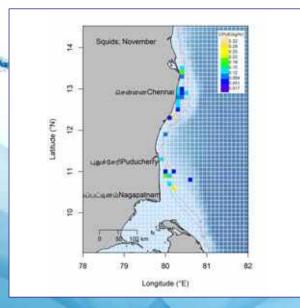


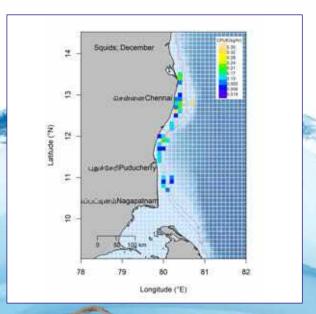










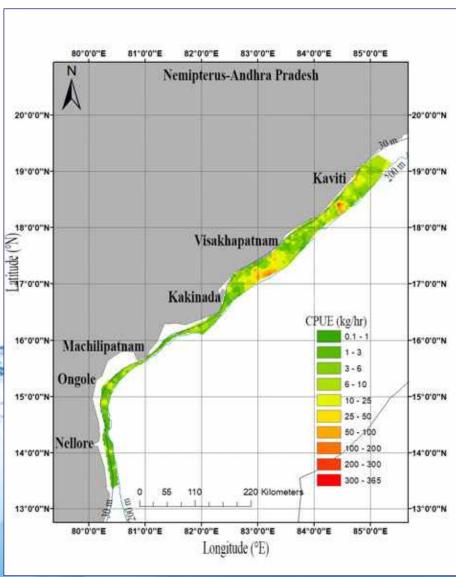






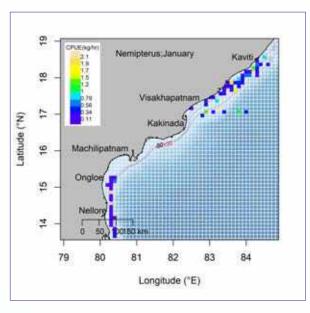


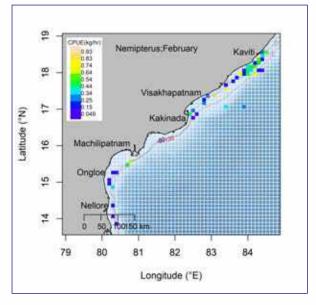


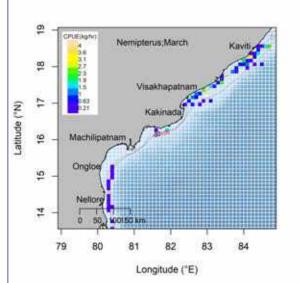


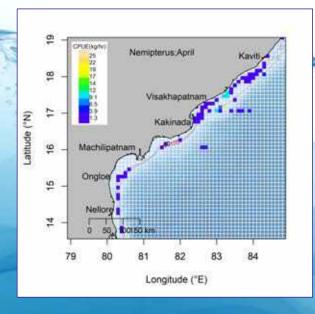


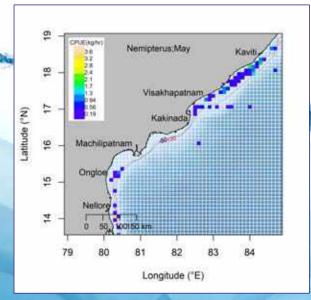


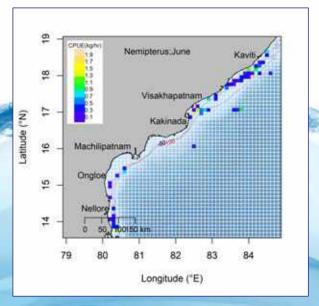








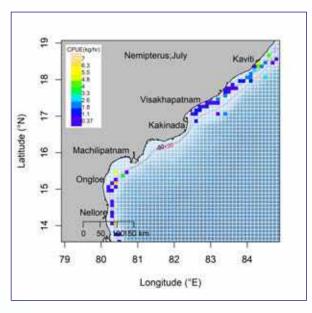


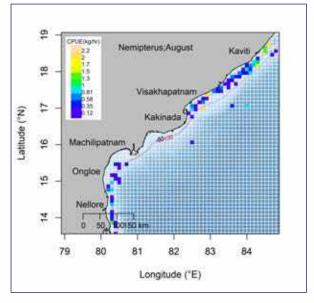


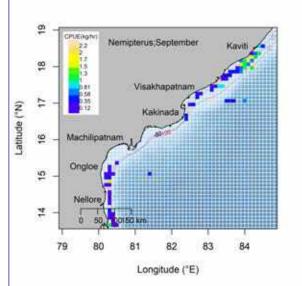


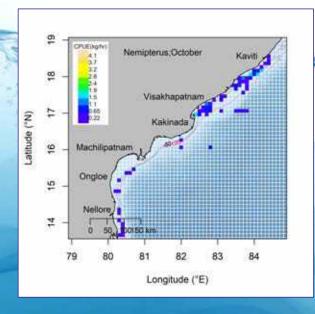


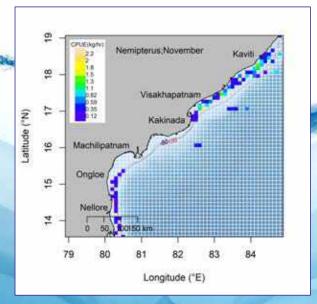


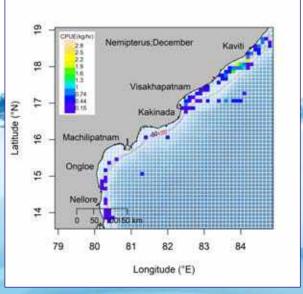








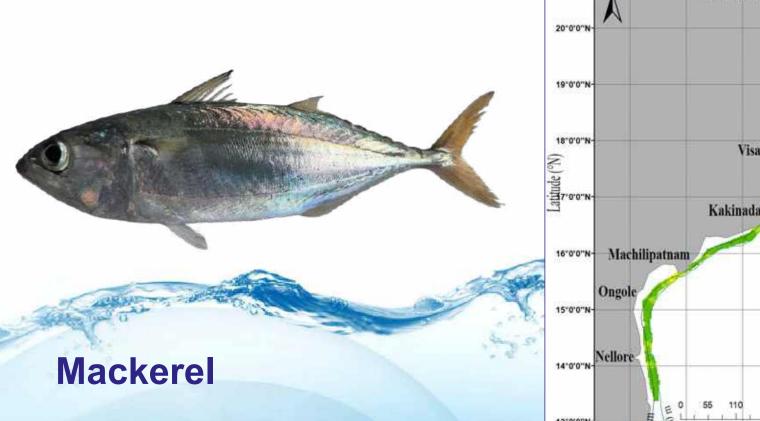


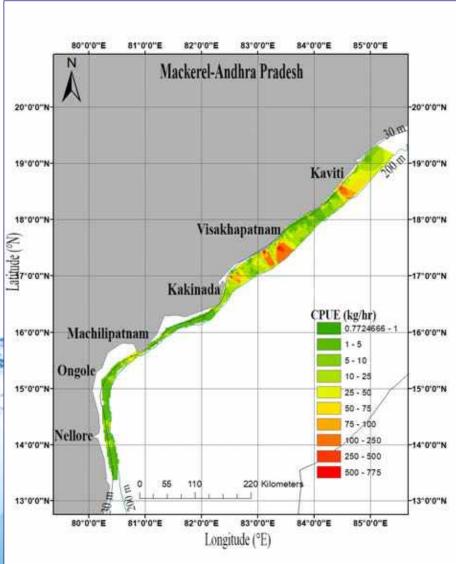






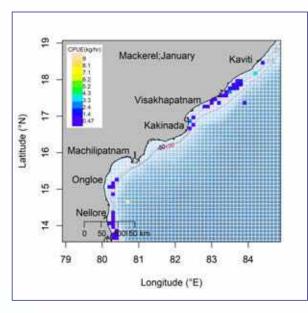


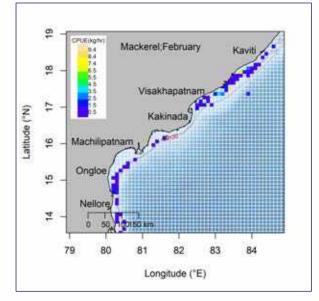


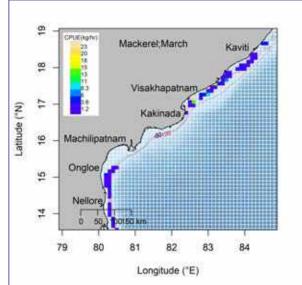


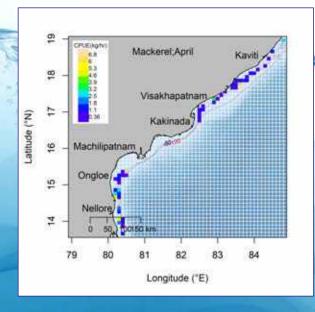


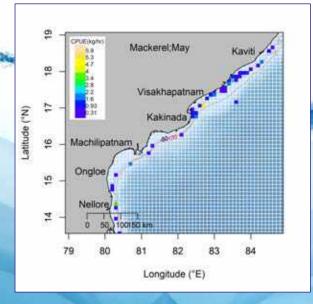


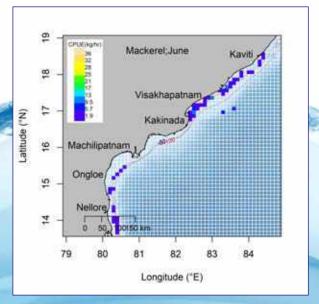








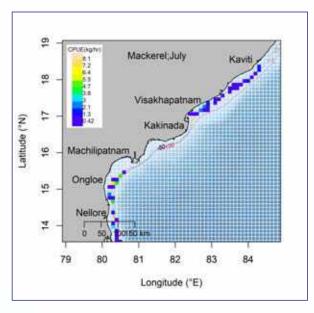


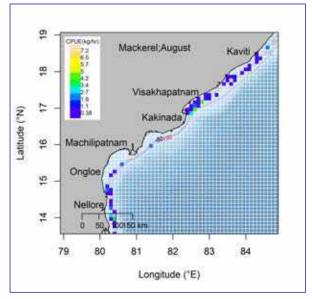


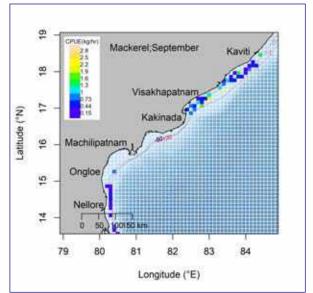


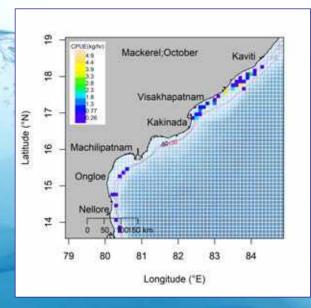


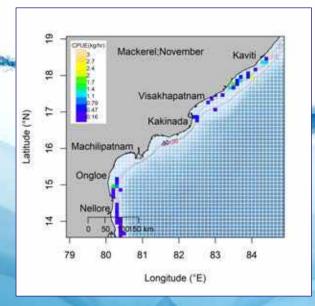


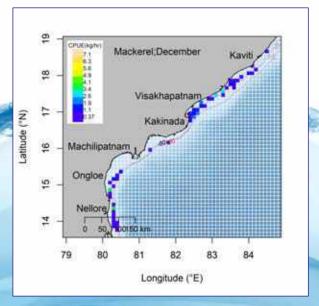












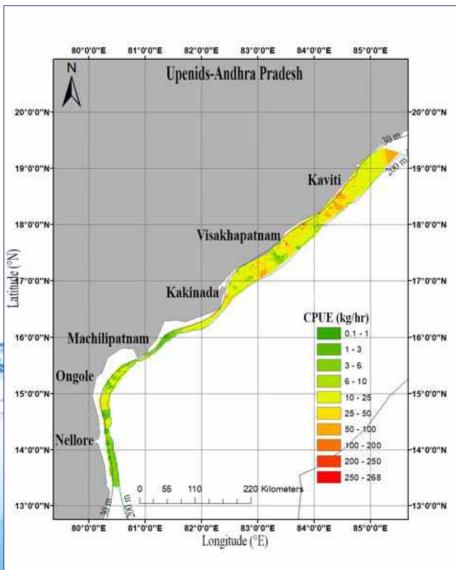






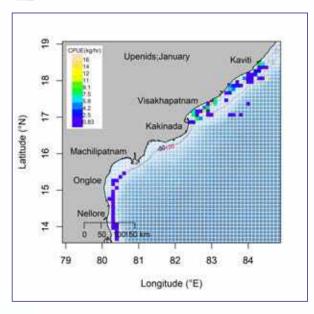


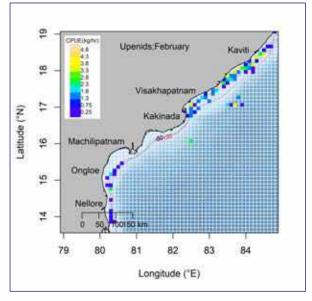


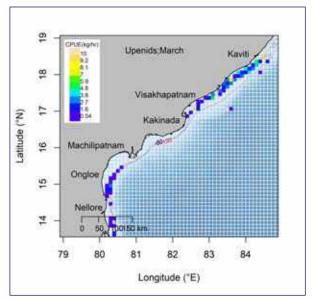


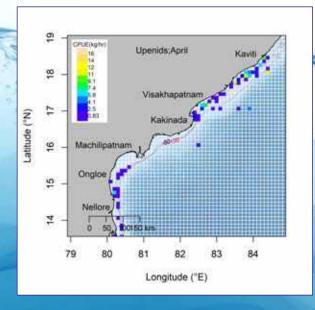


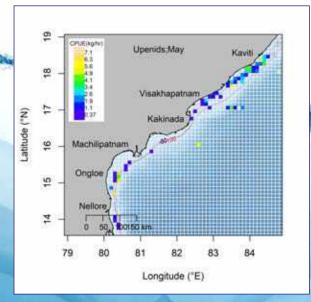


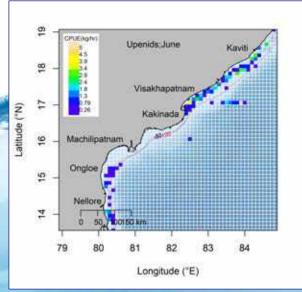








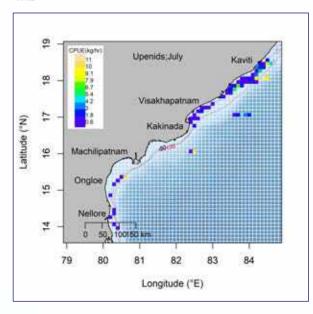


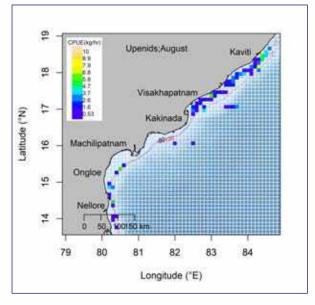


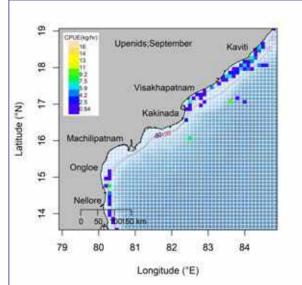


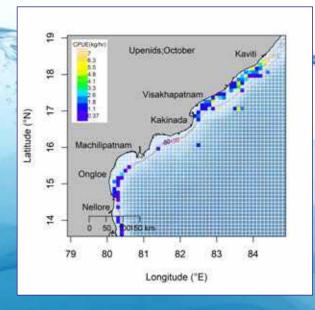


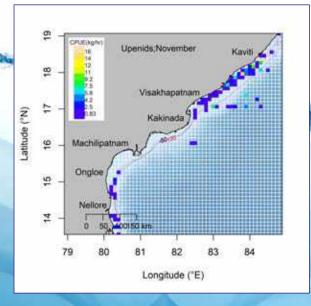


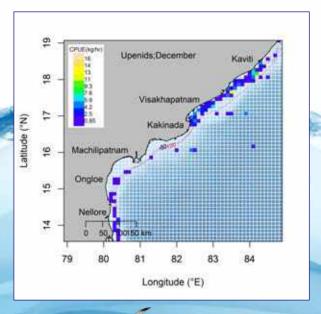










