



Activity Report:

FFSAPI-SARGEN Handline FIP Conducts Retraining for Handline Fishers on Logsheet Reporting, Species Identification, and ETP Policy

Date: October 24, 2025

Time: 7:00am – 5:00pm

Venue: Sun City Suites, General Santos City

Participants:

The activity brought together around 60 participants composed of handline crew members, captains, vessel owners, and key fishery stakeholders from the SARGEN Handline sector.

Activity Objective:

The training aimed to enhance the capacity of handline crew, captains, and vessel owners to accurately record catch data through proper logsheet reporting, improve their skills in identifying pelagic, bycatch, and endangered species, and strengthen awareness of relevant fisheries conservation laws such as BFAR FAO 208 and FAO 208-1. It also served as an initial consultation with stakeholders for the development of an Endangered, Threatened, and Protected Species Policy, reinforcing the commitment of the SARGEN Handline sector to sustainable fishing practices, legal compliance, and progress toward Marine Stewardship Council certification.

Activity Highlights:

1. The FFSAPI - SARGEN Handline Fisheries Improvement Project conducted this year's first Training for Handline Fishers on Accurate Logsheet Reporting, Species Identification, and Initial Consultation on the Endangered, Threatened, and Protected Species Policy at Sun City Suites, General Santos City.
2. The program opened with preliminaries led by Ms. Justine Trisha Contreras, Vice President of Contreras Professional Consultancy Corp. (CPCC).
3. This is followed by Opening Remarks from Ms. Emma Garay, President of FFSAPI.
4. Key technical sessions were delivered by experts from the Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources (BFAR) Region XII.

- a. Mr. Richard C. Tenorio – Administrative Assistant III / VMS Operator, on Proper Logsheet Preparation

Participants were trained on the correct way to record fishing activity details such as date, time, fishing location, and catch data. The session emphasized the importance of complete and accurate logsheet entries for improving traceability, catch monitoring, and compliance with BFAR reporting requirements.

- b. Mr. Aga Khan M. Salong and Ms. Kristine Mae Caracotdacot – Senior Aquaculturist, RFIQU-BFAR XII, on Catch Documentation

This topic focused on ensuring the proper documentations and verification of catch from the point of harvest to landing. The session highlighted how accurate documentation supports product traceability, helps verify legal and sustainable fishing operations, and strengthens the data foundation for performance reporting.

- c. Mr. Edison A. Pesario – Aquaculturist II, RFIQU-BFAR XII, on Species Identification (Pelagic and Bycatch Species)

Fishers were trained to correctly identify target species (such as yellowfin and skipjack tuna) and bycatch species, including those considered rare or vulnerable. Visual aids and specimen photos were used to improve recognition skills, which are essential for accurate reporting and avoiding illegal retention of protected species.

- d. Ms. Ma. Zillah R. Bacongco – OIC, Aquatic Wildlife Enforcement Unit, BFAR XII, on FAO 208 and FAO 208-1 Orientation

This session introduced and explained BFAR FAO 208, Series of 2001, which outlines rules for the conservation of rare, threatened, and endangered fishery species, and the newly issued FAO 208-1, Series of 2024, which updates and strengthens those provisions. Participants learned about the legal implications and responsibilities of fishers in protecting ETP species and the role of BFAR in enforcement.

5. The Initial Consultation on the ETP Policy for SARGEN Handline Members, facilitated by Ms. Kiesheen May Contreras, Project Officer of CPCC. The consultation gathered inputs from vessel owners, captains, and crew members for the draft ETP Policy under the SARGEN Handline FIP. Discussions centered on identifying priority species for protection, reporting mechanisms for incidental catch, and practical measures to minimize interactions with ETP species. Feedback from participants will guide the finalization of the policy to align with national regulations and MSC standards.
6. The event concluded with Closing Remarks from Ms. Mercedes Ong, President of the SARGEN Fish Port Tuna Handline Fishing Association Inc.
7. This training activity strengthens the handline industry's commitment to sustainable fishing, accurate catch reporting, and environmental responsibility — key steps toward the long-term goal of MSC certification for the SARGEN Handline Fishery. FIP shirts are also distributed among the participants.

Attendance Sheet:



FFSAPI - SARGEN HANDLINE FISHERIES IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

Retraining Handline Fishers on Accurate Logsheet Reporting,
Species Identification, and ETP Compliance

October 24, 2025 | Sun City Suites

TRAINING ATTENDANCE SHEET

No.	Name	Company	Vessel Name	Position	Contact Number / Email address	Signature
1	ARCHIEVAL B. DAAN	EMKEN FISHING	MAMA MAXIMA	CAPTAIN	09086723049	
2	CHARIS CARL L. REYES A	EMKEN FISHING	MAMA MAXIMA	CREW		
3	JENUS CABUNILAS	EMKEN "	EMKEN 1624	CREW	0905956521	
4	JACK VILLAMORO	EMKEN "	"	"		
5	BRYAN REYNOLDO	"	"	"	09857853653	
6	EUMER ROSAS	"	"	"	09264641190	
7	Reheboy BALALONG	"	"	"	09614967053	
8	Kolando Bacamey	Pamuan Fishing	Marcos Kenil	Captain		
9	Jimmek plama	"	"	Motor man		
10	Kolald frangia	"	"	officer		
11	Edufes Pamuan	"	"	aman	0906991517	
12	Pamuan, mark anthony	"	"	luzon	09777890298	
13	ALBERT, RAJORA	Poping Fishing	Sophia Alyana			
14	Roger Esteva Jr	Poping Fishing	Sophia Alyana	Capt.		
15	Angela C. Delate	"	"	MOTORMAN		



FFSAPI - SARGEN HANDLINE FISHERIES IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

Retraining Handline Fishers on Accurate Logsheet Reporting,
Species Identification, and ETP Compliance

October 24, 2025 | Sun City Suites

TRAINING ATTENDANCE SHEET

No.	Name	Company	Vessel Name	Position	Contact Number / Email address	Signature
16	Roland E. Catumna	Paping Fishing	SOPHIA alyna	CREW		R. Catumna
17	RUEL N. WATA	PAPING FISHING	PAPING	B. CAPTAIN	09855391724	Ruel Wata
18	JOSE B. REMETICADO	PAPING FISHING	PAPING	MATORMAN	0965-2872292	Jose B. Remeticado
19	WILSON D. JARON	"	"	CREW	09169430800	Wilson D. Jaron
20	JULIO M. WAOT	SOPHIA FISHING		CREW	09352907346	Julio M. Waot
21	Carlito Galan	AVA	ANALYN	CAPTAIN	09631100784	Carlito Galan
22	Cheristopher Concordia	AVA	ANALYN AVA	CREW	09854307641	Cheristopher Concordia
23	GILBERT RODRIGO	AVA	ANALYN	CREW	09361464711	Gilbert Rodrigo
24	RICHARD LAGUARDIA	AVA LEONYL	ANALYN	CREW	09353533881	Richard Laguardia
25	ANALYN P. RESANE	AVA LEONYL FISHING		OWNER	09294402084	Analyn P. Resane
26	MERVIN M. REPOL	PECARICA MFG. CORP		UAIGN	09126969771	Mervin M. Repol
27	ANNALIZA L. MANLUNAS	TWIN FLOR FISHING		OWNER	09676407658	Annaliza L. Manlunas
28	Romulo N. LARIDA SR	TWIN FLOR FISHING		B-CAPTAIN	09283001990	Romulo N. Larida Sr
29	JOSEPH P. MANLUNAS	TWIN FLOR FISHING				Joseph P. Manlunas
30	SHAN LLOYD PARTOLOZO	TWIN FLOR FISHING				Shan Lloyd Partolozo



FFSAPI - SARGEN HANDLINE FISHERIES IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

Retraining Handline Fishers on Accurate Logsheet Reporting,
Species Identification, and ETP Compliance

October 24, 2025 | Sun City Suites

TRAINING ATTENDANCE SHEET

No.	Name	Company	Vessel Name	Position	Contact Number / Email address	Signature
31	AGAT KHAN SAWONG	BFAA 12		JR. AQUA	09092938774	
32	Kristine Mae Carawaldawit	BFAA 12		Aquacultural Technologist		
33	MA ZILKHA BACONGCO	BFAA 12		AQUA TECH	09187304131	
34	VERLANDO GANTALA	BFAA PAPIAS			09380292022	
35	ROLAN S ROBAS					
36	JERSON DARAY	1			09302596618	
37	Greg Taguiralo	BFAA				
38	Rodrigo Sibla			TANKER	09660659002	R. Sibla
39	ROGER RESTAURD	B		TANKER	09550964211	R. Restaurd
40	PABLO GALLEGO			CAPTAIN	09102604663	
41	Rodney Munglanika			CAPTAIN	09979337305	
42	Garcerao Ciano			Captain		
43	MARLEN PERA OR	DV		OWNER	09576688256	
44	JOSE B Saladron			CREW	09707530952	
45	GUNDINO AGUIAR	GC		CREW	X	



FFSAPI - SARGEN HANDLINE FISHERIES IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

Retraining Handline Fishers on Accurate Logsheet Reporting,
Species Identification, and ETP Compliance

October 24, 2025 | Sun City Suites

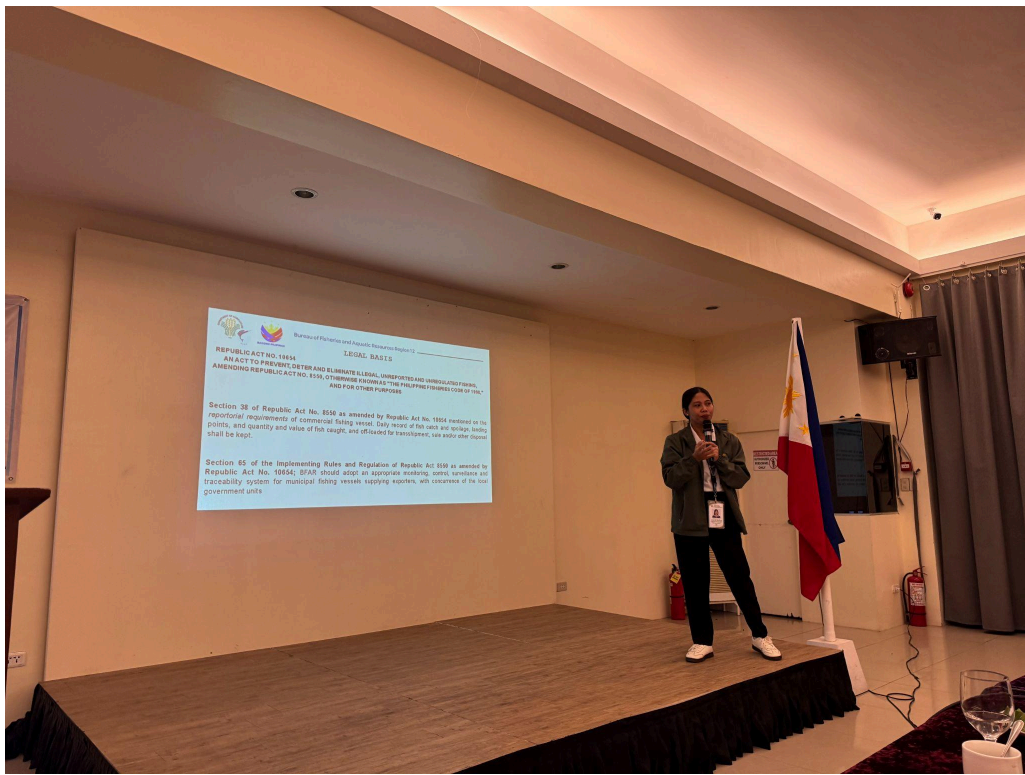
TRAINING ATTENDANCE SHEET

No.	Name	Company	Vessel Name	Position	Contact Number / Email address	Signature
46	Donald R. Rodrigo	MAC 2X	MAC 2X	Operator	09455	[Signature]
47	JOMARLON LUNGAM	PAPING	Sophia ALYANA	CREW	09464844002	[Signature]
48	John Dale B. Salazar	PAPING	Sophia Alyana	CREW	09510262404	[Signature]
49	MAXIMINO M. GAOTJE	TAPANG	Sophia ALYANA		095309973427	[Signature]
50	CONSTANTINO B. ABINICA	FENTINO FISHING	FENTINO 1,223	OWNER	09087810845	[Signature]
51	JHAN NOUE PALAGO	SEAWALL FISHING	SPAN FERRON-1	CREWMAN	09638186980	[Signature]
52	Darwin M. Gutang	Paping	Sophia Alyana	Crew	09087703612	[Signature]
53	EDISON PESARIO	BFAR			09171755953	[Signature]
54	RICHARD TENORIO	BFAR				[Signature]
55	CRISTEL Jane Lage	DTI			09072296378	[Signature]
56	CHARLES LANCE ESPERADO	DTI			0963536551	[Signature]
57	Juching Trisha Contreras	OPCC		VP	09720142844	[Signature]
58	KIESHEEN MAY CONTRERAS	OPCC			09682023639	[Signature]
59	KEVEN LOYD DIPAY	OPCC				[Signature]
60						

Activity Photos:









Activity Presentations:

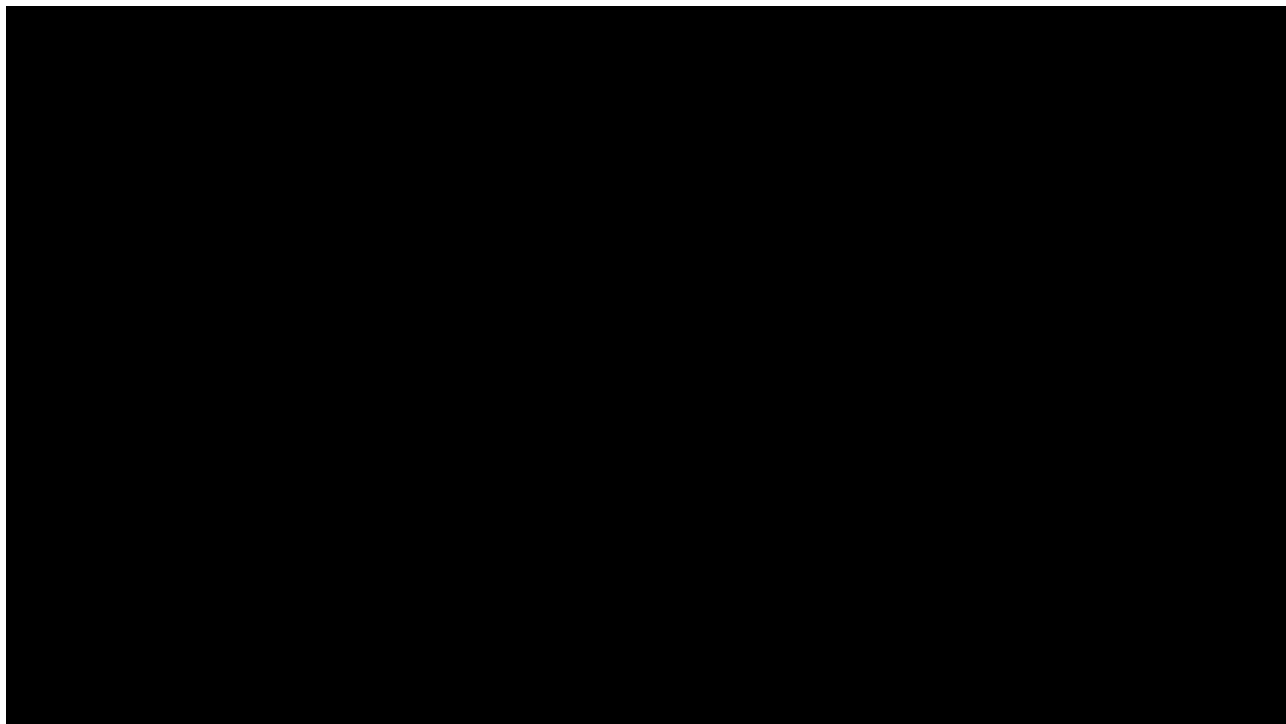


The banner features a light blue background with images of fish. At the top, there are several logos: the Department of Fisheries and Aquaculture Center (DFAC) logo, the Department of Agriculture (DA) logo, the Department of Trade and Industry (dti) logo, a circular logo with a fish and a plant, the State of the City of General Santos logo, and the 23rd Yaman Gensan logo. The main text is centered and reads: "Training Handline Fishers on Accurate Logsheet Reporting and Species Identification, and Initial Consultation on ETP Policy". Below this, it says "OCTOBER 24, 2025 (BATCH 1)" and "SUN CITY SUITES, GENERAL SANTOS CITY".

**Training Handline Fishers on
Accurate Logsheet Reporting and
Species Identification, and Initial
Consultation on ETP Policy**

OCTOBER 24, 2025 (BATCH 1)
SUN CITY SUITES, GENERAL SANTOS CITY





Welcome Remarks

MS. EMMA GARAY

President,

Fresh Frozen Seafood Association of the Philippines Inc.



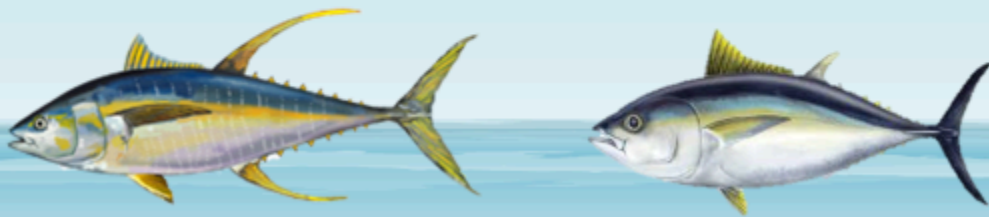
Activity Rationale

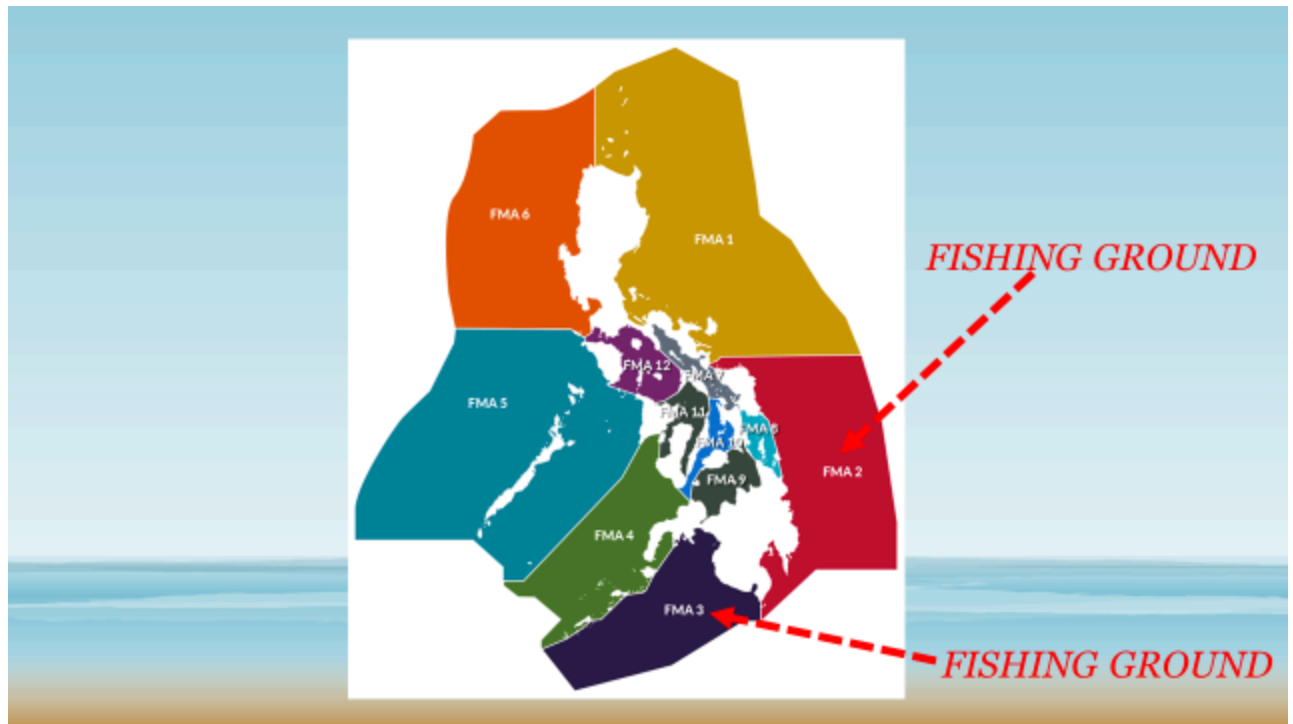
MS. JUSTINE TRISHA CONTRERAS

Vice President,

Contreras Professional Consultancy Corp.

**FFSAPI-SARGEN HANDLINE Fisheries
Improvement Project for
Yellowfin and Bigeye Tunas in
Fisheries Management Areas 2 and 3**

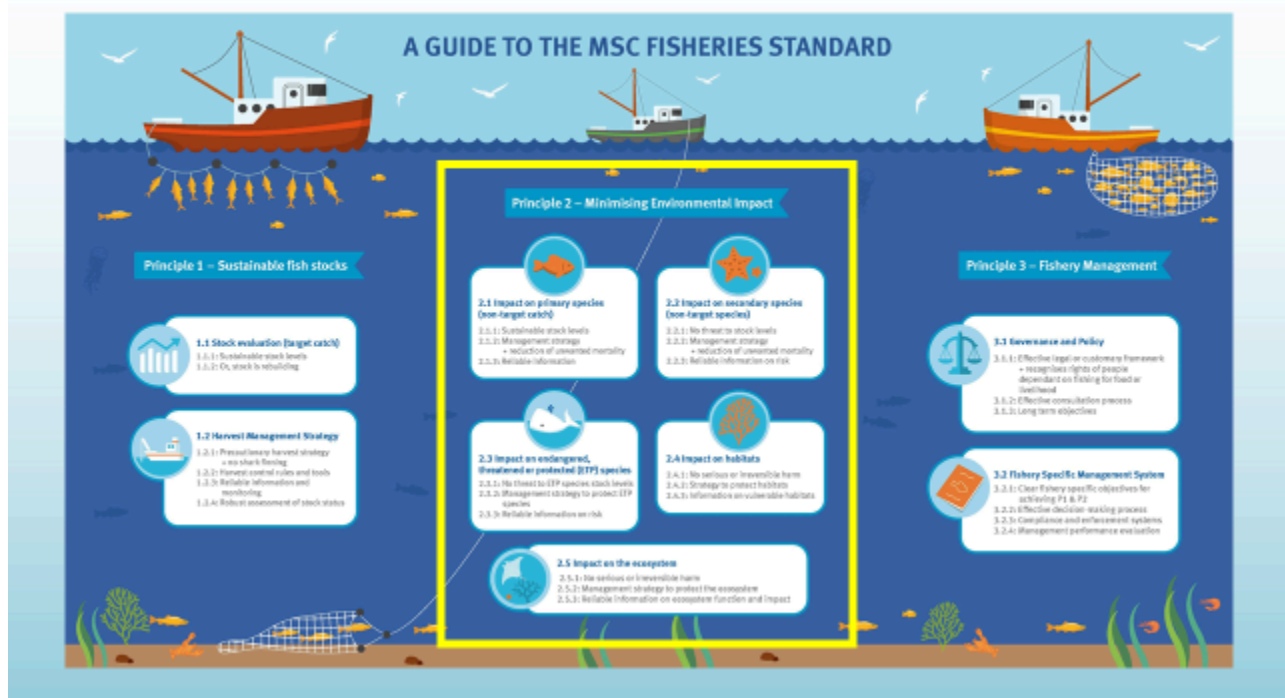




A GUIDE TO THE MSC FISHERIES STANDARD

The infographic is set against a background of a blue sea with fish, boats, and seabed life. It is organized into three main columns, each representing a principle of the MSC Fisheries Standard.

- Principle 1 – Sustainable fish stocks**
 - 1.1 Stock evaluation (target catch)**
 - 1.1.1 Sustainable stock levels
 - 1.1.2 On stock rebuilding
 - 1.2 Harvest Management Strategy**
 - 1.2.1 Prevalence of harvest strategy in stock fishing
 - 1.2.2 Harvest control rules and tools
 - 1.2.3 Reliable information and monitoring
 - 1.2.4 Robust assessment of stock status
- Principle 2 – Minimising Environmental Impact**
 - 2.1 Impact on primary species (non-target catch)**
 - 2.1.1 Sustainable stock levels
 - 2.1.2 Management strategy → reduction of unwanted mortality
 - 2.1.3 Reliable information
 - 2.2 Impact on secondary species (non-target species)**
 - 2.2.1 No threat to stock levels
 - 2.2.2 Management strategy → reduction of unwanted mortality
 - 2.2.3 Reliable information on risk
 - 2.3 Impact on endangered, threatened or protected (ETP) species**
 - 2.3.1 No threat to ETP species stock levels
 - 2.3.2 Management strategy to protect ETP species
 - 2.3.3 Reliable information on risk
 - 2.4 Impact on habitats**
 - 2.4.1 No serious or irreversible harm
 - 2.4.2 Strategic protect habitats
 - 2.4.3 Information on vulnerable habitats
 - 2.5 Impact on the ecosystem**
 - 2.5.1 No serious or irreversible harm
 - 2.5.2 Management strategy to protect the ecosystem
 - 2.5.3 Reliable information on ecosystem function and impact
- Principle 3 – Fishery Management**
 - 3.1 Governance and Policy**
 - 3.1.1 Effective legal or customary framework → respect basic rights of people dependant on fishing for food or livelihood
 - 3.1.2 Effective consultation process
 - 3.1.3 Long term objectives
 - 3.2 Fishery Specific Management System**
 - 3.2.1 Clear fishery specific objectives for achieving F1 & F2
 - 3.2.2 Effective decision-making process
 - 3.2.3 Compliance and enforcement systems
 - 3.2.4 Management performance evaluation



CERTIFICATION PROCESS

Step 1: Pre-Assessment

**Address 23
Performance
Indicators**

	TOTAL PIs	PASSING SCORES >= 80	CONDITIONAL SCORES 60-79	FAILING SCORES <60
Principle 1-YFT	6	4	2	0
Principle 1-BET	6	4	2	0
Principle 2	15	0	3	12
Principle 3	7	3	3	1
	34	11	10	13

Vessel Monitoring System (VMS)

For commercial vessels, all 66 units installed and working
100% COMPLETE

SRT Marine
Fishing Vessel Monitor



**installed with SRT 100 % BFAR for free*

For municipal vessels, 17 vessels installed and working
out of 22 (77% complete)



**installed with ALON, remaining 5 vessels are to be scheduled based on their availability*

Vessels Monitoring via SkyTracker

flpwatch

Units: [Google] Search unit...

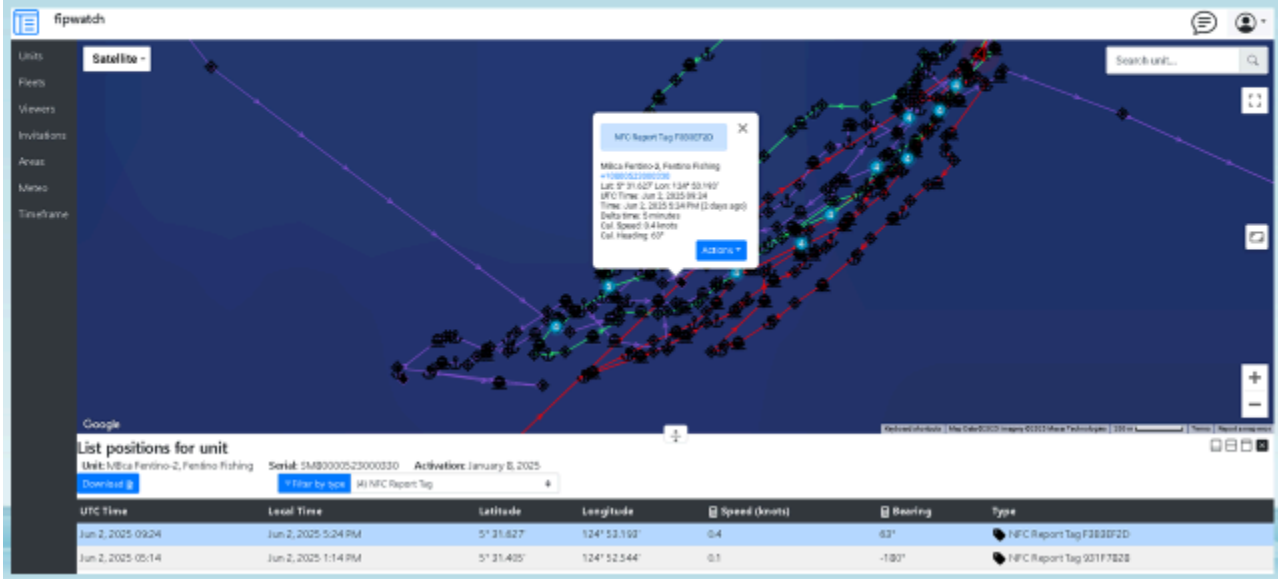
Manage your tracked units

Unit	Serial	Color	Status	Actions
Mica 2-Sisters, Island Cruiser + 108052300071	SM2000523000071 May 16, 2023	[Grey]	enabled	Actions
Mica A/A, Awa Leonyl Fishing + 108052300055	SM2000523000055 May 16, 2023	[Pink]	enabled	Actions
Mica Fendino-2, Fendino Fishing + 108052300030	SM2000523000330 January 8, 2025	[Purple]	enabled	Actions
Mica Fendino-3, Fendino Fishing + 108052300036	SM2000523000336 January 8, 2025	[Green]	enabled	Actions
Mica Island Cruiser-D, Island Cruiser + 1080523000324	SM2000523000324 January 8, 2025	[Cyan]	enabled	Actions
Mica Island Cruiser-F, Island Cruiser + 108112300001	SM2000102300001 October 18, 2023	[Black]	enabled	Actions
Mica Island Cruiser-H, Island Cruiser + 108112300004	SM2000102300004 October 18, 2023	[Light Green]	enabled	Actions
Mica Island Cruiser-K, Island Cruiser + 108052300032	SM2000523000332 January 8, 2025	[Yellow]	enabled	Actions
Mica Queen Mara, Island Cruiser + 1080523000301	SM2000523000301 January 8, 2025	[Red]	enabled	Actions

Fish Traceability via NFC Cards



Fish Traceability via NFC Cards



Continue to submit validated logsheets.