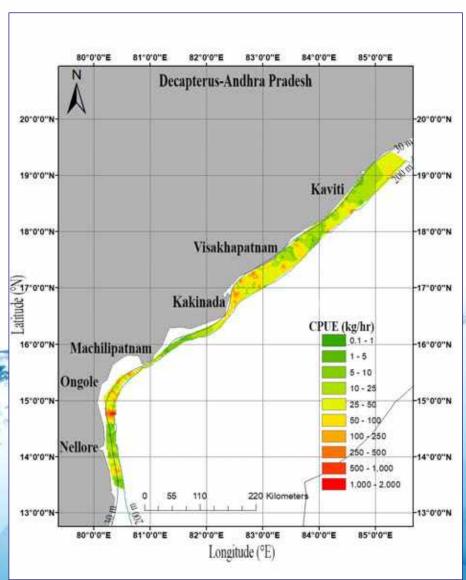






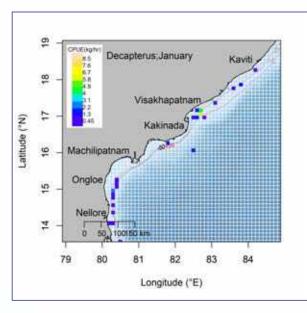


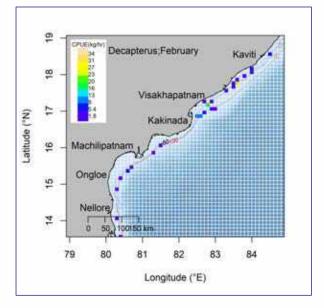


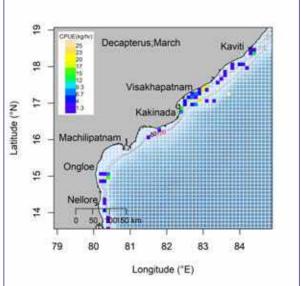


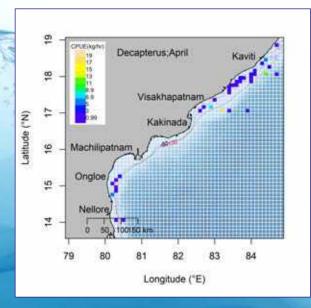


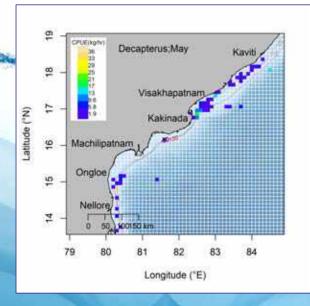


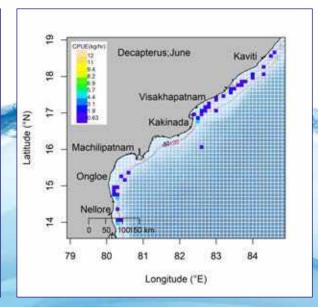






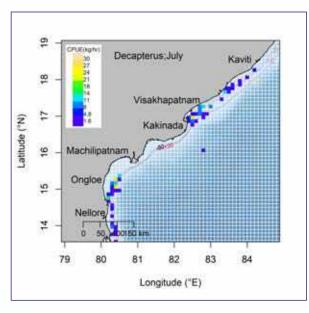


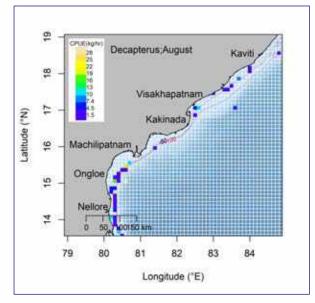


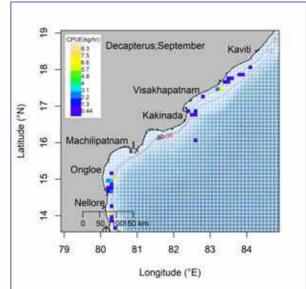


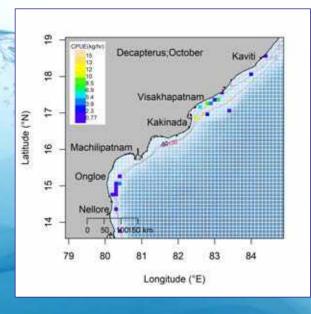


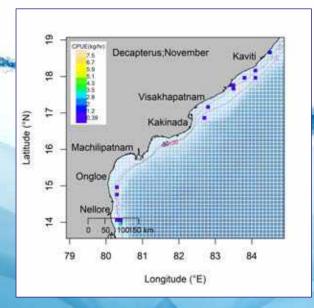


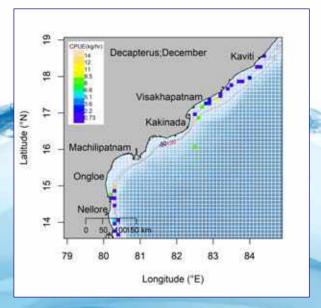






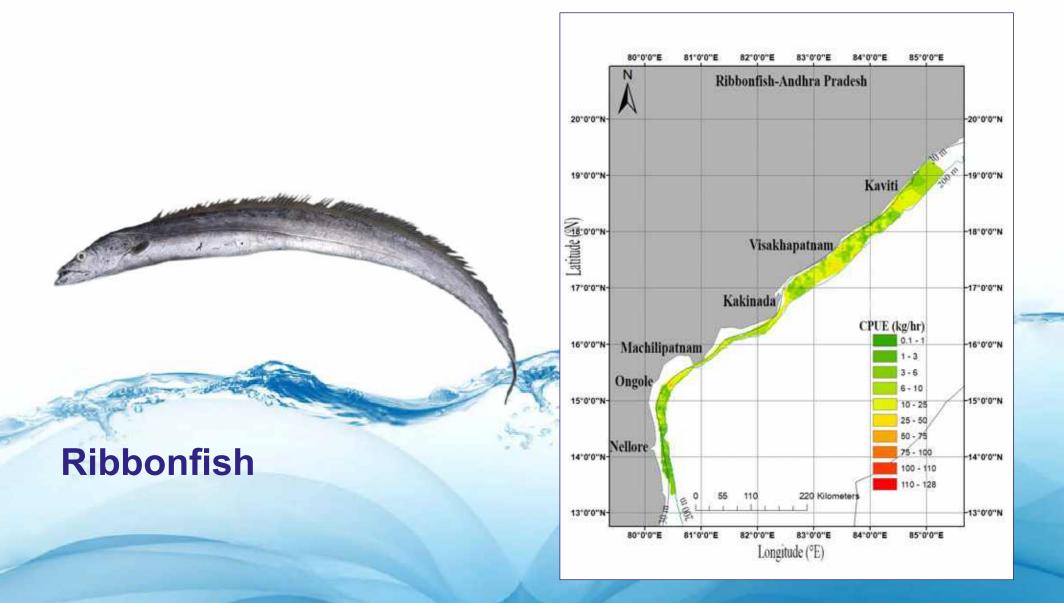






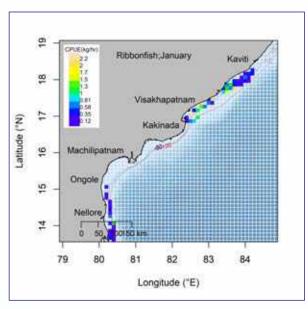


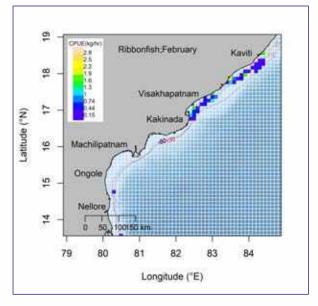


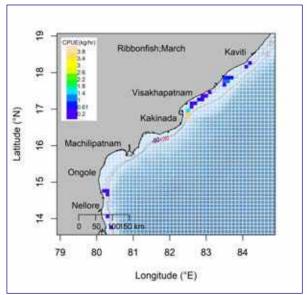


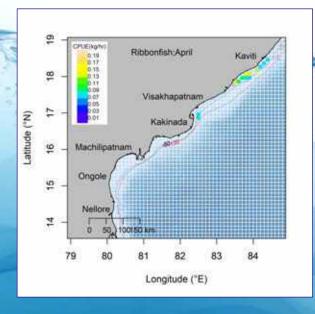


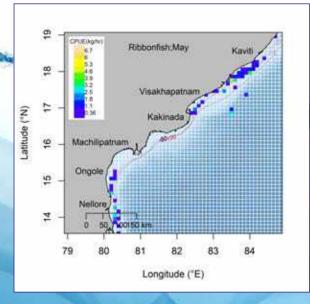


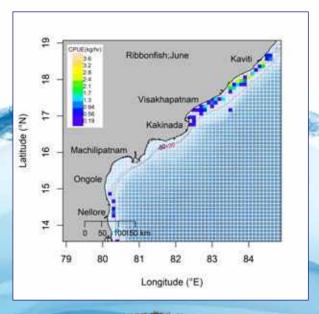






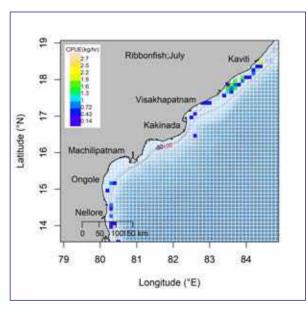


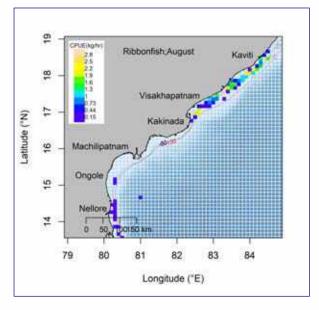


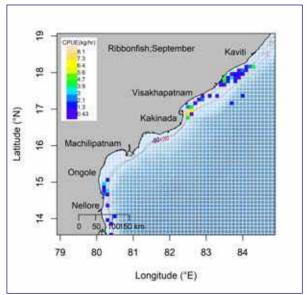


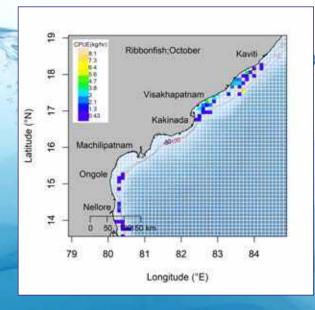


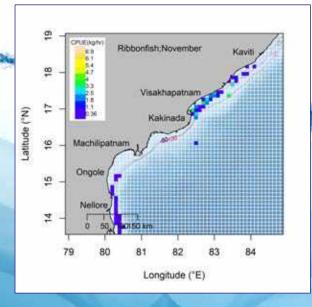


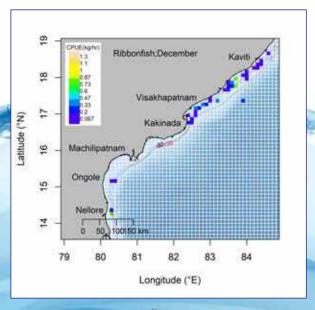










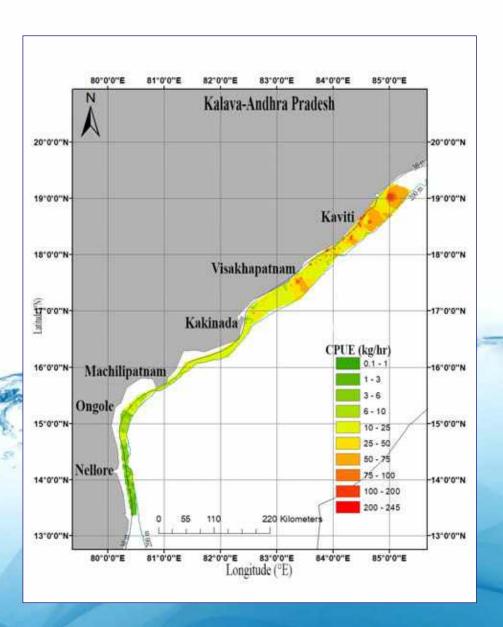






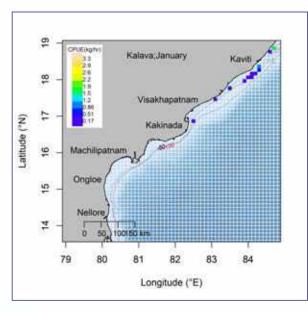


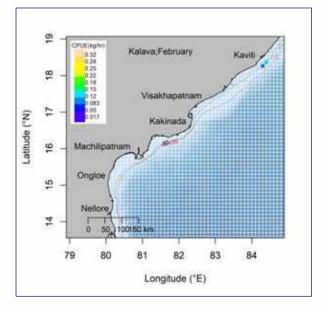


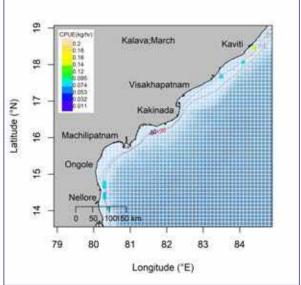


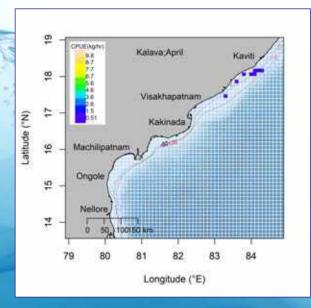


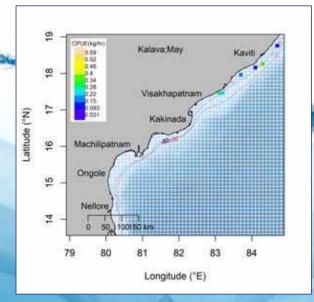


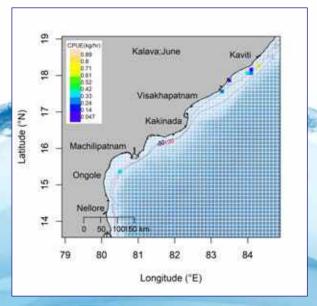






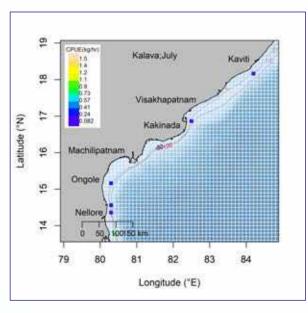


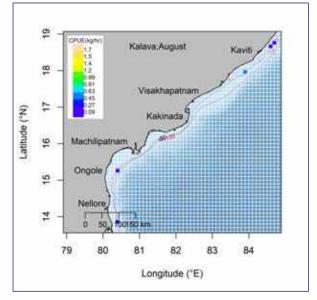


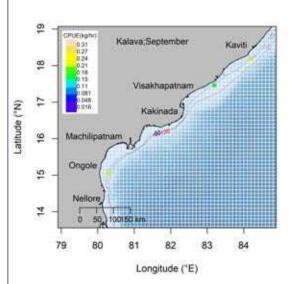


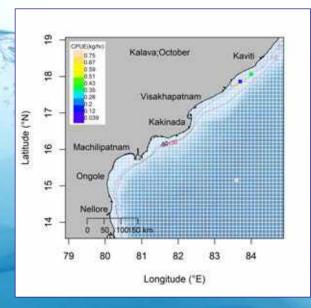


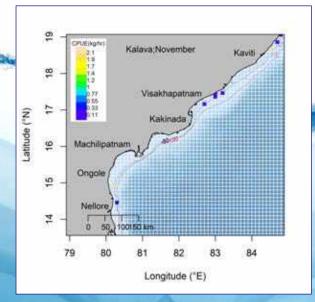


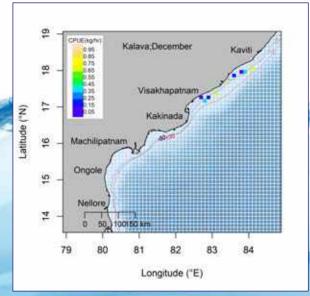












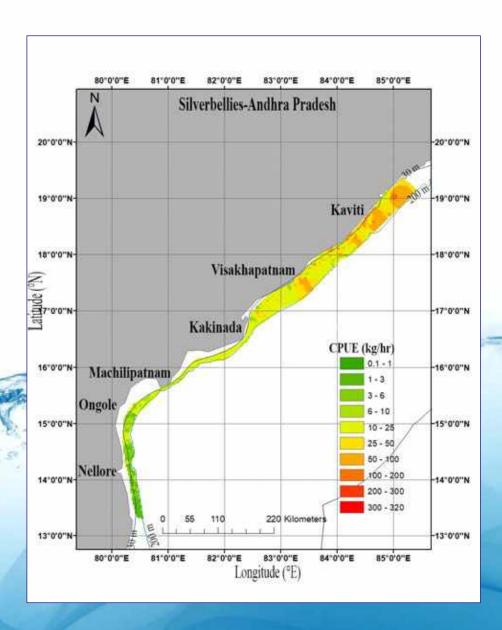






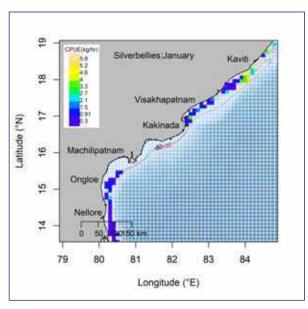


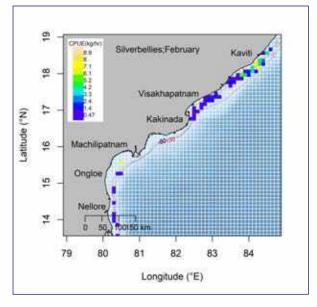
Silverbellies

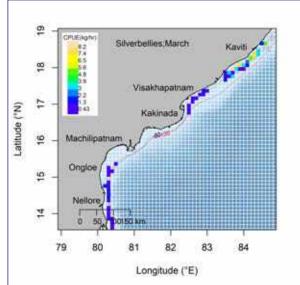


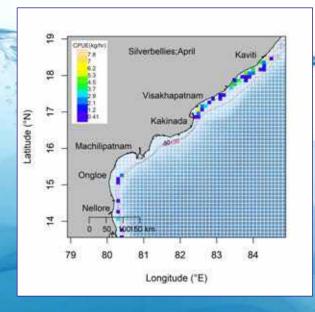


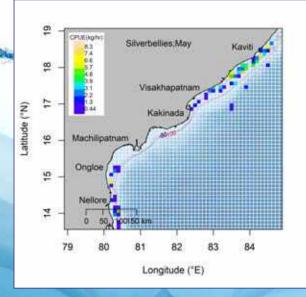


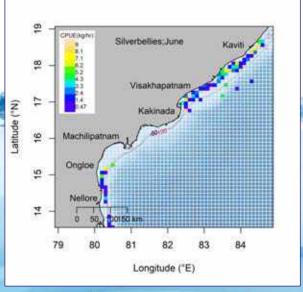








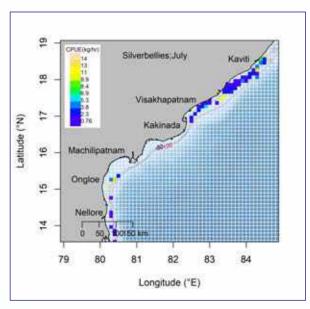


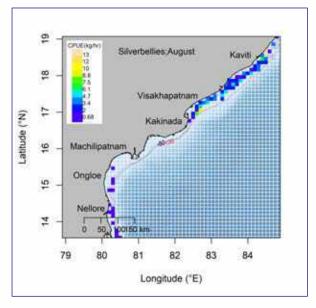


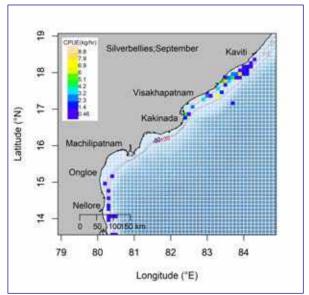


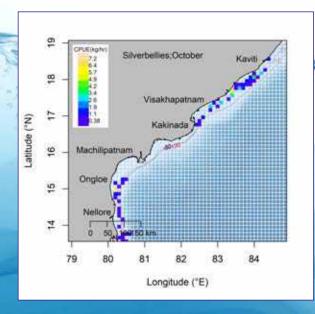


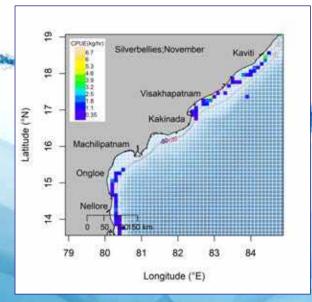


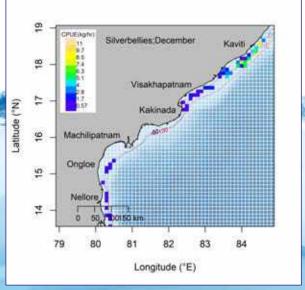








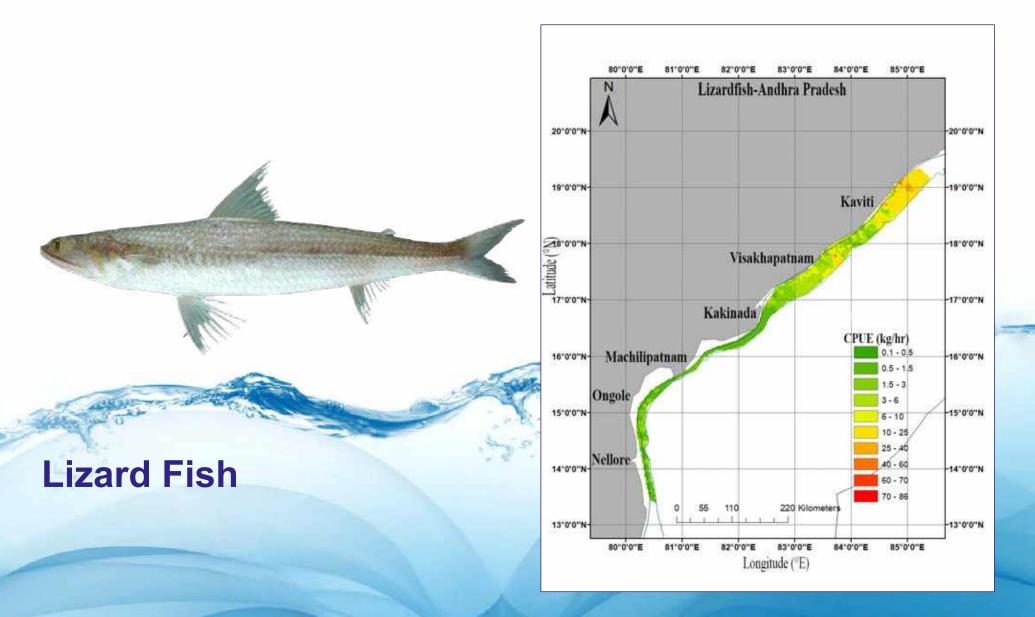






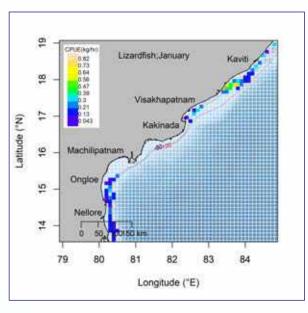


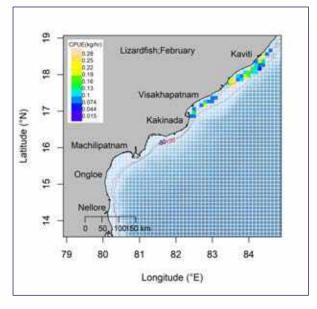


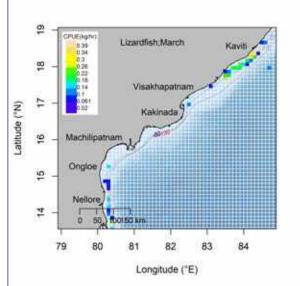


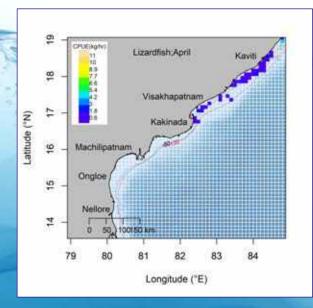


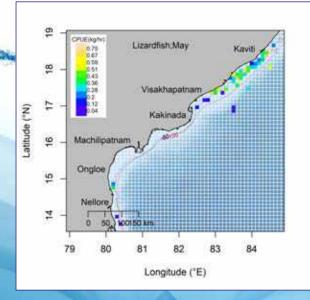


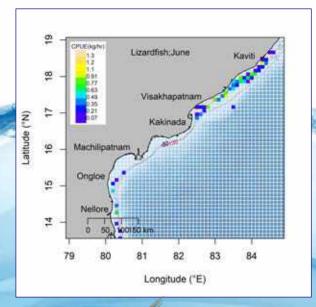






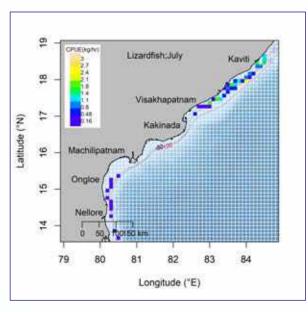


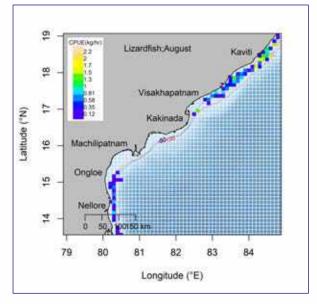


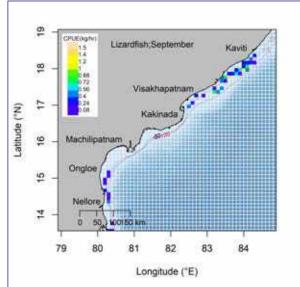


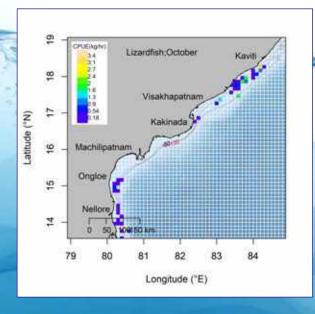


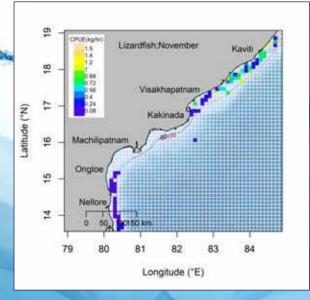


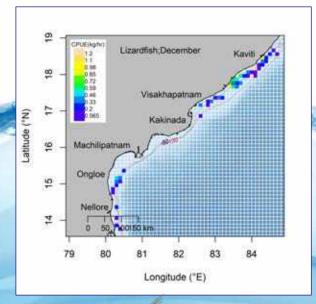






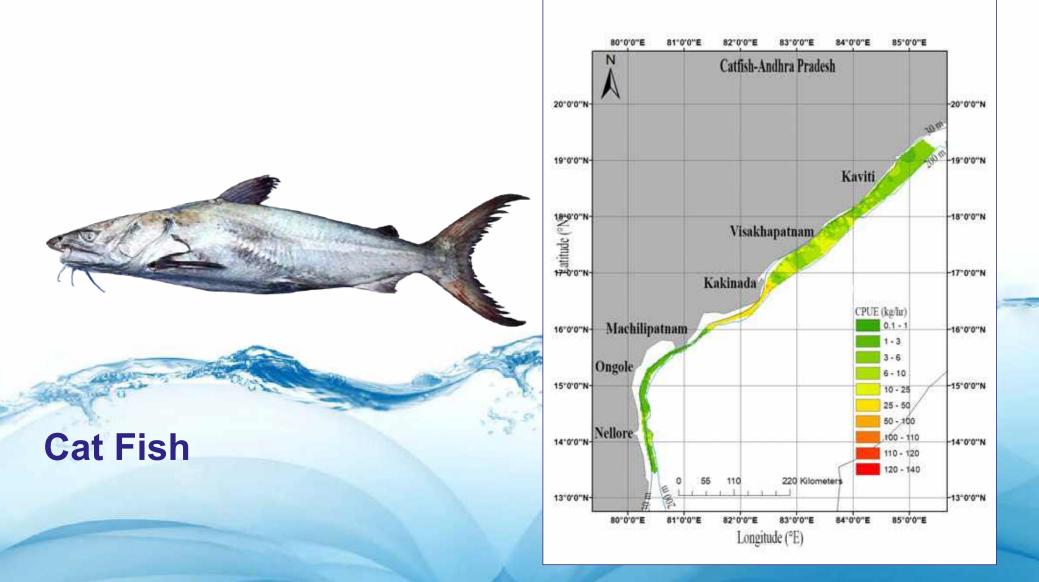






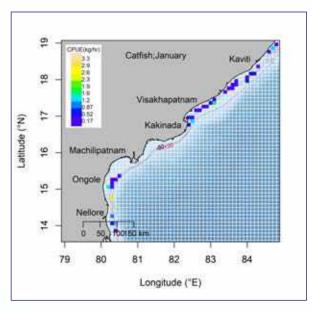


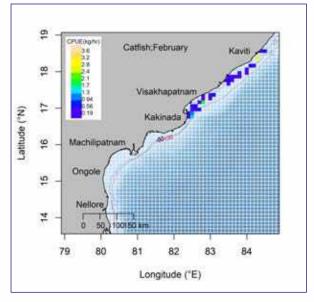


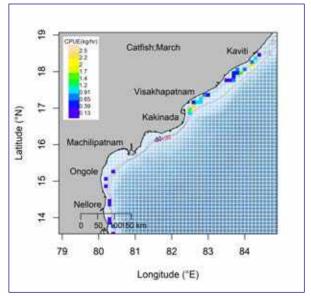


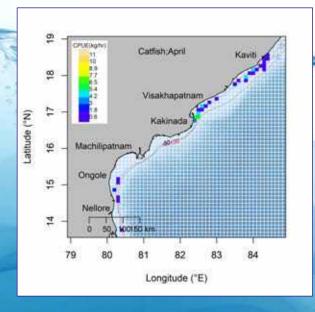


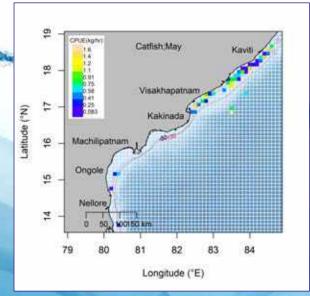


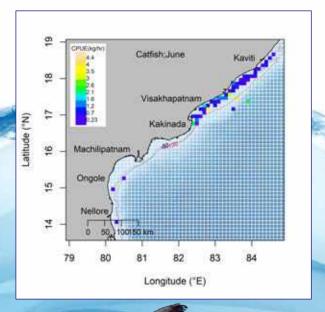






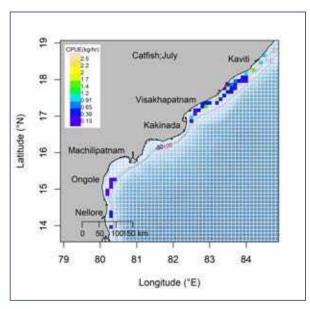


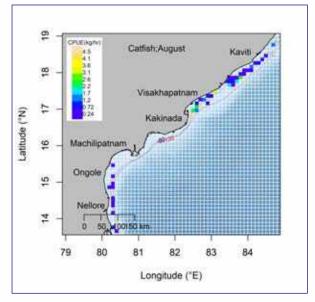


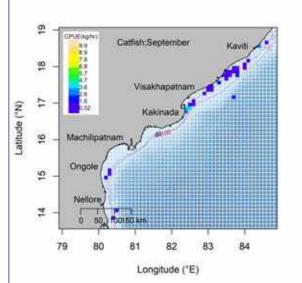


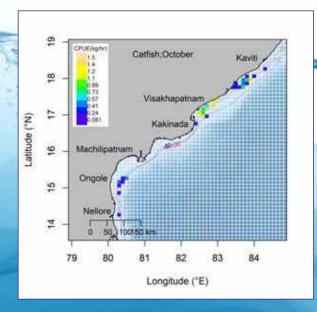


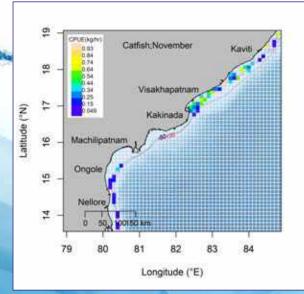


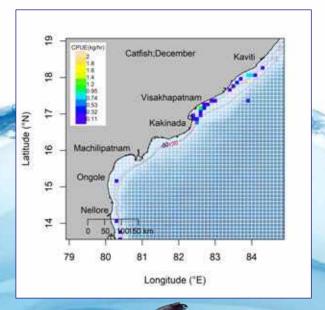










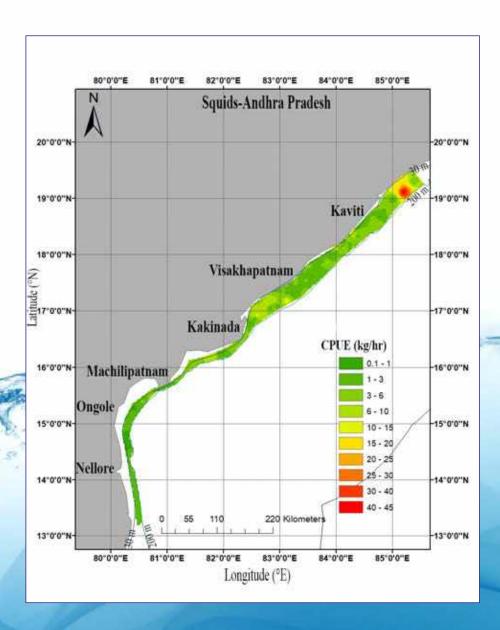






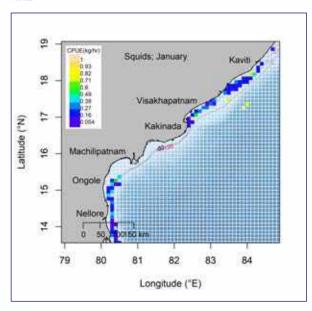


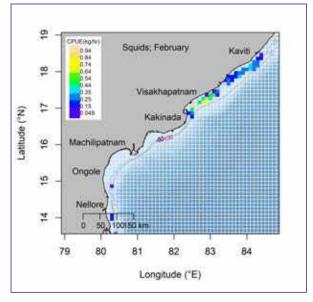
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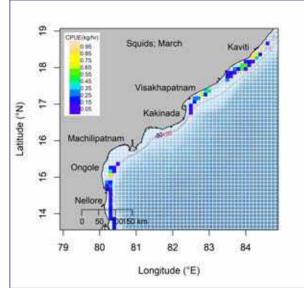