Month	No. of Unloadings	MUNICIPAL				COMMERCIAL						
		Yellowfin Tuna		TOTAL TARGET CATCH		Yellowfin Tuna		Bigeye Tuna		TOTAL TARGET CATCH		
		pcs	kgs	pcs	kgs	pcs	kgs	pcs	kgs	pcs	kgs	
January	3	3	118	3	118	32	2,599	65,767	214	10,622	2,813	76,389
February	2	-	-	-	-	18	807	25,480	86	3,775	893	29,255
March	4	3	161	3	161	52	1,797	54,919	508	19,153	2,305	74,072
April	1	1	53	1	53	37	3,717	130,615	483	19,330	4,200	149,945
May	12	29	1,397	29	1,397	48	3,496	121,973	887	38,844	4,383	160,817
June	13	18	890	18	890	50	1,682	57,523	741	30,941	2,423	88,464
July	5	10	472	10	472	34	1,095	38,269	201	8,813	1,296	47,082
August	10	17	785	17	785	50	2,348	79,179	793	33,882	3,141	113,061
September	21	66	2,774	66	2,774	48	2,428	80,766	1,061	46,109	3,489	126,875
Total	71	144	6,532	144	6,532	369	19,969	654,491	4,974	211,469	24,943	865,960

Topics to be discussed today:

1. Training on Logsheet Preparation
2. Catch Documentation
3. Training on Species Identification
4. Discussion on FAO 208 Series 2001 “Conservation of Rare, Threatened and Endangered Fishery Species”, and FAO 208-1 Series 2024 “Amendment to FAO 208 Series 2001”
5. Initial Consultation on ETP Species Policy for Members of Sargen Fish Port Tuna Handline Fishing Association, Inc.

Training on Proper Logsheet Preparation

MR. RICHARD C. TENORIO

*Administrative Assistant III / VMS Operator,
Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Region XII*

Catch Documentation

MR. AGA KHAN M. SALONG

*Senior Aquaculturist,
Regional Fisheries Inspection and Quarantine Unit -
Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Region XII*

Catch Documentation

MS. KRISTINE MAE CARACOTDACOT

Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Region XII

Training on Species Identification
(Pelagic and Bycatch Species)

MR. EDISON A. PESARIO

Aquaculturist II,

*Regional Fisheries Inspection and Quarantine Unit -
Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Region XII*

Orientation on FAO No. 208 Series 2001 “Conservation of Rare,
Threatened and Endangered Fishery Species”, and FAO No. 208-1 Series
2024 “Amendment to FAO 208 Series 2001”

MS. MA. ZILLAH R. BACONGCO

*Aquacultural Technologist OIC,
Aquatic Wildlife Enforcement Unit - Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic
Resources Region XII*

Initial Consultation on Endangered, Threatened, and
Protected Species Policy for Members of Sargen Fish
Port Tuna Handline Fishing Association, Inc.

MS. KIESHEEN MAY CONTRERAS

*Project Officer,
Contreras Professional Consultancy Corp.*

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1m0sz7OD5H0J5_Q2auuUWEGhameSjzPrgICsodFmMDM/edit?usp=sharing

Closing Remarks

MS. MERCEDES ONG

President,

SARGEN Fish Port Tuna Handline Fishing Association Inc.



THANK YOU AND SEE YOU

November 5, 2025
Venue 88, Mabuhay Road, General Santos City
Final Consultation on SFIP Policies



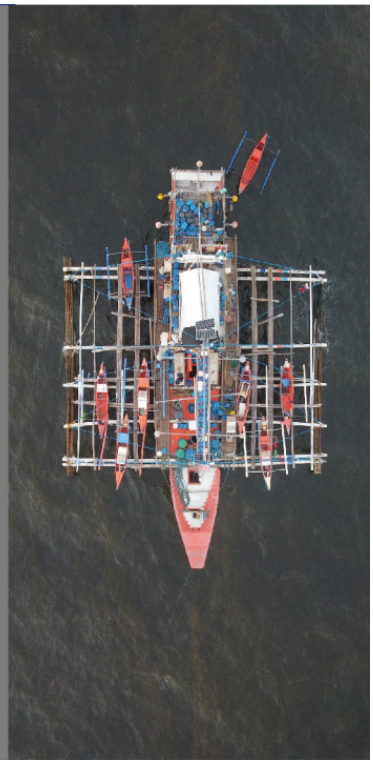
Proper Preparation & Reporting of Tuna Handline Logsheet

RICHARD C. TENORIO

Admin. Assistant-III / VMS Operator

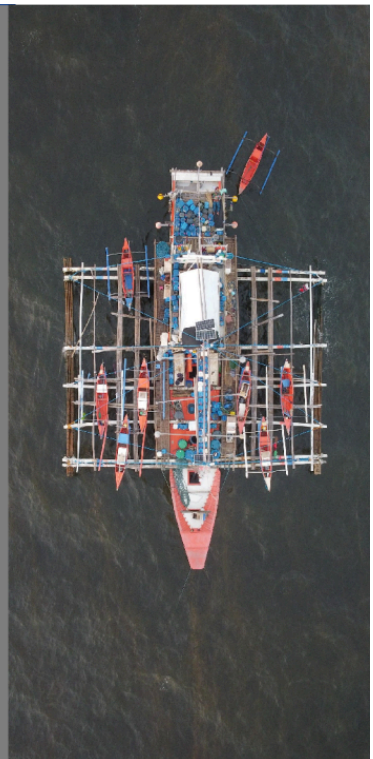
Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources

Regional Fisheries Monitoring Center-XII



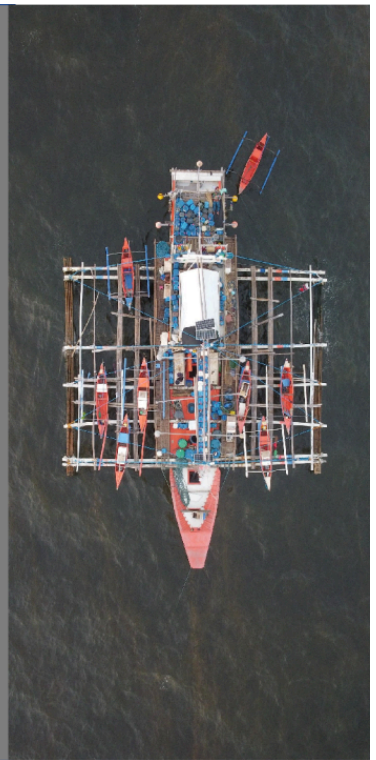
What is a Fishing Logsheet, or Logsheet?

- official daily record of fish catch and spoilage, landing points and estimated quantity and value of fish caught, and off-loaded for transshipment, sale and/or other disposal;
- each commercial fishing vessel must keep a daily record of fish catch and shall be submitted to BFAR Regional Office upon the completion of the fishing trip.



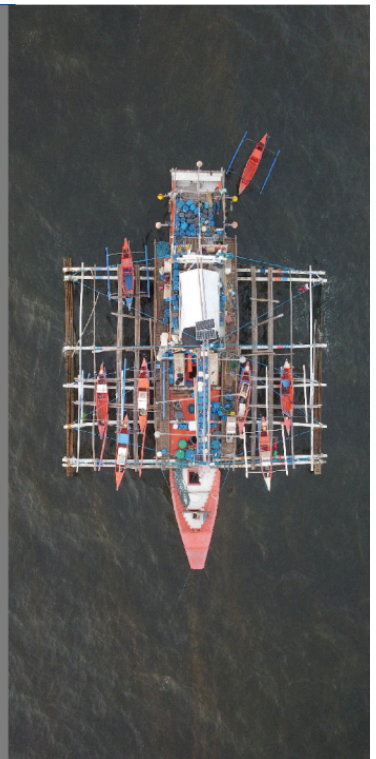
Importance of Fishing Logsheet

- Fishing logsheet contribute to the sustainable management of fisheries.
- Fishing logbooks/Logsheet data recording can be used to monitor compliance with fisheries regulations. This can help to ensure that fishermen are following the rules and that tuna stocks are being managed sustainably.



Key components of the Logsheet

- **Fishing Vessel Information**, port origin, date and time of departure and arrival;
- **Daily Time Record and Catch Position** during fishing operations, and number of payao and pakura deployed;
- Use of species identification and fishing activity codes
- Estimation table of length and weight of tuna.



SPC/FFA Regional Handline Logsheet

Instructions

REVISED MAR-2004		SPC / FFA REGIONAL HANDLINE LOGSHEET										PAGE ___ OF ___																
NAME OF VESSEL		FISHING PERMIT OR LICENCE NUMBER(S)										YEAR (YEAR)																
NAME OF FISHING COMPANY		REG. VESSEL NUMBER		NAME OF AGENT IN PORT OF UNLOADING		PORT OF DEPARTURE		DATE AND TIME OF DEPARTURE		DATE AND TIME OF ARRIVAL		TRIP NUMBER THIS YEAR																
COUNTRY OF REGISTRATION		SINGLE VESSEL IDENTIFY CODE		LOCAL CODE		PLACE OF UNLOADING		DATE AND TIME OF ARRIVAL IN PORT		FISHING PERMIT OR LICENCE NUMBER(S)		NAME OF AGENT IN PORT OF UNLOADING																
REGISTRATION NUMBER IN COUNTRY OF REGISTRATION		INTERNATIONAL RADIO CALLSIGN		ALL WEETS AND TAILS MUST BE IN NAUTICAL/FAHRE ALL WEIGHS MUST BE KILOGRAMS START A NEW LOGSHEET AFTER FULL OR PARTIAL UNLOADING		FISHING PERMIT OR LICENCE NUMBER(S)		DATE AND TIME OF ARRIVAL IN PORT		FISHING PERMIT OR LICENCE NUMBER(S)		NAME OF AGENT IN PORT OF UNLOADING																
MONTH	DAY	ACTIVITY	START OF SET OR MULTIPLE-TURN TIME POSITION		START TIME	DUE TIME	HOURS OF FISHING	BASSIC		YELLOWFIN		SPINNAK		SHARK		SILVER MARLIN		BLACK MARLIN		ALBACORE		SALPASH		SWORDFISH		OTHER SPECIES		
			LONGITUDE	LATITUDE				NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.
		ACTIVITY CODES (Mja code sa Kalihokan)		PAGE TOTAL		TRIP TOTAL		NAME OF CAPTAIN		SIGNATURE OF CAPTAIN		DATE																

SPC / FFA REGIONAL HANDLINE LOGSHEET INSTRUCTIONS
(REV. November 2004) (The vessel's crew related to its length position. Annual time cover change with every 15° of longitude.)

Block One: Vessel Identification and Trip Information
Country of Registration and Registration Number in Country of Registration: Print the name of the country in which the vessel is registered (e.g. "Japan") and the registration number issued by the country in which the vessel is registered (e.g. "ML 808").
FFA Vessel Register Number: Print the number issued by the Bureau Fisheries Agency for inclusion of the vessel on the FFA Regional Register (e.g. "1334").
Local Code: Print the vessel's local code.
Fishing Permit or License Number(s): If the vessel fishes under one or more bilateral access agreements, then print the fishing permit number issued by each of the coastal states to which waters the vessel fishes during the trip. If the vessel fishes under a multilateral access agreement, then print the fishing permit number issued to the vessel under the multilateral treaty. If the vessel is registered in the coastal state, then print the fishing license number issued by the coastal state.
Name of Agent in Port of Unloading: Print the name of the agency or agencies which represented the vessel in the port or ports in which the vessel obtained its catch recorded on the logsheet. In case of more than one agent, print the name of the carrier and destination of the unloaded catch.
Year and Trip Number This Year: Print the year in which the vessel departed from port at the start of the trip and the number of trips the vessel has taken this year including this trip. The start of a trip is defined to occur when a vessel enters port to unload part of its catch or to return to another port to complete unloading. The end of a trip is defined to occur when a vessel enters port to unload part of all of its catch.
Place of Unloading: Specify the name of the port where the catch was unloaded, or the GPS position where unloading occurs at sea.
Departure Time of Departure and Date and Time of Unloading (Arrival): Specify the exact date and time when the catch was unloaded in port, or the date and time of unloading if unloading occurs at sea. Use the vessel's local time and this format (YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM).
Range in Length of Handlines (meters): Print the range in the lengths (meters) of the handlines used during this trip.
Primary Target Species: Print the primary target species for this trip.
Block Two: Catches
 Complete at least one line of Block Two for each fishing period undertaken during the trip. If no fishing was undertaken during the trip, then provide the Month, Day, Activity Code, and the vessel's position at natural noon time. If necessary, use more than one line to record the catch of other species.
Month and Day: The day should correspond to the day on which the crew started fishing; record the day number and not the day of the week.
Activity Code: Use either Activity Code 1 (Fishing on the vicinity of an Anchored FAD), Activity Code 2 (Fishing - Trolling) or Activity Code 3 (Fishing - set net or anchored FAD or fishing) in Block Two for days when the handline gear is placed in the water. If fishing is not conducted in the vicinity of an anchored FAD or trolling, please describe the fishing operation (e.g. "fishing on set net"). Use Activity Code 4 (A day on set net) and not set net and set net, please specify if the vessel was on set net, but the handline gear was not placed in the water that day and the vessel was not in water, please describe the activity on the form. Use Activity Code 5 (Fishing) if the vessel was not fishing and the vessel spent most of the day at anchor. Use Activity Code 6 (Catch-up) please specify start time and activity if no fishing was undertaken and the vessel spent most of the day in port. If no code exists, please describe the activity on the form.
Start of Set or Multiturn Start Time Positioning: If fishing was undertaken, print the position at the start of fishing. If not set was made during the set or multiturn period, print the date and time when the position should be recorded to the nearest tenth of a minute of latitude and longitude (e.g. "08-22.82°N" and "145-43.14°E").
Start and End Fishing Time: Print the vessel's local time when the crew started placing the handline gear in the water and when the crew finished fishing.
Number of Hooks: Print the total number of hooks that were used. This corresponds to the number of lines fishing if single hook lines are used.
Range: Print the number of fish caught and retained, excluding fish from which only the fins were retained and not the body, under NO RET. Print the number of fish discarded or retained under NO DISC. Print the total amount of the whole weight (in kilograms) of all fish that were caught and retained, of all fish that were caught and retained, in kilograms, under KG RET. Print number of fish that were discarded or retained under NO DISC.
Shark: Print the number of fish caught and retained, excluding fish from which only the fins were retained and not the body, under NO RET. Print the number of fish discarded or retained (which off live or dead) including fish from which only the fins were retained and not the body, under NO DISC.
Shark: Blue, Black, and Striped: Print number of fish caught and retained under NO RET. Print total amount of the preserved weight of all fish that were caught and retained, in kilograms, under KG RET.
Shark: Other: Print the number of fish caught and retained under NO RET. Print the number of fish discarded or retained under NO DISC. Print the total amount of the preserved weight of all fish that were caught and retained, in kilograms, under KG RET. When more than one shark species occurs in a set, use subcategory lines on the logsheet.

PHILIPPINES-HANDLINE LOGSHEET

PHILIPPINES - HANDLINE LOGSHEET												PAGE ___ OF ___														
NAME OF VESSEL (PANGALAN SA SAKAYAN)						FISHING PERMIT OR LICENCE NUMBER(S) (NUMERO SA LISENSIYA SA PANAGAT)						YEAR (TAAG)		TRIP NUMBER THIS YEAR (Numero sa bayle karang taag)												
NAME OF FISHING COMPANY (PANGALAN SA TAG-IYA)						NAME OF AGENT IN PORT OF UNLOADING (Pangalan sa ahente sa pantalan)						PORT OF DEPARTURE (Pantalan asa nigran)		DATE AND TIME OF DEPARTURE (Petsa ug oras nangal sa pantalan)												
COUNTRY OF REGISTRATION (NASOD ASA HARENISTRO)						MGA PANAMATNGON: 1. TANAW NGA PETA SA ORAS KIRAHANGAN UTOGIC 2. TANAW NGA TRILING ISULAT SA KILO 3. GABAT UG USADURA SA PANG NGA LOGSHEET PANG SA USA SA BIRNIE SA PANAGAT 4. ANG USA SA BIRNIE PANAGAT MASOGOD SA PANGALAGA SA PANTALAN UG MARIKASAN SA PANG-ABOT SA PANTALAN 5. SPASA KINE DARTON SA BIRNIE PANGKALANGAN SA PANAGAT						PORT OF UNLOADING (Pantalan asa gidakarga ang isda)		DATE AND TIME OF ARRIVAL (Petsa ug oras niabot sa pantalan)												
REGISTRATION NUMBER IN COUNTRY OF REGISTRATION (Numero sa Rehistro sa Pilipinas)						INTERNATIONAL RADIO CALLSIGN						TONGUE SPECIES (Targang ang isda)		NO. OF SUPPORT VESSELS (Pila man ang pangat)		LENGTH OF HANDLINE (METERS) (Pasa-on ang pangat)										
MONTH (BUHAY)	DAY (ADLAW)	ACTIVITY CODE	BASIC OR FISHING POSITION		ORAS SA MASOGOD (PANGGODA)	ORAS NANGALAN (PANGGODA)	PILA TANAW (PANGGODA)	PILA TANAW (PANGGODA)	YELLOWFIN (BAYLE)		SHARK (BAYLE)		SPINNAK (BAYLE)		BLUE MARLIN (BAYLE)		ALBACORE (BAYLE)		SALPASH (BAYLE)		SWORDFISH (BAYLE)		SHARK (BAYLE)		OTHER SPECIES (BAYLE)	
			LONGITUDE	LATITUDE					NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.
						PAGE TOTAL						TRIP TOTAL						NAME OF CAPTAIN (PANGALAN SA KAPITAN SA SAKAYAN)		SIGNATURE OF CAPTAIN (PINA SA KAPITAN)		DATE (PETA)				

VESSEL IDENTIFICATION AND TRIP INFORMATION

UPDATED: JUNE 2023		PHILIPPINES - HANDLINE LOGSHEET				PAGE ____ OF ____			
NAME OF VESSEL (PANGALAN SA SAKAYAN)		FISHING PERMIT OR LICENCE NUMBER(S) (NUMERO SA LISENSIYA SA PANAGAT)				YEAR (TUIG)	TRIP NUMBER THIS YEAR (Kapila ka biyahe karong tuig)		
NAME OF FISHING COMPANY (PANGALAN SA TAG-IYA)		NAME OF AGENT IN PORT OF UNLOADING (Pangalan sa ahente sa pantalan)		PORT OF DEPARTURE (Pantalan asa nigitan)		DATE AND TIME OF DEPARTURE (Petsa ug oras nilarga sa pantalan)			
COUNTRY OF REGISTRATION (NASOD ASA NAREHISTRO)		MGA PAHAMATNGON: 1. TANAN NGA PETA SA UG ORAS KINAHANGLAN UTOG/MC 2. TANAN NGA TIMBANG ISULAT SA KILO 3. GAMIT UG USA/DUHA KA PANID NGA LOGSHEET PARA SA USA KA BIYAHE SA PANAGAT 4. ANG USA KA BIYAHE PANAGAT MASOGOD SA PAGLARGA SA PANTALAN UG MAHUMAN SA PAG-ABOT SA PANTALAN 5. IPASA KINI DAYON SA BFAK PAGKAHUMAN SA PANAGAT				PORT OF UNLOADING: (Pantalan asa gidiskarga ang isda)		DATE AND TIME OF ARRIVAL (Petsa ug oras niabot sa pantalan)	
REGISTRATION NUMBER IN COUNTRY OF REGISTRATION (Numero sa Rehistro sa Pilipinas)	INTERNATIONAL RADIO CALLSIGN	TARGET SPECIES (Target nga isda)		NO. OF SUPPORT VESSELS (Pila tanan ang pakura)	LENGTH OF HANDLINES (METERS) (Katas-on sa pasol)				

CATCHES AND DISCARDS

MONTH (BULAN)	DAY (ADLAW)	ACTIVITY CODE	01:00 UTC OR FISHING POSITION				ORAS SA PAGOOGOD (PANGISDA)	ORAS NAHUMAN (PANGISDA)	PILA TANAN ANG PAKURA	PILA TANAN ANG KAWIL	YELLOWFIN (BARILES)			BIGEYE (BARILES)			SKIPJACK (BUDUS)			BLUE MARLIN (MARANG)			ALBACORE (BARILES)		SALFISH (LIPLIPAN)		SVOROFISH (DUGHO)		SHARK (HOPATING)		OTHER SPECIES (LAHING KLASING ISDA)					
			LATITUDE	N	LONGITUDE	E					No	KG	No	KG	No	KG	No	KG	No	KG	No	KG	No	KG	No	KG	No	KG	No	KG	No	KG	No	KG	No	KG
			DDMM.MMM	S	DDMM.MMM	W					RET	RET	DISC	RET	RET	DISC	RET	RET	DISC	RET	RET	DISC	RET	RET	DISC	RET	RET	DISC	RET	RET	DISC	RET	RET	DISC	RET	RET
						PAGE TOTAL																														
						TRIP TOTAL																														
ACTIVITY CODES (Mga code sa Kalihokan) 1 NANGISDA DUOL SA PAYAO O BATANG 2 NANGISDA PINAAGI SA PAGGUYOD SA KAWIL 3 NANGISDA PERO LAYO SA PAYAO O BATANG 4 TAMBAY SA DAGAT 5 NAVIGAR 6 NAA SA PANTALAN						NAME OF CAPTAIN (PANGALAN SA KAPITAN SA SAKAYAN)				SIGNATURE OF CAPTAIN (PIRMA SA KAPITAN)								DATE (PETA)																		

LOGSHEET TEST

TRIP DETAILS

Your vessel previously departed for Mati on January 3, 2022 and returned to GSC Port on July 14, 2022.

For this season you are scheduled to depart from General Santos City on September 29, 2022 at 2200H Philippine time with coordinates 06°02.146'N latitude and 125°05.671'E Longitude.

September 30, your vessel is transiting near Davao gulf. You record the time at 0100H Philippine time and coordinates 05°58.234'N latitude and 126°05.756'E Longitude.

October 1, you arrived at Mati fishing ground, tied to your existing FAD and start fishing the activity. You record the time at 1:00 as start and ended at Philippine time and coordinates 06°55.234'N latitude and 127°01.756'E Longitude. 7 pakura's and 9 hooks were used to catch and retained five (5) BET with estimated overall weight of 150kg.

October 2, you tied to your existing FAD the whole day with no activity. Your position at the time of recording is 06°55.114'N latitude and 127°01.464'E Longitude.

October 3, 1800H you decide to return to Gensan due to an upcoming bad weather. Your position at the time of recording is 06°55.040'N latitude and 127°01.221'E Longitude.

October 4, you arrived at General Santos Port on 0900H Philippine Time at coordinate 06°01.853' N and 125°08.674' E.

Answer key:

PHILIPPINES - HANDLINE LOGSHEET															PAGE 1 OF 1																								
NAME OF VESSEL (PANGALAN SA SAKAYAN)					FISHING PERMIT OR LICENCE NUMBER(S) (NUMERO SA LISENSYA SA PANAGAT)					YEAR (TUNG) 2022		TRIP NUMBER THIS YEAR (Healita sa duha hangang tung) 2																											
NAME OF FISHING COMPANY (PANGALAN SA TAG-IYA)					NAME OF AGENT IN PORT OF UNLOADING (Pangalan sa ahente sa pantalan)					PORT OF DEPARTURE (Pantalan gata nagsilhan)		DATE AND TIME OF DEPARTURE (Pera sa oras nangag sa pantalan)																											
COUNTRY OF REGISTRATION (NASOD ASA NAREHISTRADO)					MGA PANGATONGON: 1. TANAN NGA PETA SA UG ORAS KINAHANGLAN UG/UGSIC 2. TANAN NGA TRIBANG ISULAT SA KILD 3. GABIT UG USADUNA KA RANG NGA LOGSHEET PINA SA USA KA BAYAN SA PANAGAT 4. ANG USA KA BAYAN PANAGAT MADUGOD SA PANGALAN SA PANTALAN UG MAKAMAN SA PAG-ABOT SA PANTALAN 5. SPADA KIN DAYON SA SPAN PANGALAN SA PANAGAT					PORT OF UNLOADING (Pantalan asa gidiskarga ang isda)		DATE AND TIME OF ARRIVAL (Pera sa oras niabot sa pantalan)																											
REGISTRATION NUMBER IN COUNTRY OF REGISTRATION (Numero sa Rehiyon sa Pilipinas)					INTERNATIONAL RADIO CALLSIGN					VESSEL SPECIES (Pera sa oras ang isda)		LENGTH OF TRANSDUCER (METERS) (Kilala sa sa pags)																											
										YFT/BET 7																													
MONTH (BULAN)	DAY (ADLAW)	ACTIVITY CODE	STREETS OR FINISH POSITION			ORAS SA PANGGODO (RANGGIDA)	ORAS NANGMAY (RANGGIDA)	PILA TANAN ANG ZAKURA	PILA TANAN ANG KAWIL	WELLOPP (BARLES)			BURET (BARLES)			TANGPOK (BUDLE)			BULO BULO (BARANG)			ALBAGONE (BARLES)			SALIPAN (SALIPAN)			SIGOROP (DUSKO)			SIBAN (MOPATING)			OTHER SPECIES (LALANG KLASANG ISDA)					
			LATITUDE (ODAM MUM)	N	S					LONGITUDE (ODAM MUM)	E	W	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET	RET		
09	29	5	06°02.146	N	125°05.671	E																																	
09	30	5	05°58.234	N	126°05.756	E																																	
10	01	1	06°55.234	N	127°01.756	E	1:00	6:00	7	9	-	-	-	5	150	-																							
10	02	4	06°55.114	N	127°01.464	E																																	
10	03	5	06°55.040	N	127°01.221	E																																	
10	04	6	06°01.853	N	125°08.674	E																																	
										PAGE TOTAL 5					TRIP TOTAL 150																								
ACTIVITY CODES (Mga code sa Kailabanan) 1. NANGGISA DIWAL SA PAKO O BATANG 2. NANGGISA PINAAGI SA PANGUYOD SA KAWIL 3. NANGGISA PERO LAYO SA PAKO O BATANG 4. TAMBAY SA DAGAT 5. NANGGAR 6. WAL SA PANTALAN										NAME OF CAPTAIN (PANGALAN SA KAPTAN SA SAKAYAN)										SIGNATURE OF CAPTAIN (PINA SA KAPTAN)										DATE (PETA)									

MANUAL REPORTING:

Sa kaso ng malfunction ng VMS, ang mga ulat sa posisyon ng barko ay dapat ibigay sa isang manu-manong batayan.

“BAWAT apat (4) NA ORAS, Anim (6) O HIGIT PA NA POSISYON ARAW-ARAW”

MAXIMUM OF **30 DAYS** hanggang bumalik ang automatic reporting or maayos ang VMS ng BFAR Installer.



Manual Reporting format

SAMPLE REPORT

Manual reporting: Every 4 hours

Submission of report: Every 08:00 AM

Sample format:

Sir/Madam,

Vessel Name: **F/B ZENICA F/B OHAHAY**

VESSEL POSITION AS OF: LOCAL DATE: 20/02/2024 TIME: 04:14:00

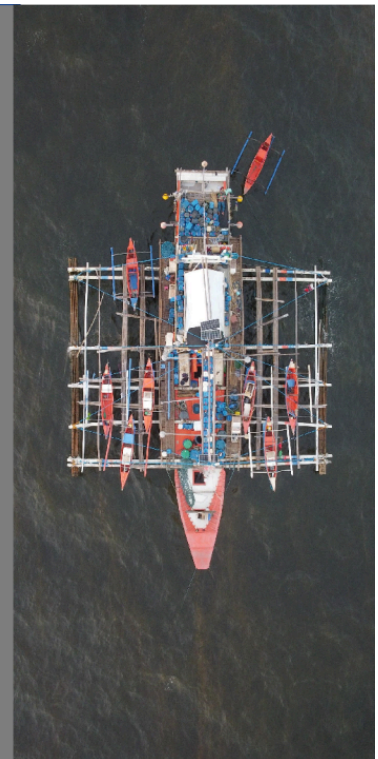
LATITUDE: 06°40.452' N

LONGITUDE: 129°27.426' E

ACTIVITY: Fishing Set



**DAGHANG SALAMAT
ug
DALAYGON ANG DIYOS**





REGIONAL FISHERIES INSPECTION AND QUARANTINE UNIT XII

LEGAL BASIS, REQUIREMENTS NEEDED AND PROCESS FLOW FOR TRACEABILITY ENHANCEMENT



LEGAL BASIS

REPUBLIC ACT NO. 10654

AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER AND ELIMINATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED AND UNREGULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS "THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF 1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Section 38 of Republic Act No. 8550 as amended by Republic Act No. 10654 mentioned on the *reportorial requirements* of commercial fishing vessel. Daily record of fish catch and spoilage, landing points, and quantity and value of fish caught, and off-loaded for transshipment, sale and/or other disposal shall be kept.

Section 65 of the Implementing Rules and Regulation of Republic Act 8550 as amended by Republic Act No. 10654; BFAR should adopt an appropriate monitoring, control, surveillance and traceability system for municipal fishing vessels supplying exporters, with concurrence of the local government units



LEGAL BASIS

REPUBLIC ACT NO. 10654

AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER AND ELIMINATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED AND UNREGULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS "THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF 1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Section 89. Unreported Fishing. – It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in unreported fishing or to fail to comply with the reportorial requirements in Section 38 of this Code.

Upon a summary finding of administrative liability, the *owner or operator of the municipal or commercial fishing vessel and the three (3) highest officers of the commercial fishing vessel who commit unreported fishing within waters of national jurisdiction shall be punished* by an administrative fine equivalent to the value of the catch or the amount indicated below, whichever is higher:



LEGAL BASIS

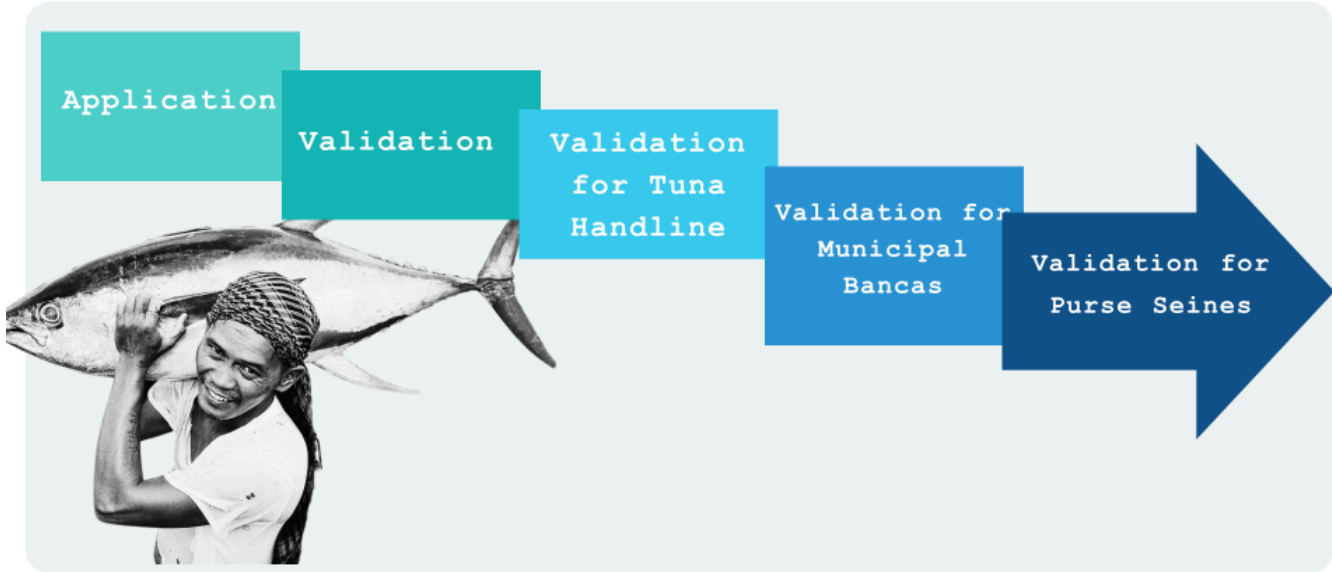
REPUBLIC ACT NO. 10654

AN ACT TO PREVENT, DETER AND ELIMINATE ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED AND UNREGULATED FISHING, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8550, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS "THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF 1998," AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

- (1) Five thousand pesos (**P5,000.00**) for municipal fishing: Provided, That if the offender fails to pay the fine, he shall render community service;
- (2) One hundred thousand pesos (**P100,000.00**) for small-scale commercial fishing;
- (3) Two hundred thousand pesos (**P200,000.00**) for medium-scale commercial fishing; and
- (4) Five hundred thousand pesos (**P500,000.00**) for large-scale commercial fishing.



Market 1 Process flow and Traceability Protocol



Application

For APPLICATION.

A letter of request for inspection from the fishing company is needed informing the BFAR 12 – Catch validation of the arrival of their vessel.



All vessels are required to be validated by BFAR-12 Catch Validation upon arriving. But some company can also make an appointment for the validation of their company vessel



RUGELA
FISHING INDUSTRIES, INC.

RFI Compound, Saeg, Calumang Avenue, General Santos City
Tel. No. (083) 553 - 5912 to 13 Fax No. (083) 553 - 5914
E-mail Address: rugelafrtrgindino@gmail.com; rugela_fishing@yahoo.com

September 20, 2025

Dir. Usop D. Pandaliday Jr.
Regional Director
Bureau of Fisheries & Aquatic Resources – Region XII
General Santos City

Dear Sir:

Good day!

Rugela Fishing Industries, Incorporated would like to inform your good office that we will be unloading from the following carrier vessels on the following dates:

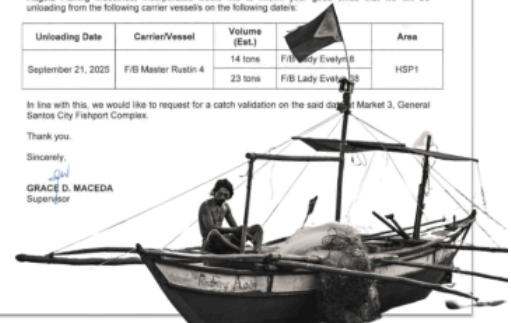
Unloading Date	Carrier/Vessel	Volume (Est.)	Area
September 21, 2025	F/B Master Rustin 4	14 tons	F/B Lady Evelyn 8
		23 tons	F/B Lady Evelyn 12

In line with this, we would like to request for a catch validation on the said dates at Market 3, General Santos City Fishport Complex.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

GRACE D. MACEDA
Supervisor





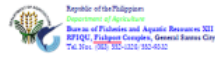
Validation

Catch validator prepares inspection tools and materials to bring on board to undertake inspection activity.

Complete & Proper Uniform



Verification checklists



Republic of the Philippines
Department of Agriculture
Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources XII
BFAQ12, Tagbore Complex, General Santos City
Tel. No. (082) 522-1222, 522-6232

Checklist of Requirements for Catch Validation (Fishing Vessel operating within Philippine Waters)

Name of Vessel: _____

Company Representative: _____

Date & Time: _____

- Logsheet
- Captain/Mate's Transfer Certificate
- Stowage Plan

Licenses

(Comer):

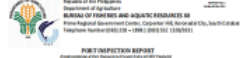
- Certificate of Clearance (Valid)
- Certificate of Philippine Registry (MARINA)
- Commercial Fishing Vessel License (CFVL)

(Catcher):

- Certificate of Philippine Registry (MARINA)
- Commercial Fishing Vessel and Gear License (CFVGL)

Remarks: _____

Port Inspection Report

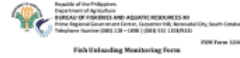


Republic of the Philippines
Department of Agriculture
BUREAU OF FISHERIES AND AQUATIC RESOURCES XII
Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources XII, Tagbore Complex, General Santos City, South Cotabato
Telephone Number (082) 522-1222 - (082) 522-6232

PORT INSPECTION REPORT (Fishing Vessel operating within Philippine Waters)

1. Name	
2. Vessel Type	
3. Vessel License No.	
4. Name of Captain/Mate	
5. Name of Company Representative	
6. Name of Catcher	
7. Name of Municipality	
8. Name of Province	
9. Name of District	
10. Name of Barangay	
11. Name of Port	
12. Name of Date	
13. Name of Time	
14. Name of Remarks	

Fish Unloading Monitoring Form



Republic of the Philippines
Department of Agriculture
BUREAU OF FISHERIES AND AQUATIC RESOURCES XII
Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources XII, Tagbore Complex, General Santos City, South Cotabato
Telephone Number (082) 522-1222 - (082) 522-6232

Fish Unloading Monitoring Form BFAQ Form 1208

Log Sheet Reference No. _____		
1. Date	2. Date of Unloading	3. Date of Unloading
4. Name of Unloading Vessel	5. Name of Unloading Vessel	6. Name of Unloading Vessel
7. Name of Unloading Vessel	8. Name of Unloading Vessel	9. Name of Unloading Vessel
10. Name of Unloading Vessel	11. Name of Unloading Vessel	12. Name of Unloading Vessel
13. Name of Unloading Vessel	14. Name of Unloading Vessel	15. Name of Unloading Vessel
16. Name of Unloading Vessel	17. Name of Unloading Vessel	18. Name of Unloading Vessel
19. Name of Unloading Vessel	20. Name of Unloading Vessel	21. Name of Unloading Vessel
22. Name of Unloading Vessel	23. Name of Unloading Vessel	24. Name of Unloading Vessel
25. Name of Unloading Vessel	26. Name of Unloading Vessel	27. Name of Unloading Vessel
28. Name of Unloading Vessel	29. Name of Unloading Vessel	30. Name of Unloading Vessel
31. Name of Unloading Vessel	32. Name of Unloading Vessel	33. Name of Unloading Vessel
34. Name of Unloading Vessel	35. Name of Unloading Vessel	36. Name of Unloading Vessel
37. Name of Unloading Vessel	38. Name of Unloading Vessel	39. Name of Unloading Vessel
40. Name of Unloading Vessel	41. Name of Unloading Vessel	42. Name of Unloading Vessel
43. Name of Unloading Vessel	44. Name of Unloading Vessel	45. Name of Unloading Vessel
46. Name of Unloading Vessel	47. Name of Unloading Vessel	48. Name of Unloading Vessel
49. Name of Unloading Vessel	50. Name of Unloading Vessel	51. Name of Unloading Vessel
52. Name of Unloading Vessel	53. Name of Unloading Vessel	54. Name of Unloading Vessel
55. Name of Unloading Vessel	56. Name of Unloading Vessel	57. Name of Unloading Vessel
58. Name of Unloading Vessel	59. Name of Unloading Vessel	60. Name of Unloading Vessel
61. Name of Unloading Vessel	62. Name of Unloading Vessel	63. Name of Unloading Vessel
64. Name of Unloading Vessel	65. Name of Unloading Vessel	66. Name of Unloading Vessel
67. Name of Unloading Vessel	68. Name of Unloading Vessel	69. Name of Unloading Vessel
70. Name of Unloading Vessel	71. Name of Unloading Vessel	72. Name of Unloading Vessel
73. Name of Unloading Vessel	74. Name of Unloading Vessel	75. Name of Unloading Vessel
76. Name of Unloading Vessel	77. Name of Unloading Vessel	78. Name of Unloading Vessel
79. Name of Unloading Vessel	80. Name of Unloading Vessel	81. Name of Unloading Vessel
82. Name of Unloading Vessel	83. Name of Unloading Vessel	84. Name of Unloading Vessel
85. Name of Unloading Vessel	86. Name of Unloading Vessel	87. Name of Unloading Vessel
88. Name of Unloading Vessel	89. Name of Unloading Vessel	90. Name of Unloading Vessel
91. Name of Unloading Vessel	92. Name of Unloading Vessel	93. Name of Unloading Vessel
94. Name of Unloading Vessel	95. Name of Unloading Vessel	96. Name of Unloading Vessel
97. Name of Unloading Vessel	98. Name of Unloading Vessel	99. Name of Unloading Vessel
100. Name of Unloading Vessel	101. Name of Unloading Vessel	102. Name of Unloading Vessel



Catch Validation



Reminder:

No markings of Fishing Vessel
NO VALIDATION

Lacking Documents
NO CERTIFICATION



Requirements needed upon validation:

- Certificate of Fishing Vessel License (CFVL) for Commercial Vessels/ Registration to Operate Pumpboat
- Certificate of Clearance
- Logsheet for Commercial Vessel/ Simplified Catch
- Certificate for Municipal Fishing Boats
- Stowage Plan
- Transshipment Certificate

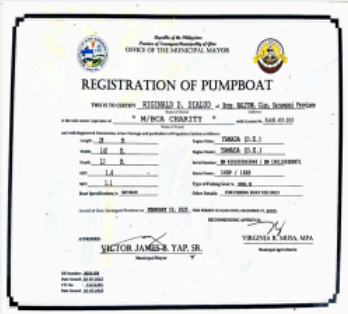




Municipal Bancas

REPORTORIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR MUNICIPAL BANCAS

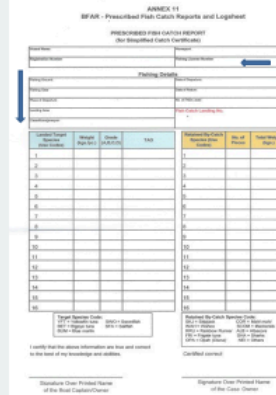
Registration of Pumpboat



Permit to Operate



Simplified Catch Certificate



Stowage Plan



Trucking Verification



Reminder:

- ✓ No license presented **NO CERTIFICATION**
- ✓ No logsheet and stowage plan presented **NO CERTIFICATION**
- ✓ No LTP/ Auxiliary Invoice presented **NO CERTIFICATION**



Requirements needed upon trucking verification:

- Local Transport Permit (LTP)/ Auxiliary Invoice
- Certificate of Fishing Vessel License/ Registration to Operate Pumpboat
- Logsheets/ Simplified Fish Catch
- Stowage Plan
- Transshipment Certificate
- Picture of the Fishing Vessel and Truck





LOCAL TRANSPORT

REQUIREMENTS FOR LTP PERMIT

FOR AIR SHIPMENT (DOMESTIC & EXPORT)

- Certification from Catch Validators

NO CERTIFICATION, NO LTP

FOR BY-LAND SHIPMENT (LOCAL)

- Trip Ticket Slip (TTS)

No TTS, No LTP



Republic of the Philippines Department of Agriculture
BUREAU OF FISHERIES AND AQUATIC RESOURCES XII
Prime Regional Government Center, Carpenter Hill,
Koronadal City, South Cotabato
Telephone Number (083) 228-1898 | (083) 552 1328/9331

Trip Ticket for LTP Issuance

Date: _____

Consignee/Buyer
Carrier Vessel Name:
Vessel Company Name:
Catcher Name:
Fish Classification:
Truck Plate No.:
Estimated Quantity (kg):
Remarks:

Monitored by:

Conformed by:



CERTIFICATION

Republic of the Philippines
Department of Agriculture
BUREAU OF FISHERIES AND AQUATIC RESOURCES XII
Statelike Office, 2nd Floor, RCMDC Building,
I. Santiago Boulevard, Brgy. Dalangas South, General Santos City
Telephone Number (083) 228-1897; 228-1898; 228-1899

CERTIFICATION

This is to certify that _____
was validated on _____, with a quantity of _____, which a portion was purchased and delivered to _____, in compliance with BFAR Administrative Circular 251 series of 2014, and for whatever legal purpose it may serve.

Certified by: _____
Catch Validator

CONTROL NO.: AKLP25-

- Vessel Name / Truck Plate Number
- Estimated Quantity
- Delivered to (Buyer/Trader)





Thank you!



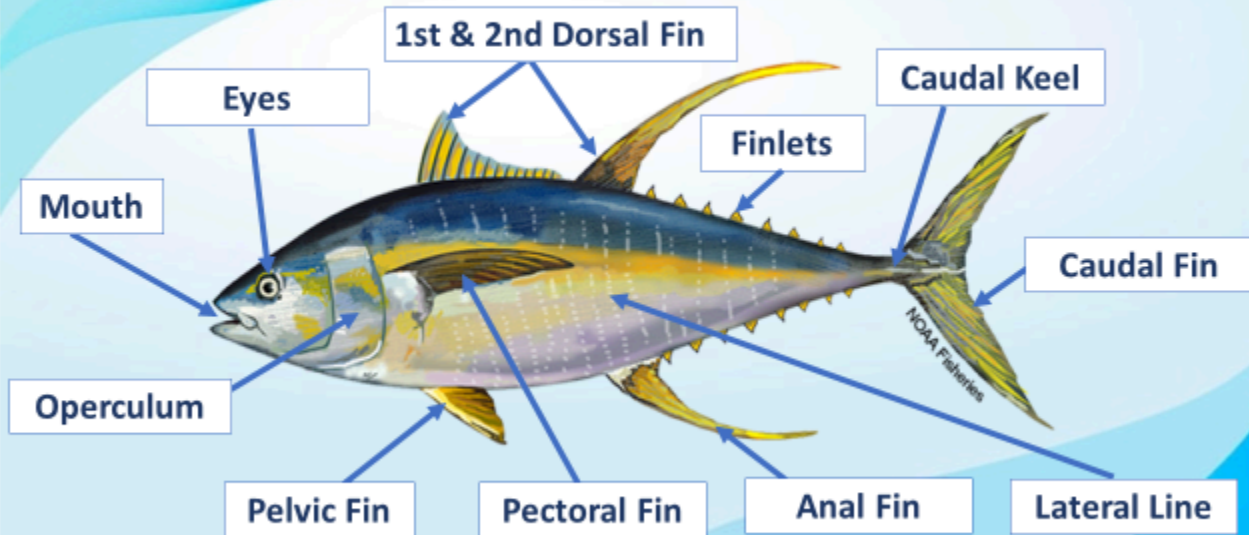


SPECIES IDENTIFICATION

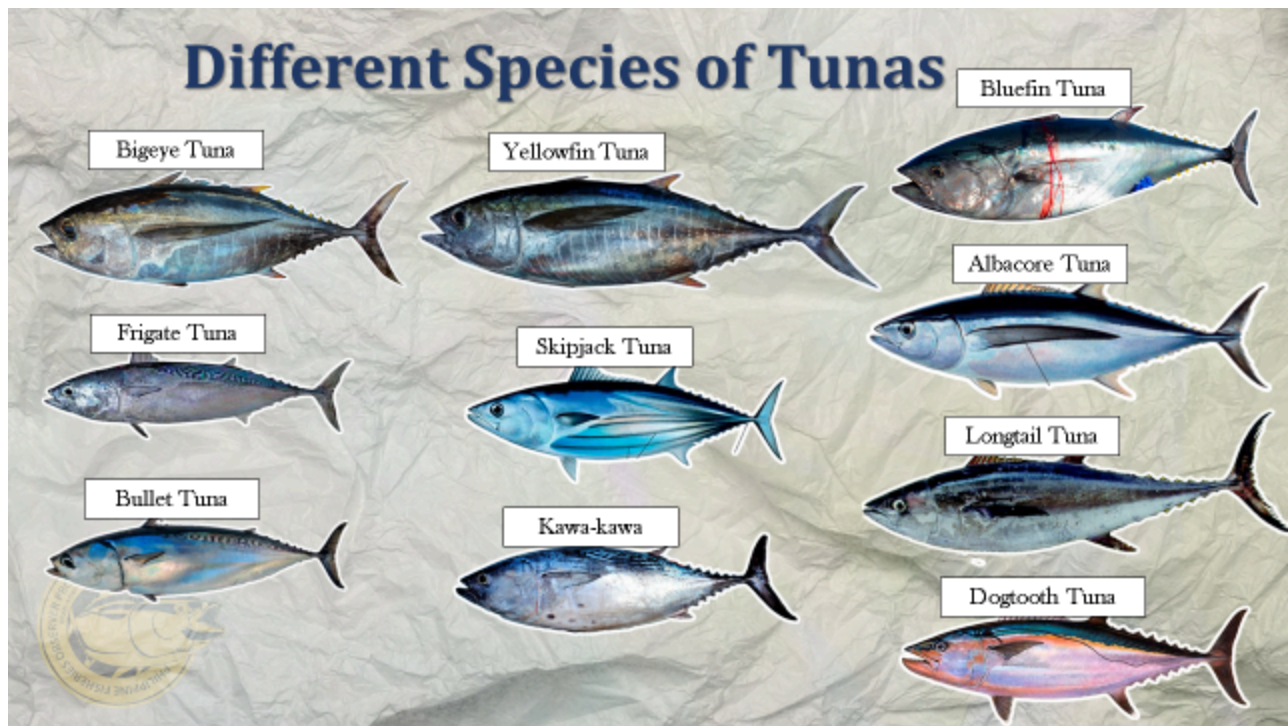
EDISON A. PESARIO, RFP, MPA

Technical Manager, RFIQU - Inspection Team

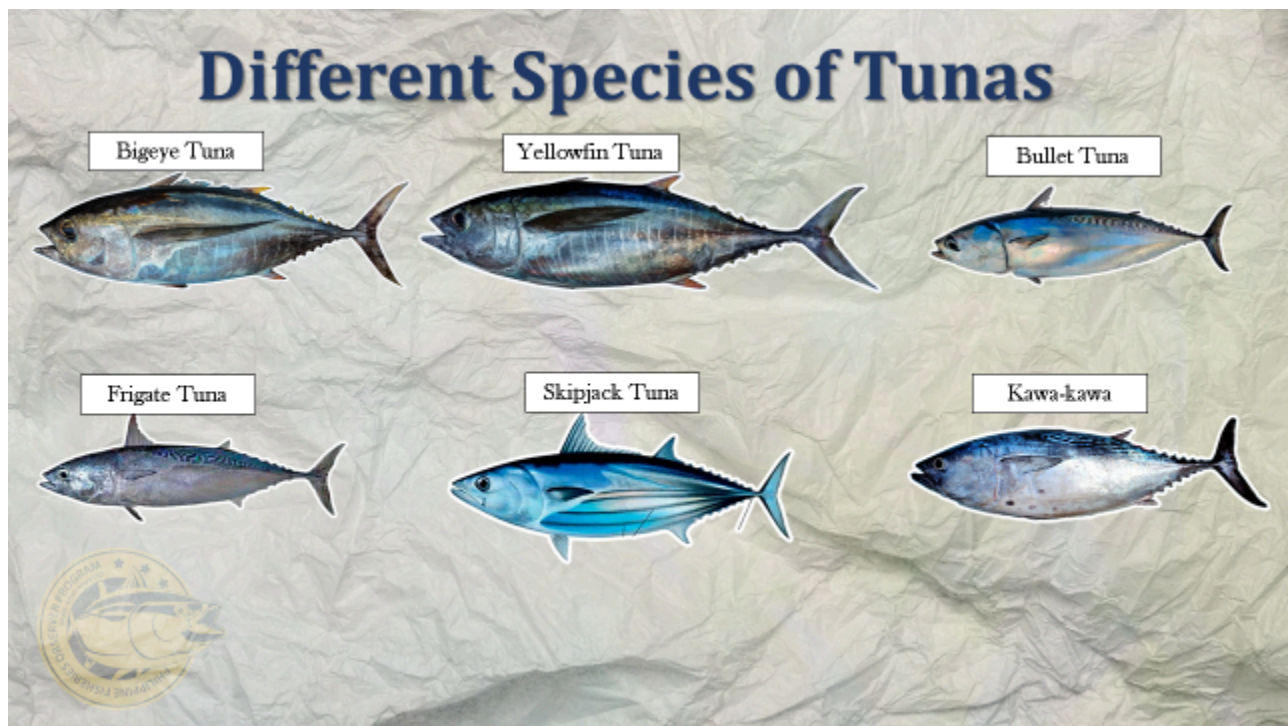
Morphology of tuna



Different Species of Tunas



Different Species of Tunas



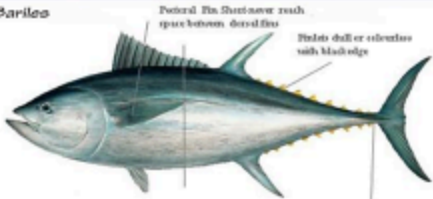
Bluefin Tuna

Pacific Bluefin tuna

PBF

Thunnus orientalis

Sariles



Max. FL: 185 cm
Com. FL: 160-200 cm



Code: **PBF**



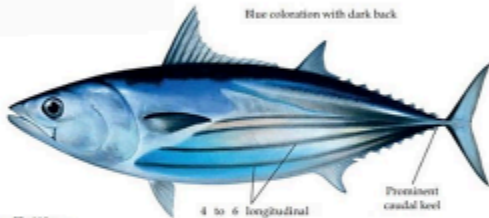
Skipjack Tuna

Skipjack tuna

SKJ

Katsuwonus pelamis

Sambagon, Karaw



Max. FL: 110 cm
Com. FL: 6-90 cm



Code: **SKJ**



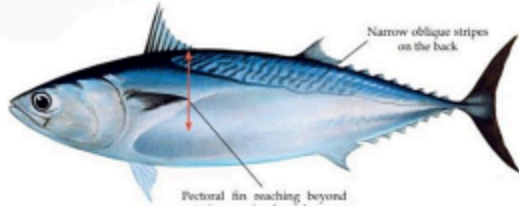
Frigate Tuna

Frigate tuna

FRI

Axis thazard

Pirit, Budboron



Max. FL: 65 cm
Com. FL: 25-40 cm



Code: **FRI**

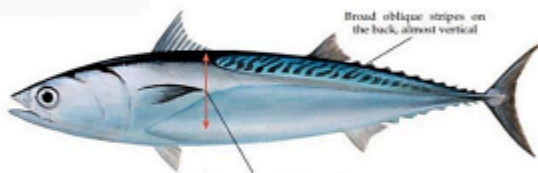
Bullet Tuna

Bullet tuna

BLT

Axis rocher

Pirit, Budboron



Max. FL: 50 cm
Com. FL: 15-25 cm



Code: **BLT**

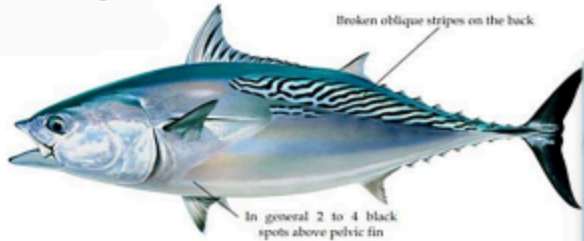
Kawakawa

Kawakawa

KAW

Euthynnus affinis

Pirit, Tulingan Puti



Max. FL: 100 cm
Com. FL: 80 cm



Code: **KAW**



PRETEST

YFT – YELLOWFIN TUNA

BET – BIGEYE TUNA



PRETEST

Body markings

1



2



• Renie S

PRETEST

Pectoral fin

3



4



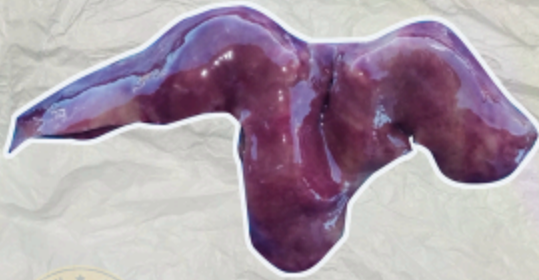
enie S

PRETEST

Internal anatomy

5

6



PRETEST

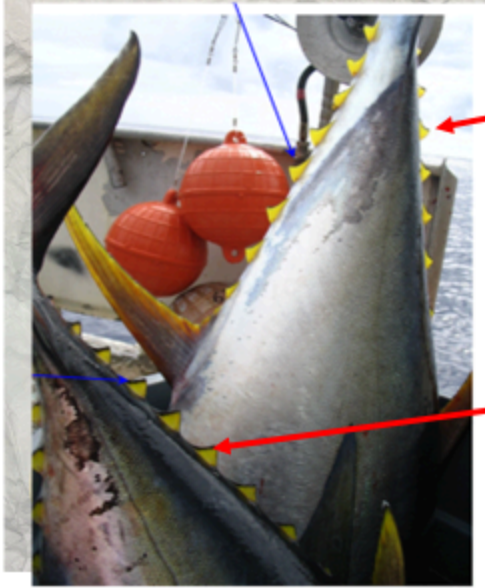
Internal anatomy

7

8



PRETEST



Finlet coloration

9

10

• Renie S

IDENTIFICATION OF YELLOWFIN AND BIGEYE TUNA BY VISUAL CRITERIA

Even though tunas are easiest to distinguish in fresh conditions. Misidentifications and lumping of both species commonly occur in surface fisheries.