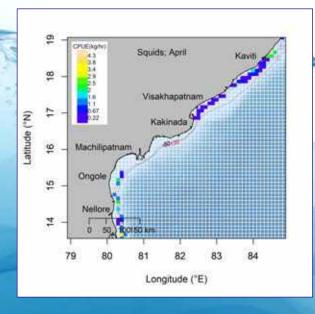


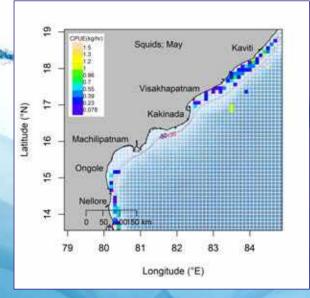


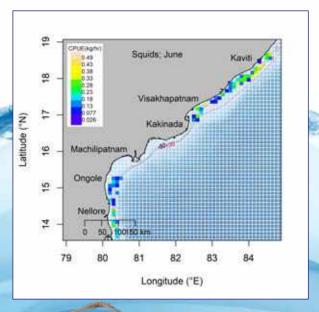






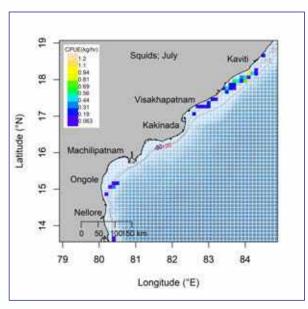


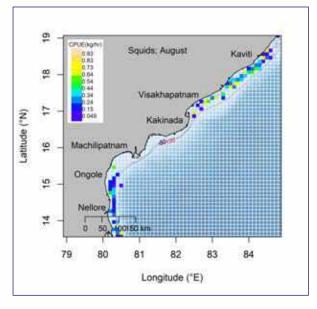


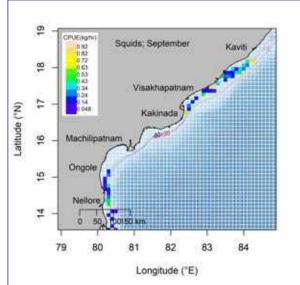


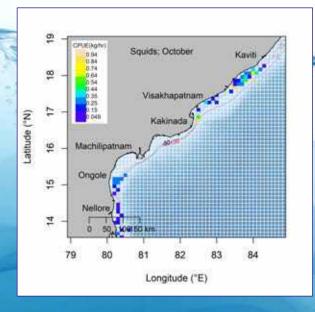


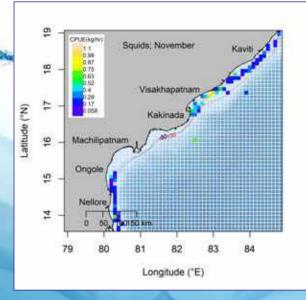


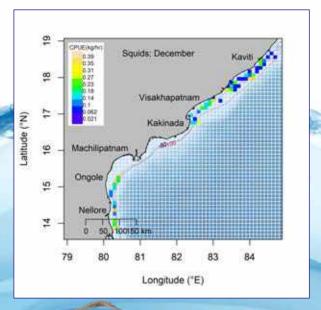














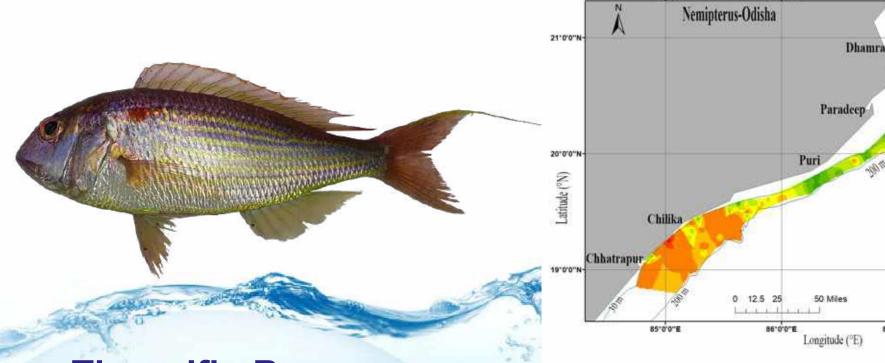


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87'0'0"E

CPUE (kg/hr)

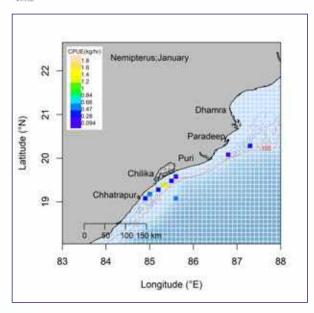
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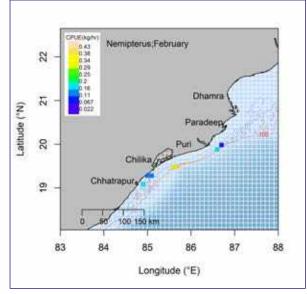


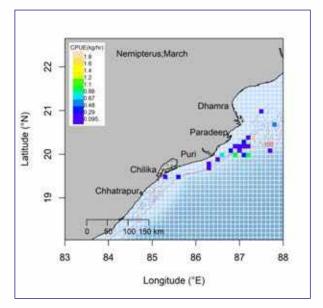
Threadfin Breams (Nemipterus)