Juvenile yellowfin and bigeye tuna in fresh condition can be reliably identified using a combination of the following features:

External Characteristics:

- ✓ Body markings
- ✓ Body morphology
- ✓ Head and eye morphology
- ✓ Pectoral fin characteristics
- ✓ Caudal fin characteristics
- ✓ Finlets coloration

Internal Characteristics:

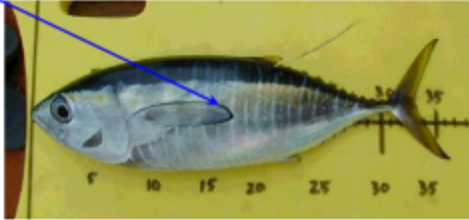
- ✓ Liver appearance and morphology
- ✓ Swim bladder morphology

External anatomy

(For Small Fish less than - 40 cm Fork Length)

➤ Yellowfin

- pectoral fin short, just reaching insertion of second dorsal fin
- pectoral fin thicker, stiffer and rounded at tip



➤ Bigeye

- pectoral fin slightly longer reaching second dorsal fin
- pectoral fin thin, flexible and pointed at the tip



• Renie S

45-110 cm Fork Length

1

YFT



BET

2



• Renie S

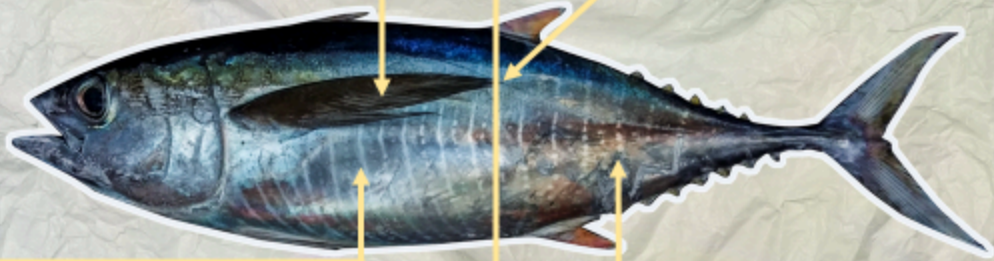
Yellowfin tuna

Pectoral fins reach the start of the second dorsal fin

Pectoral fin tip rounded

Lines slightly curved, even spaced, separated by lines of spots over most of body

Narrow body, especially near caudal fin



• Renie Siocon

Bigeye tuna

Pectoral fins reach beyond start of second dorsal fin

Finlets bright yellow with black edges

Stout Body

Lines almost straight, unevenly spaced with a few erratic spots mostly over lower body



• Renie Siocon

External anatomy

Pectoral fin characteristics

Yellowfin Tuna

- ✓ Pectoral fin short, thicker, "Blade-like" compared to bigeye



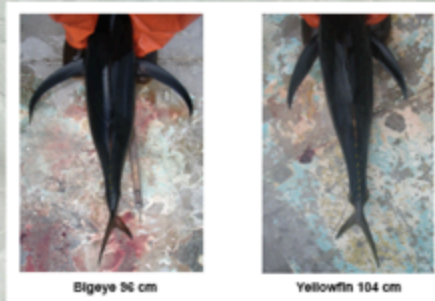
Bigeye Tuna

- ✓ Pectoral fin longer, thinner, pointed

Bigeye pectoral fin forms a smooth arc with "floppy" tips.
Yellowfin pectoral fins are straight and stiff

3

4



• Renie S

External anatomy

Caudal Fin

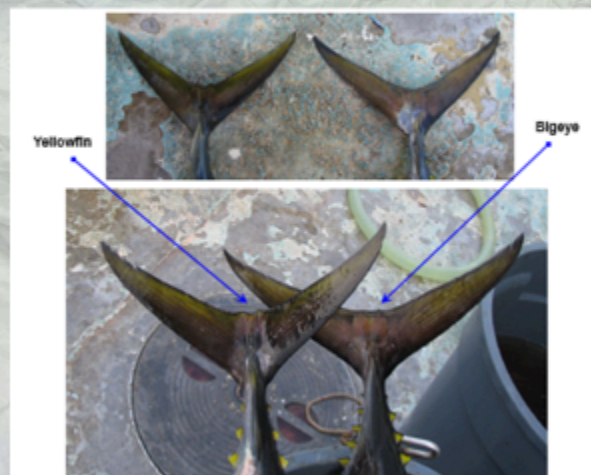
Yellowfin

Forms "V or M" shaped notch

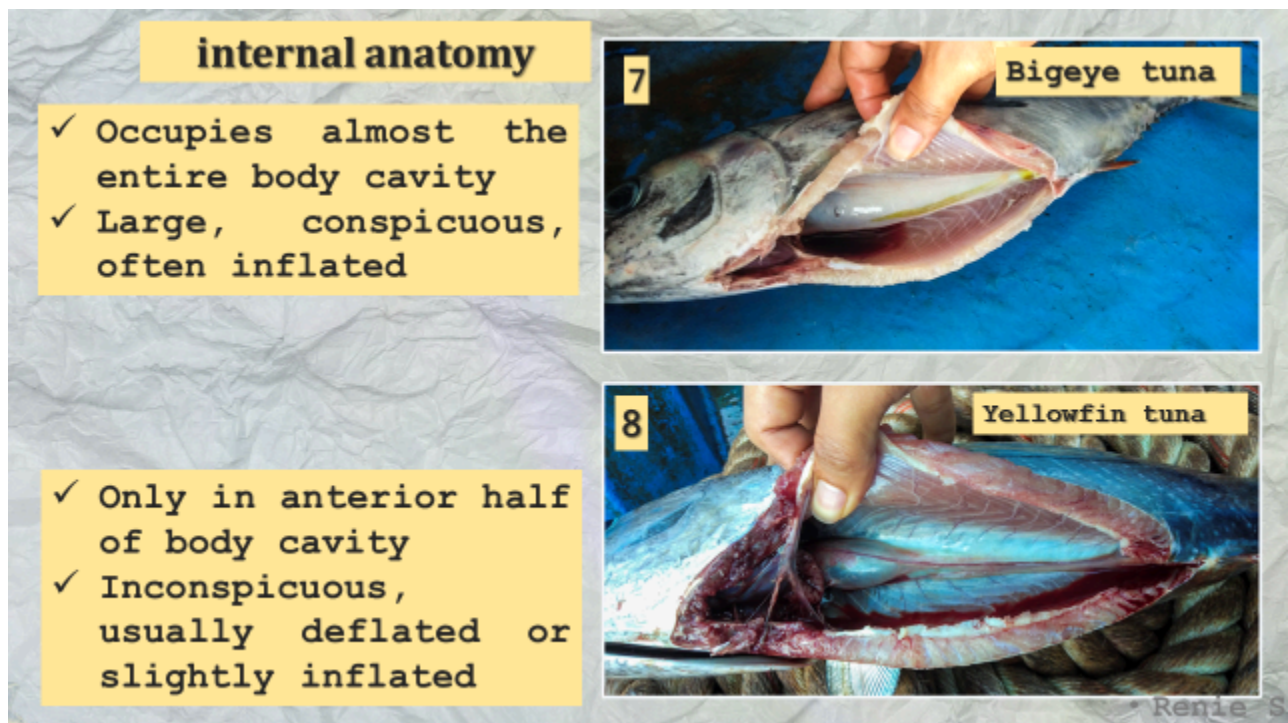
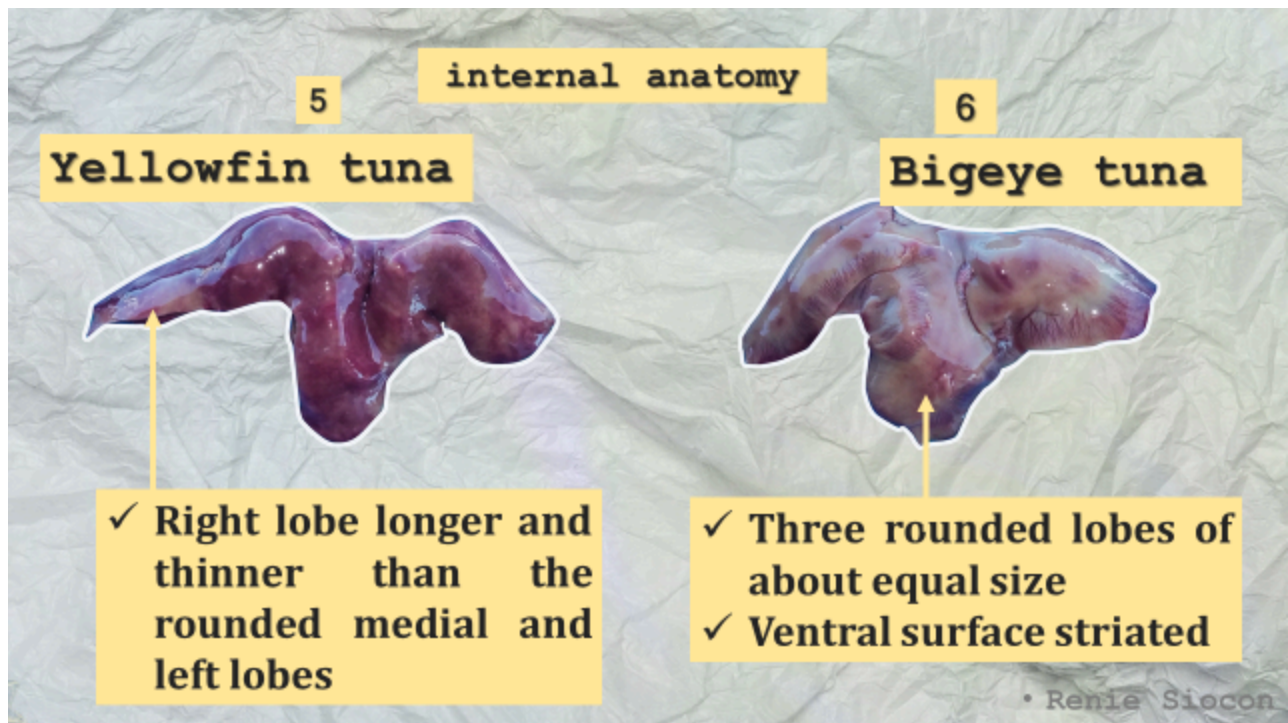


Bigeye

Forms flat or slightly rounded cup

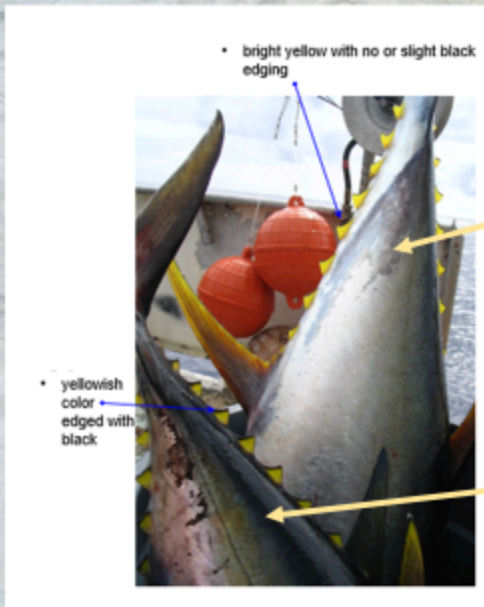


• Renie S



External anatomy

Finlet Coloration



Yellowfin Tuna

9

Bigeye Tuna

10

Renie S

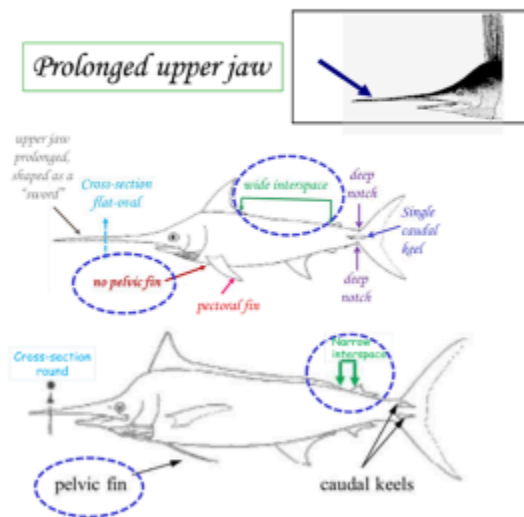
Billfishes

Bycatch Species

Billfishes

Family: Xiphiidae – wide interspace, no pelvic fin, single caudal keel (Swordfishes)

Family: Istiophoridae – narrow interspace, with pelvic fin, 2 caudal keels (Sailfishes, Spearfishes, Marlins)



Dugho

Xiphias gladius

Family: **Xiphiidae** (Swordfishes)

- Upper jaw prolonged
- Wide space between 1st and 2nd dorsal fin
- No Pelvic fin
- Single Caudal Keel



Billfishes

Bycatch Species



Marang, Liplipan

Billfishes

Bycatch Species

Family: **Istiophoridae**
(Sailfishes, Spearfishes, Marlins)

- narrow interspace, with pelvic fin, 2 caudal keels

Sailfish
Istiophorus platypterus
(Indo-Pacific sailfish)
(Malasugi)

Pelvic fin rays long, almost reaching to anus

sail like first dorsal fin

Spearfishes, Marlins

First dorsal fin not sail-like

Pelvic fin rays not long, far from reaching to anus

Spearfish
Kajikia audax
(Indo-Pacific Striped marlin)

about 20 conspicuous vertical bars on body

Marlins
Genus: *Makaira/Istiomplax*

- anterior part of 1st DF lower than body depth
- Head profile steeply elevated
- body not compressed

about 15 obscure vertical bars on body

Pectoral fins not rigid, can be folded back to sides of body

Makaira mazara
(Indo-Pacific Blue Marlin)

pectoral fins rigid, cannot be folded back to sides of body

Istiomplax indica (new name)
Makaira indica (Black Marlin)



Billfishes

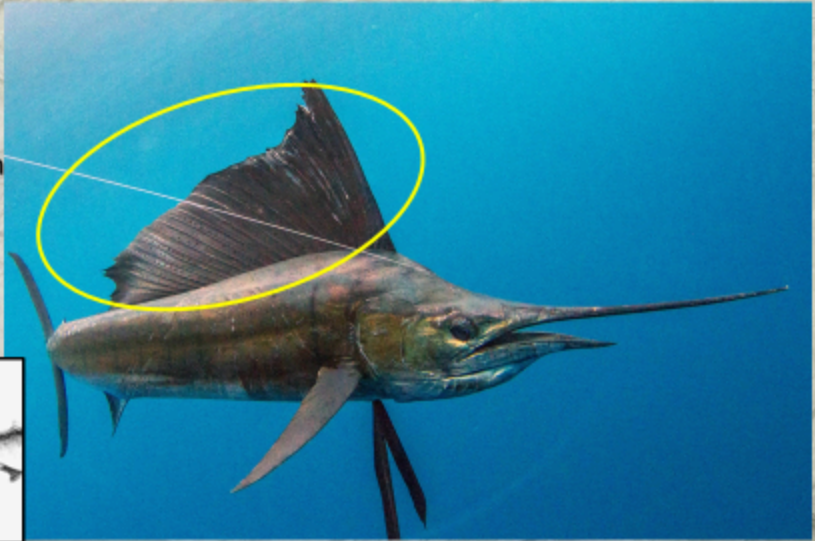
Bycatch Species

Liplipan

Sailfish (SFA)

Stiophorus platypterus

- Tall First Dorsal Fin, Marked with dark spots
- Very long and narrow Pelvic Pin
- Body Laterally Compressed
- Two Caudal Keels



Billfishes

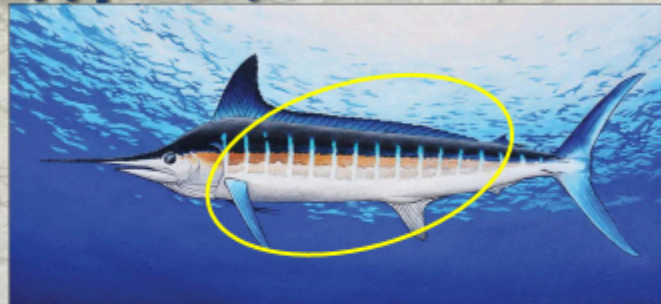
Bycatch Species

Marang

Striped Marlin

Tetrapturus audax

- 1st Dorsal Fin is almost reaching the 2nd dorsal fin
- Very long and narrow Pelvic Pin
- Body Laterally Compressed
- Two Caudal Keels
- About 20 vertical bars



Billfishes

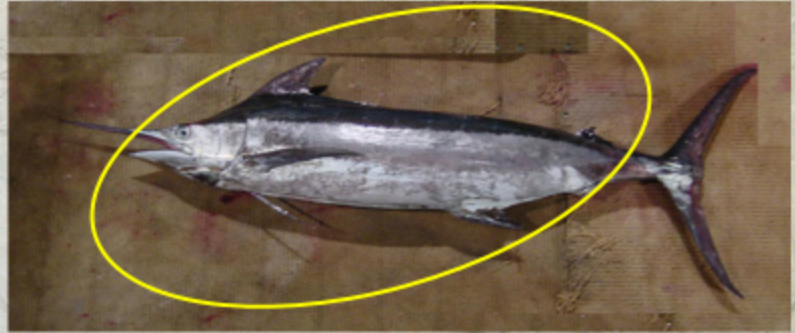
Bycatch
Species

Marang

Blue Marlin

Makaira nigricans

- Body not compressed,
- Pelvic fins shorter than Pectoral
- Pectoral fin not Rigid
- Two Caudal Keels
- About 15 vertical bars



Billfishes

Bycatch
Species

Marang

Black Marlin

Makaira Indica (Istioplax indica)

- Rigid Pectoral Fins
- Pelvic fins shorter than Pectoral
- Two Caudal Keels



Bycatch
Species

OTHER SPECIES



Code: **WAH**

Bycatch
Species

Tanigue

Wahoo (*Acanthocybium solandri*)

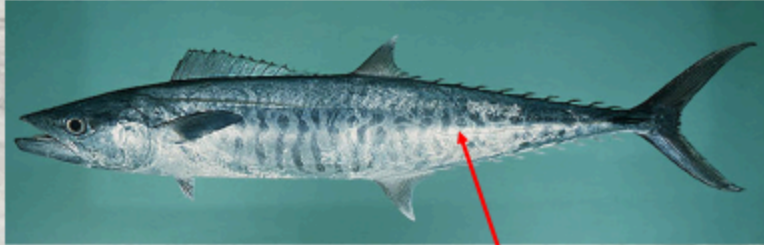


Code: **WAH**

Tanigue

Bycatch
Species

Spanish Mackerel (*Scomberomorus commerson*)



Code: **COM**

Lateral line bent
downward below end
of second dorsal fin



Dorado



Common DolphinFish
(*Coryphaena hippurus*)



Code: **DOL**

Baracuda



Great Baracuda
(*Sphyraena baracuda*)

Code: **GBA**

Salmon - Salmon

Rainbow Runner(*Elagatis bipinnulata*)



Prominent blue and
yellow stripe body
markings

Code: **RRU**

EVALUATION

IDENTIFY THE FISH YELLOWFIN OR BIGEYE TUNA



YELLOWFIN



**YELLOWFIN
OR
BIGEYE TUNA**



YELLOWFIN



**YELLOWFIN
OR
BIGEYE TUNA**



YELLOWFIN



**YELLOWFIN
OR
BIGEYE TUNA**



BIGEYE TUNA



**YELLOWFIN
OR
BIGEYE TUNA**



YELLOWFIN



BIGEYE TUNA



THANK YOU





BY- CATCH SPECIES IDENTIFICATION

EDISON A. PESARIO, RFP, MPA
Technical Manager, RFIQU – Inspection Team

OUTLINE

- ▶ OTHER SPECIES
- ▶ SHARKS
- ▶ SEA TURTLE

Narrow-barred Spanish mackerel



Scomberomorus commerson

Tangigue



Max. FL: 240 cm
Com. FL: ≤ 90 cm

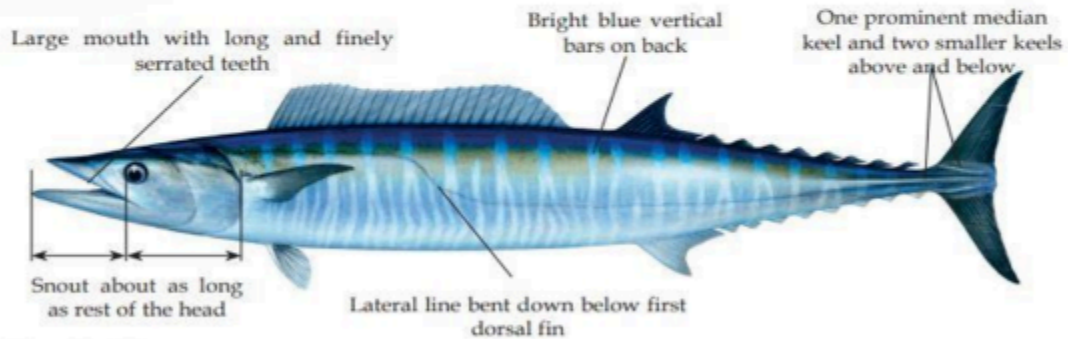
Wahoo



Acanthocybium solandri

Tangigue

Very elongated body



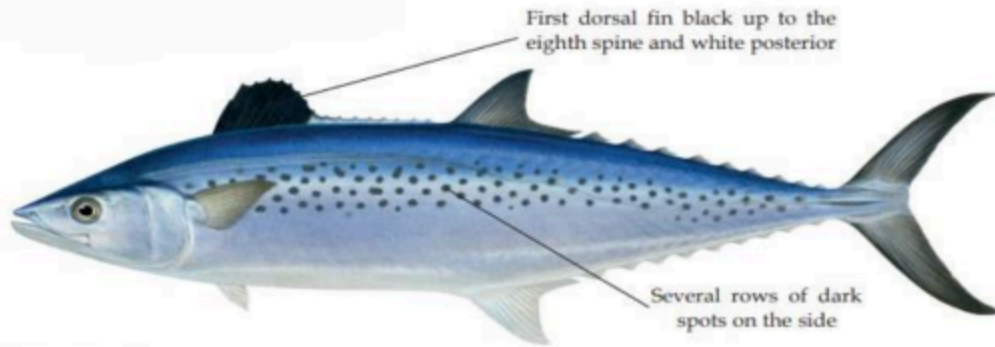
Max. FL: 250 cm
Com. FL: ≤ 170 cm

Indo-Pacific king mackerel

GUT

Scomberomorus guttatus

Tangigue



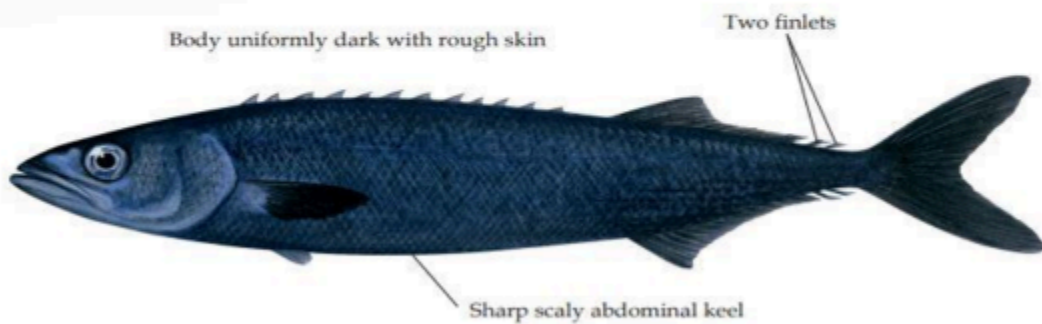
Max. FL: 76 cm
Com. FL: ≤ 55 cm

Oilfish

OIL

Ruvettus pretiosus

Igit-igit, Seri



Max. FL: 300 cm
Com. FL: ≤ 150 cm

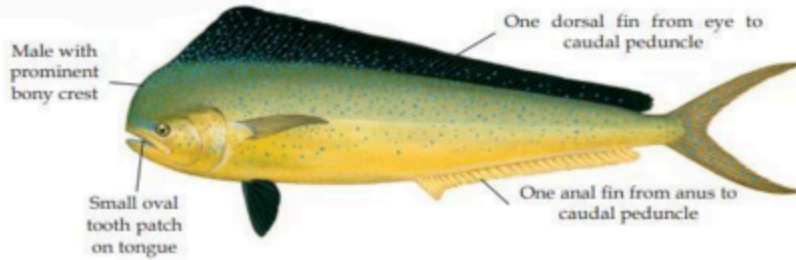
Common dolphinfish

DOL

Coryphaena hippurus

Dorado, Mahi-mahi

Distinctive body shape and color
Greatest body depth is anterior to pectoral fin



Max. FL: 210 cm
Com. FL: ≤ 100 cm

Notes: Pompano dolphinfish (*Coryphaena equiselis* - CTV) also commonly caught as bycatch

- Greatest body depth is posterior to pectoral fin
- One dorsal fin from just behind the eye to caudal peduncle
- Broad tooth patch on tongue

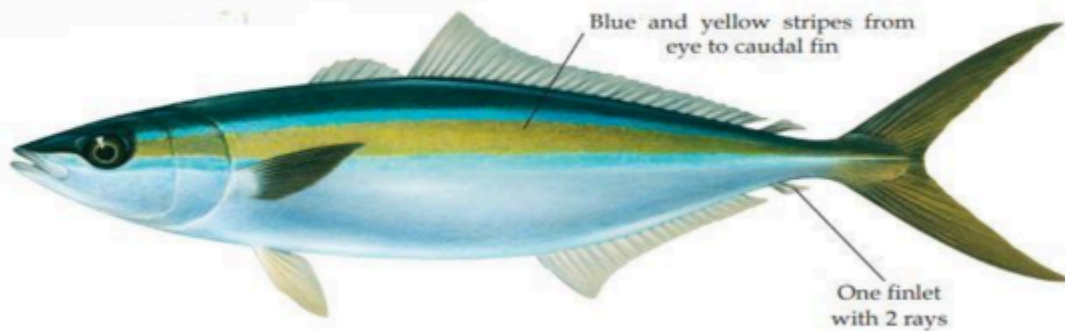


Rainbow runner

RRU

Elagatis bipinnulata

Salmon-Salmon



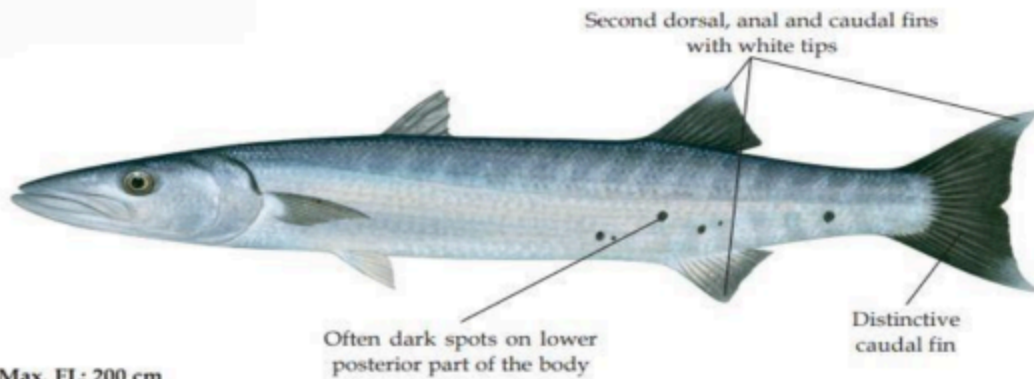
Max. FL: 180 cm
Com. FL: ≤ 90 cm

Great barracuda



Sphyraena barracuda

Saguysoy, Rumpi



Max. FL: 200 cm
Com. FL: ≤ 140 cm

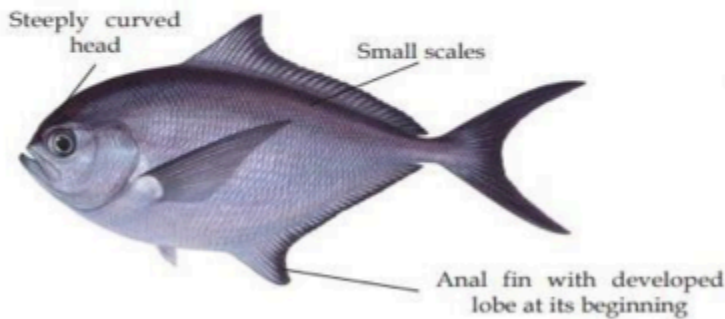
Atlantic pomfret (Ray's bream)



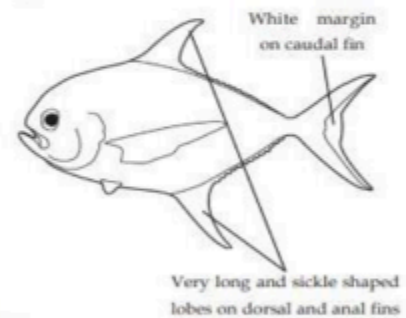
Brama brama

Tabas, Ilak

Remark: Sickie pomfret (*Taractichthys steindachneri* - IST) also commonly caught as a bycatch by longliners.



Max. FL: 100 cm
Com. FL: ≤ 40 cm

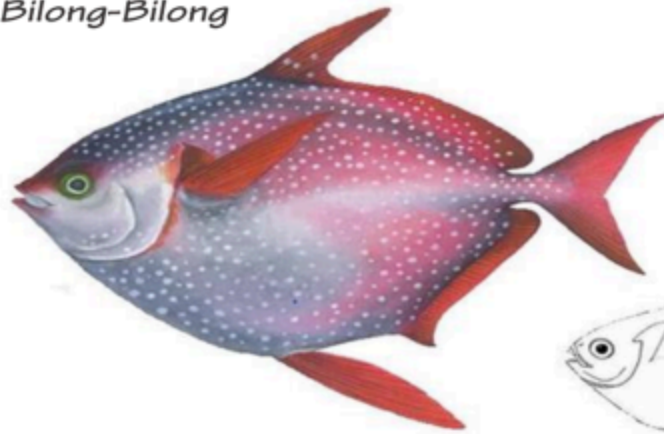


Moon fish/Opah

LAG

Lampris guttatus

Diana, Bilong-Bilong



Distinct body shape, colour
and markings
forme, couleur et marques
du corps caractéristiques



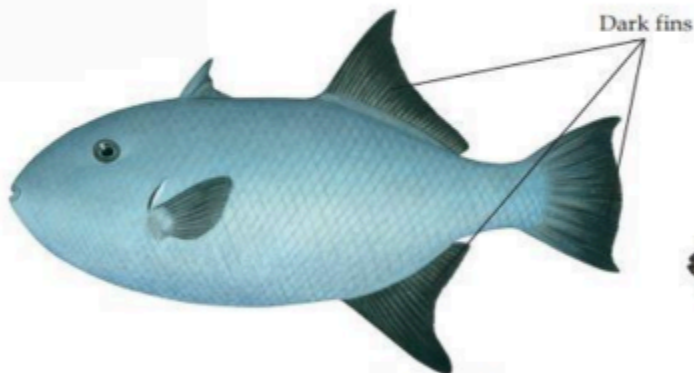
long pelvic fin
Longue nageoire pelvienne

Rough triggerfish

CNT

Canthidermis maculata

Pakol



Body generally grey to dark with white spots
that may disappear with growth

Max. FL: 50 cm
Com. FL: ≤ 35 cm

Snake Mackerel

GES

Gempylus serpens

Aswang, Liwit



First dorsal fin very long, second dorsal fin short and followed by five or six finlets
Première nageoire dorsale très longue, deuxième nageoire dorsale courte, suivie de cinq ou six pinnules

Very small pelvic fin
Très petite nageoire péloviennne

Two distinct lateral lines
Deux lignes latérales caractéristiques

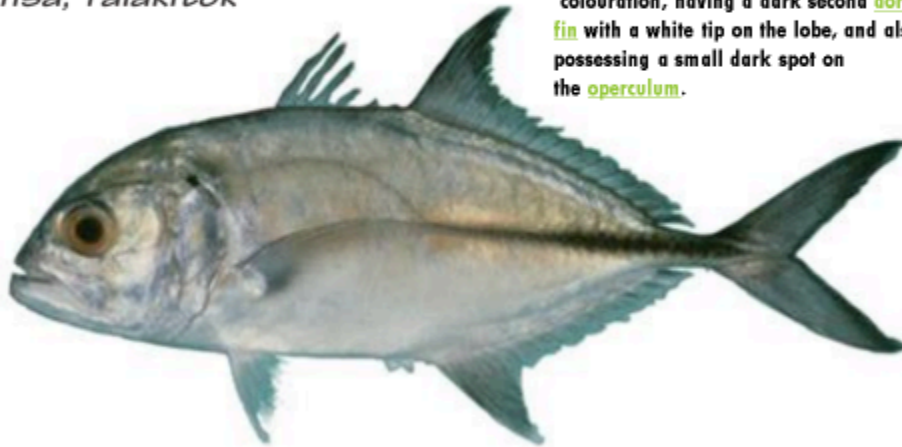
Body very long and skinny
Corps très allongé et étroit

Bigeye Trevally

CXS

Caranx sexfasciatus

Mamsa, Talakitok



colouration, having a dark second dorsal fin with a white tip on the lobe, and also possessing a small dark spot on the operculum.

SHARKS

ANO BA ANG PATING?

Nagagamit ang termino na **“sharks”** o **“pating”** bilang kolektibong pagpapangalan sa lahat ng pating, pagi, at mga chimaera. Nanggagaling silang lahat sa klase na **Chondrichthyes**, na may mahigit sa **isang libong (1,000) uri o species** sa buong mundo.

Mahalaga ang papel na ginagampanan ng mga pating sa sistema ng karagatan, sa itaas man o sa ibaba ng herarkiya. Kung mawawala ang mga pating, maaaring ganap na magbago ang ugnayan ng mga predator (nangangain) at prey (kinakain), na maaapektuhan ang kabuuan ng karagatan.

MGA GAMIT NG PATING!

MGA PATING SA PILIPINAS



Tinatayang may 200 uri ng pating na matatagpuan sa Pilipinas, subalit maaaring higit pa dito ang tunay na bilang.

Ang karne ng mga pating ay ginagamit sa mga putahe at iba pang pagkain tulad ng fishballs.



Ang palikpik ng mga pating ay ginagawang shark's fin soup, na inaangkat din ng ibang bansa.

Ang kartilago at langis mula sa atay ng mga pating ay ginagamit sa mga produktong pangkalusugan (health supplement), pangkosmetiko, at pang-alaga sa sarili (personal care products).



Ang balat ng mga pating ay ginagawang burloloy o muwebles (furniture) sa bahay.

Ang buntot ng mga pagi ay ginagamit bilang anting-anting.



Ang gill rakers ng mga pagi ay ginagamit sa mga tradisyonal na gamot.

Sa kasalukuyan, 21 uri lamang ang napoprotektahan ng mga batas ng Pilipinas.

KALABAN NG MGA PATING

Maraming banta sa kalusugan at kaligtasan ng mga pating, bukod pa sa kakulangan ng proteksyon sa buong bansa.

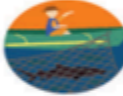


DIRECTED FISHERY

Pinagkakaliktaan ang karne, palikpik, at gill rakers ng mga pating na nagagamit sa mga produktong pangluto, pangkalusugan, at pangkultural.

LUBOS NA PANGINGISDA

Matuturing na lubos-lubos ang pangingsda sa 10/13 na palatandaan sa Pilipinas, na sanhi ng pagkubos ng mga likas na yamang pangdagat at pangingsda.



BYCATCH

Sa ilang di-sadyang pagkakahuli ng mga pating, napapatunayan na kailangan pang pounlarin at payabugin ang iba pang mas makalikasang paraan ng pangingsda.

MGA BASURA SA DAGAT

Maaaring mabigat sa mga plastik at iba pang kapantong pangingsda ang mga pating, at maaaring makakan din sila ng mga basura mula sa parehong materyal.



PAGSIRA SA KARAGATAN

Dahil sa pagsira ng karagatang kumakalinga sa mga pating, hindi lamang ang mga pating ang natalagay sa panganib, kundi marami pang ibang uri ng yamang-dagat.

KAKULANGAN SA PAGTUTUPAD NG BATAS

Maraming hindi napapatupad na batas dahil sa sari-saring mga dahilan: may mga nagsasapawan na mandata at trabaho ng iba-ibang mga ahensya ng pamahalaan, pati na rin kakulangan ng budget at kapasidad ng mga institusyon.



UNREGULATED TOURISM

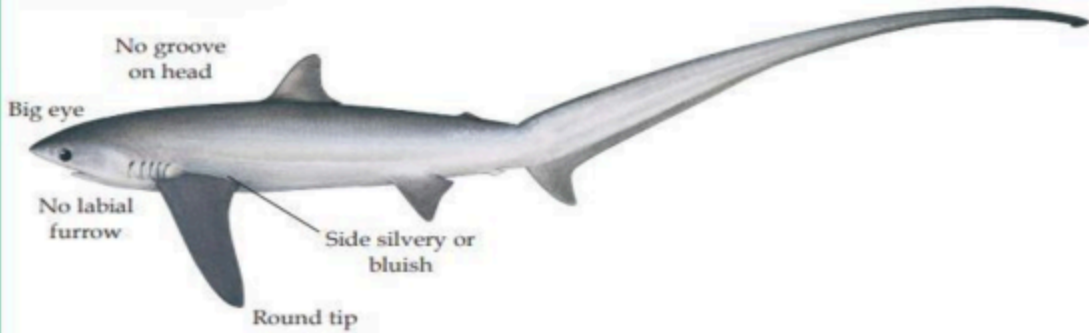
Nasasaktan ang mga pating at nababago ang kanilang gawi (behavior) dulot ng mga gawing hindi sumusunod sa mga tuntunin at batas ng turismo.

Pelagic thresher

PTH

Alopias pelagicus

Iho, Pating, Lawihan



PROHIBITION OF RETENTION

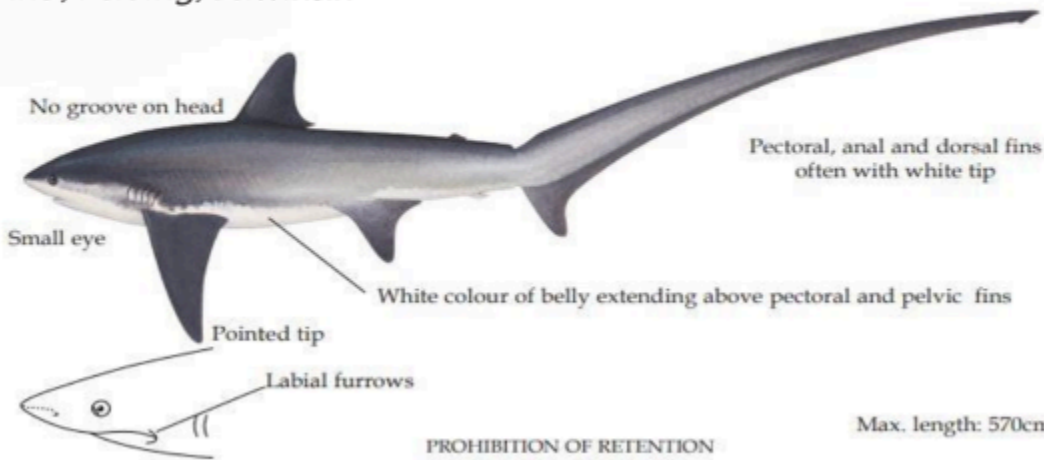
Max. length: 390cm

Thresher

ALV

Alopias vulpinus

Iho, Pating, Lawihan



PROHIBITION OF RETENTION

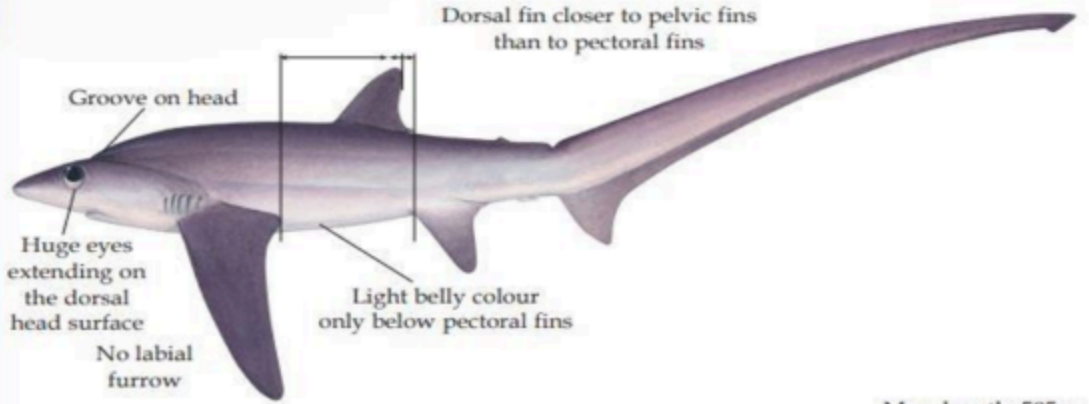
Max. length: 570cm

Bigeye thresher



Alopias superciliosus

Iho, Pating, Lawihan



Max. length: 585cm

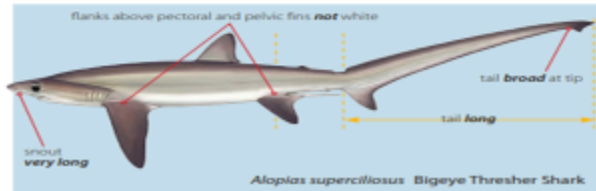
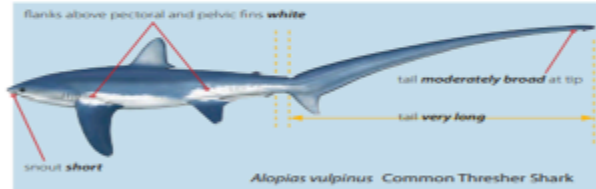
PROHIBITION OF RETENTION

SIMILAR SPECIES

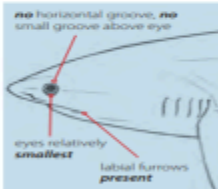
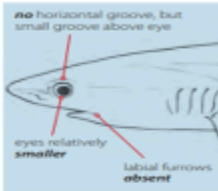
Head without deep grooves extending along each side of head, but small groove only above eye region, eyes moderately large; first dorsal fin about equidistant or slightly closer to pectoral fins, small second dorsal fin just behind

free rear tip of anal fin, extremely long tail very narrow at tip; colour above the flanks of the pectoral and pelvic fins, not white.

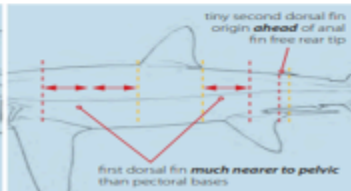
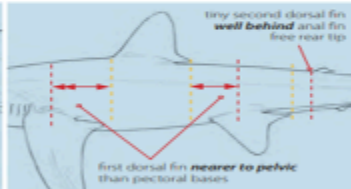
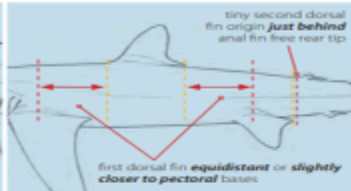
Colour on flanks above pectorals and pelvics and fin shapes



Lateral view of head



Dorsal fins positions

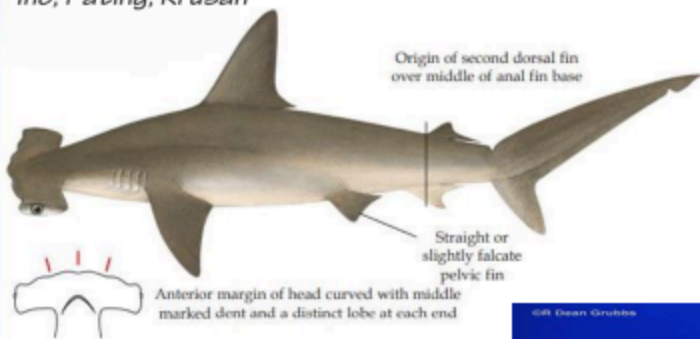


Scalloped hammerhead

SPL

Sphyrna lewini

Iho, Pating, Krusan

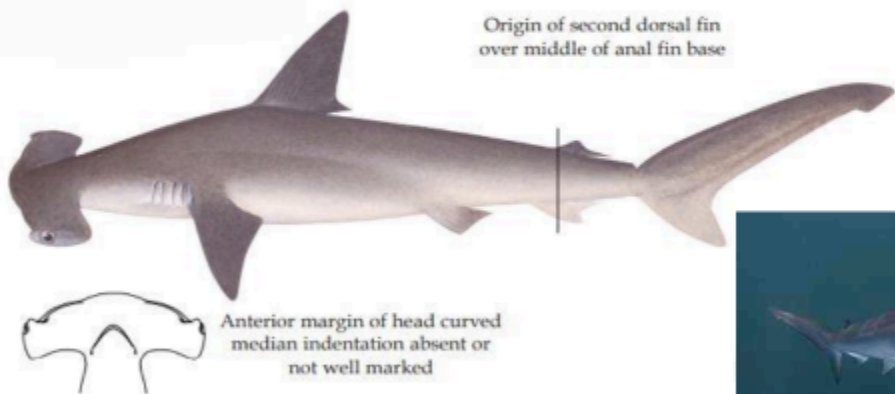


Smooth hammerhead

SPZ

Sphyrna zygaena

Iho, Pating, Krusan

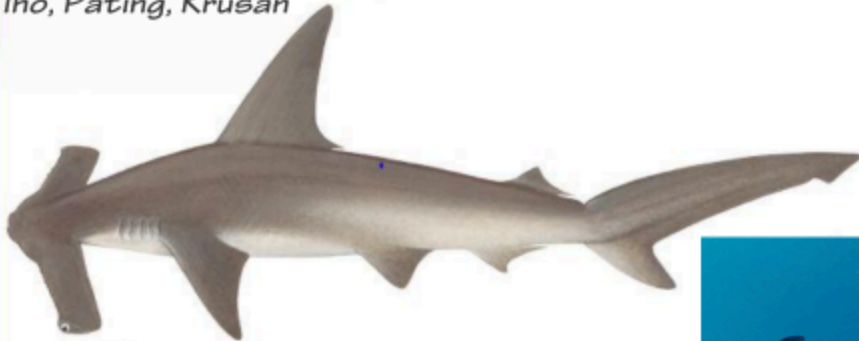


Winghead shark

EUB

Eusphyra blochii

Iho, Pating, Krusan



Head width nearly half of body length



Blue shark

BSH

Prionace glauca

Iho, Pating, Lanay



Long pectoral fins

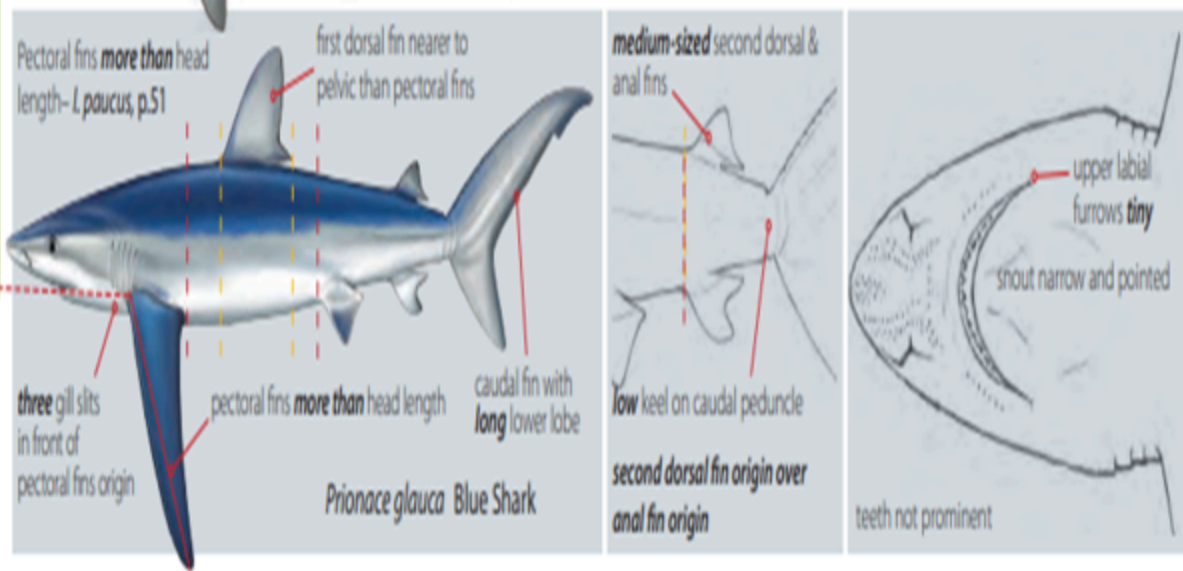


Head long and snout rounded



Upper teeth with jagged edges



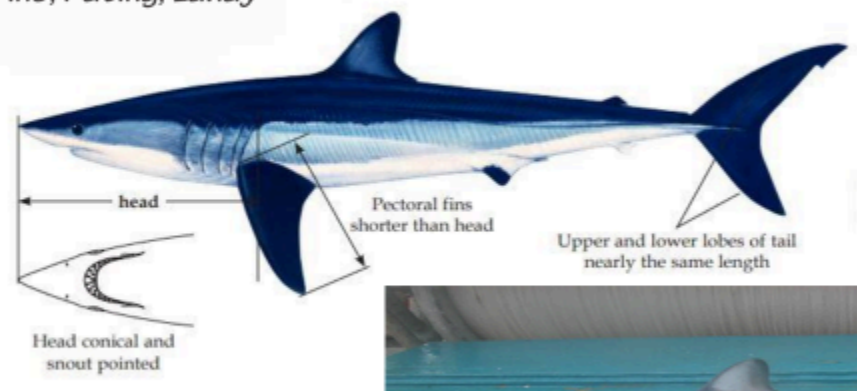


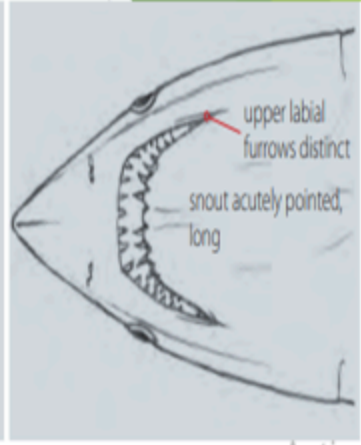
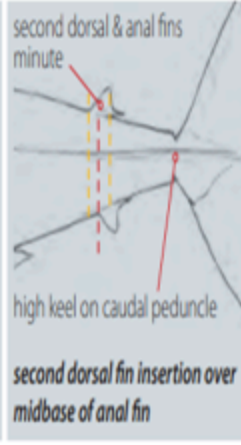
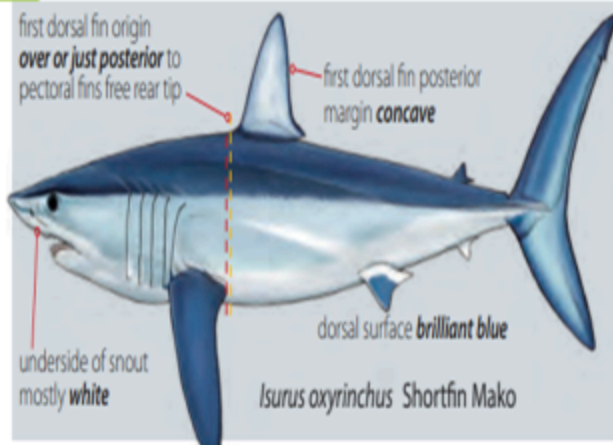
Shortfin mako



Isurus oxyrinchus

Iho, Pating, Lanay





<p>Isurus oxyrinchus Rafinesque, 1810</p>	<p>Shortfin Mako Shark Taupe Bleue</p>	<p>VU LL</p>	
			<p>Isurus oxyrinchus</p>
<p>Distinguishing feature or features</p>			<p>5 Gillis</p>
<p>Colour Dorsal surface a brilliant bright blue, becoming lighter blue laterally and white on ventral surface; ventral surface of snout usually white.</p>			<p>Anal fin</p>
<p>Size Males mature: about 200. Females mature: 270–300cm. Maximum size: 400cm. Birth size: 60–70cm.</p>			<p>SHARK</p>
<p>Dentition</p> <p>Teeth similar in both jaws, narrow, slender, recurved and more oblique. Tooth counts: upper jaw 24–26, lower jaw 22–32.</p>	<p>Description Body moderately slender to relatively robust (especially in very large females), with a long, acutely pointed snout, eyes less than 33% snout length, pectoral fins less than head length, a high, erect first dorsal fin, an anal fin originating under midbase of second dorsal fin, and a crescent-shaped caudal fin.</p>		<p>49</p>

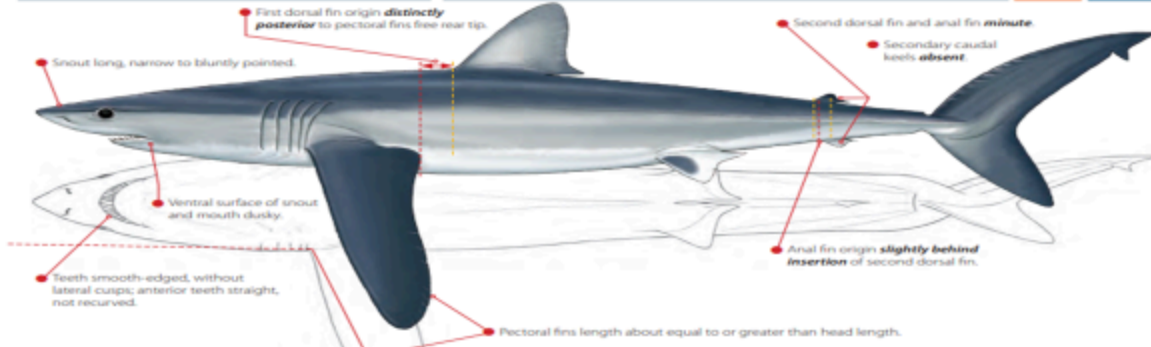
© Charlene De Silva (Department Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries, South Africa)

Isurus paucus
Guitart, 1966

Longfin Mako Shark
Petite Taupe

VU

LL



Dentition



Teeth similar in both jaws, broad, robust, **less recurved**, and less oblique.
Tooth counts: upper jaw 24–26, lower jaw 22–24.

Description

Body relatively slender, fusiform-shaped, with a narrow to bluntly pointed snout, eye diameter more than 33% snout length, pectoral fins length equal to head length, high, erect first dorsal fin, an anal fin originating slightly posterior to second dorsal fin insertion, and a crescent shaped caudal fin.



© NOAA Fisheries, USA

Colour

Dorsal surface dark blue to blackish above, becoming white ventrally; **ventral surface of snout distinctly dusky or dark**, except in small juveniles.

Size

Males mature: 195–230cm.
Females mature: about 245cm.
Maximum size: 430cm.
Birth size: 90–100cm.