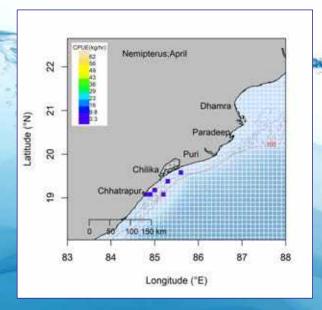


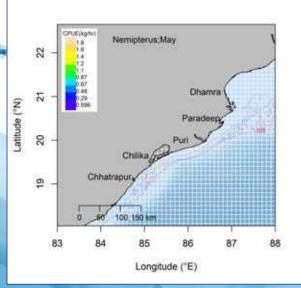


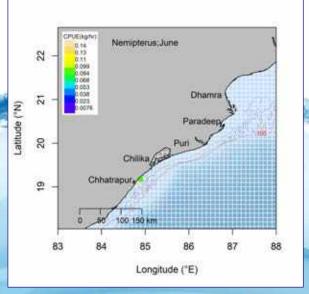








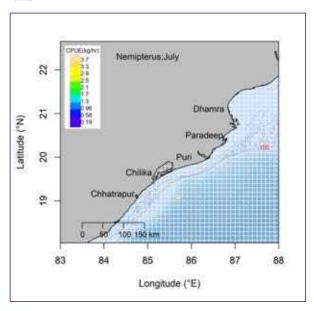


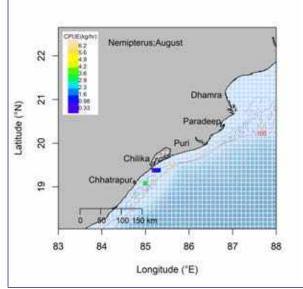


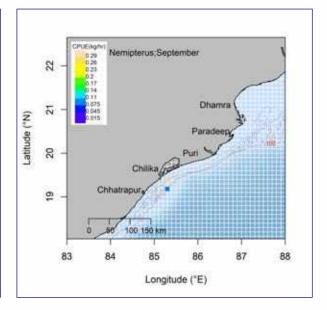


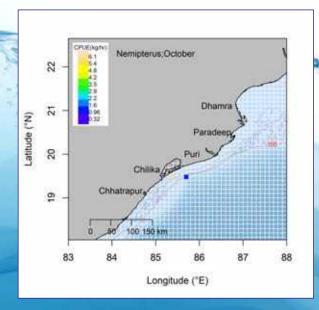


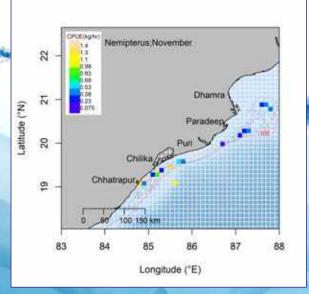


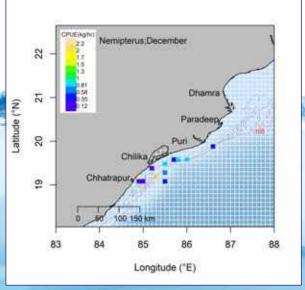






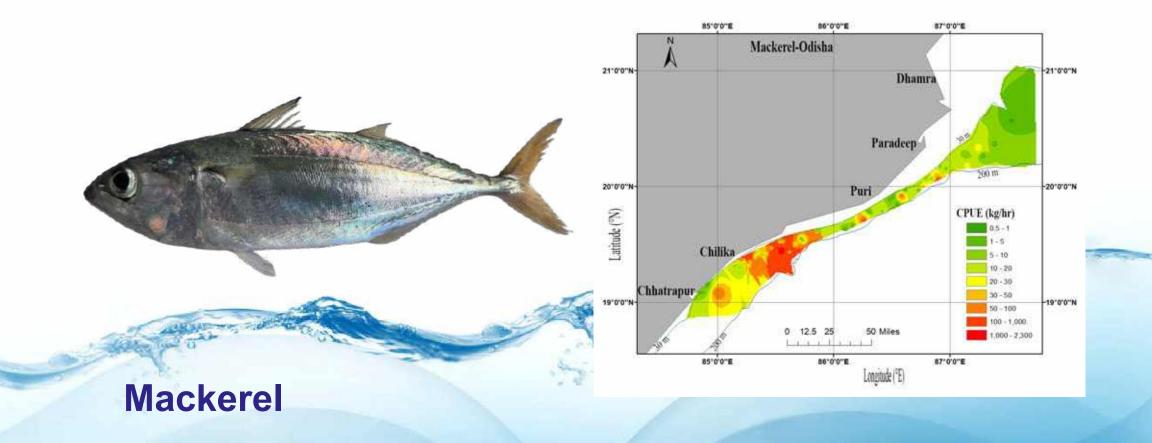






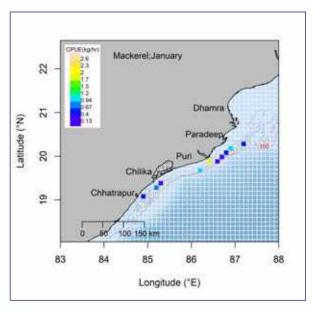


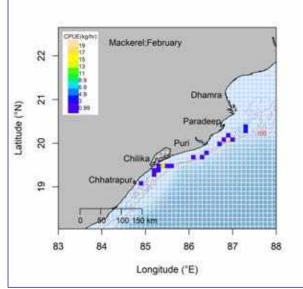


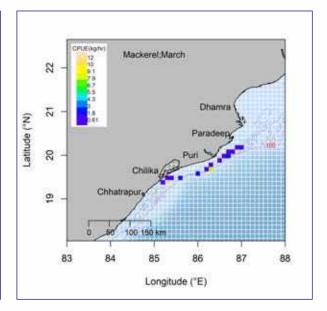


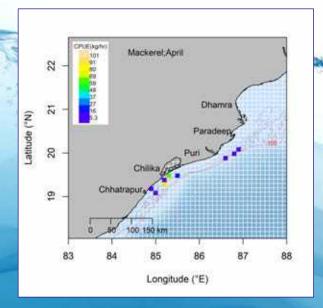


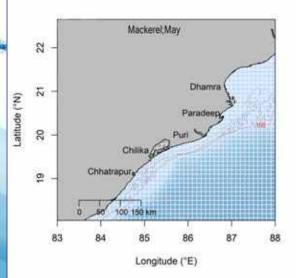


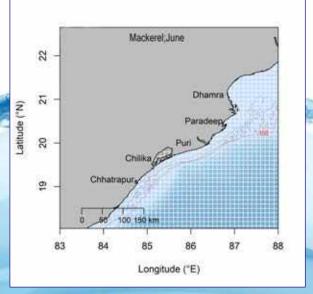








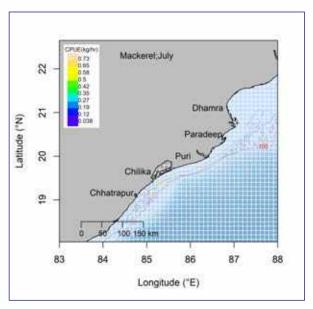


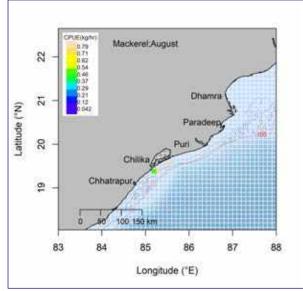


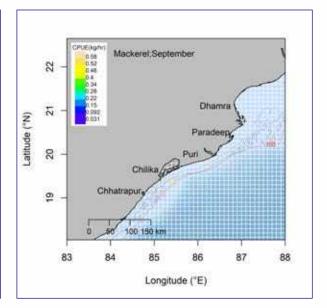


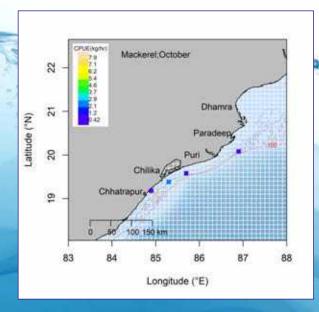


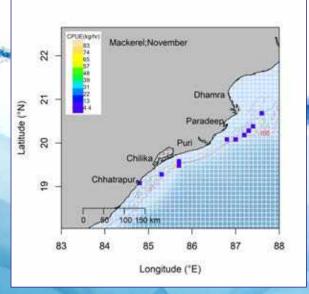


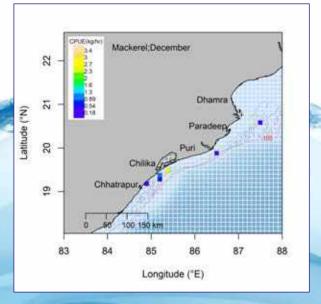




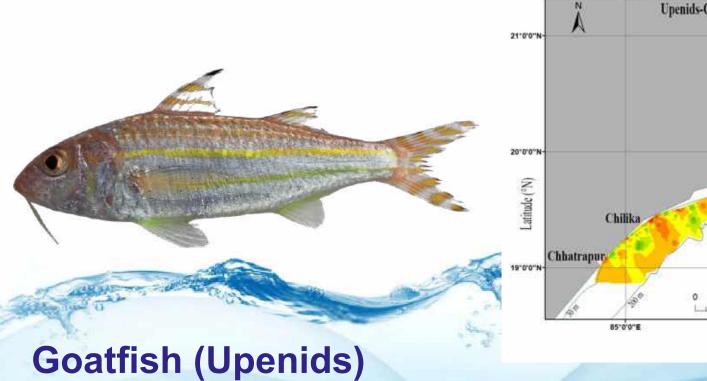


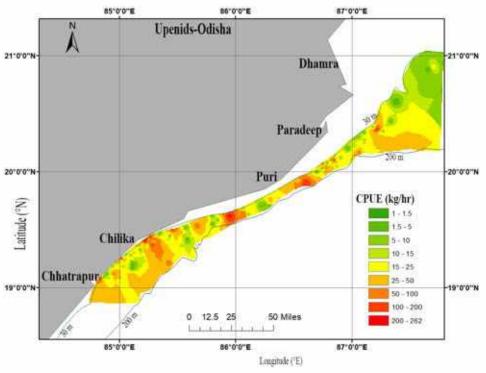






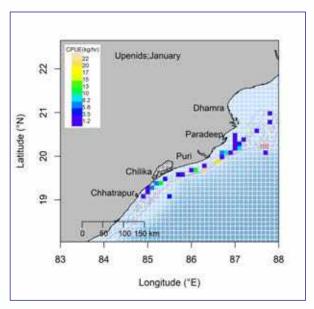


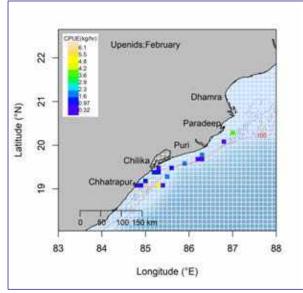


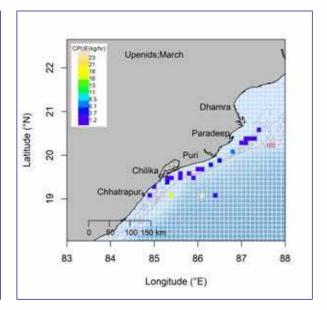


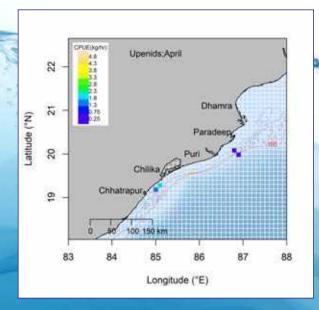


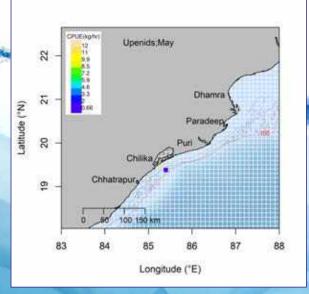


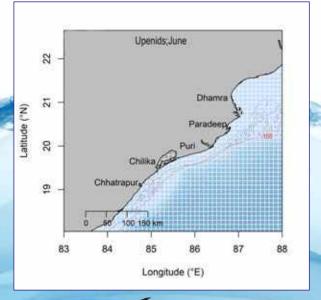






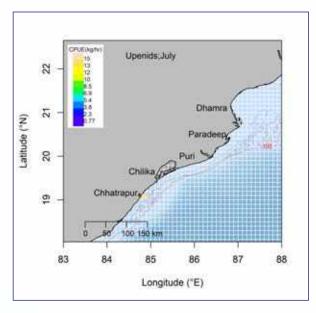


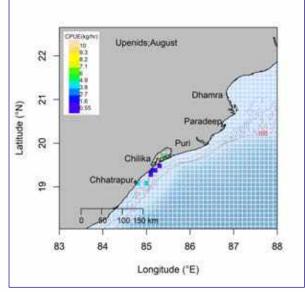


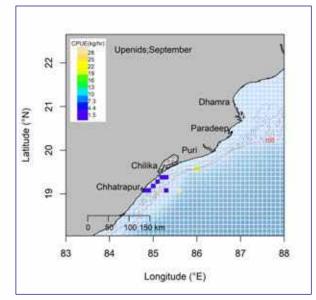


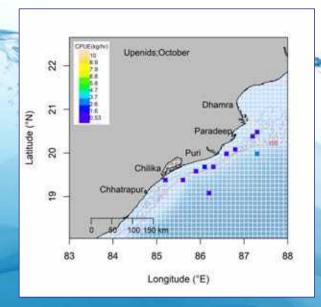


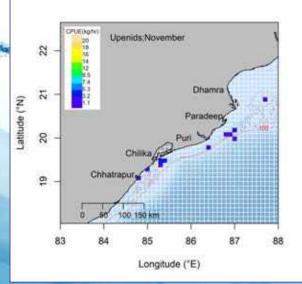


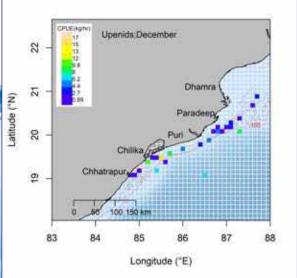






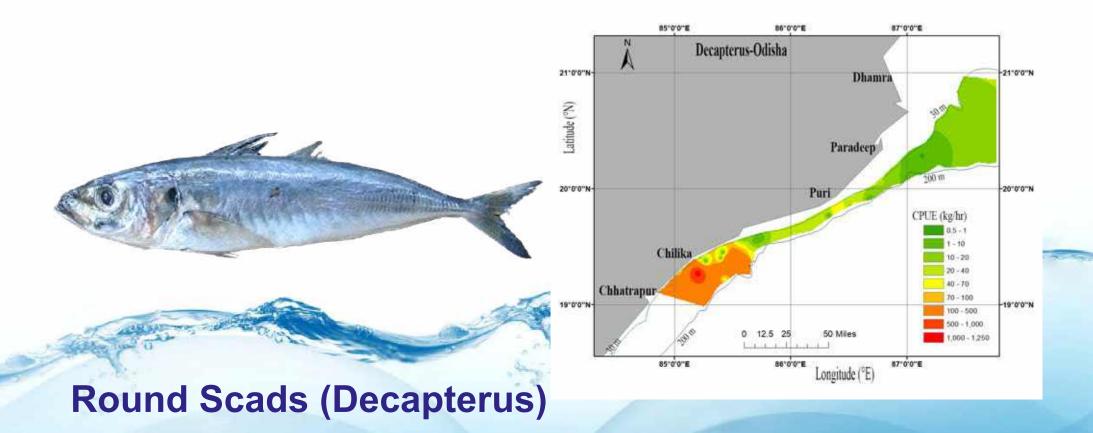






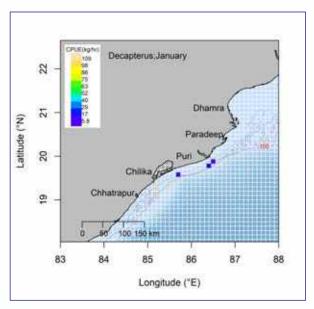


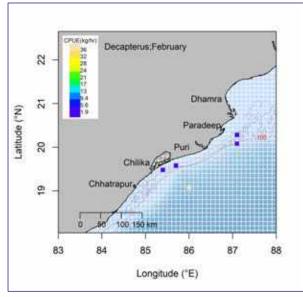


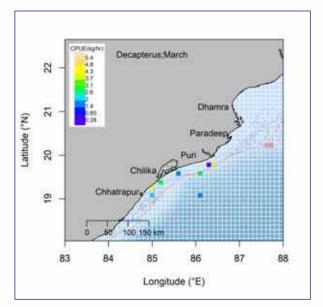


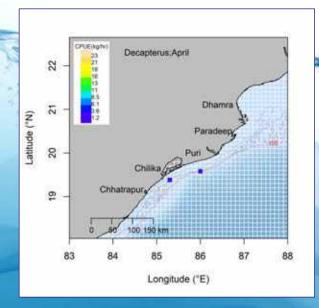


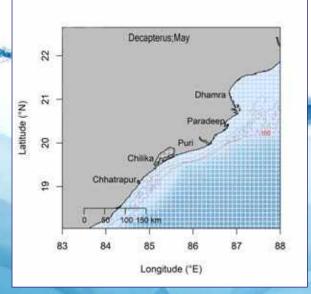


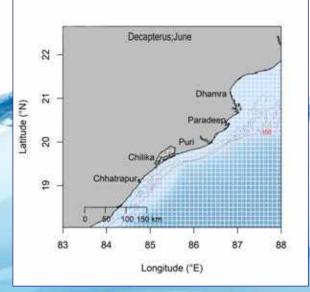






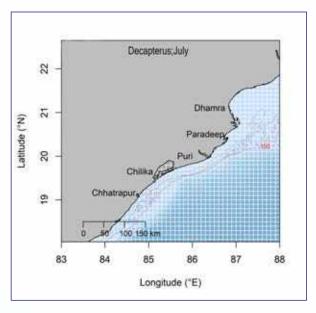


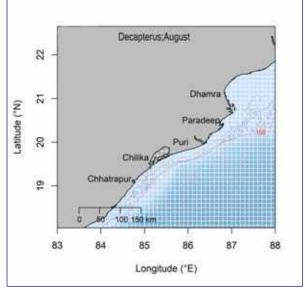


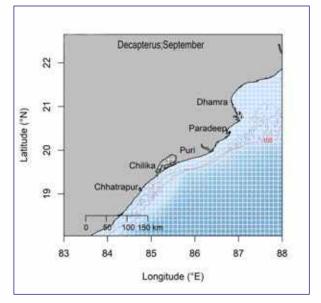


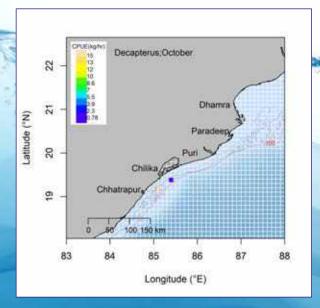


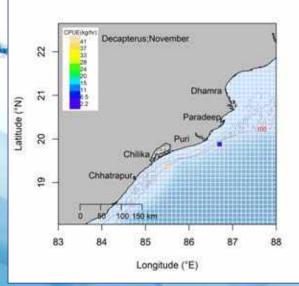


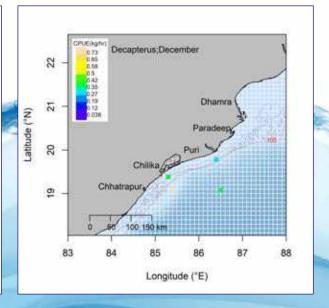




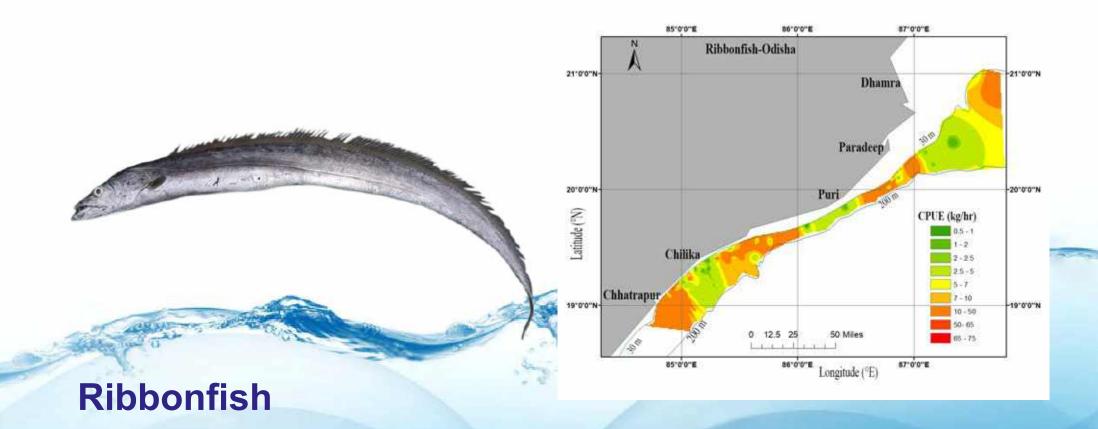






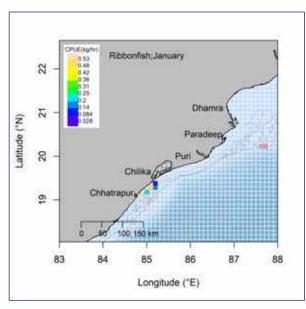


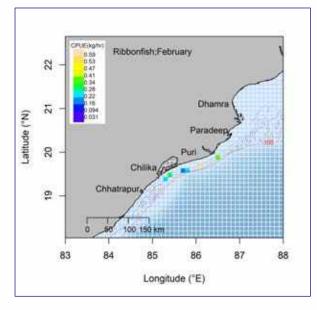


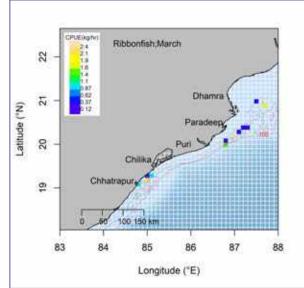


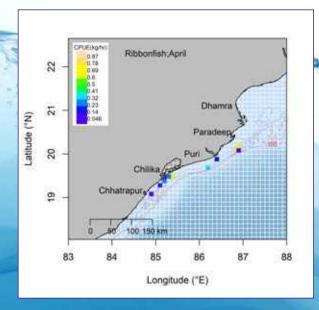


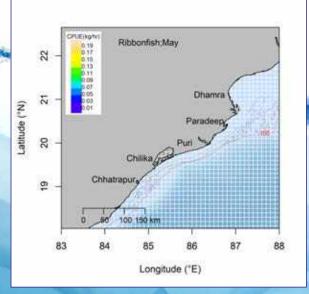


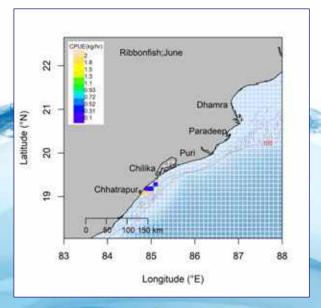






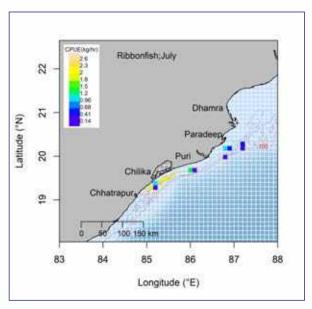


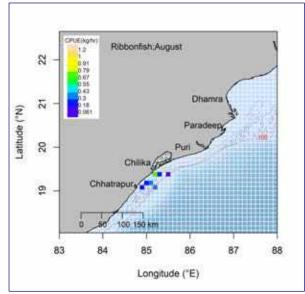


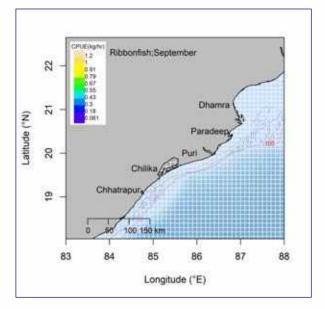


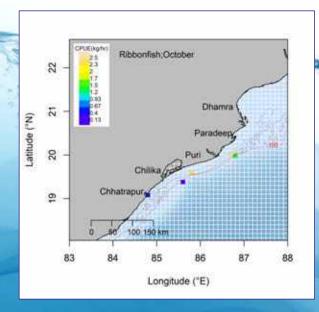


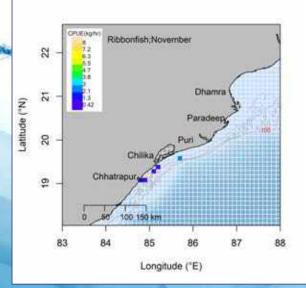


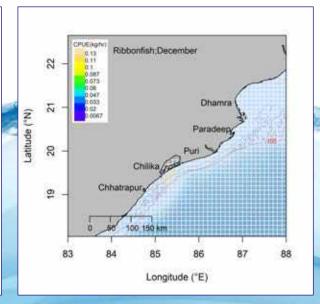






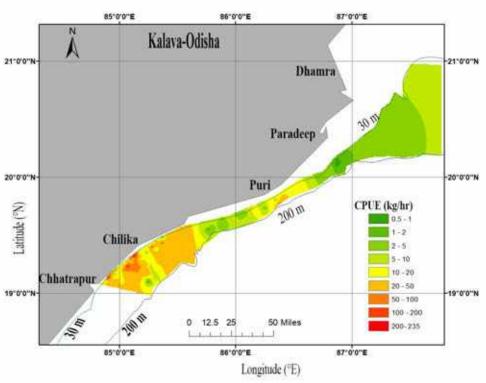






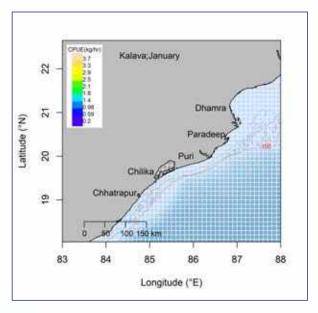


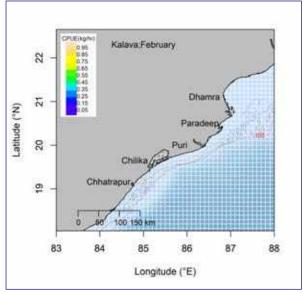


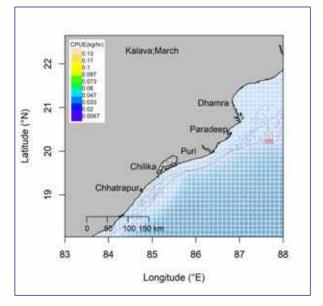


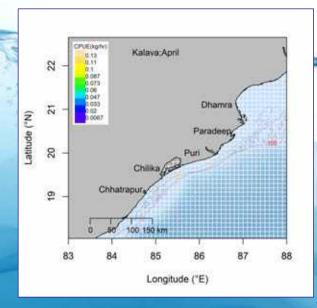


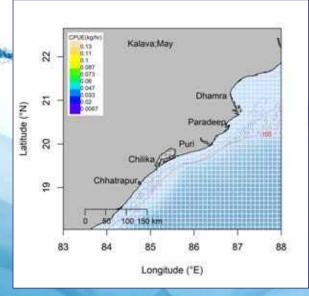


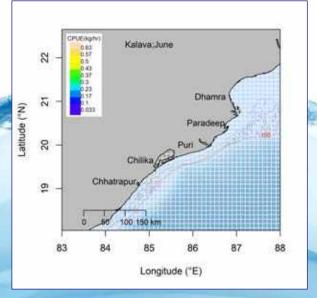








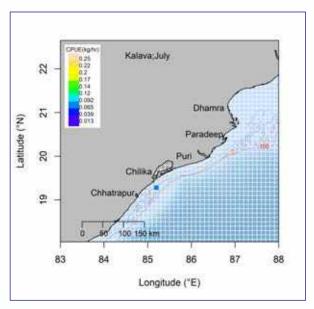


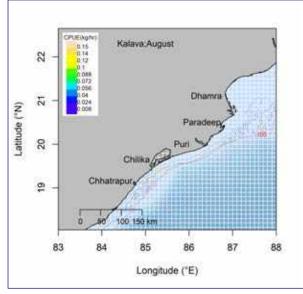


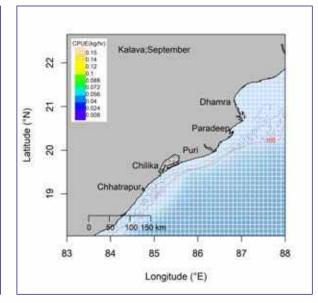


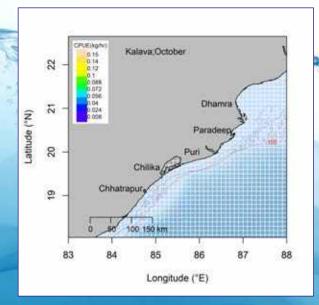


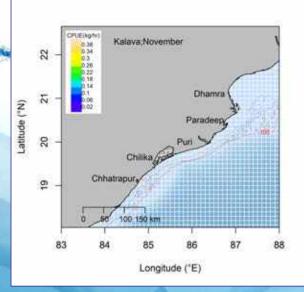


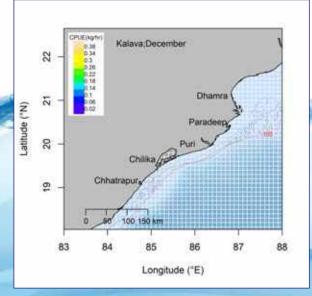






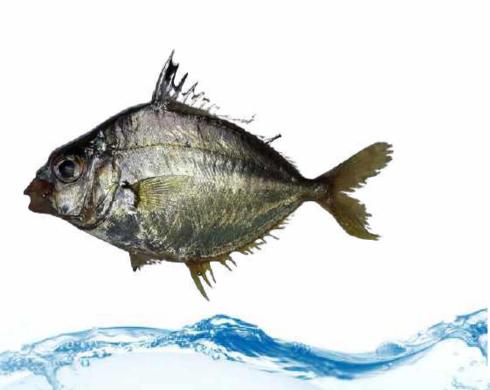


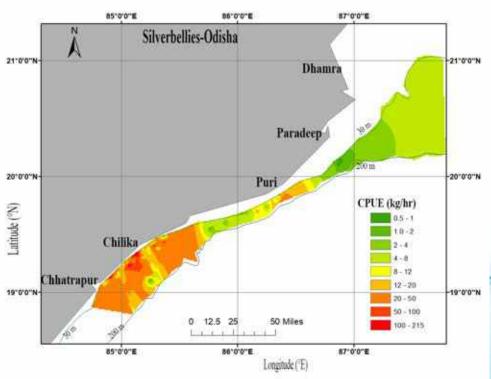








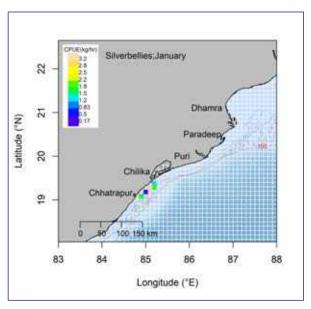


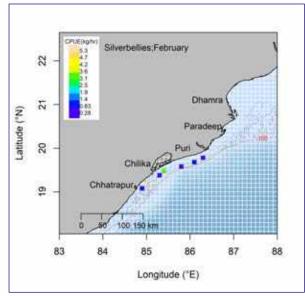


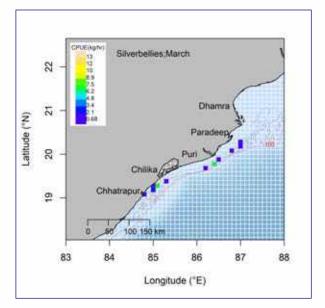
Silverbellies

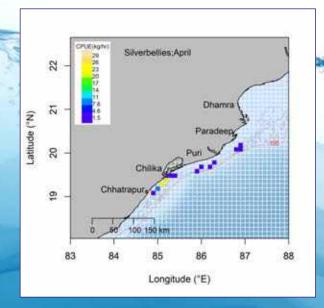


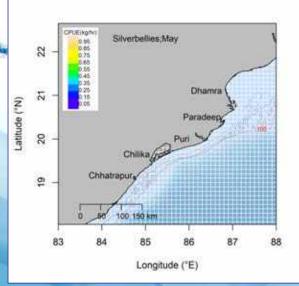


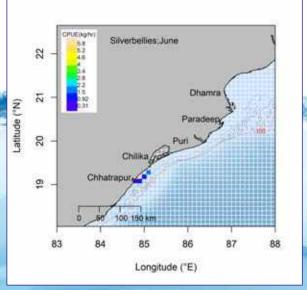








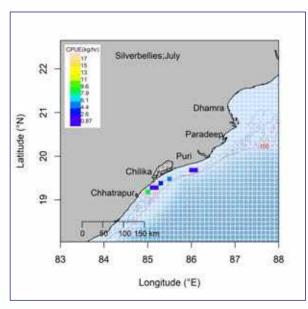


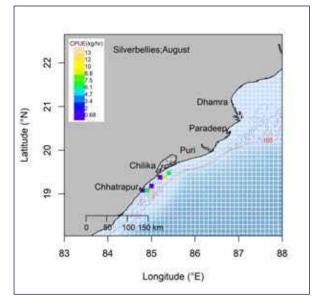


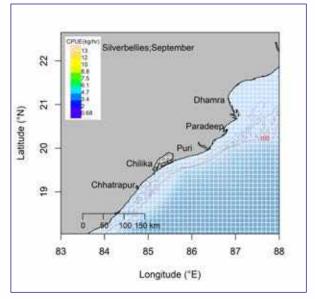


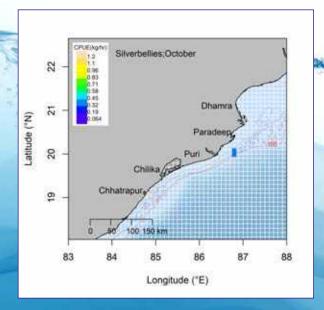


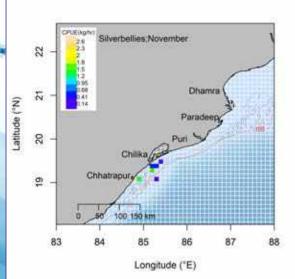


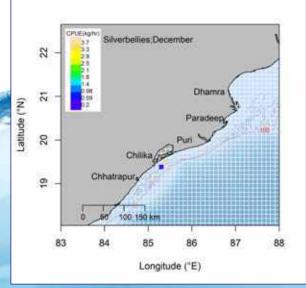








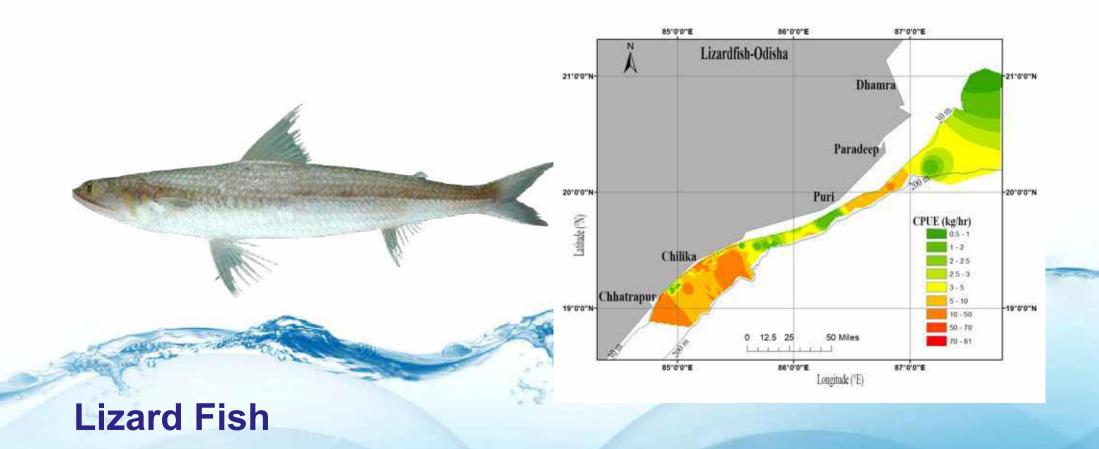






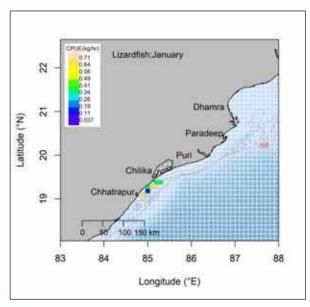


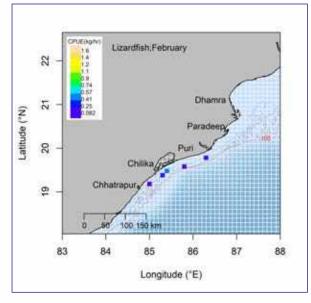


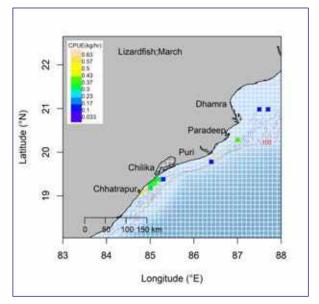


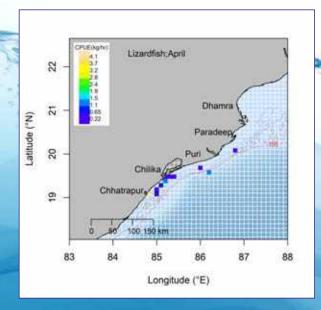


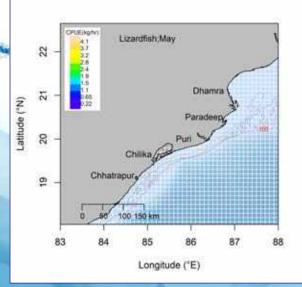


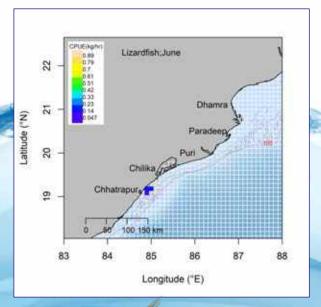






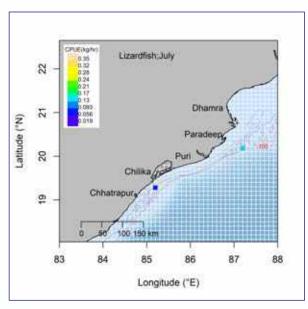


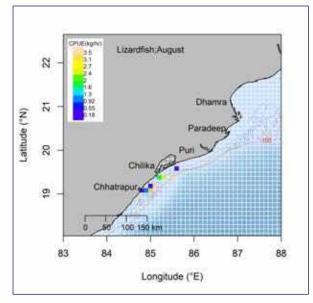


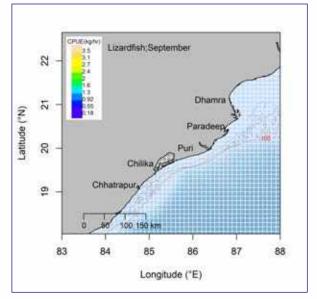


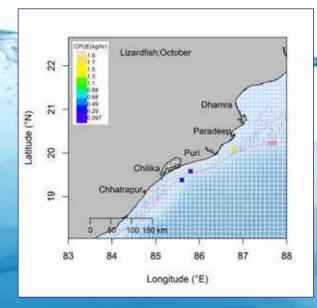


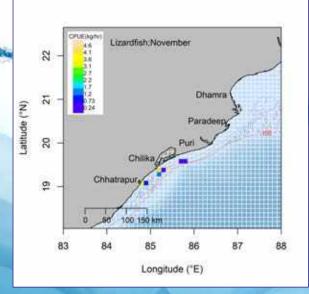


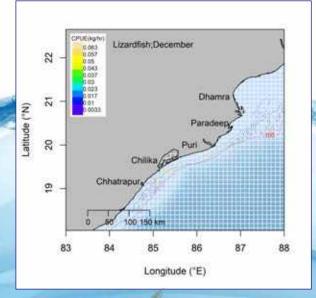




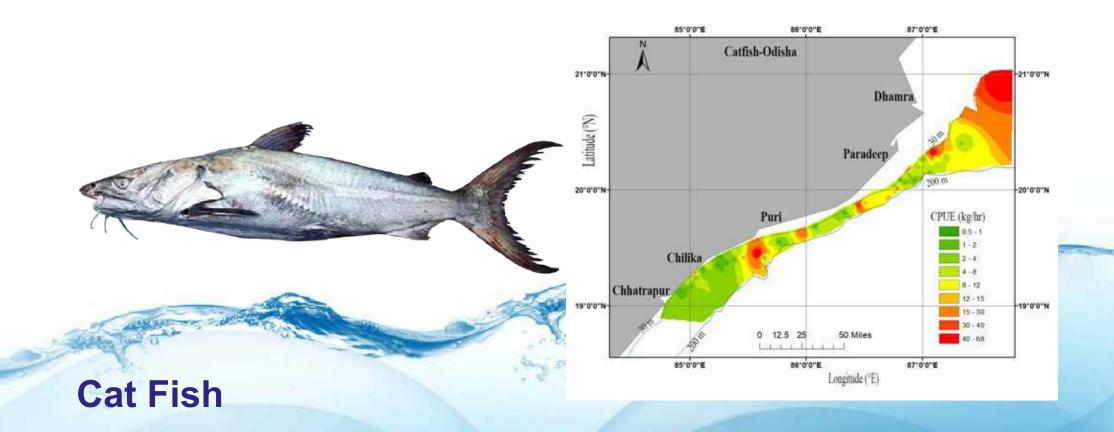






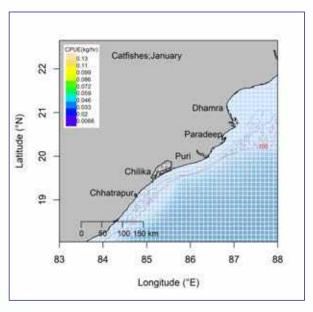


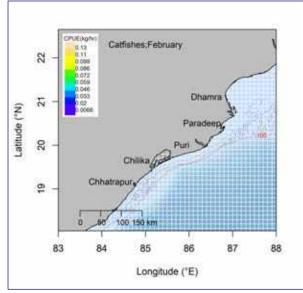


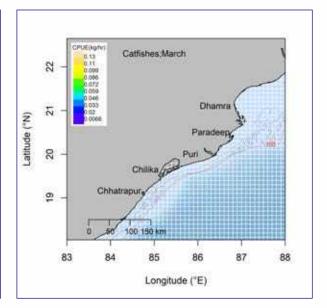


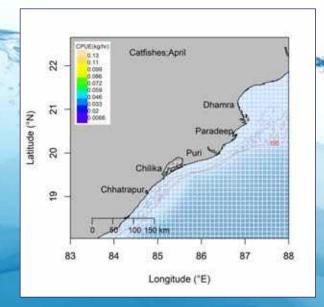


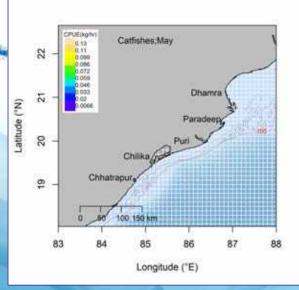


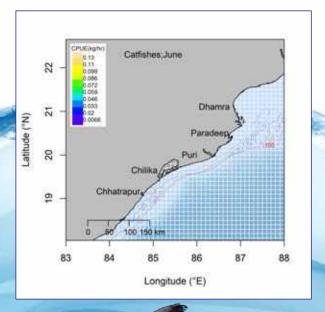






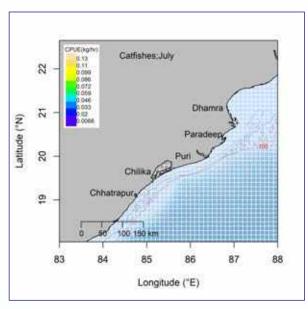


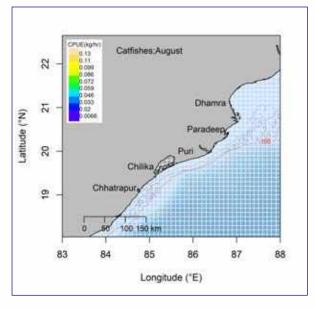


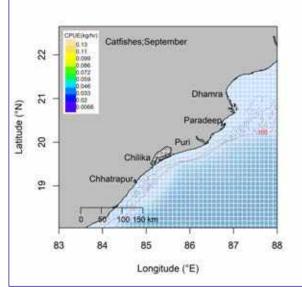


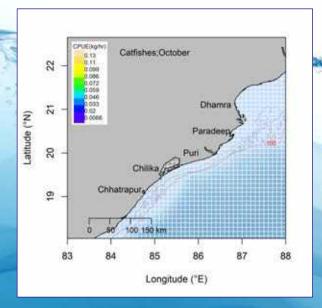


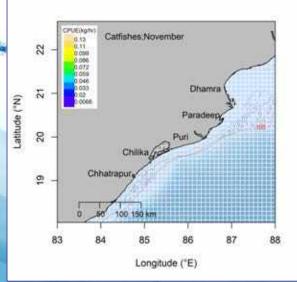


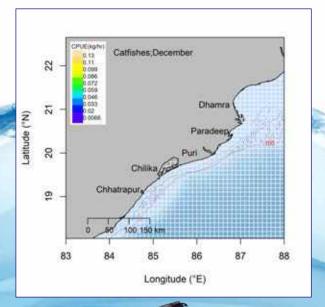






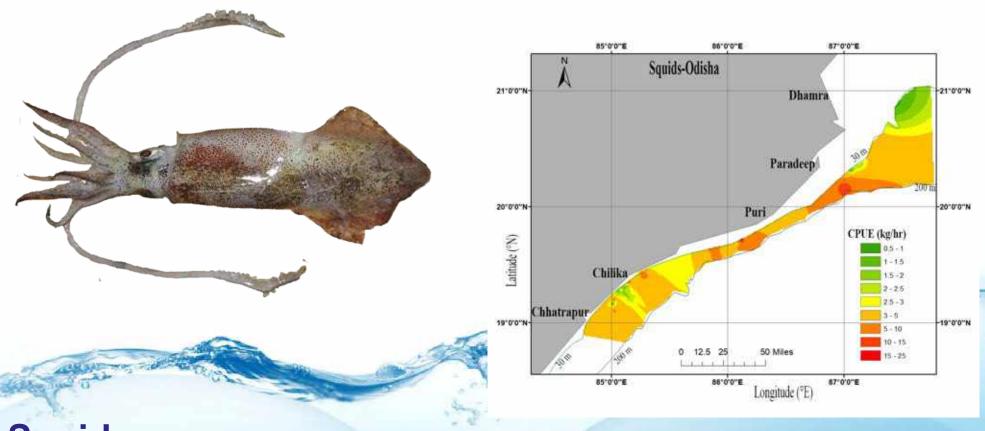






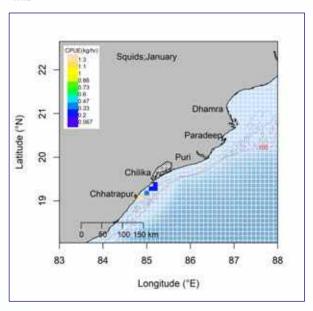


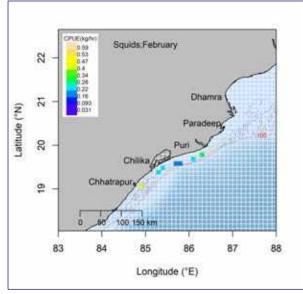


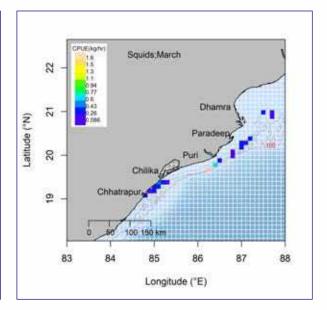


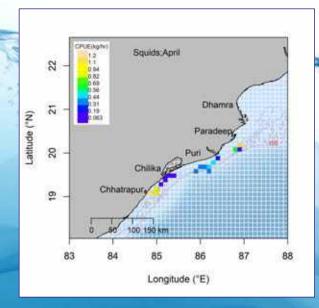


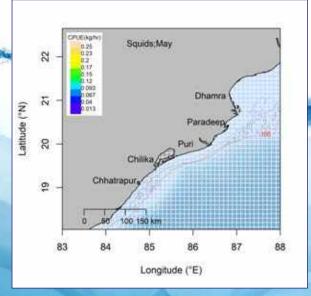


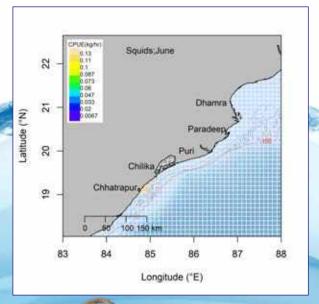






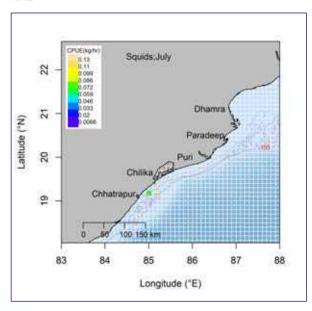


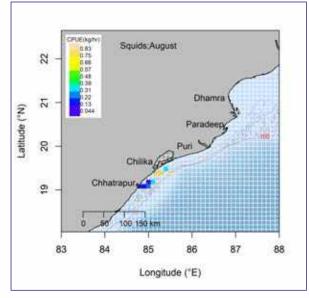


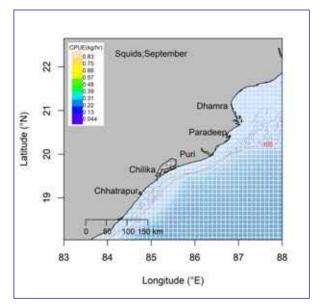


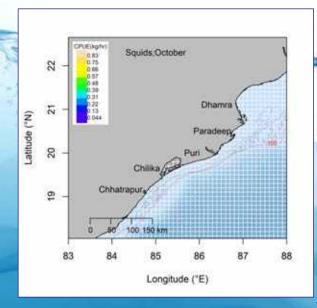


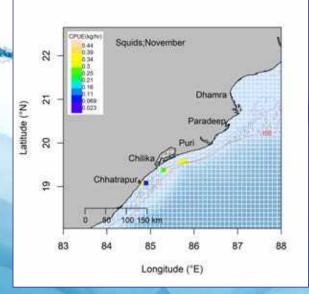


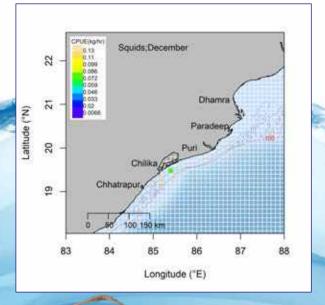
















4. Limitations and Challenges

4.1 Environmental and seasonal factors

Changes in environmental conditions (e.g., water temperature, salinity, or ocean currents) can influence fish distribution and abundance, which might not be fully captured by the survey data. Seasonal variations in fish behaviour can affect catch rates, making it challenging to compare CPUE across different months.

4.2 Sampling limitations

FSI carries out only experimental fishery survey operations and not any targeted fishing, therefore the observed CPUE rates would be much lower than those recorded by the fishers. Pelagic species like Mackeral and Decapterids are also reported along with other demersal catches in good quantity, but their estimation based on this survey alone may not deliver a real life status on the resource.

4.3 Restricted survey area

In the EEZ around Andaman and Nicobar Islands the distribution of efforts was comparatively less, as the vessel at Port Blair Base is a longliner which is concentrating on the survey of oceanic fishery resources. Further, considering the fragile coral ecosystem in the islands, It was decided not to conduct extensive demersal trawl survey in the archipelago. However, for monitoring the status of demersal fishery in Andaman, survey vessels from Visakhapatnam Base of FSI was deployed on special cruises where in they collected data through their intermittent survey cruises. Similarly, effort distribution along West Bengal and northern Gujarat are also limited due to the distant geographical positioning from the corresponding Bases.

4.4 Statistical and analytical limitations

The CPUE method assumes a proportional relationship between catch and effort, which may not always hold true, particularly in cases of overfishing or when fish populations are not uniformly distributed.

4.5 Spatial resolution

The spatial resolution of the data is limited to (0.1x0.1 nm), potentially overlooking fine-scale patterns in fish distribution and abundance. The boundaries of maritime states were chosen as per the Government of India records. However, the seaward boundaries of the states in the maps presented may differ from the actuals and therefore, the results need to be interpreted with caution.



Appendix

(i) Contact Information for Regional Offices

Porbandar Base of FSI

Sitala Chowk, K G Road

Porbandar - 360575,

Gujarat

Mumbai Base of FSI

1st Floor, Plot No.2A, Unit No.12,

New Fishing Harbour, Sassoon Dock,