Isurus paucus

Distinguishing feature or features

5 Gills

Anal fin

SHARK

51

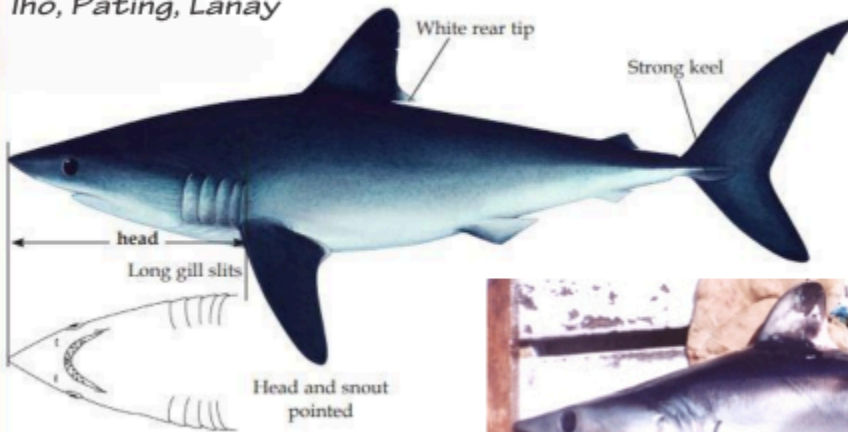
Sharks — with bluish colouring

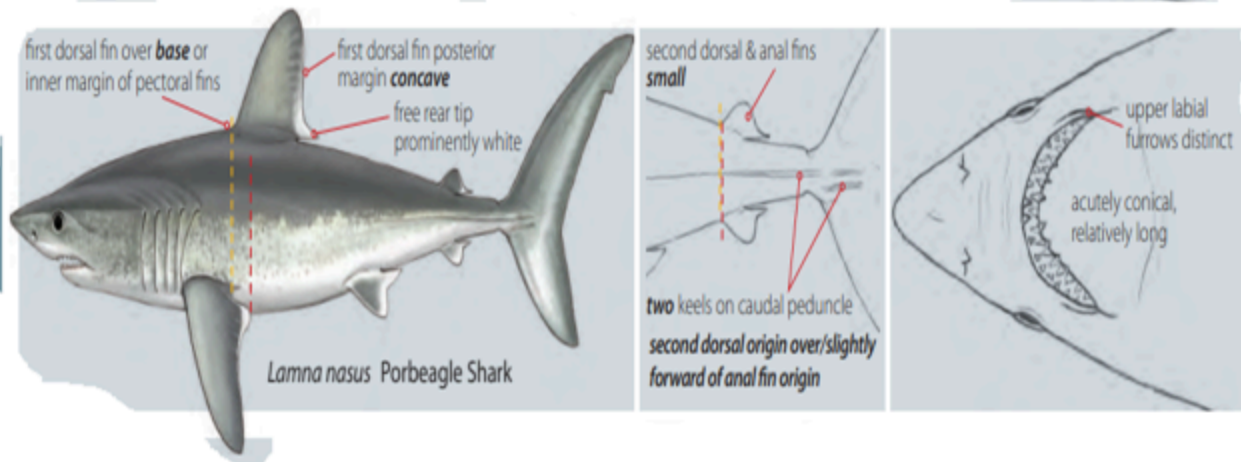
Porbeagle

POR

Lamna nasus

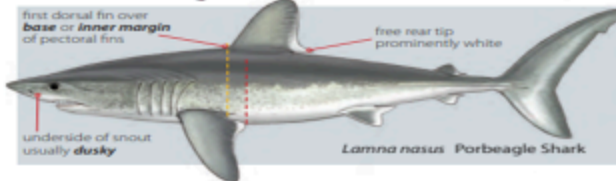
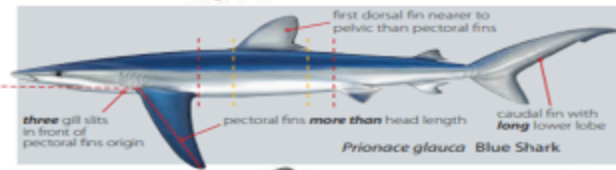
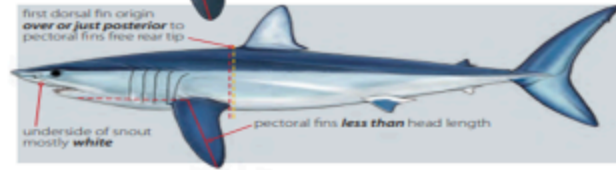
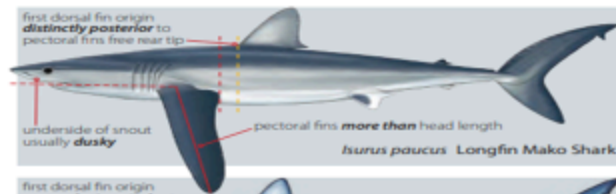
Iho, Pating, Lanay



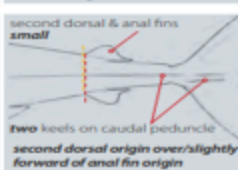
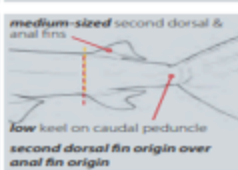
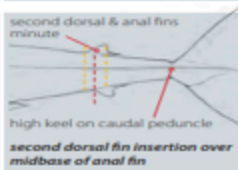
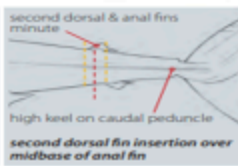


<p>Lamna nasus (Bonnaterre, 1788)</p>	<p>Porbeagle Requin-taupe commun</p>	<p>VU</p>	<p>LL</p>	<p>Lamna nasus</p>
<p>Dentition</p> <p>Teeth approximately actual size.</p> <p>Teeth with long narrow, smooth-edged cusp, flanked by a single lateral cusplet on each side.</p> <p>Tooth counts: upper jaw 28–32, lower jaw 26–30.</p>	<p>Description</p> <p>Stout fusiform-shaped body, with a relatively long, conical snout, teeth with large smooth-edged cusp and small lateral cusplets either side, first dorsal fin erect, high, free rear tip abruptly white, second dorsal and anal fins comparatively small, and prominent secondary caudal keels on crescent-shaped caudal fin.</p> <p>© Malcolm Francis (FRNS, New Zealand)</p>	<p>Colour</p> <p>Dorsal surface colour dark bluish-grey, becoming white on ventral surface of body white; free rear tip of first dorsal fin prominently white; underside of head dusky and abdomen blotched in some adults of Southern Hemisphere population.</p> <p>Size</p> <p>Males mature: about 195cm. Females mature: about 245cm. Maximum size: 350cm. Birth size: 70–80cm.</p>	<p>5 Gills</p> <p>Anal fin</p> <p>SHARK</p> <p>53</p>	

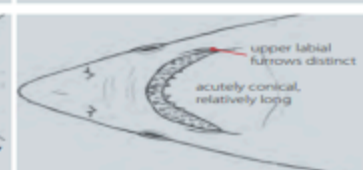
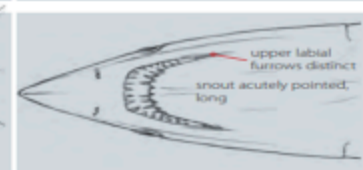
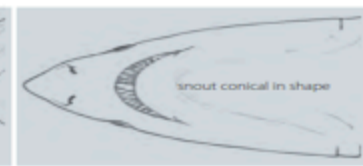
First dorsal and caudal fins, interdorsal and caudal



Second dorsal & anal fins



Ventral view of head

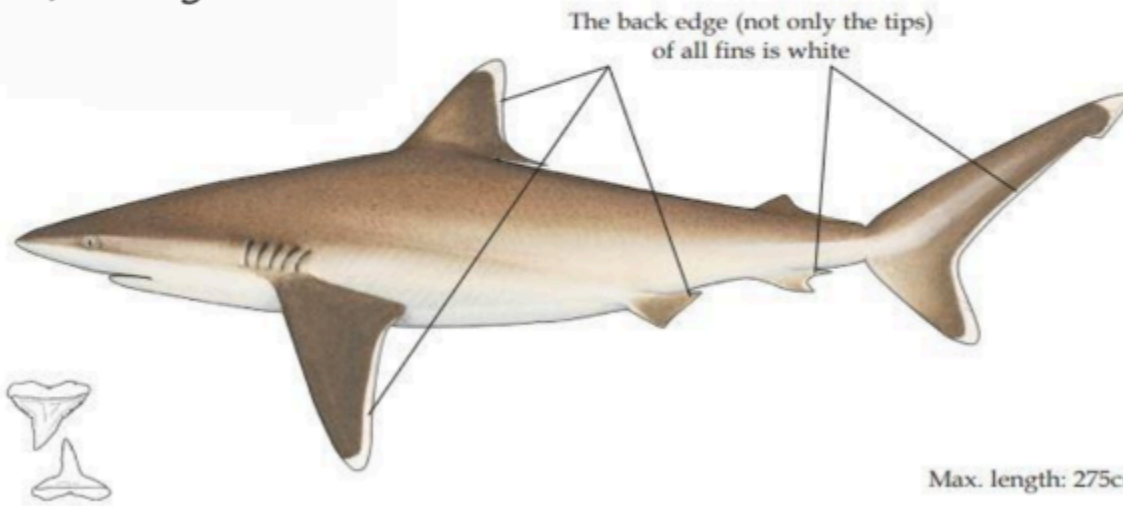


Silvertip shark



Carcharhinus albimarginatus

Iho, Pating



Max. length: 275cm

Sharks — with white tips

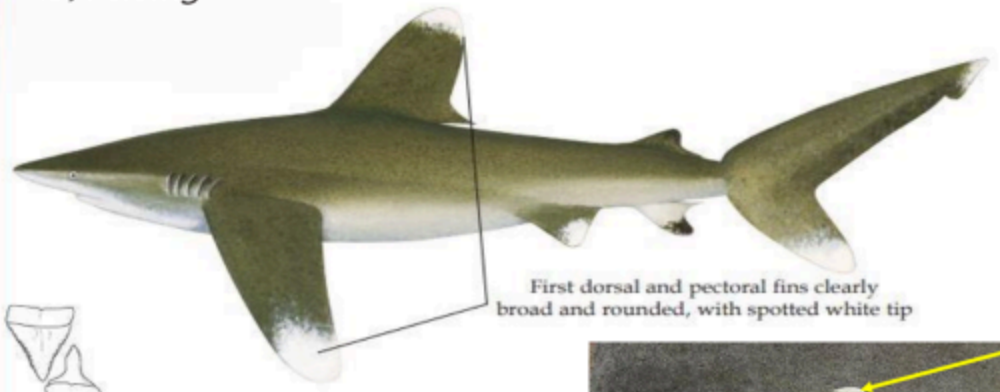
Sharks – with white tips

Oceanic whitetip shark

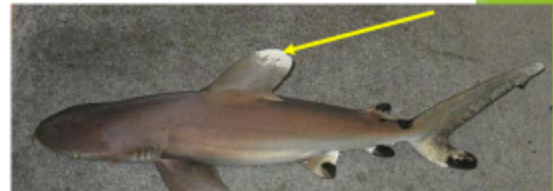


Carcharhinus longimanus

Iho, Pating



First dorsal and pectoral fins clearly broad and rounded, with spotted white tip



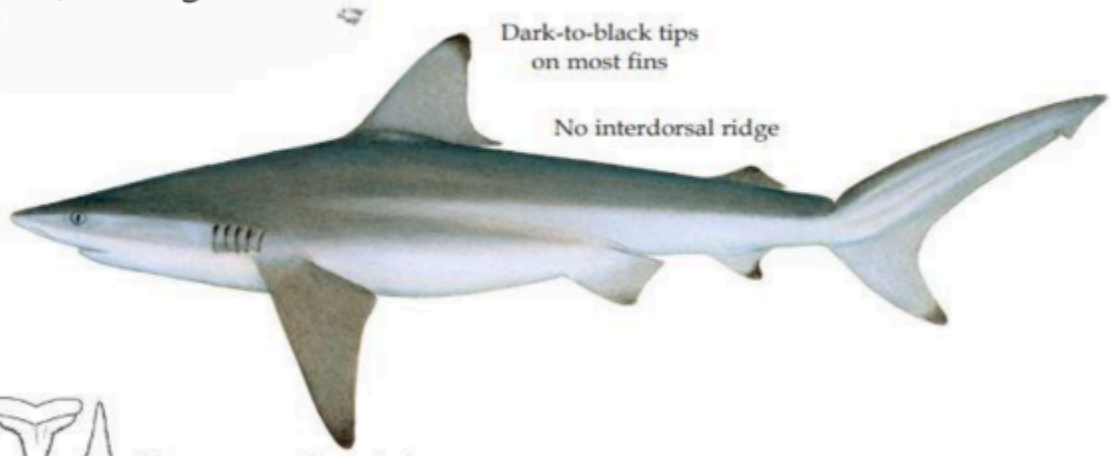
Sharks – with grey colouring

Blacktip shark



Carcharhinus limbatus

Iho, Pating



Dark-to-black tips on most fins

No interdorsal ridge



Narrow-cusped serrated teeth

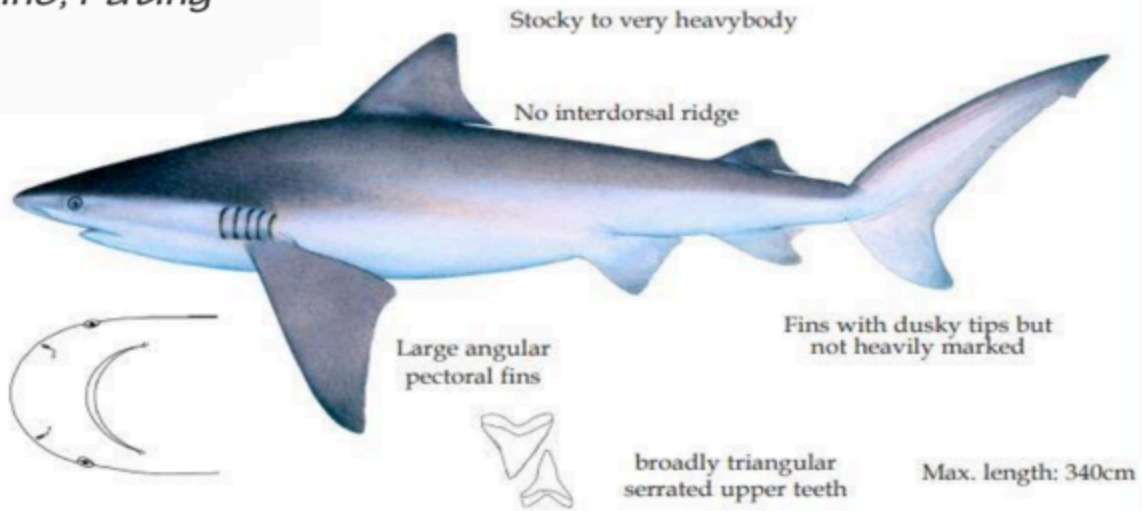
Max. length: 250cm

Bull shark

CCE

Carcharhinus leucas

Iho, Pating



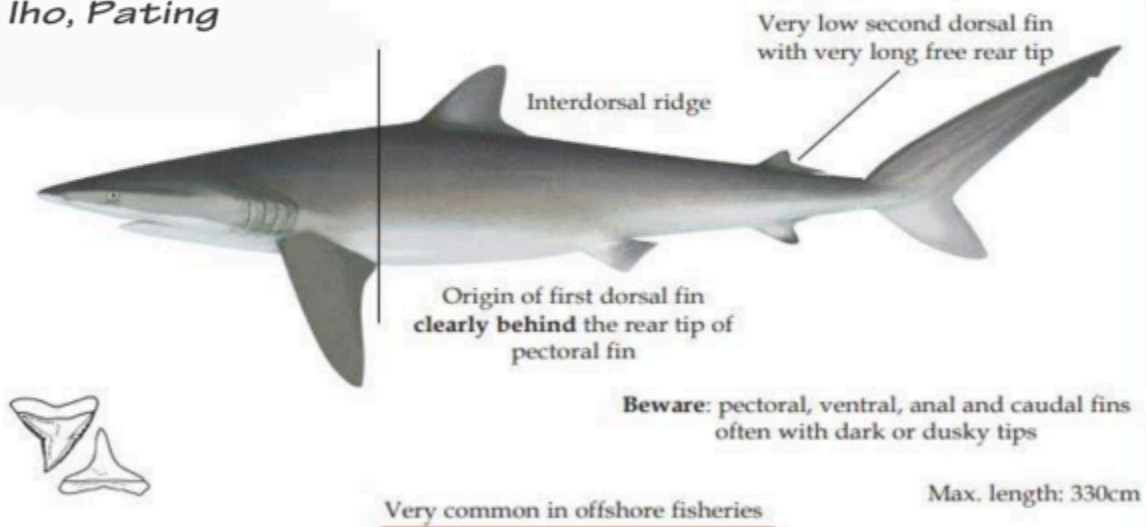
Sharks – with grey colouring

Silky shark

FAL

Carcharhinus falciformis

Iho, Pating



Sharks – with grey colouring

Tiger shark

TIG

Galeocerdo cuvier

Iho, Pating



Dark, tiger-stripe markings that may be faded in adults



Upper teeth with jagged edges and very characteristic shape

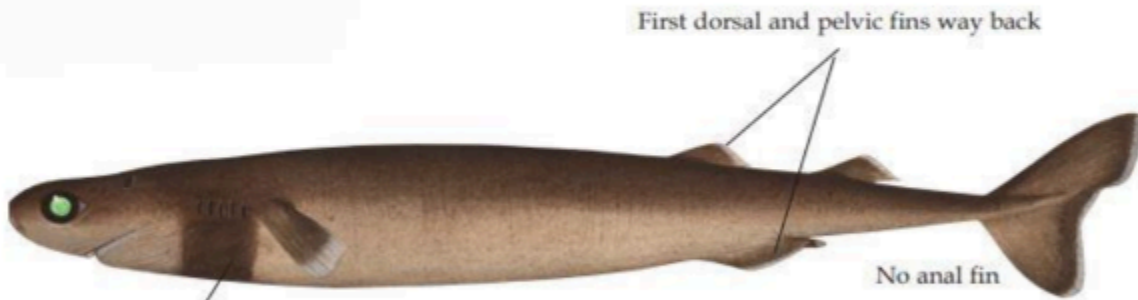
Max. length: 600cm

Cookie cutter shark

ISB

Isistius brasiliensis

Iho, Pating



First dorsal and pelvic fins way back

No anal fin

Dark ring near gills

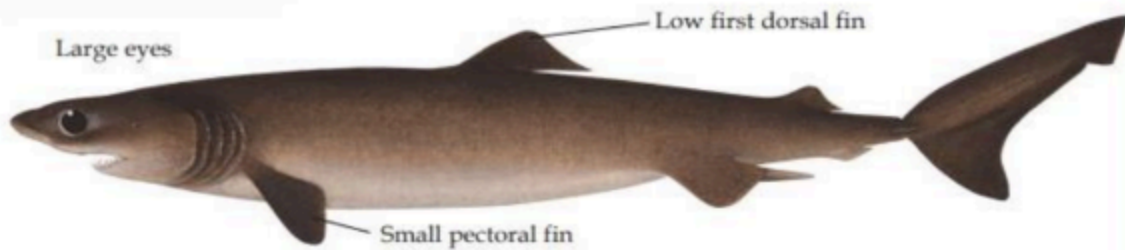
Max. length: 50cm

Crocodile shark

PSK

Pseudocarcharias kamoharai

Iho, Pating



Large eyes

Low first dorsal fin

Small pectoral fin



Upper teeth
with no jagged edges

Max. length: 120cm

Sharks – with grey colouring

Basking shark

BSK

Cetorhinus maximus

Iho, Pating



Massive gill slits that go almost all
the way around the head

Very small teeth

Max. length: 1000cm

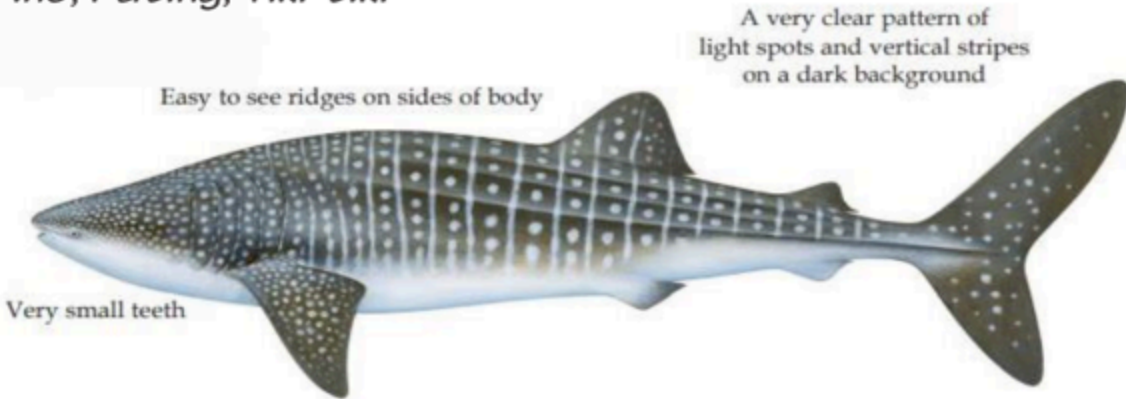
Large Sharks

Whale shark



Rhincodon typus

Iho, Pating, Tiki-tiki



Max. length: 1200cm

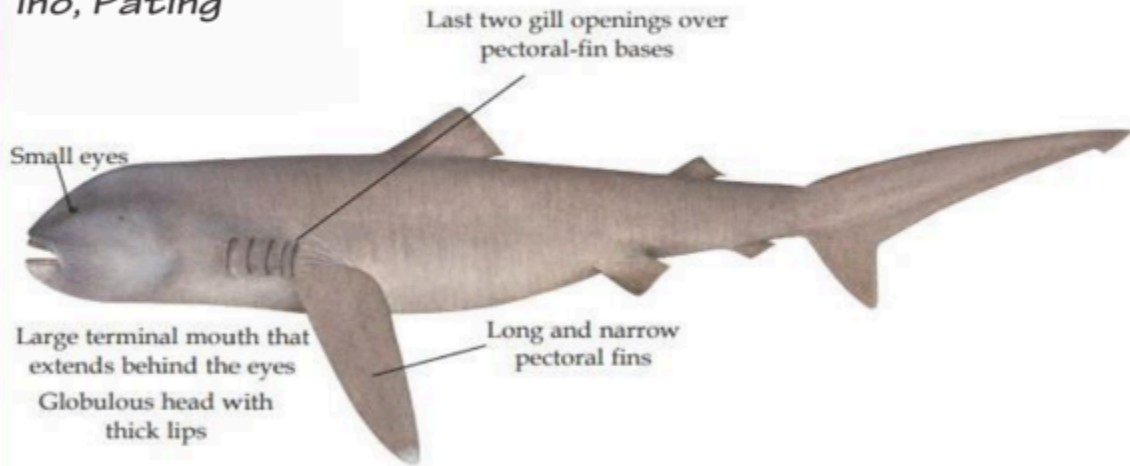
Large Sharks

Megamouth shark



Megachasma pelagios

Iho, Pating



Max. length: 550cm

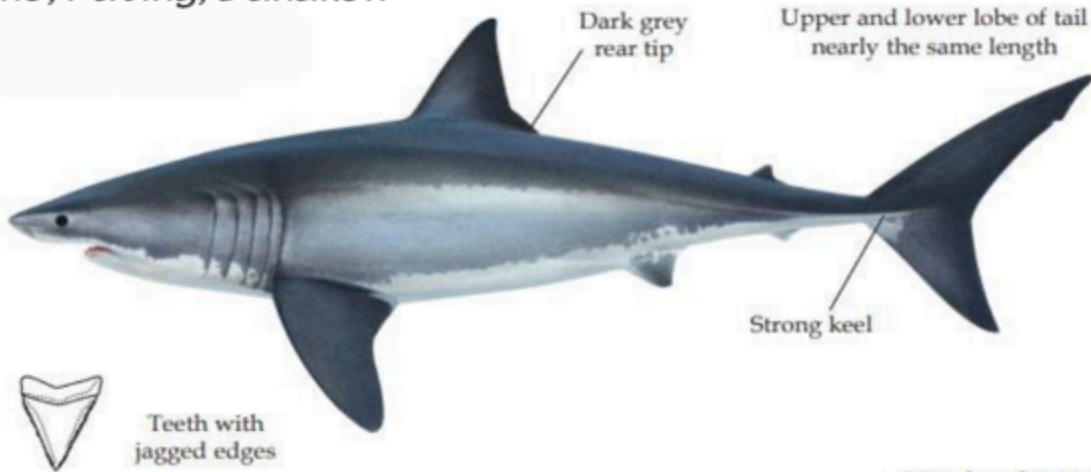
Large Sharks

Great white shark

WSH

Carcharodon carcharias

Iho, Pating, Banakon



Max. length: 600cm

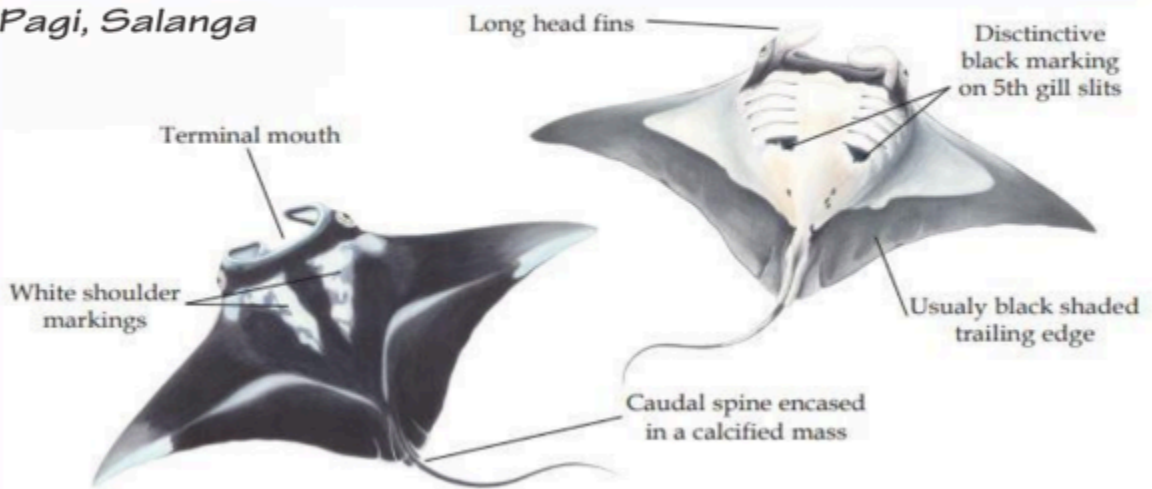
Large Sharks

Manta ray

RMB

Manta birostris

Pagi, Salanga



Max. width: 670cm

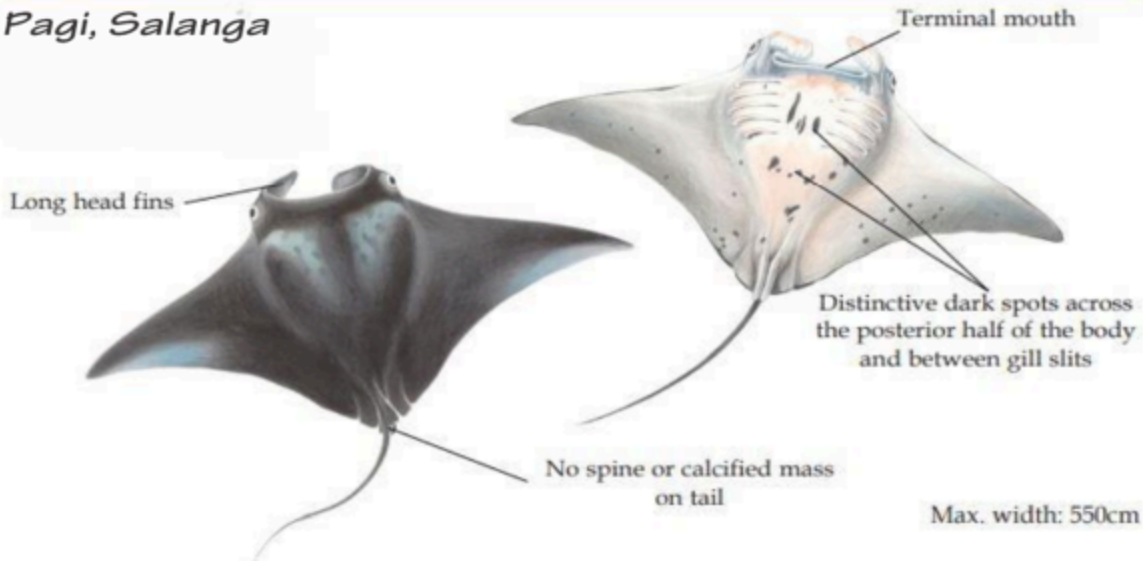
Manta rays

Alfred manta



Manta alfredi

Pagi, Salanga



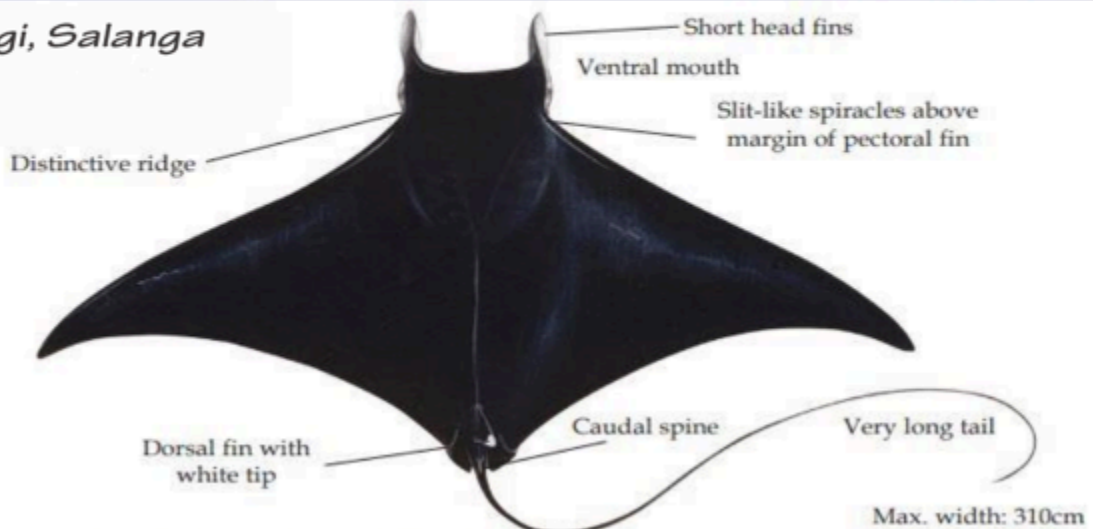
Manta rays

Spinetail mobula (Japanese devilray)



Mobula japonica

Pagi, Salanga



When alive, large dark band which stretches from eye to eye

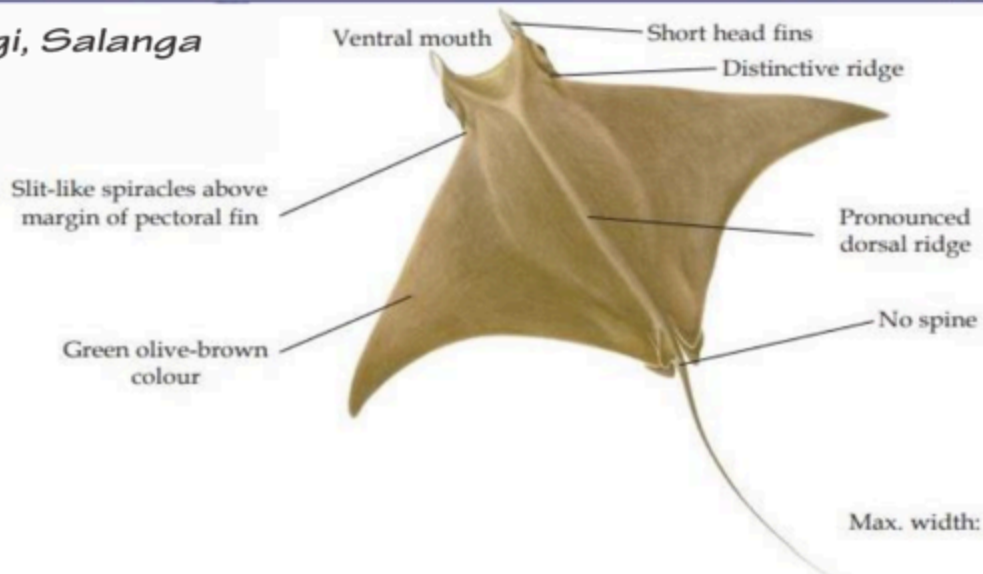
Devilrays

Chilean devilray (Sicklefin devilray)