Colaba, Mumbai - 400 005, Maharashtra

Mormugao Base of FSI

Post Box No: 5

Opp. Microwave Towers, Bogda

Mormugao - 403803, Goa

Cochin Base of FSI

Post Box 853, Kochangady

Cochin - 682005, Kerala

Chennai Base of FSI

Fishery Harbour Complex

Royapuram, Chennai - 600013,

Tamil Nadu

Visakhapatnam Base of FSI

Fishing Harbour, Beach road

Visakhapatnam - 530001

Andhra Pradesh

Port Blair Base of FSI

Post Box No: 46

Port Blair - 744101

Andaman & Nicobar Islands





(ii) Geocoordinates of prominent fishing areas along the maritime states

Andhra Pradesh				
Resource	Latitude (°N)	Longitude (°E)	Month	CPUE
Catfish	16.800	82.450	4	333.33
Catfish	16.900	82.450	8	300.00
Catfish	16.900	82.500	4	200.00
Catfish	17.933	83.800	4	166.67
Catfish	16.867	82.450	9	160.00
Round scads	14.750	80.330	5	2307.69
Round scads	17.100	82.680	3	1769.23
Round scads	17.117	82.600	7	923.08
Round scads	15.167	80.330	7	769.23
Round scads	14.883	80.330	5	769.23
Groupers	18.017	83.867	4	123.33
Groupers	18.450	84.383	1	34.67
Groupers	17.750	83.567	1	33.33
Groupers	18.617	84.500	11	22.67
Groupers	14.967	80.200	11	20.00
Lizardfish	18.400	84.417	4	233.33
Lizardfish	18.683	84.550	4	160.00
Lizardfish	17.800	83.717	9	120.00
Lizardfish	19.067	84.883	4	106.67
Lizardfish	18.700	84.633	4	86.67
Mackerel	17.420	83.120	6	1500.00
Mackerel	17.420	82.680	6	1038.46
Mackerel	17.500	83.380	2	1000.00
Mackerel	16.980	82.530	7	1000.00
Mackerel	16.850	82.420	3	800.00
Threadfin breams	18.417	84.433	4	769.23
Threadfin breams	17.883	83.667	4	576.92
Threadfin breams	17.833	83.700	11	400.00
Threadfin breams	17.833	83.683	11	384.62
Threadfin breams	17.417	83.233	4	384.62
Ribbonfish	17.767	83.467	11	333.33
Ribbonfish	17.700	83.517	5	320.00
Ribbonfish	16.983	82.483	9	253.33
Ribbonfish	17.650	83.500	10	200.00
Ribbonfish	17.767	83.533	5	186.67
Silverbellies	18.100	84.033	5	633.33
Silverbellies	18.650	84.517	8	420.00
Silverbellies	17.783	83.500	6	400.00
Silverbellies	17.700	83.517	5	400.00
Silverbellies	18.150	84.150	2	340.00
Squids	18.683	84.533	4	133.33
Squids	18.417	84.367	3	73.33
Squids	17.800	83.567	8	72.00
Squids	15.167	80.267	4	60.00
Squids	14.883	80.217	4	53.33
Goatfish	18.033	84.400	7	769.23
Goatfish	18.400	84.350	11	653.85
Goatfish	18.400	84.367	9	538.46
Goatfish	14.083	80.200	8	530.77
Goatfish	18.533	84.033	9	500.00
Guatiisii	10.333	04.033	7	300.00

Gujarat				
Resource	Latitude (°N)	Longitude (°E)	Month	CPUE
Catfish	20.633	70.283	9	606.67
Catfish	21.367	68.900	2	600.00
Catfish	20.933	69.783	5	600.00
Catfish	21.400	68.583	2	333.33
Catfish	20.483	70.217	11	313.33
Round scads	21.300	69.030	2	830.77
Round scads	21.033	69.280	7	461.54
Round scads	20.133	69.530	11	461.54
Round scads	21.250	68.830	11	423.08
Round scads	21.383	68.850	2	384.62
Groupers	22.917	69.717	10	24.00
Groupers	20.850	69.883	9	18.00
Groupers	21.383	69.500	10	13.33
Groupers	21.200	69.367	10	13.33
Groupers	20.633	70.183	9	13.33
Lizardfish	21.517	68.850	2	24.00
Lizardfish	21.483	68.467	2	19.20
Lizardfish	21.400	69.383	2	13.33
Lizardfish	20.900	69.667	2	13.33
Lizardfish	21.750	69.700	2	8.00
Mackerel			5	
	21.100	69.350		269.23
Mackerel	21.170	69.220	5	233.08
Mackerel	22.070	68.450	9	192.31
Mackerel	21.150	69.770	1	192.31
Mackerel	20.980	69.500	5	192.31
Threadfin breams	20.500	69.400	11	230.77
Threadfin breams	22.033	67.967	9	138.46
Threadfin breams	21.883	68.133	9	123.08
Threadfin breams	21.300	68.050	11	123.08
Threadfin breams	22.183	67.067	9	115.38
Ribbonfish	21.467	69.167	9	222.86
Ribbonfish	21.417	69.283	9	36.67
Ribbonfish	20.550	70.217	10	20.00
Ribbonfish	21.300	69.567	5	16.67
Ribbonfish	20.583	70.233	10	16.67
Silverbellies	20.900	69.667	2	20.00
Silverbellies	21.083	69.700	2	16.67
Silverbellies	21.767	68.800	2	10.67
Silverbellies	21.000	69.883	5	8.00
Silverbellies	21.000	69.567	3	6.67
Squids	20.900	69.883	5	16.67
Squids	21.200	69.550	5	10.67
Squids	21.300	69.367	5	8.00
Squids	20.900	69.983	5	8.00
Squids	20.800	70.083	5	8.00
Goatfish	20.350	70.450	10	120.00
Goatfish	22.683	68.233	11	107.69
Goatfish	20.433	70.700	10	92.31
Goatfish	22.400	68.250	11	76.92
Goatfish	20.783	60 467	1	60.23