Mobula tarapacana

Pagi, Salanga



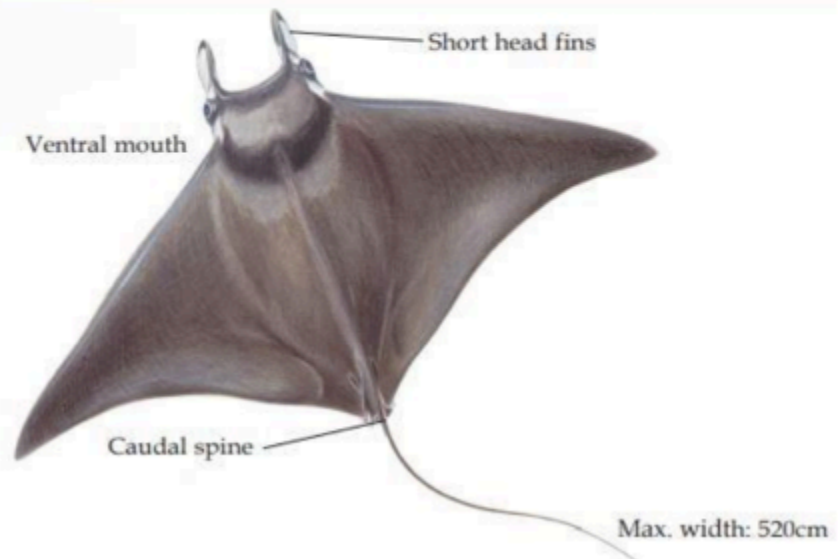
Devilrays

Devil fish



Mobula mobular

Pagi, Salanga



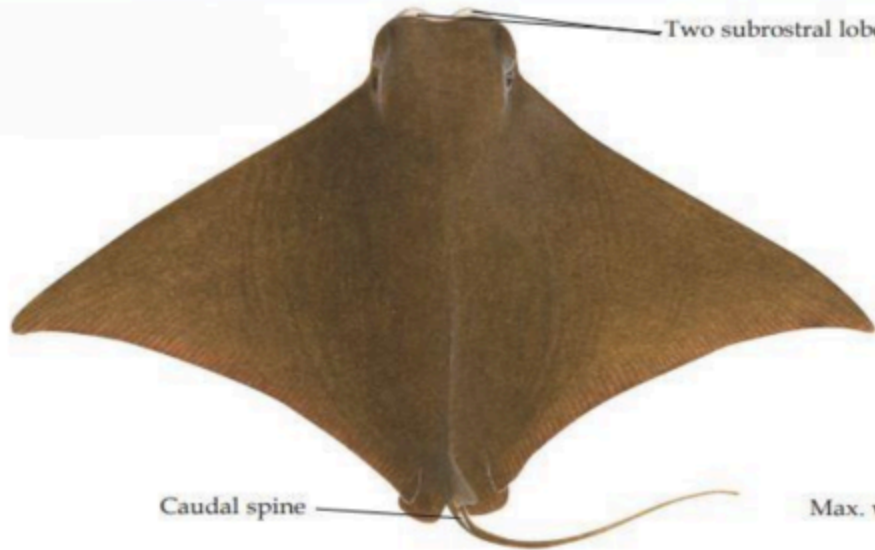
Devilrays

Flapnose ray (Javanese cownose ray)



Rhinoptera javanica

Pagi



Max. width: 150cm

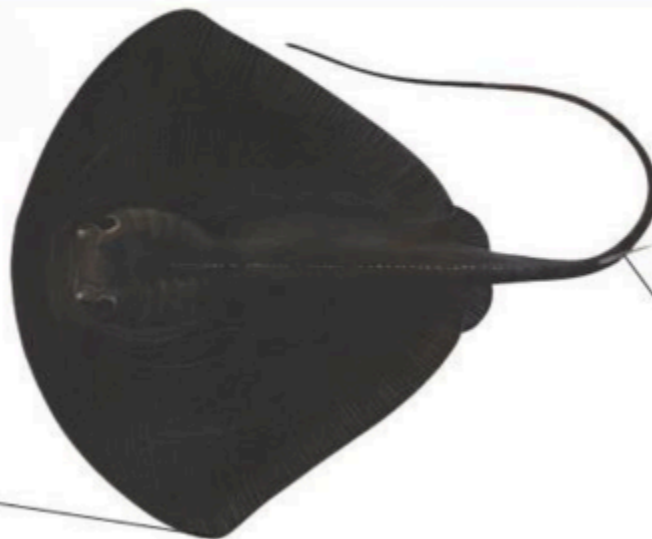
Pelagic stingray



Pteroplatytrygon violacea

Pagi

Dark colouration



Angular pectoral fins

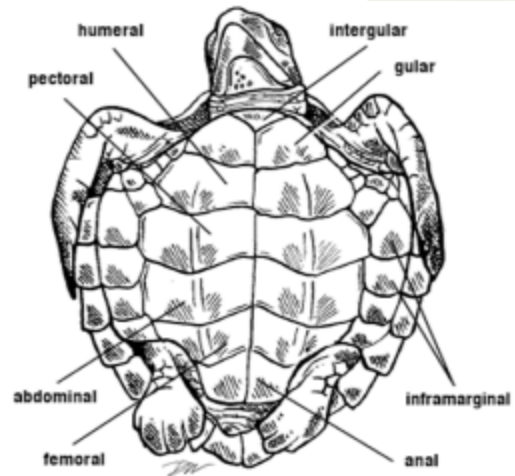
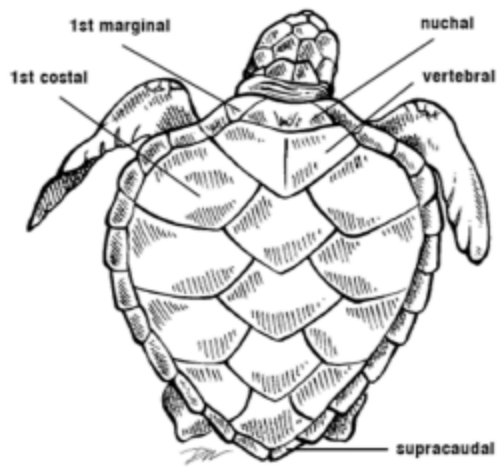
Max. width: 80cm

SEA TURTLES

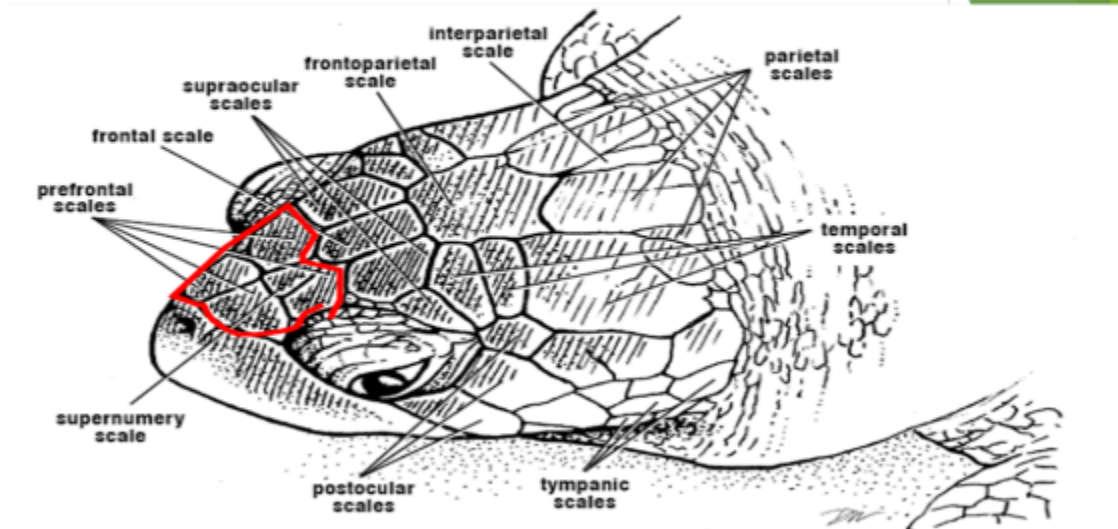
5 SPECIES OF SEA TURTLES IN THE CENTRAL PACIFIC REGION

1. Loggerhead turtle (*Caretta caretta*)
2. Hawksbill turtle (*Eretmochelys imbricata*)
3. Green Sea turtle (*Chelonia mydas*)
4. Olive ridley (*Lepidochelys olivacea*)
5. Leatherback (*Dermochelys coriacea*)

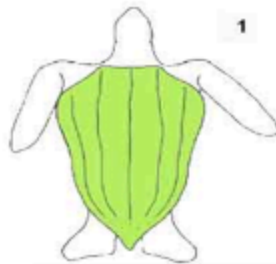
KEY FEATURES FOR IDENTIFICATION



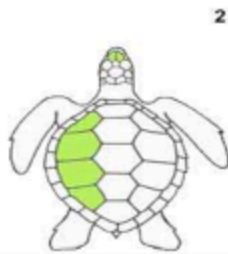
KEY FEATURES FOR IDENTIFICATION



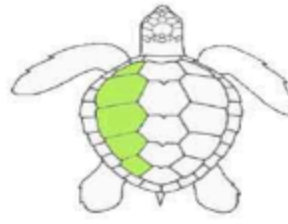
CARAPACE VARIATIONS



Leatherback (up to 2.4 m)



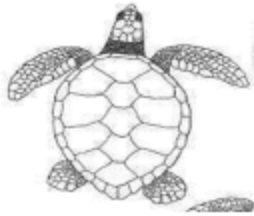
Green (up to 1.5 m)



Loggerhead (up to 2 m)

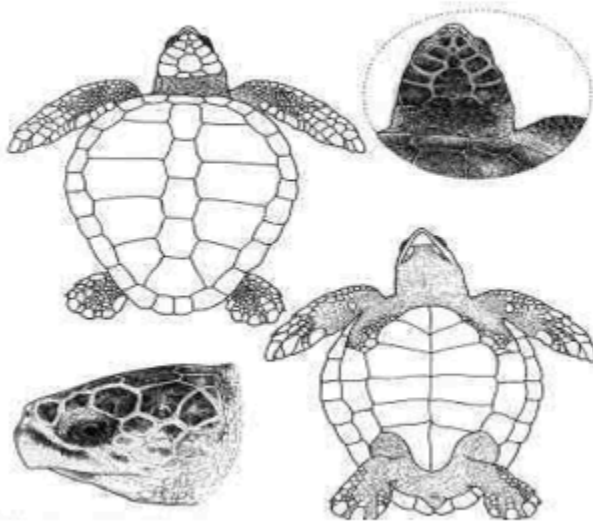


Olive Ridley (up to 0.9 m)



Hawksbill

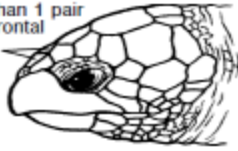
LOGGERHEAD TURTLE



1. Heart shaped shell
2. Reddish/orange color
3. 5 pairs of lateral scutes
4. 5 central scutes
5. 2 pairs prefrontal scales

LOGGERHEAD TURTLE

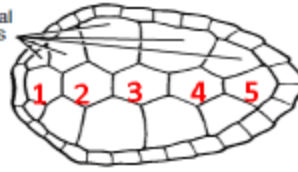
more than 1 pair
of prefrontal
scales



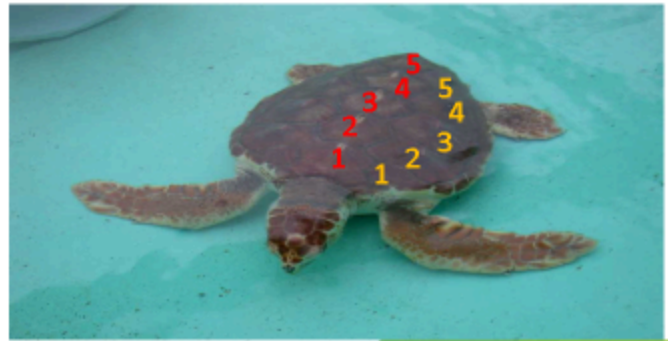
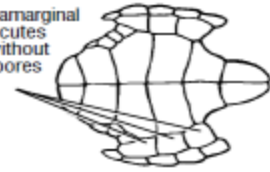
Loggerhead - *Caretta caretta*

5 lateral
scutes

5 central
scutes

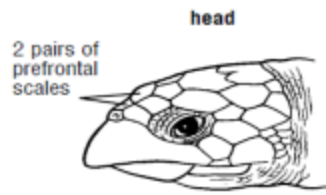


3 inframarginal
scutes
without
pores

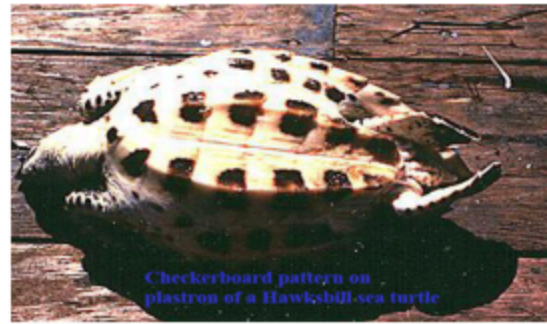
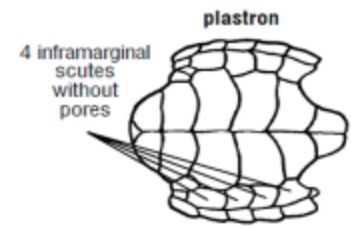
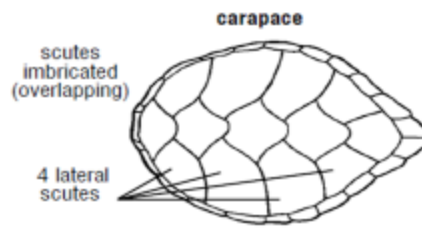


(c) Sara Townsend

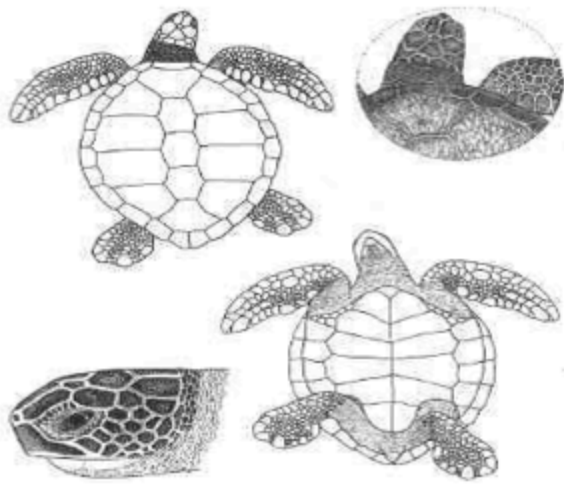
HAWKSBILL SEA TURTLE



Hawksbill - *Eretmochelys imbricata*



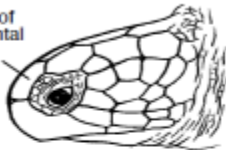
GREEN SEA TURTLE



1. Smooth oval shell
2. Brown/yellow greenish color
3. 4 pairs of lateral scutes
4. 5 central scutes
5. 1 pair of prefrontal scales

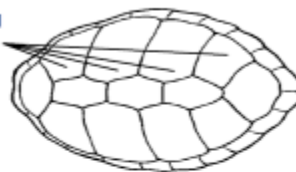
GREEN SEA TURTLE

1 pair of prefrontal scales

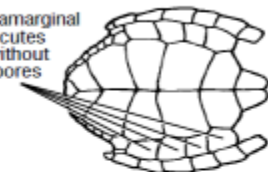


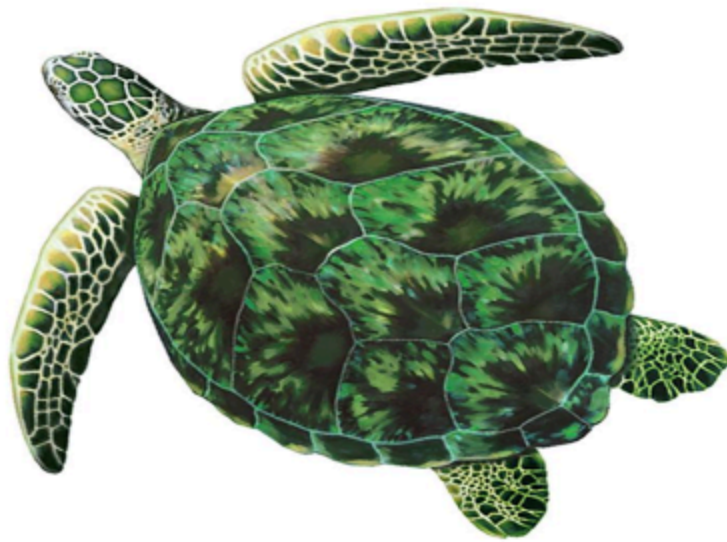
Green turtle - *Chelonia mydas*

4 lateral scutes

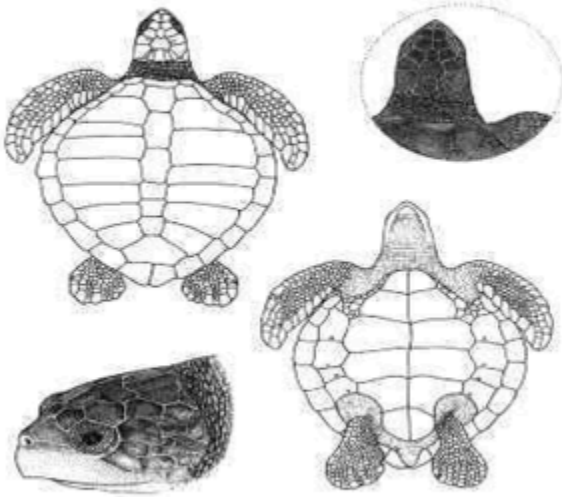


4 inframarginal scutes without pores

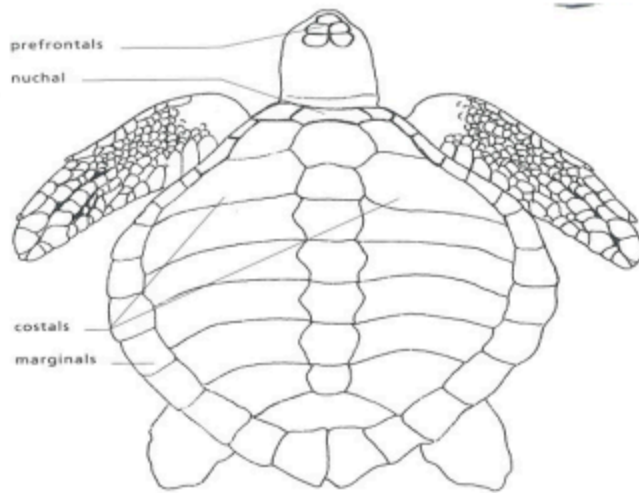




OLIVE RIDLEY



1. Almost round- shaped shell
2. Olive/grayish green color
3. Between 5 and 9 pairs of lateral scutes
4. 6 or more central scutes
5. 4 pairs of inframarginal scutes



THE OLIVE RIDLEY SEA TURTLE

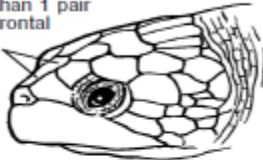


Drawing of the differentiation of the *Lepidochelys olivacea*:

- Nuchal in contact with the first costals.
- Four or five prefrontals.
- Width almost equal to length.
- On the front flippers, there are five to six rows of small scutes between the large plates.
- Pores on the four pairs of inframarginals, between the bridge and the margin.

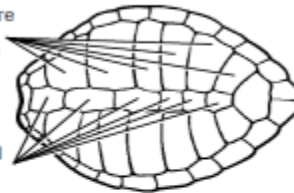
OLIVE RIDLEY

more than 1 pair of prefrontal scales

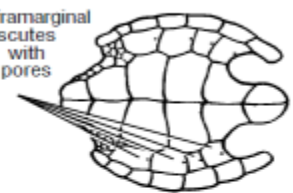


6 or more lateral scutes

6 or more vertebral scutes



4 inframarginal scutes with pores

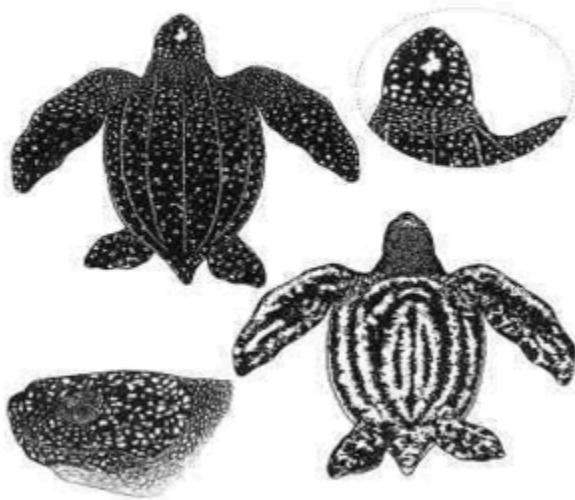


Olive ridley - *Lepidochelys olivacea*



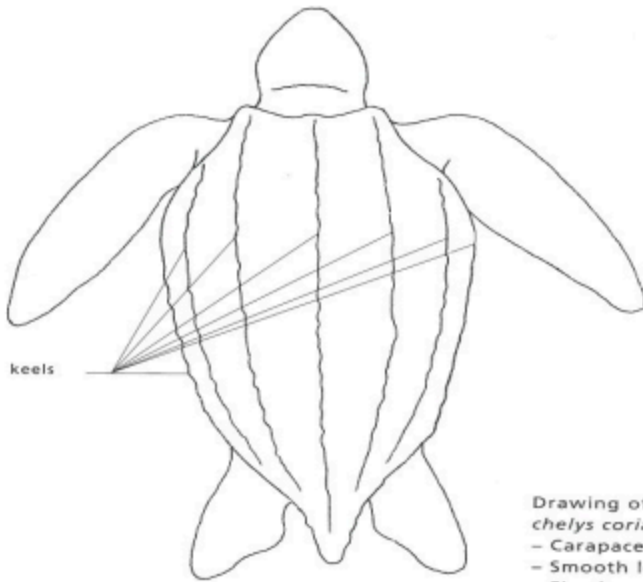


LEATHERBACK



1. No hard shell
2. Dark color
3. No scales
4. 5-7 dorsal ridges
5. W-shaped upper jaw or beak

THE LEATHERBACK SEA TURTLE



- Drawing of the differentiation of the *Dermochelys coriacea*:
- Carapace without scutes.
 - Smooth leatherlike skin.
 - Five large keels on the back.
 - Blue-black color with white spots.
 - Pointed behind.
 - Massive head with square muzzle.

כנרת/76

LEATHERBACK



Leatherback - *Dermochelys coriacea*





THANK YOU!!



Orientation on FAO 208-1

**Conservation on Rare, Threatened, and
Endangered Fishery Species**

October 24, 2025



What is FAO 208-1

- **FAO 208-1** means Fisheries Administrative Order No. 208-1
- it gives rules to protect rare, threatened and endangered fishery species
- It is part of Republic Act 8550 as amended by RA 10654 (Fisheries Code)

Introduction

FAO 208 and FAO 208-1 aims to conserve and manage rare, threatened and endangered fishery. These administrative orders strengthen the country's compliance with international conventions and ensure sustainable fisheries management

Purpose of FAO 208-1

- Stop the catching, trading and harming of endangered fish species.
- Protect marine biodiversity
- Allow fish populations to recover for future generations

What are Rare, Threatened, and Endangered Species???

Rare: refers to fishery/ aquatic resources with small world populations that are not endangered or vulnerable at present.

Threatened: is a general term which may be used to describe a fishery or aquatic species the population of which is endangered, vulnerable or rare.

Endangered: refers to the species, subspecies including the eggs, offspring, parts and derivatives of plants and animals listed in CITES Appendices.

Example of Protected Species

- Whale shark (butanding)
- Manta Ray (Pagi)
- Seahorses
- Giant clams (Taklobo)
- Napoleon wrasse (Mameng)

Key Provisions

- ❖ Protection of Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species
- ❖ List of Protected Species
- ❖ Issuance of Permits
- ❖ Handling and Reporting of Incidentally Caught Species
- ❖ Conservation and Management Measures
- ❖ Penalties
- ❖ Coordination and Enforcement

Reporting Obligations

- ❖ Report accidental catch of protected species
- ❖ Report sightings or strandings
- ❖ Cooperate during monitoring
- ❖ No reporting= Violation

Implications for Local Fisheries

- Implementation of FAO 208 promotes responsible fishing practices, reduces illegal trade and protects biodiversity. Local communities benefit through sustainable resource use and improved compliance awareness.

Integration into Community and Company Policies

- Include it in local ordinances and barangay rules
- Add it to company and association policies
- Conduct awareness and training
- Promote responsible fishing practices
- Report and coordinate with BFAR

Prohibited Acts Under FAO 208-1

- Catching, selling or buying endangered species
- Keeping them as pets or display
- Transporting or exporting them without BFAR Permit
- Using fishing gear that harms these species

Penalties under FAO 208-1 and RA 10654

Legal Basis: Penalties come from RA 10654

- ❑ **Section 102-** Fishing or Taking of Rare, Threatened or Endangered Species
 - Fine: 300,000 to 3,000,000
 - Imprisonment: 6 months to 2 years
- Confiscation of catch, gear and vessel

Prohibitions and Penalties

It shall be unlawful for any person, natural or juridical to fish or take, catch, gather, sell, purchase, possess, transport, export, forward or ship out of live/ dead, parts and by products and derivatives of aquatic species listed herewith and referred herein as Annex A.

a. Appendix 1 (CITES) or IUCN listed species

- upon finding of administrative liability, the Department shall penalize the offender with a fine equivalent to **five (5) times the value of the species or 500, 000.00 to 5, 000 000.00** whichever is higher and forfeiture of the species.

- upon conviction by a court of law, **imprisonment of 12 years and 1 day to 20 years** and a fine equivalent to twice the administrative fine, forfeiture of the species and the cancellation of the fishing permit

b. Appendix II and III CITES listed species

- upon finding of administrative liability, the Department shall penalize the offender with a fine equivalent to **three times (3) times the value of the species or 300, 000.00 to 5, 000 000.00** whichever is higher and forfeiture of the species.

- upon conviction by a court of law, **imprisonment of 5 to 8 years** and a fine equivalent to twice the administrative fine, forfeiture of the species.

c. Captive bred species that have been transplanted to the wild

- upon finding of administrative liability, the Department shall penalize the offender with a fine equivalent to **three (3) times the value of the species or 300, 000.00 to 5, 000 000.00** whichever is higher and forfeiture of the species.

- upon conviction by a court of law, **imprisonment of 5 to 8 years** and a fine equivalent to twice the administrative fine, forfeiture of the species.

**Roles of
Fishing
Crews and
Captains**

- Avoid catching endangered species.
- Release them if accidentally caught.
- Report sightings to BFAR or local authorities
- Cooperate during inspections.

Exception

- ✓ Section 5. allows certain activities involving rare, threatened and endangered species only with a special permit from BFAR.
- ✓ These activities must be for conservation, research, education or traditional purposes- never for commercial use or sale.

How you can help?

- Follow fishing laws and closed season
- Educate others about FAO 208-1
- Support sustainable fishing practices.