	Ker				
esource	Latitude (°N)	Longitude (°E)	Month	CPUE	
atfish	9.600	76.017	8	8.00	
atfish	9.617	76.100	1	6.67	
atfish	9.183	76.267	1	1.33	
atfish	9.850	76.050	12	0.67	
atfish	9.717	76.067	1	0.67	
ound scads	9.033	76.080	10	3076.92	
ound scads	9.117	76.200	10	1538.46	
ound scads	8.800	76.370	4	992.31	
ound scads	11.783	74.550	4	923.08	
ound scads	9.033	76.120	10	769.23	
roupers	9.583	76.000	8	400	
roupers	9.117	76.117	7	336.667	
roupers	9.167	76.117	10	333.333	
roupers	11.350	75.417	9	280	
roupers	9.533	76.017	7	266.667	
zardfish	9.150	76.283	9	233.33	
zardfish	9.217	76.283	9	133.33	
zardfish	9.417	76.050	9	80.00	
zardfish	9.250	76.067	8	80.00	
zardfish	9.350	76.100	5	66.67	
lackerel	10.520	75.620	9	1538.46	
lackerel	9.530	76.150	5	375.00	
lackerel	9.600	76.000	6	230.77	
lackerel	9.600	76.100	10	153.85	
lackerel	9.680	76.000	10	120.00	
nreadfin breams	9.683	75.867	7	1980.77	
nreadfin breams	8.833	76.383	7	1692.31	
nreadfin breams	9.500	75.967	7	1571.43	
nreadfin breams	9.400	76.133	7	1555.56	
nreadfin breams	9.550	75.967	7	1538.46	
ibbonfish	9.350	75.850	8	1000.00	
ibbonfish	10.017	75.983	10	500.00	
ibbonfish	8.917	76.400	12	450.00	
ibbonfish	9.317	75.850	10	250.00	
ibbonfish	8.967	75.883	10	150.00	
lverbellies	8.617	76.667	7	133.33	
lverbellies	9.317	76.150	2	54.00	
lverbellies	8.800	76.433	12	53.33	
lverbellies	9.633	76.133	11	40.00	
lverbellies	9.567	76.100	11	40.00	
quids	9.783	76.033	10	100.00	
quids	8.933	76.300	6	86.67	
quids	9.517	76.133	8	68.57	
•					
quids	9.700	76.083	8	66.67	
quids	8.783	76.433	10	66.67	
oatfish	12.117	75.900	11	738.46	
oatfish	10.617	75.667	8	307.69	
oatfish	10.117	75.867	8	269.23	
oatfish	9.617	76.067	8	169.23	
oatfish	9.967	75.950	9	166.67	





(ii) Geocoordinates of prominent fishing areas along the maritime states

Karnataka				
Resource	Latitude (°N)	Longitude (°E)	Month	CPUE
Catfish	13.400	73.900	1	44.00
Catfish	12.900	74.083	1	25.33
Catfish	13.000	74.050	12	16.67
Catfish	14.767	73.767	9	14.67
Catfish	14.517	73.983	7	12.00
Round scads	13.700	73.500	9	3333.33
Round scads	14.400	73.330	11	1153.85
Round scads	14.200	74.000	12	1000.00
Round scads	14.500	73.280	11	923.08
Round scads	13.100	73.920	11	923.08
Groupers	14.767	73.767	9	666.67
Groupers	13.783	73.517	9	266.67
Groupers	14.883	73.633	6	133.33
Groupers	14.883	73.633	6	133.33
Groupers	14.600	73.983	9	126.67
Lizardfish	13.450	74.050	1	20.00
Lizardfish	13.883	73.633	11	10.00
Lizardfish	13.583	74.467	2	10.00
Lizardfish	13.333	74.483	3	10.00
Lizardfish	12.767	74.683	3	10.00
Mackerel	14.330	74.220	11	250.00
Mackerel	14.000	74.230	5	85.38
Mackerel	14.450	74.180	11	76.92
Mackerel	13.200	74.470	5	69.23
Mackerel	13.980	74.230	5	61.54
Threadfin breams	14.183	73.933	7	1153.85
Threadfin breams	14.100	73.933	10	769.23
Threadfin breams	14.117	74.050	10	473.08
Threadfin breams	14.500	73.367	10	384.62
Threadfin breams	14.400	73.383	6	333.33
Ribbonfish	14.467	73.333	2	200
Ribbonfish	14.383	73.367	2	80
Ribbonfish	14.483	74.017	6	45
Ribbonfish	14.683	73.767	6	40
Ribbonfish	14.617	73.333	2	40
Silverbellies	14.883	73.750	11	5.33
Silverbellies	14.883	73.867	2	1.33
Silverbellies	14.883	73.750	12	0.67
Silverbellies	14.867	73.783	11	0.67
Silverbellies	14.867	73.850	11	0.67
Squids	14.400	73.950	5	65.33
Squids	14.783	73.933	11	34.00
Squids	14.833	73.900	4	22.00
Squids	12.800	74.650	12	20.00
Squids	14.867	74.883	1	16.67
Goatfish	14.300	73.933	5	38.46
Goatfish	13.900	73.917	5	23.08
Goatfish	13.600	73.867	5	11.54
Goatfish	13.500	73.933	5	11.54

Maharashtra					
Resource	Latitude (°N)	Longitude (°E)	Month	CPUE	
Round scads	16.667	72.600	11	692.31	
Round scads	16.900	72.880	11	653.85	
Round scads	18.233	71.080	10	640.00	
Round scads	18.683	71.130	9	615.38	
Round scads	20.033	69.400	2	476.92	
Groupers	19.517	71.700	12	470.00	
Groupers	17.933	72.283	10	466.67	
Groupers	17.500	72.433	8	466.67	
Groupers	16.967	73.050	9	350.00	
Groupers	17.067	72.900	10	333.33	
Lizardfish	18.000	72.183	11	196.67	
Lizardfish	17.367	72.950	10	33.33	
Lizardfish	15.767	73.450	1	10.67	
Lizardfish	17.400	72.983	2	10.00	
Lizardfish	17.917	72.317	1	8.67	
Mackerel	18.320	72.530	1	519.23	
Mackerel	18.130	72.250	5	242.31	
Mackerel	18.500	72.400	1	230.77	
Mackerel	18.470	72.520	12	161.54	
Mackerel	20.020	71.270	10	146.15	
Threadfin breams	16.500	72.367	4	303.85	
Threadfin breams	18.017	71.550	11	233.33	
Threadfin breams	16.800	72.900	8	255.35	
Threadfin breams	19.800	69.550	5	213.56	
Threadfin breams	17.183	72.117	9	193.85	
Ribbonfish	15.750	72.117	2	120.00	
Ribbonfish	18.300	73.367	8	100.00	
			_		
Ribbonfish	18.283	72.483	8	100.00	
Ribbonfish	18.100	72.683	5	100.00	
Ribbonfish	18.367	72.467	8	66.67	
Squids	18.167	72.483	8	72.00	
Squids	18.150	72.567	8	66.67	
Squids	18.383	72.467	8	53.33	
Squids	18.050	72.533	8	53.33	
Squids	18.067	72.517	8	50.00	
Goatfish	17.900	72.283	3	192.31	
Goatfish	17.017	73.000	12	69.23	
Goatfish	19.800	71.617	10	46.15	
Goatfish	16.583	73.100	12	39.23	
Goatfish	20.033	70.967	11	34.62	
Catfish	18.467	72.450	3	1866.67	
Catfish	18.283	72.533	6	588.00	
Catfish	18.400	72.467	8	253.33	
Catfish	18.100	72.667	6	146.67	
Catfish	16.867	73.150	10	133.33	
Silverbellies	17.733	73.500	7	53.33	
Silverbellies	17.850	73.683	6	16.67	
Silverbellies	16.467	73.133	5	16.67	
Silverbellies	15.767	73.450	11	16.67	
Silverbellies	17.800	73.633	6	13.33	

	Odi	cha		
Resource	Latitude (°N)	Longitude (°E)	Month	CPUE
Catfish	19.450	85.583	7	66.67
Catfish	20.317	87.100	3	66.67
Catfish	20.917	87.700	3	53.33
Catfish	19.867	86.450	2	46.67
Catfish	20.183	86.850	7	40.00
Round scads	19.267	85.200	1	1230.77
Round scads	19.367	85.470	11	446.15
Round scads	19.083	82.530	3	276.92
Round scads	19.567	85.070	4	253.85
Round scads	19.133	85.070	10	160.00
Groupers	19.167	84.950	2	10.00
Groupers	19.250	85.050	6	6.67
Groupers	20.083	86.933	7	2.67
Groupers	19.400	85.300	8	1.60
Groupers	19.133	84.883	3	1.33
Lizardfish	19.083	84.850	4	83.33
Lizardfish	19.400	85.383	11	50.00
Lizardfish	19.350	85.167	11	41.05
Lizardfish	19.400	85.283	8	40.00
Lizardfish	19.417	85.450	8	37.50
Mackerel	19.450	85.550	11	2307.69
Mackerel	19.400	85.270	4	1153.85
Mackerel	19.320	85.150	4	769.23
Mackerel	19.430	85.350	4	550.00
Mackerel	20.050	86.920	2	246.15
Threadfin breams	19.250	85.033	4	769.23
Threadfin breams	19.433	85.550	8	69.23
Threadfin breams	19.450	85.433	10	65.38
Threadfin breams	19.133	84.917	11	30.77
Threadfin breams	19.117	85.017	8	30.77
Ribbonfish	19.150	84.917	11	93.33
Ribbonfish	19.117	84.917	6	40.00
Ribbonfish	19.217	84.967	7	30.00
Ribbonfish	20.200	86.967	3	26.67
Ribbonfish	20.067	86.833	10	26.67
Silverbellies	19.083	84.850	4	342.67
Silverbellies	19.367	85.183	4	333.33
Silverbellies	19.317	85.117	4	233.33
Silverbellies	19.133	84.900	7	200.00
Silverbellies	19.233	85.067	3	166.67
Squids	19.717	86.183	3	26.67
Squids	19.117	84.867	1	23.33
Squids	19.083	84.850	4	23.33
Squids	20.133	86.883	4	20.00
Squids	20.167	87.017	4	13.33
Goatfish	19.700	86.300	1	538.46
Goatfish	19.400	85.217	11	276.92
Goatfish	19.617	85.950	9	230.77
Goatfish	19.517	85.450	12	219.23
Goatfish	20.367	87.217	12	192.31





(ii) Geocoordinates of prominent fishing areas along the maritime states

Resource	Tamil Na Latitude (°N)	Longitude (°E)	Month	CPUE
Catfish	13.267	80.417	3	20.00
	13.267	80.417	3 12	
Catfish				13.33
Catfish	10.883	80.033	4	10.00
Catfish	13.200	80.433	1	10.00
Catfish	13.333	80.400	1	8.00
Round scads	10.580	80.250	2	2461.5
Round scads	10.580	80.230	10	1888.4
Round scads	10.620	80.130	9	692.31
Round scads	10.500	80.270	9	692.31
Round scads	10.070	80.230	9	615.38
Groupers	10.867	79.983	8	12.00
Groupers	11.550	79.883	9	10.00
Groupers	12.883	80.367	10	10.00
Groupers	11.217	79.950	10	9.33
Groupers	12.767	80.317	10	6.67
_izardfish	12.867	80.400	4	30.00
izardfish	13.433	80.417	6	27.33
izardfish	12.517	80.250	5	27.33
izardfish	12.817	80.467	4	19.33
izardfish	12.667	80.300	7	17.33
Mackerel	12.830	80.370	3	269.23
Mackerel	12.780	80.350	7	192.31
Mackerel	12.330	80.170	4	169.23
Mackerel Mackerel	12.730	80.330	11	153.85
viackerei Mackerel	12.730	80.330	4	153.85
Mackerei Fhreadfin breams	11.883	80.220	7	288.46
Threadfin breams	10.450	80.283	8	276.92
Threadfin breams	11.800	79.917	7	147.69
Threadfin breams	10.517	80.283	3	134.62
Threadfin breams	10.033	80.267	8	92.31
Ribbonfish	12.017	80.033	7	66.67
Ribbonfish	12.600	80.250	7	40.00
Ribbonfish	13.383	80.417	9	33.33
Ribbonfish	12.817	80.333	7	30.00
Ribbonfish	12.183	80.117	7	30.00
Silverbellies	12.633	80.300	2	167.33
Silverbellies	11.917	80.067	3	153.33
Silverbellies	12.350	80.183	4	133.33
Silverbellies	11.533	79.867	2	100.00
Silverbellies	12.750	80.333	10	93.33
Squids	12.350	80.200	8	116.67
Squids	13.400	80.417	7	100.00
Squids	12.700	80.317	6	98.82
Squids	10.767	80.050	6	80.00
Squids	11.883	80.000	8	50.00
Goatfish	12.433	80.200	2	807.69
Goatfish	11.967	80.067	10	276.92
Goatfish	11.167	79.967	3	230.77
Joathsh		80.033		
Goatfish	11.883		10	138.46

Tamil Nadu, west					
Resource	Latitude (°N)	Longitude (°E)	Month	CPUE	
Round scads	7.567	76.830	3	326.92	
Round scads	7.550	76.850	10	292.31	
Round scads	7.533	76.830	3	200.00	
Round scads	8.183	76.780	2	157.69	
Round scads	8.200	76.900	4	92.31	
Groupers	8.033	77.167	11	6.95	
Groupers	7.983	77.100	8	6.67	
Groupers	7.867	77.083	1	2.00	
Groupers	8.233	76.950	12	0.57	
Lizardfish	7.983	77.100	8	33.33	
Lizardfish	7.967	77.133	8	16.67	
Lizardfish	7.867	77.083	1	5.00	
Lizardfish	7.200	77.150	8	5.00	
Lizardfish	8.117	77.000	11	3.33	
Mackerel	8.700	76.570	5	21.54	
Mackerel	9.770	77.580	10	16.67	
Mackerel	8.820	76.400	9	11.54	
Mackerel	8.480	76.620	10	11.54	
Mackerel	8.750	76.400	4	9.00	
Threadfin breams	7.467	77.017	11	2307.69	
Threadfin breams	7.417	77.000	12	2157.14	
Threadfin breams	7.383	77.100	2	1480.00	
Threadfin breams	7.350	77.200	2	761.54	
Threadfin breams	7.500	77.500	11	384.62	
Ribbonfish	7.200	77.150	8	150.00	
Ribbonfish	8.217	76.567	8	10.00	
Ribbonfish	5.700	76.617	5	0.75	
Silverbellies	5.700	76.617	5	3.75	
Silverbellies	8.117	77.000	11	1.33	
Silverbellies	7.917	76.800	11	1.33	
Silverbellies	8.250	76.900	11	1.26	
Squids	7.983	77.100	8	200.00	
Squids	7.883	77.167	8	133.33	
Squids	7.933	77.200	8	20.00	
Squids	7.967	77.133	8	16.67	
Squids	8.200	77.033	3	1.33	
Goatfish	7.083	77.217	4	46.15	
Goatfish	7.850	77.133	4	38.46	
Goatfish	8.267	76.683	12	33.33	
Goatfish	7.883	77.767	11	23.08	
Goatfish	7.933	77.183	4	19.23	

Goa					
Resource	Latitude (°N)	Longitude (°E)	Month	CPUE	
Catfish	15.533	73.450	11	23.33	
Catfish	15.083	73.767	11	23.33	
Catfish	15.167	73.733	11	20.00	
Catfish	15.667	73.467	6	15.53	
Catfish	15.667	73.467	6	15.53	
Round scads	14.917	73.600	6	1153.85	
Round scads	15.500	72.950	4	336.92	
Round scads	15.600	72.900	1	242.31	
Round scads	15.700	72.900	4	230.77	
Round scads	15.417	73.600	10	200.00	
Groupers	15.667	73.467	6	705.88	
Groupers	15.083	73.183	9	566.67	
Groupers	15.583	73.400	11	386.67	
Groupers	15.617	73.517	10	333.33	
Groupers	15.583	72.900	9	333.33	
Lizardfish	15.183	73.717	3	28.00	
Lizardfish	15.483	73.583	3	23.33	
Lizardfish	15.433	73.583	3	23.33	
Lizardfish	15.217	73.750	3	23.33	
Lizardfish	15.517	73.533	3	20.00	
Mackerel	15.020	73.750	5	115.38	
Mackerel	15.000	73.670	5	96.15	
Mackerel	15.700	73.350	10	76.92	
Mackerel	14.980	73.670	5	69.23	
Mackerel	15.400	73.620	1	53.85	
Threadfin breams	15.300	73.517	10	142.31	
Threadfin breams	15.200	73.567	7	115.38	
Threadfin breams	15.400	73.450	7	80.00	
Threadfin breams	15.400	73.467	7	76.92	
Threadfin breams	15.300	73.533	10	76.92	
Silverbellies	15.550	73.483	5	23.33	
Silverbellies	15.400	73.583	11	23.33	
Silverbellies	15.517	73.550	5	10.67	
Silverbellies	15.567	73.517	2	8.67	
Silverbellies	15.050	73.717	5	8.00	
Squids	14.900	73.717	2	26.67	
Squids	15.467	73.517	11	23.33	
Squids	15.433	73.583	3	22.00	
Squids	15.217	73.750	3	22.00	
Squids	15.083	73.683	3	22.00	







This Atlas is a comprehensive documentation of several demersal fishery resources within the Indian Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ), compiled from results of extensive surveys conducted by the Fishery Survey of India (FSI) over two decades. Covering the period from 2000 to 2020, this work provides an in-depth analysis of the spatial and temporal distribution, abundance, and trends of key demersal species. The surveys spanned in the depths from 30 to 500 meters along the Indian coast. This rigorous data collection and analysis offer invaluable insights into major fishing grounds and catch per unit effort (CPUE) trends, crucial for sustainable fisheries management.









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