List of Rare, Threatened, and/or Endangered Species

FAO No. 208 Series of 2001

A. RARE SHELLS: GASTROPODS



Bolma girgyllus
(girgyllus star
shell)



Clypeomorus aduncus
(bent cerith)



Malluvium lissus
(deep sea cap)



Phalium coronadoi
wyvillei (Wyville's bonnet)



Phalium glabratum
glabratum
(smooth bonnet)



Morum grande
(grand morum)



Morum kurzi
(Kurzi's morum)



Morum watsoni
(Watson's morum)



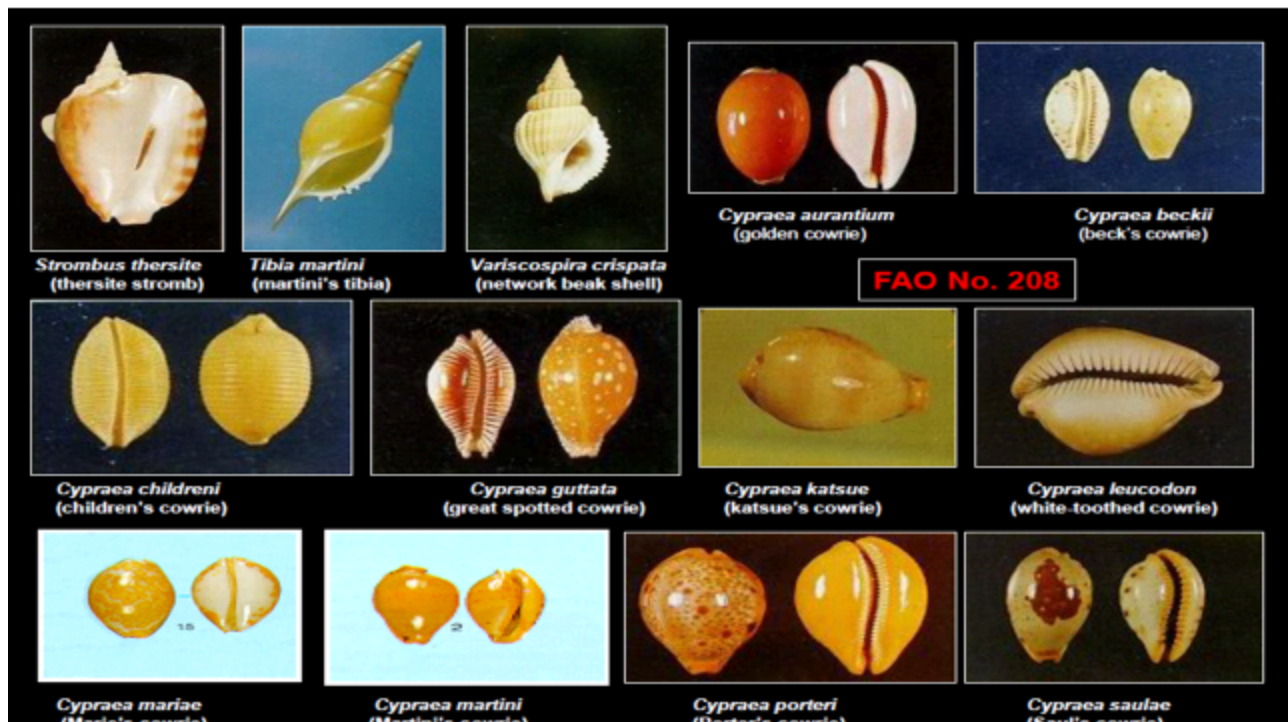
Phenacovolva dancei
(dance volva)



Recluzia lutea
(recluzia snail)



Separatista blainvilliana
(true separatista)



BIVALVES

Smudged Moon Scallop



Club shaped Boring clam



B. THREATENED SPECIES: GASTROPODS



Barnea manilensis philippi
(angelwing shell; diwal)



Rochia nilotica
(Smooth top shell)



Turbo marmoratus
(Green Snail)

CRAB



Birgus latro (Coconut Crab)

C. Endangered Species



shutterstock



Blue Whale



Humpback whale



Irrawady Dolphin

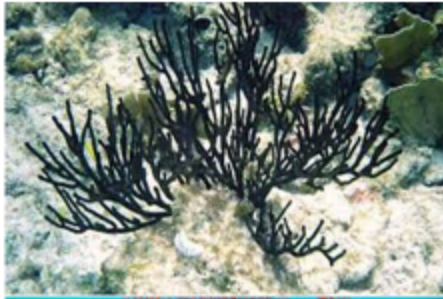


MOLLUSKS



Water snakes

Corals



Hard Corals



Soft Corals



Lace Corals

Organ pipe Corals



Fishes



Arapaima



Seahorses



Humphead Wrasse



Asian Arowana

Sea Cucumbers and Teatfishes



White teatfish



Black teatfish (*H. whitmae*)



Giant sea cucumber



Black teatfish

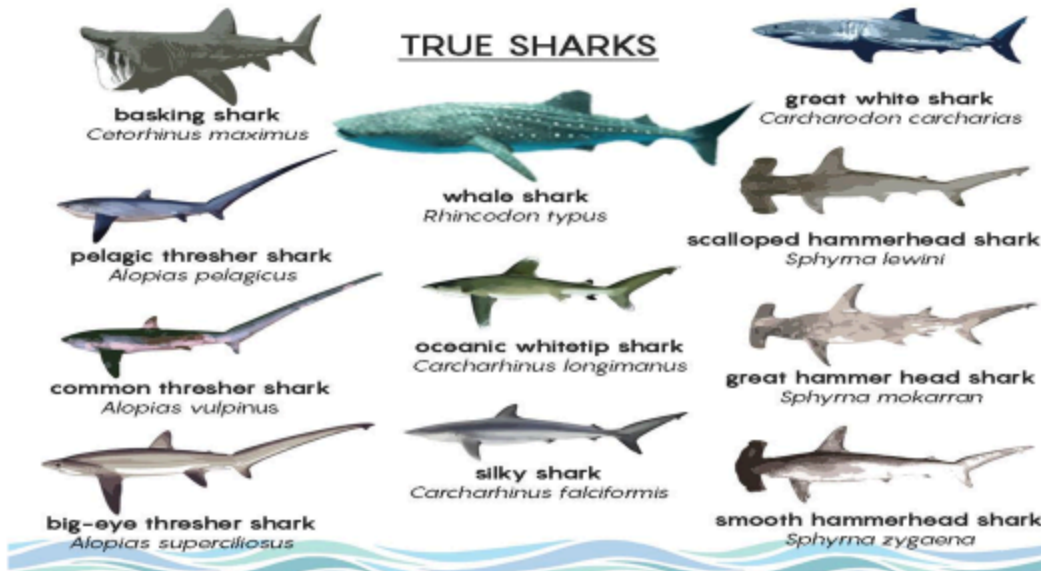


Pineapple Sea cucumber



Red lined sea cucumber

PROTECTED SHARKS IN THE PHILIPPINES



Protected species of shark-like rays in the Philippines

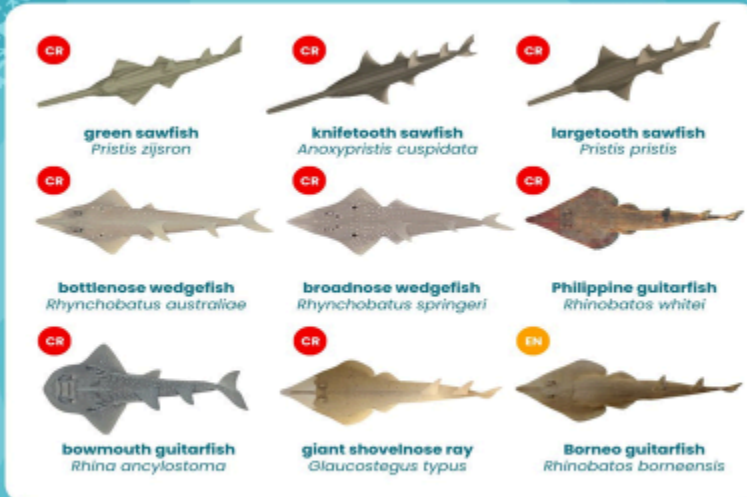


Image Sources:

- 1 © Peter Last, CSIRO - Australian National Fish Collection, shark-reference.com
- 2 Last, P.R., et. al. (2016). Rays of the World. CSIRO Publishing.
- 3 Last, Peter R., Séret, Bernard & Naylor, Gavin J. P., 2016



@mobulaconservationproject



STING RAY VS MOBULA RAY

Life in sandy-rocky bottoms

They have stingers and can sting when stepped on



Can reach 2 m of width



They can be fished (except during fishing close) and are commercialized

Life in the open water

They do not have stingers or is not functional



Can reach 7 m of width



Its fishing and consumption are prohibited

@mobulaconservationproject

Fun Facts

The Whale Shark (Butanding) is the worlds largest fish and a protected species under FAO 208-1

Seahorses can change color to blend with their surroundings

The Napoleon Wrasse can live up to 30 years in coral reefs

Coral reefs in the Philippines host more than 2, 000 of marine fish.



Activity Documents:



FFSAPI - SARGEN TUNA HANDLINE
FISHERIES IMPROVEMENT PROJECT
www.sargenhandlinefip.com

Endangered, Threatened, and Protected (ETP) Species Policy for Members of Sargen Fish Port Tuna Handline Fishing Association, Inc.

<p>I. Introduction</p> <p>SARGEN Handline recognizes the importance of protecting endangered, threatened, and protected (ETP) species as part of its commitment to sustainable and responsible fishing.</p> <p>This policy establishes clear guidelines to prevent the capture, harm, or trade of ETP species and to ensure compliance with national laws, Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC) Conservation and Management Measures (CMMs), and international conservation standards.</p>	<p>I. Pasiuna</p> <p>Ginakilala sa SARGEN Handline ang importansya sa pagpanalipod sa mga endangered, threatened, ug protected (ETP) nga mga espisye isip kabahin sa iyang komitment sa malungtarong ug responsableng pagpangisda.</p> <p>Kini nga polisiya nagtukod og klaro nga mga giya aron malikayan ang pagdakop, pagdaot, o pagpamaligya sa mga ETP species ug aron masiguro ang pagsunod sa mga balaod sa nasud, Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC) Conservation and Management Measures (CMMs), ug internasyonal nga mga pamantayan sa konserbasyon.</p>
<p>II. Guiding Principles</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Conservation and Sustainability – Fishing activities must be conducted with full respect for marine biodiversity and the protection of vulnerable species.2. Precautionary Approach – All fishers must take immediate action to release any ETP species accidentally caught, ensuring minimal harm.3. Transparency and Accountability – All ETP encounters must be properly recorded, reported, and verified.	<p>II. Mga Giya nga Prinsipyo</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Konserbasyon ug Malungtarong Pagpangisda – Ang mga kalihokan sa pagpangisda kinahanglan buhaton uban ang tinuoray nga pag-amping sa kinaiyahan sa dagat ug sa pagprotekta sa mga mahuyang o nangaluyahon nga espesye.2. Precautionary Approach – Ang tanang mananagat kinahanglan mobuhat dayon sa pag-release sa bisan unsang ETP species nga nasayup og dakop, nga walay kaudut kutob sa mahimo.3. Transparency ug Accountability – Ang tanang ETP encounters kinahanglan tarong nga mairekord, maireport, ug maveripika.



<p>4. Shared Responsibility – Every fisher, captain, vessel owner, and association representative has a role in conserving ETP species and their habitats.</p>	<p>4. Shared Responsibility – Ang matag mananagat, kapitan, tag-iya sa sakayan, ug representante sa asosasyon adunay papel sa pagpanalipod sa mga ETP species ug sa ilang palibot.</p>
<p>III. Legal Framework</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Republic Act No. 8550, as amended by RA 10654 (The Philippine Fisheries Code) – Prohibits the catching, possession, and trading of rare, threatened, and endangered fishery species. 2. FAO 208, series of 2001, and FAO 208-01 (Amendment 2024) – Provides the list of rare, threatened, and endangered fishery species and sets rules for their conservation and protection. 3. Republic Act No. 9147 (Wildlife Resources Conservation and Protection Act) – Ensures the protection and preservation of wildlife resources and their habitats. 4. CITES (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species) – Regulates and prohibits international trade of endangered marine species. 5. WCPFC CMM 2024-07 (Cetaceans) – Strengthens protection for whales and dolphins by prohibiting deliberate setting of fishing gear, requiring safe release 	<p>III. Legal nga Kerangka</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Republic Act No. 8550, nga giamendaran sa RA 10654 (The Philippine Fisheries Code) – Nagdili sa pagdakop, pagpanag-iya, ug pagpamaligya sa mga talagsaon, hulga, ug endangered nga mga espisye sa pangisda. 2. FAO 208, series of 2001, ug FAO 208-01 (Amendment 2024) – Naghatag sa listahan sa mga talagsaon, hulga, ug endangered nga mga espisye ug nagtakda og mga lagda para sa ilang pagpanalipod ug konserbasyon. 3. Republic Act No. 9147 (Wildlife Resources Conservation and Protection Act) – Nagpanalipod ug nagpreserba sa mga wildlife resources ug sa ilang pinuy-anan. 4. CITES (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species) – Nagdumala ug nagdili sa internasyonal nga pagpamaligya sa mga endangered nga espisye sa dagat. 5. WCPFC CMM 2024-07 (Cetaceans) – Nagpalig-on sa pagpanalipod sa mga balyena ug lumba-lumba pinaagi sa pagdili sa tinuyo nga pagbutang og fishing gear, pagkinahanglan sa



<p>of any incidentally caught animals, and mandating reporting of all interactions.</p> <p>6. WCPFC CMM 2018-04 (Sea Turtles) – Establishes measures to reduce sea turtle interactions, promote safe handling and release practices, and ensure crew training and reporting compliance.</p> <p>7. WCPFC CMM 2024-05 (Sharks) – Updates and consolidates regional shark conservation measures, including prohibitions on retention of certain species, requirements for live release, and obligations for data collection and reporting.</p> <p>8. WCPFC CMM 2018-03 (Seabirds) – Requires implementation of seabird bycatch mitigation measures, promotes awareness and training for crew, and encourages the adoption of best practices to minimize impacts on seabird populations.</p>	<p>luwas nga pag-release sa mga aksidenteng nadakpan, ug pagreport sa tanang interaksyon.</p> <p>6. WCPFC CMM 2018-04 (Sea Turtles) – Naglatid og mga lakang aron maminusan ang interaksyon sa mga pawikan, nagpasabot sa husto nga pagdumala ug pag-release, ug nagkinahanglan og training ug tukmang pagreport sa tripulante.</p> <p>7. WCPFC CMM 2024-05 (Sharks) – Nag-update ug naghiusa sa mga lagda alang sa konserbasyon sa pating, lakip ang pagdili sa pagtipig sa pipila ka species, pagkinahanglan sa pag-release kung buhi pa, ug pagreport sa tanang interaksyon.</p> <p>8. WCPFC CMM 2018-03 (Seabirds) – Nagkinahanglan sa pagpanguna og mga lakang aron maminusan ang seabird bycatch, nag-awhag sa awareness ug training sa tripulante, ug nagdasig sa paggamit sa mga labing maayong praktis aron mapanalipdan ang mga seabird.</p>
<p>IV. Scope</p> <p>This policy applies to all handline fishing vessels, fishers, captains, vessel operators, and company or association representatives under SARGEN Fish Port Tuna Handline Fishing Association Inc., covering all activities from fishing operations to unloading and reporting of catch.</p>	<p>IV. Sakop</p> <p>Kini nga polisiya magamit sa tanang handline fishing vessels, mga mananagat, kapitan, tag-iya, operator sa sakayan, ug mga representante sa kompanya o asosasyon ubos sa SARGEN Fish Port Tuna Handline Fishing Association, Inc., nga naglangkob sa tanang kalihokan gikan sa pagpangisda, pag-unload, hangtod sa pagreport sa mga dakop.</p>
<p>V. Roles and Responsibilities</p> <p>1. Vessel Operators / Company Representatives</p>	<p>V. Mga Papel ug Responsibilidad</p> <p>1. Mga Vessel Operators / Representante sa Kompanya</p>



<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that all vessels and crew are aware of the ETP Policy and trained on proper handling and reporting. • Maintain ETP Encounter Logs and submit them to the association or BFAR when required. <p>2. Captains / Vessel Masters</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supervise all fishing activities to prevent deliberate catching or retention of ETP species. • Ensure proper handling, immediate release, and documentation of any accidental ETP catch. • Verify and sign ETP encounter reports before trip submission. <p>3. Crew Members / Fishers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avoid intentionally catching or harming any ETP species. • Report any accidental encounters immediately to the captain. • Assist in safe release and documentation as directed. <p>4. SARGEN Handline Association</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitor ETP reporting compliance. • Provide continuous training and awareness campaigns. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Siguraduhon nga ang tanang sakayan ug tripulante nahibalo ug natun-an ang ETP Policy ug ang husto nga paagi sa pagdumala ug pagreport. • Magpadayon og ETP Encounter Logs ug isumite kini sa asosasyon o sa BFAR kung kinahanglan. <p>2. Mga Kapitan / Vessel Masters</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Magdumala sa tanang kalihokan sa pagpangisda aron malikayan ang tinuyo nga pagdakop o pagtipig sa ETP species. • Siguraduhon ang husto nga pagdumala, dali nga pag-release, ug dokumentasyon sa bisan unsang aksidenteng ETP catch. • Pirmahan ug beripikahon ang ETP encounter reports sa wala pa isumite human sa biyahe. <p>3. Mga Mananagat / Tripulante</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Likayi ang tinuyo nga pagdakop o pagdaot sa bisan unsang ETP species. • Ireport dayon ang bisan unsang aksidenteng pagkakita o pagdakop sa kapitan. • Motabang sa luwas nga pag-release ug dokumentasyon sumala sa sugo. <p>4. SARGEN Handline Association</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Magmonitor sa pagsunod sa ETP reporting. • Maghatag og padayon nga training ug awareness campaign.
---	--



<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coordinate with BFAR, LGUs, and other agencies for policy enforcement and monitoring. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Makigkoordinar sa BFAR, LGUs, ug ubang ahensya para sa pagpatuman ug pagmando sa polisiya.
<p>VI. Key Policy Areas</p> <p>1. Prohibition of Catch and Retention</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Catching, retaining, trading, or harming ETP species (including marine mammals, turtles, sharks, rays, seabirds, and other listed species) is strictly prohibited. <p>2. Safe Handling and Release</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If an ETP species is accidentally caught, it must be released immediately and safely back to the sea. • Fishers must minimize stress or injury to the animal and avoid contact with sensitive parts (e.g., gills, eyes, fins). <p>3. Recording and Reporting</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All accidental interactions or sightings of ETP species must be recorded in the ETP Encounter Logbook. • Reports must include date, species (if known), condition upon release, and location. • The captain must verify and submit the record after each trip. 	<p>VI. Mga Pangunang Lugar sa Polisiya</p> <p>1. Pagdili sa Pagdakop ug Pagtipig</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ang pagdakop, pagtipig, pagpamaligya, o pagdaot sa mga ETP species (lakip ang mga balyena, pagong, pating, pagi, seabirds, ug uban pang nakalista nga mga espisye) mahigpit nga gidili. <p>2. Luwas nga Pagdumala ug Pag-release</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kung adunay ETP species nga nadakpan sa aksidente, kini kinahanglan i-release dayon ug luwas nga ibalik sa dagat. • Ang mananagat kinahanglan maglikay sa pagdaot sa hayop ug likayan ang paghikap sa sensitibo nga bahin (pananglitan, hasang, mata, pako). <p>3. Pagrekord ug Pagreport</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ang tanang aksidenteng ETP encounters o sightings kinahanglan mairekord sa ETP Encounter Logbook. • Ang report kinahanglan maglakip sa petsa, espisye (kung mailhan), kahimtang sa pag-release, ug lokasyon. • Ang kapitan kinahanglan moberipika ug mosumite sa record human sa matag biyahe.



<p>4. Awareness and Training</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> All fishers and captains must attend ETP awareness and species identification training before deployment. Posters or guides showing ETP species must be available onboard. <p>5. Waste Management and Habitat Protection</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Proper waste disposal must be observed to avoid harming ETP habitats. The release of oil, plastics, or any harmful substances into the sea is strictly prohibited. 	<p>4. Awareness ug Training</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ang tanang mananagat ug kapitan kinahanglan moapil sa ETP awareness ug species identification training sa wala pa mo-deploy. Magbutang og mga poster o giya sa ETP species sa sulod sa sakayan. <p>5. Pagdumala sa Basura ug Pagpanalipod sa Pinuy-anan</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kinahanglan magbuhat og husto nga waste disposal aron malikayan ang kadaut sa ETP habitats. Ang paglabay sa lana, plastik, o bisan unsang makadaut nga substansya sa dagat mahigpit nga gidili.
<p>VII. Policy Enforcement and Sanctions for Non-Compliance</p> <p>1. Failure to comply with this policy may result in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Suspension or termination of FIP participation or association membership. Reporting to BFAR and appropriate agencies for possible legal action. Revocation of fishing permits or cancellation of vessel registration. <p>2. Deliberate harm or retention of ETP species is a grave offense under RA 10654 and FAO 208, punishable by fines, imprisonment, and forfeiture of catch and gear.</p>	<p>XI. Pagpatuman sa Polisiya ug Silot sa Wala Pagsunod</p> <p>1. Ang dili pagsunod sa kini nga polisiya magresulta sa:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Suspensyon o pag-terminar sa partisipasyon sa FIP o pagka-miyembro sa asosasyon. Pagreport sa BFAR ug ubang ahensya alang sa posible nga legal nga aksyon. Pagkanselar sa fishing permit o vessel registration. <p>2. Ang tinuyo nga pagdaot o pagtipig sa ETP species usa ka grabe nga kalapasan ubos sa RA 10654 ug FAO 208, nga silotan sa multa,</p>



	pagkabilanggo, ug pagkumpiska sa dakop ug kagamitan.
<p>VII. Conclusion</p> <p>The ETP Species Policy reinforces the SARGEN Handline's dedication to protecting marine biodiversity and maintaining sustainable fisheries.</p> <p>By following this policy, fishers and vessel operators contribute to the long-term health of the ocean, ensuring that tuna handline fishing remains responsible, ethical, and environmentally sound for future generations.</p>	<p>VII. Konklusyon</p> <p>Ang ETP Species Policy nagpalig-on sa komitment sa SARGEN Handline sa pagpanalipod sa biodiversity sa dagat ug sa pagpadayon sa malungtarong pangisda.</p> <p>Pinaagi sa pagsunod sa kini nga polisiya, ang mga mananagat ug tag-iya sa sakayan nag-ambit sa pagpanalipod sa kahimsog sa dagat ug nagpasiguro nga ang tuna handline fishing magpabilin nga responsable, etikal, ug epektibo alang sa umaabot nga henerasyon.</p>

Acknowledgment and Approval

By signing below, the undersigned confirm that they have read, understood, and agree to abide by the provisions of this policy. This policy shall take effect immediately upon the date of the last signature.

Sargen Fish Port Tuna Handline Fishing Association, Inc. Officers

Name	Position	Signature	Date
Mercedes M. Ong	President		
Eustaquio D. Dagcutan	Vice President		
Marife A. Quiam	Secretary		
Janet T. Rosit	Treasurer		
Annaliza L. Manlunas	Auditor		
Oriel L. Dela Cruz	Public Information Officer		



**FFSAPI - SARGEN TUNA HANDLINE
FISHERIES IMPROVEMENT PROJECT**
www.sargenhandlinefip.com

Activity Title: Final Consultation Workshop on Recording of Working and Rest Hours Policy, Written Work Agreement, Onboarding Policy, Health and Safety and PPE Policy, and Sanitary Facility Improvement Plan

Activity Date: November 5, 2025

Location: Venue 88, General Santos City

7:30 AM	Registration	
8:30 AM	Preliminaries	Ms. Kiesheen May Contreras <i>Project Officer</i> <i>Contreras Professional Consultancy Corp.</i>
8:45 AM	Opening Remarks	Ms. Emma Garay <i>President</i> <i>Fresh Frozen Seafood Association of the Philippines Inc.</i>
9:00 AM	Activity Rationale	Ms. Rosanna Bernadette Contreras <i>Executive Director</i> <i>SOCSKSARGEN Federation of Fishing and Allied Industries Inc.</i>
9:15 AM	Final Consultation on Recording of Working and Rest Hours Policy and Recorder Template	Ms. Kiesheen May Contreras <i>Project Officer</i> <i>Contreras Professional Consultancy Corp.</i>
10:30 AM	Final Consultation on Written Work Agreement Policy and Template	Ms. Shalimar Abdurahman <i>Project Officer</i> <i>SOCSKSARGEN Federation of Fishing and Allied Industries Inc.</i>
12:00 NN	Lunch Break	
1:00 PM	Final Consultation on Handline Fishers Onboarding Policy and Template	Ms. Kiesheen May Contreras <i>Project Officer</i> <i>Contreras Professional Consultancy Corp.</i>
2:15 PM	Final Consultation on Health and Safety and Personal Protective Equipment Policy	Ms. Shalimar Abdurahman <i>Project Officer</i> <i>SOCSKSARGEN Federation of Fishing and Allied Industries Inc.</i>
3:30 PM	Presentation of Sanitary Facility Improvement Plan	Ms. Justine Trisha Contreras <i>Vice President</i> <i>Contreras Professional Consultancy Corp.</i>
4:45 PM	Closing Remarks	Ms. Mercedes Ong <i>President</i> <i>SARGEN Fish Port Tuna Handline Fishing Association Inc.</i>
5:00 PM	End of Activity	



FFSAPI - SARGEN TUNA HANDLINE
FISHERIES IMPROVEMENT PROJECT
www.sargenhandlinefip.com

October 20, 2025

Ms. Mercedes Ong

President

SARGEN Fish Port Tuna Handline Fishing Association Inc.

Subject: Invitation to Deliver Closing Remarks – Upcoming FIP Activities
October-November 2025

Dear President Ong,

Magandang Gensan!

We are pleased to invite you to deliver the **Closing Remarks** for the following upcoming activities under our Fisheries Improvement Project (FIP):

1. Activity Title: **Retraining Handline Fishers on Accurate Logsheet Reporting and Species Identification, and Initial Consultation on ETP Policy (Batch 1)**

Date and Time: October 24, 2025 8 AM - 5 PM

Venue: Sun City Suites, General Santos City

2. Activity Title: **Final Consultation Workshop on Recording of Working and Rest Hours Policy, Written Work Agreement, Onboarding Policy, Health and Safety and PPE Policy, and Sanitary Facility Improvement Plan**

Date and Time: November 5, 2025 8 AM - 5 PM

Venue: Venue 88, General Santos City

3. Activity Title: **Retraining Handline Fishers on Accurate Logsheet Reporting and Species Identification, and Initial Consultation on ETP Policy (Batch 2)**

Date and Time: November 6, 2025 8 AM - 5 PM

Venue: Sun City Suites, General Santos City

Attached are the programs of activities for your reference.

We highly appreciate your continued support and look forward to your inspiring message and presence during these important events.

We are improving! We will be better!

Regards,

Ms. Rosanna Bernadette Contreras

Mercedes Ong
MERCEDES ONG
10-21-2025



FFSAPI - SARGEN TUNA HANDLINE
FISHERIES IMPROVEMENT PROJECT
www.sargenhandlinefip.com

October 20, 2025

Ms. Emma Garay
President
Fresh Frozen Seafood Association of the Philippines Inc.

Subject: Invitation to Deliver Opening Remarks – Upcoming FIP Activities
October-November 2025

Dear President Garay,

Magandang Gensan!

We are pleased to invite you to deliver the **Opening Remarks** for the following upcoming activities under our Fisheries Improvement Project (FIP):

1. Activity Title: **Retraining Handline Fishers on Accurate Logsheet Reporting and Species Identification, and Initial Consultation on ETP Policy (Batch 1)**

Date and Time: October 24, 2025 8 AM

Venue: Sun City Suites, General Santos City

2. Activity Title: **Final Consultation Workshop on Recording of Working and Rest Hours Policy, Written Work Agreement, Onboarding Policy, Health and Safety and PPE Policy, and Sanitary Facility Improvement Plan**

Date and Time: November 5, 2025 8 AM

Venue: Venue 88, General Santos City

3. Activity Title: **Retraining Handline Fishers on Accurate Logsheet Reporting and Species Identification, and Initial Consultation on ETP Policy (Batch 2)**

Date and Time: November 6, 2025 8 AM

Venue: Sun City Suites, General Santos City

Attached are the programs of activities for your reference.

We highly appreciate your continued support and look forward to your inspiring message and presence during these important events.

We are improving! We will be better!

Regards,

Ms. Rosanna Bernadette Contreras

Emma Garay
10/21/25



**FFSAPI - SARGEN TUNA HANDLINE
FISHERIES IMPROVEMENT PROJECT**
www.sargenhandlinefip.com

Oktubre 16, 2025

Subject: Imbitasyon sa Pag-apil sa Retraining sa mga Mananagat sa Husto nga Pagpuno sa Logsheet, Pag-ila sa mga Espisye, ug Pagsunod sa ETP Policy ug sa Katapusang Konsultasyon sa mga Workshop sa Employment Onboarding, mga Kondisyon sa Trabaho, ug Health & Safety Protocols

Alang sa Tanang Tag-iya sa Sakayan ug Mananagat sa mga Sakayan nga Na-enroll sa FFSAPI-SARGEN Handline Fisheries Improvement Project:

Magandang Gensan!

Ginaimbitahan namo kamo nga moapil sa usa ka hugpong sa mga hinungdanong kalihokan nga nagtinguha sa pagpalig-on sa atong komitment alang sa responsable, patas, ug malungtarong pagpangisda sa handline tuna.

1. Retraining sa mga Mananagat sa Husto nga Pagpuno sa Logsheet, Pag-ila sa mga Species, ug Pagsunod sa ETP Policy

Batch 1: Oktubre 24, 2025 Oras: 7:00 AM – 5:00 PM Lugar: Ipaabot pa ang anunsyo

Batch 2: Nobyembre 6, 2025 Oras: 7:00 AM – 5:00 PM Lugar: Ipaabot pa ang anunsyo

Mga Partisipante: Mga kapitan ug mananagat (Pagpili lang ug isa ka-batch nga atenan)

Kini nga retraining magpalig-on sa kahibalo sa mga mananagat bahin sa husto nga pagpuno sa logsheet, pag-ila sa mga espisye, ug pagsunod sa Endangered, Threatened, and Protected (ETP) Species Policy, subay sa FAO 208-01 ug sa mga baruganan sa kalikupan sa proyekto.

2. Konsultasyon Workshop sa Employment Onboarding, Work Conditions, ug Health & Safety Protocols

Petsa: Nobyembre 5, 2025 Oras: 7:00 AM – 5:00 PM Lugar: Venue 88, General Santos City

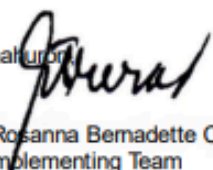
Mga Partisipante: Mga tag-iya sa sakayan, mananagat, ug mga kapitan

Kini nga workshop mag-finalize sa mga kritikal nga social responsibility tools ug polisiya, lakip ang Work Agreement, Onboarding Procedures, Health & Safety ug PPE Policy, ug Sanitary Facility Improvement Plan.

Ang inyong presensya ug aktibong partisipasyon maghatag og dako kaayong tabang aron masiguro nga ang atong handline tuna fishery magpabilin nga socially responsible, luwas, ug malungtarong industriya alang sa atong rehiyon.

We are improving! We will be better!

Matinalunon


Ms. Rosanna Bernadette Contreras
FIP Implementing Team